

Past and future distribution of the Bay of Biscay anchovy in response of climate change



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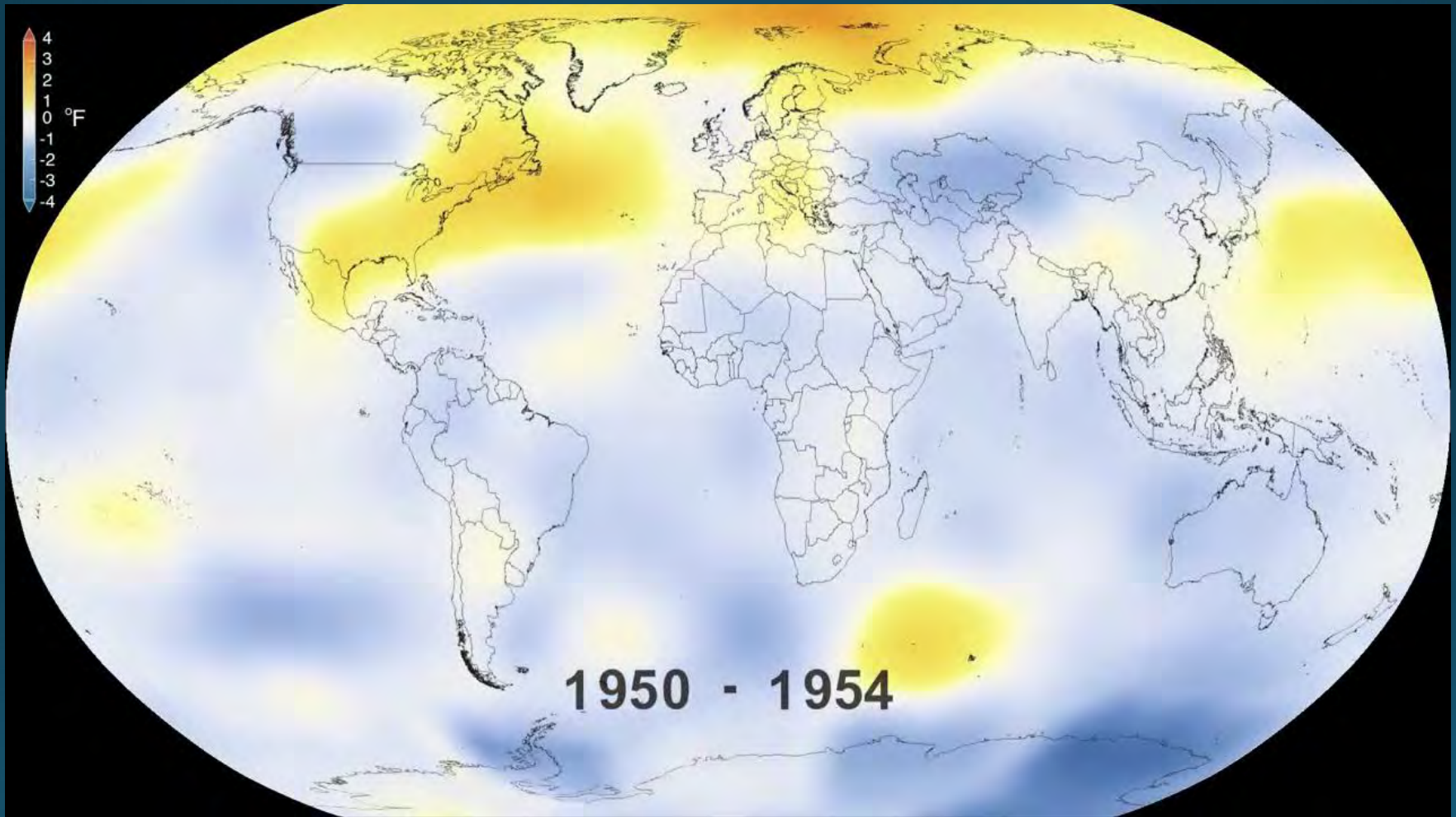
Marine Research division, AZTI-Tecnalia, Sukarrieta (Spain)

Chust G., Álvarez P., Arrizabalaga H.,
Ibaibarriaga L., Uriarte A., Cotano U., Santos
M., Ferrer L., Cabré A.





Global climate change



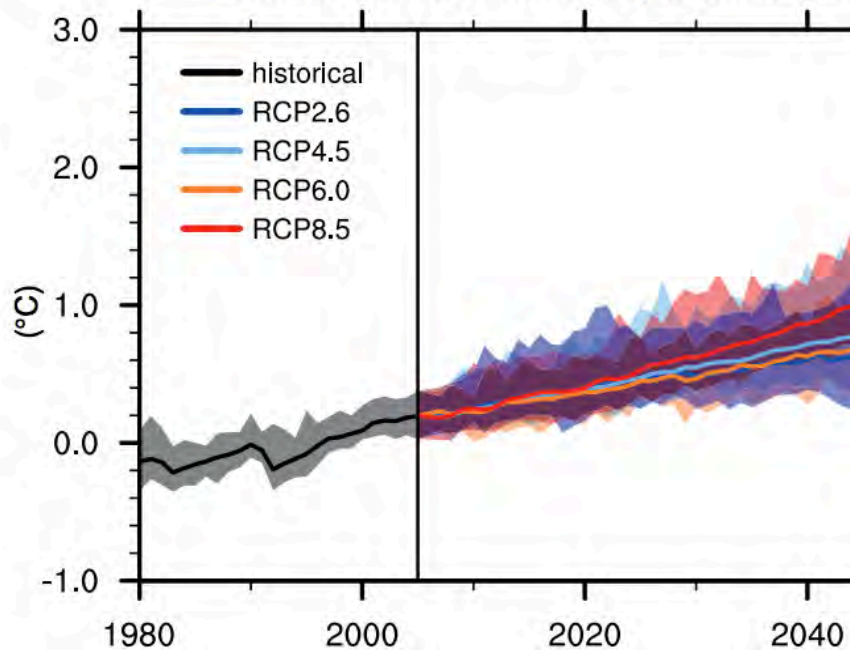
Atmospheric temperature change (1950-2014) –

NASA.gov Video

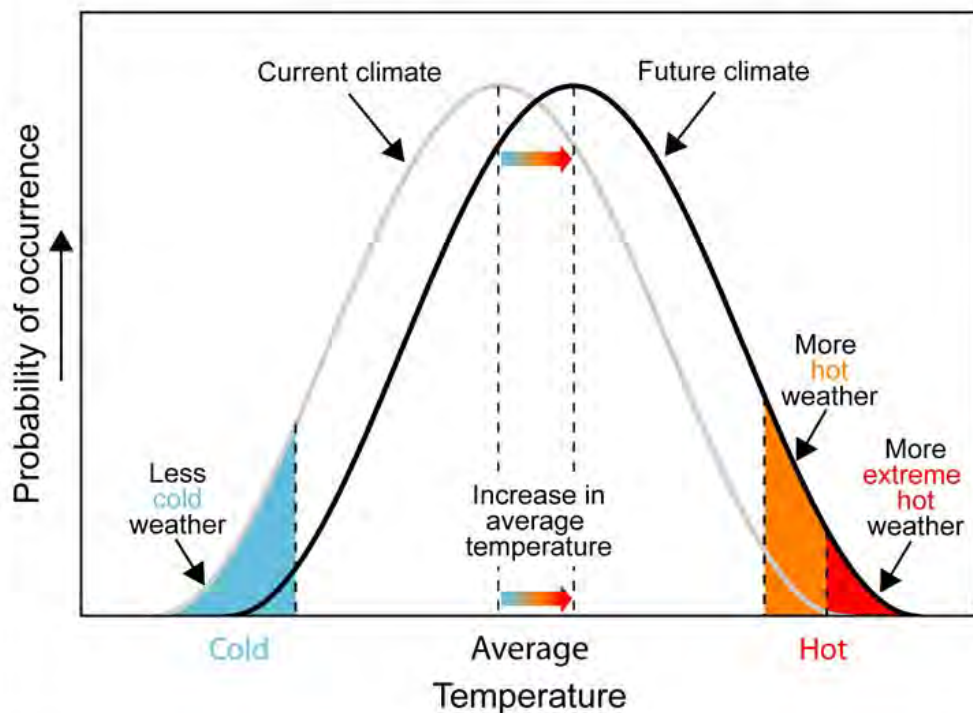


Global climate change

Global sea surface temperature change



Future Climate Shift





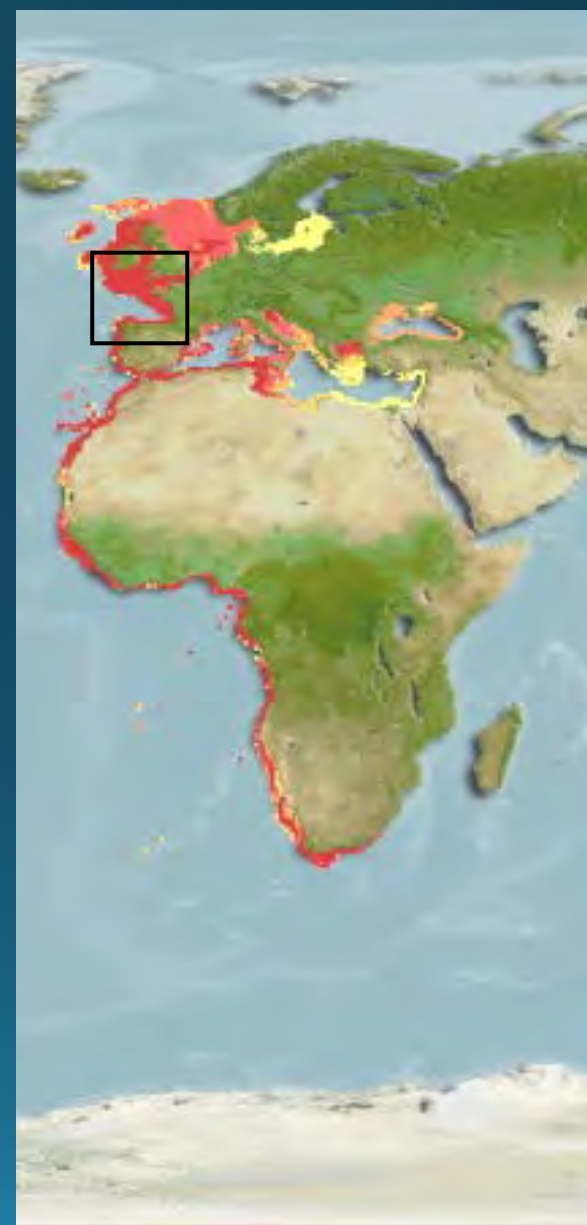
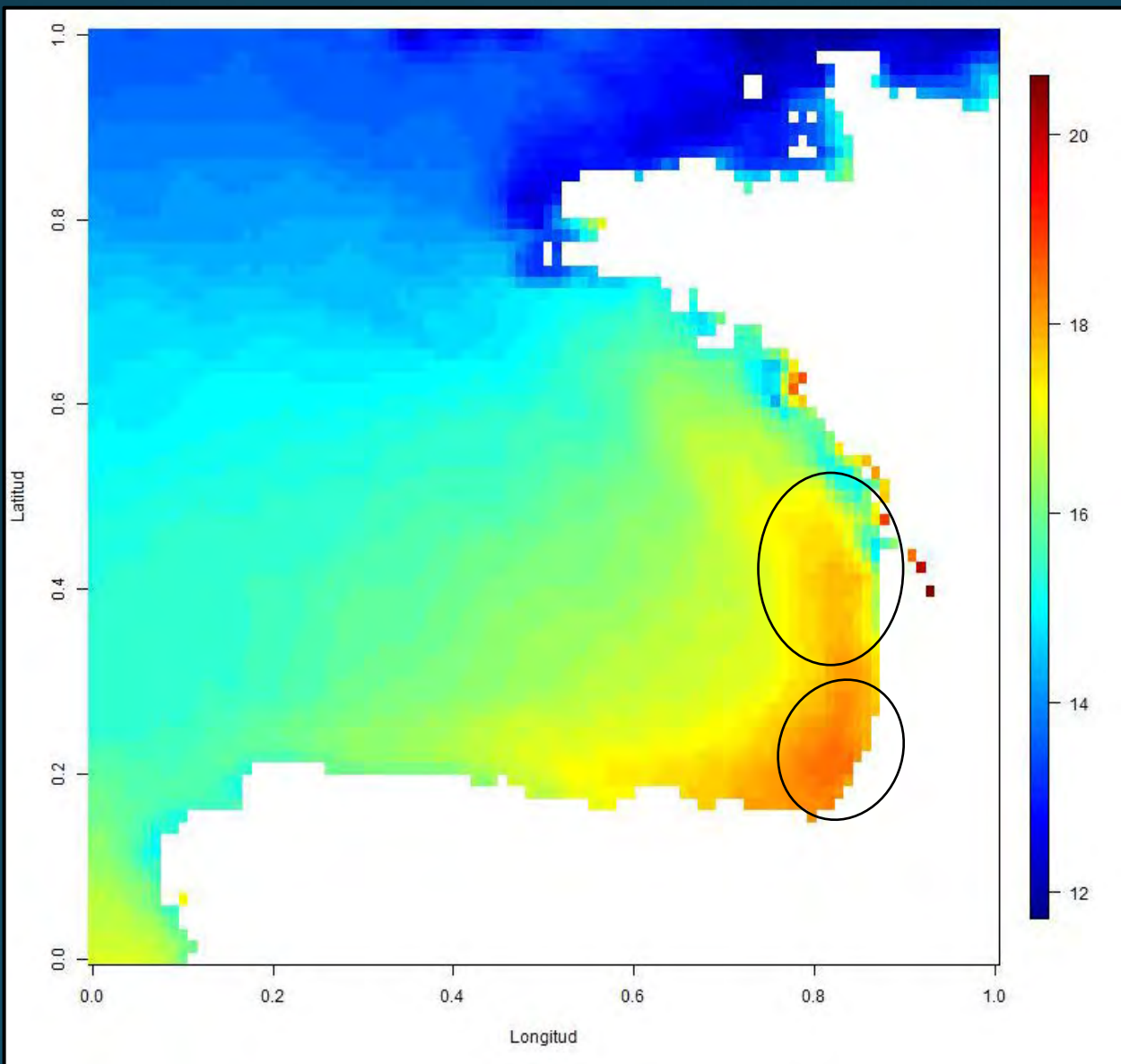
Introduction

PAST

PRESENT

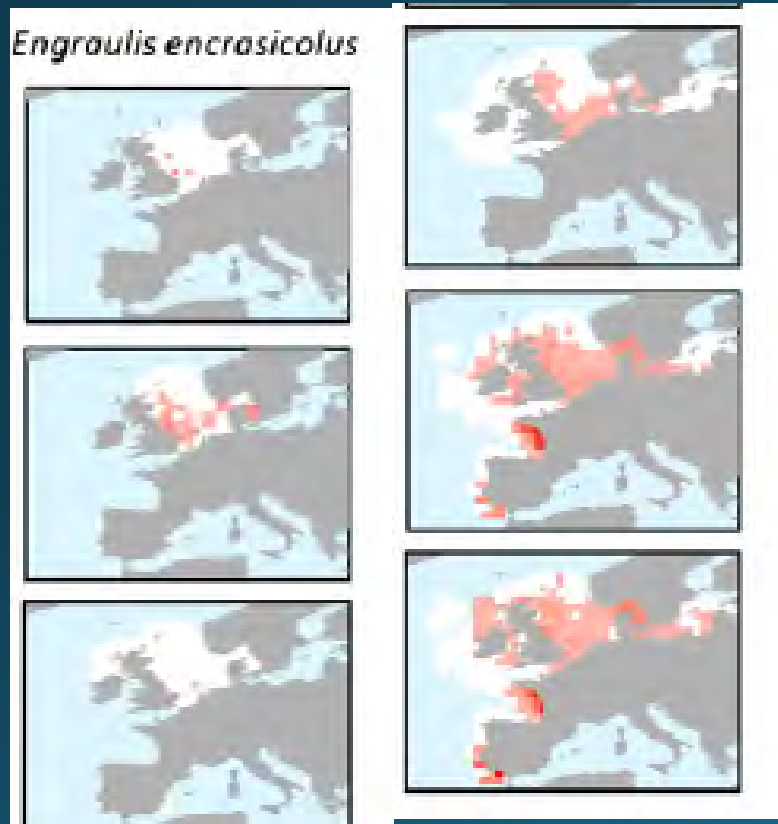
FUTURE

Conclusions



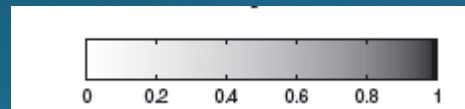


Anchovy distribution variations

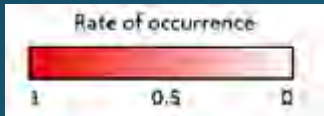
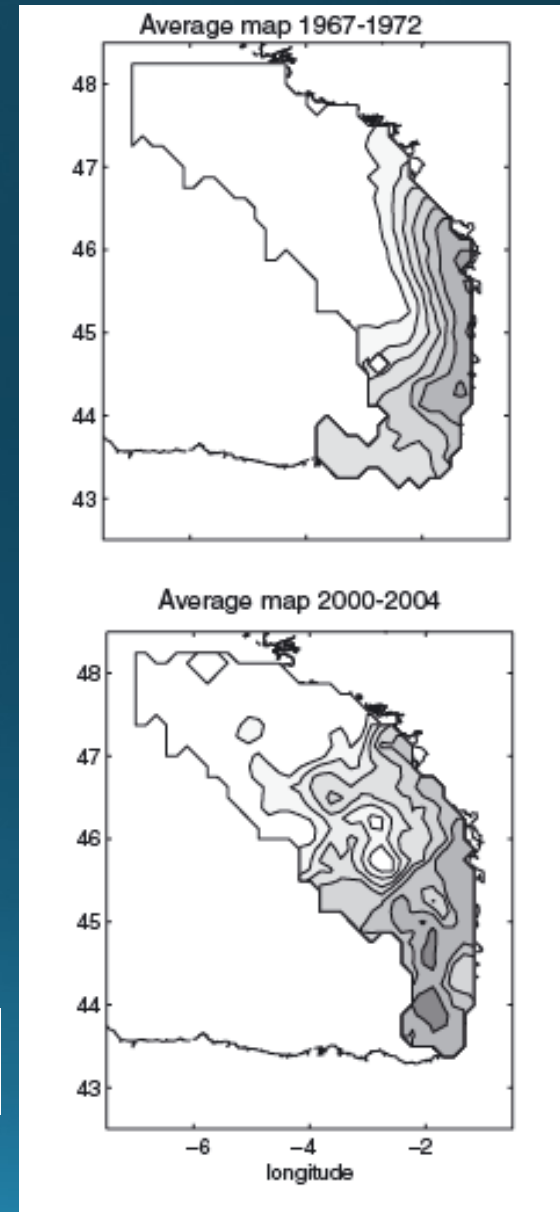


Fisheries-independent data from International Bottom Trawl Surveys (IBTS) between 1965 to 2012

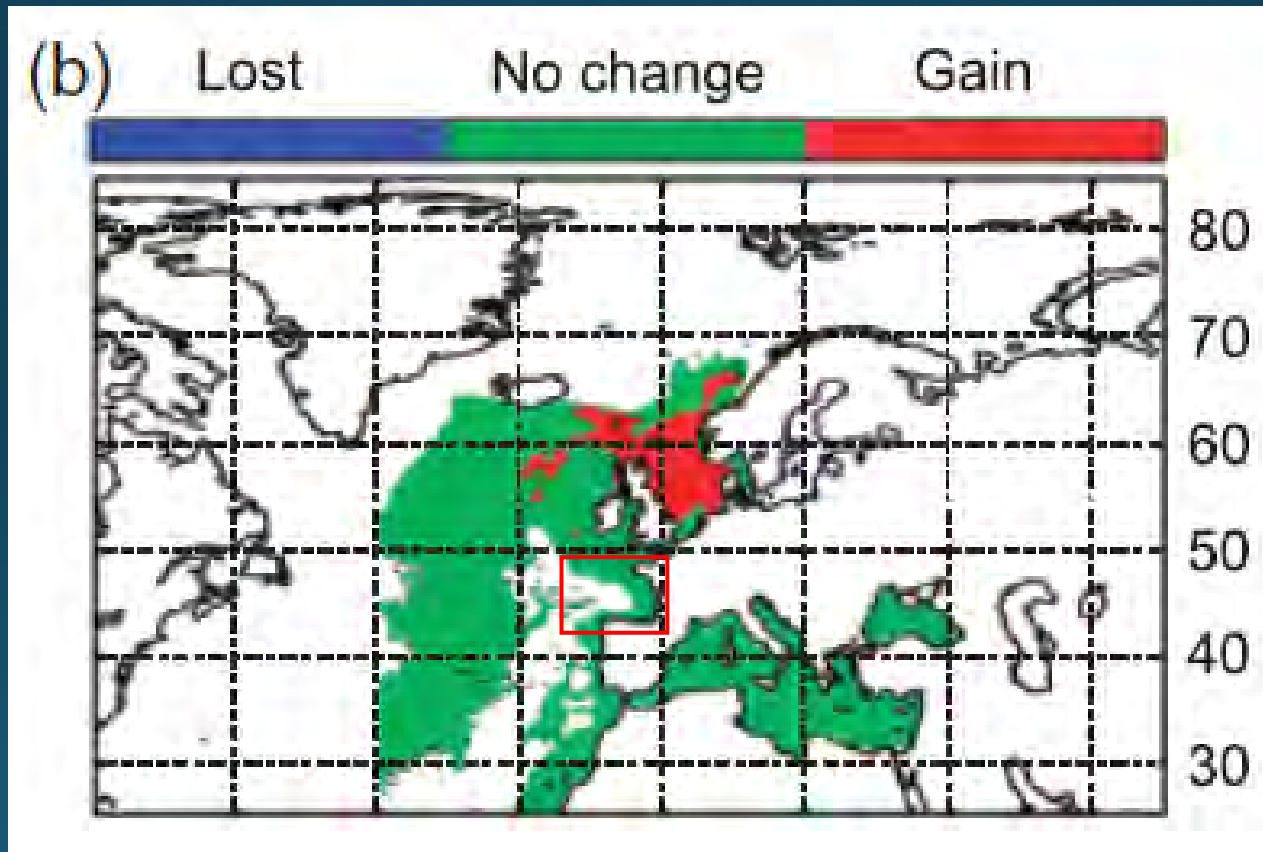
Montero-Serra *et al.*, (2015)



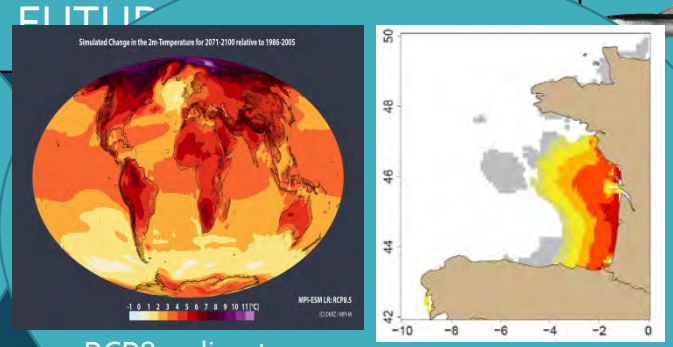
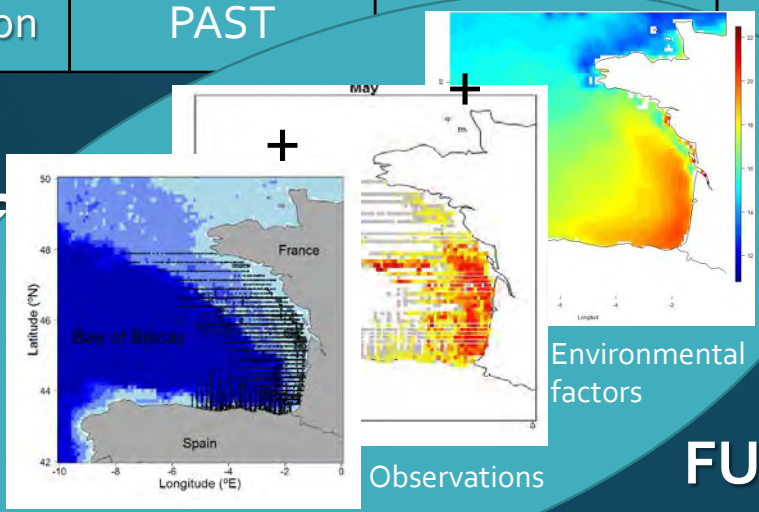
Bellier *et al.*, (2007)



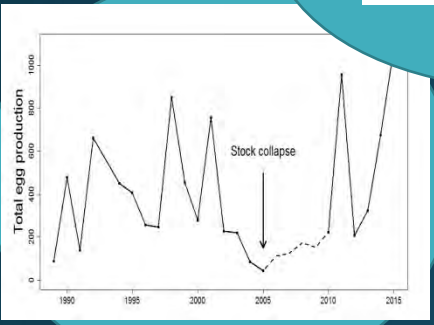
Anchovy distribution future projections



Objective

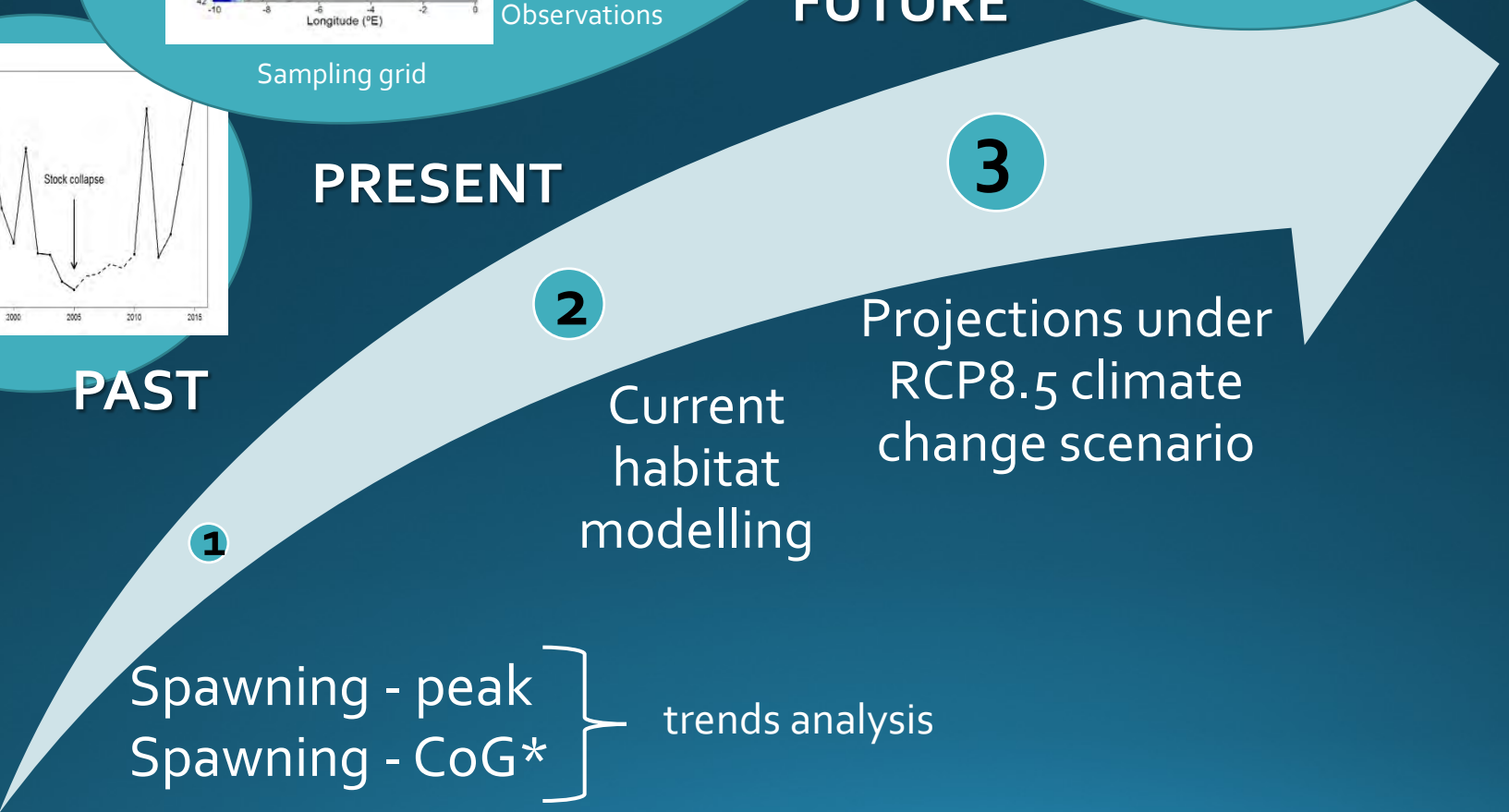


FUTURE



PRESENT

PAST



Current habitat modelling

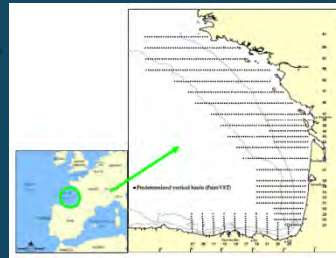
Projections under RCP8.5 climate change scenario

Spawning - peak
 Spawning - CoG* } trends analysis

*CoG → Population Center of Gravity

Peak of spawning period

1.) Data collection



BIOMAN (1990-2014) + ANEBIO (1987-2015)

2.) Gonadosomatic index (GSI) estimation

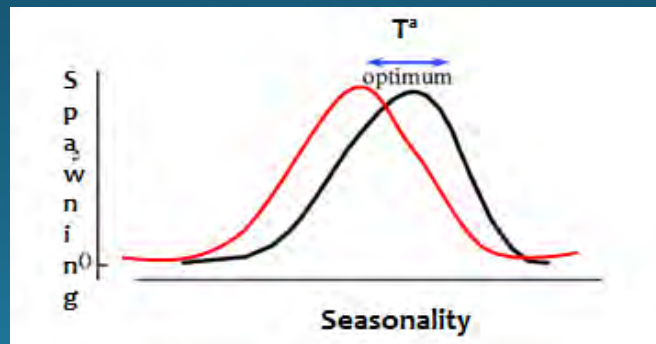


$$GSI = \frac{\text{Gonad weight}}{\text{Body total weight}}$$

3.) Peak of spawning estimation

$$\text{Spawning peak} = \frac{\sum_m (GSI_m * m)}{\sum_m (GSI_m)}$$

4.) Phenology changes?





Introduction

PAST

PRESENT

FUTURE

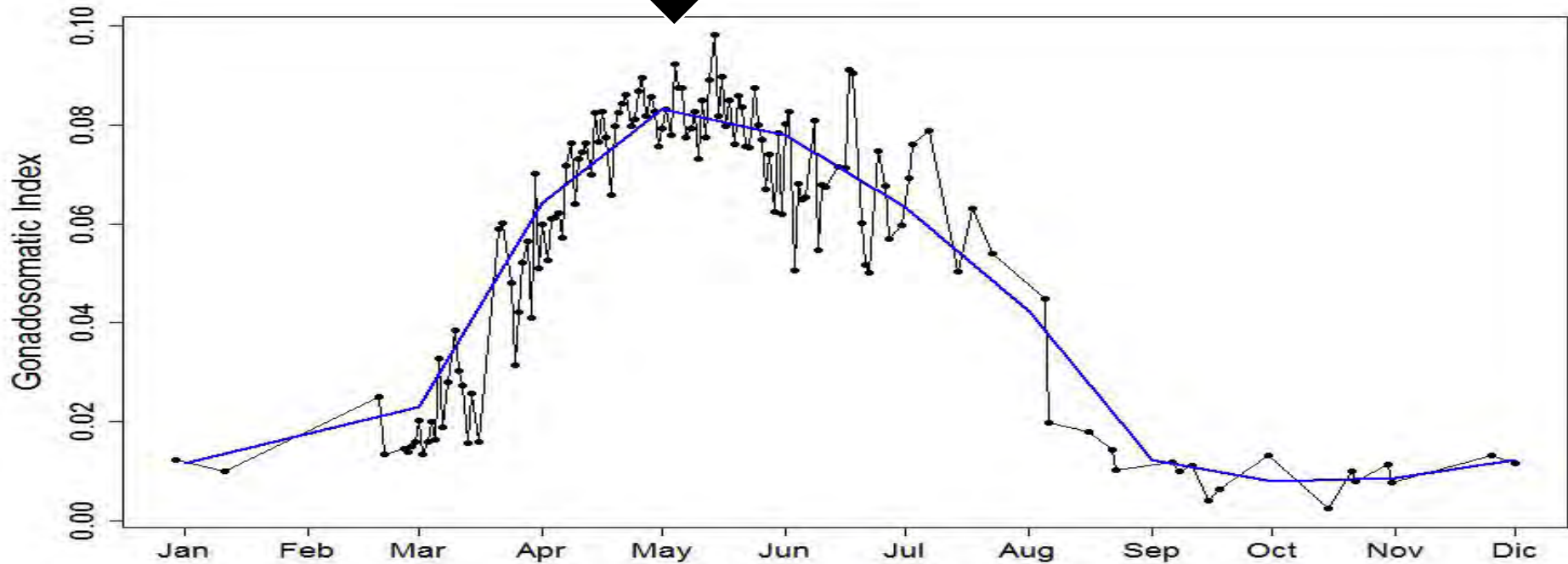
Conclusions



Peak of spawning

Spawning CoG

Peak of spawning period

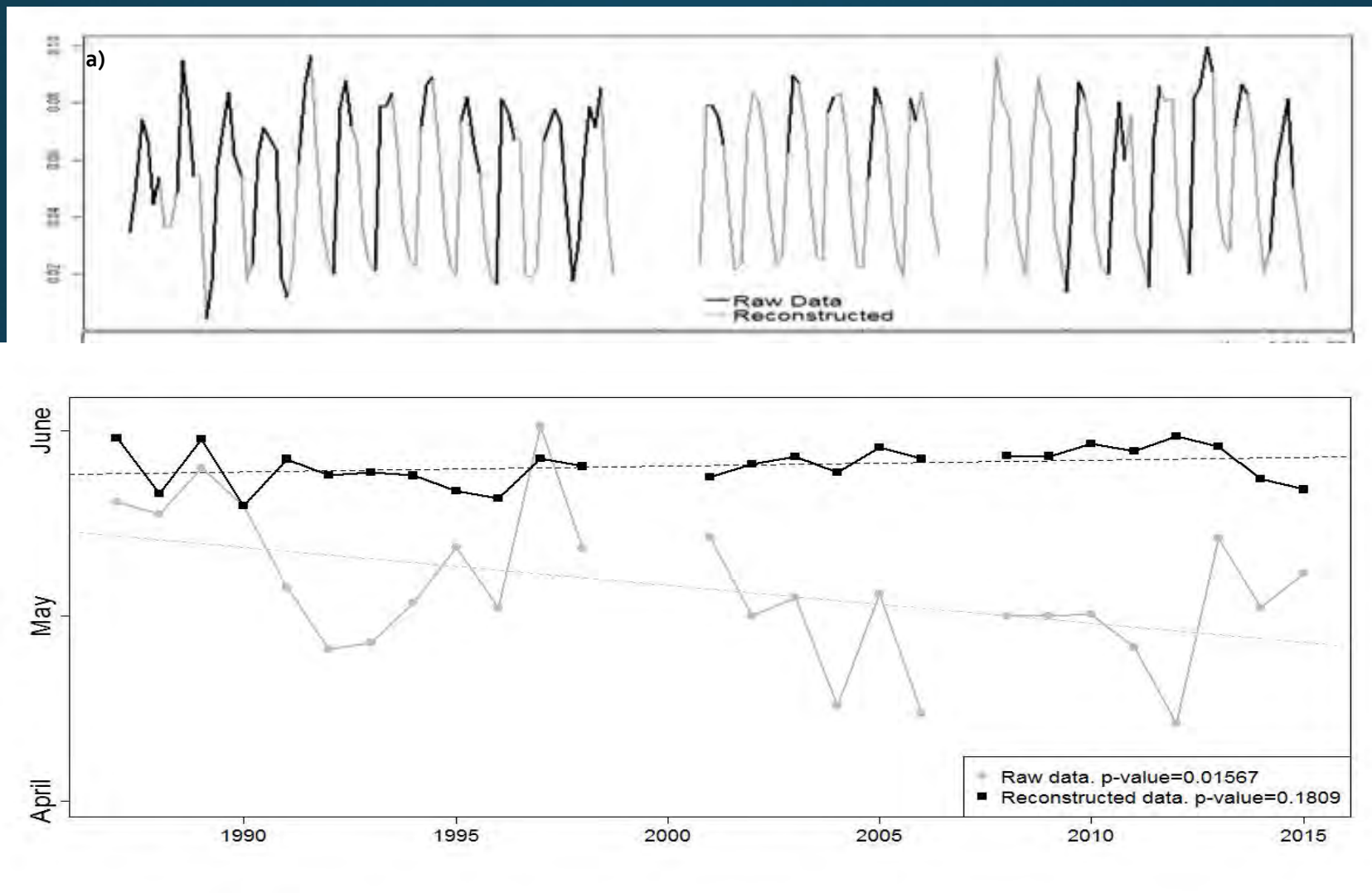




Peak of spawning

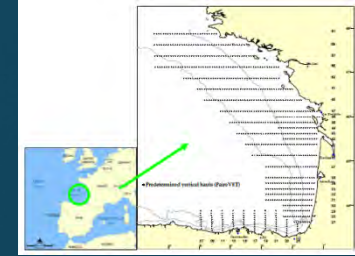
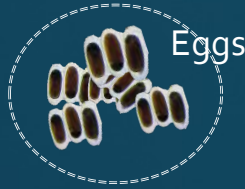
Spawning CoG

Peak spawning period



Spawning reconstruction model

1.) Data collection



BIOMAN (1989-2015)

2.) General additive models (GAM-s):

$$\begin{matrix} \text{eggs} \\ \text{observations} \end{matrix} \begin{pmatrix} \text{PA}^* \\ \text{ED} \end{pmatrix} + \text{Spatio-temporal variables}$$

*PA = Presence/Absence

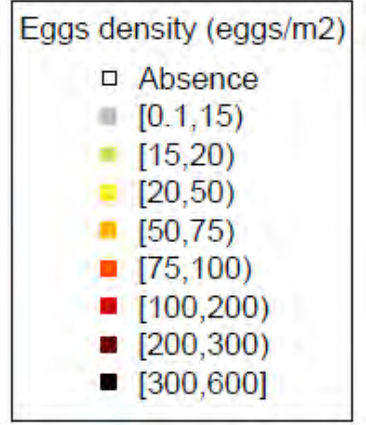
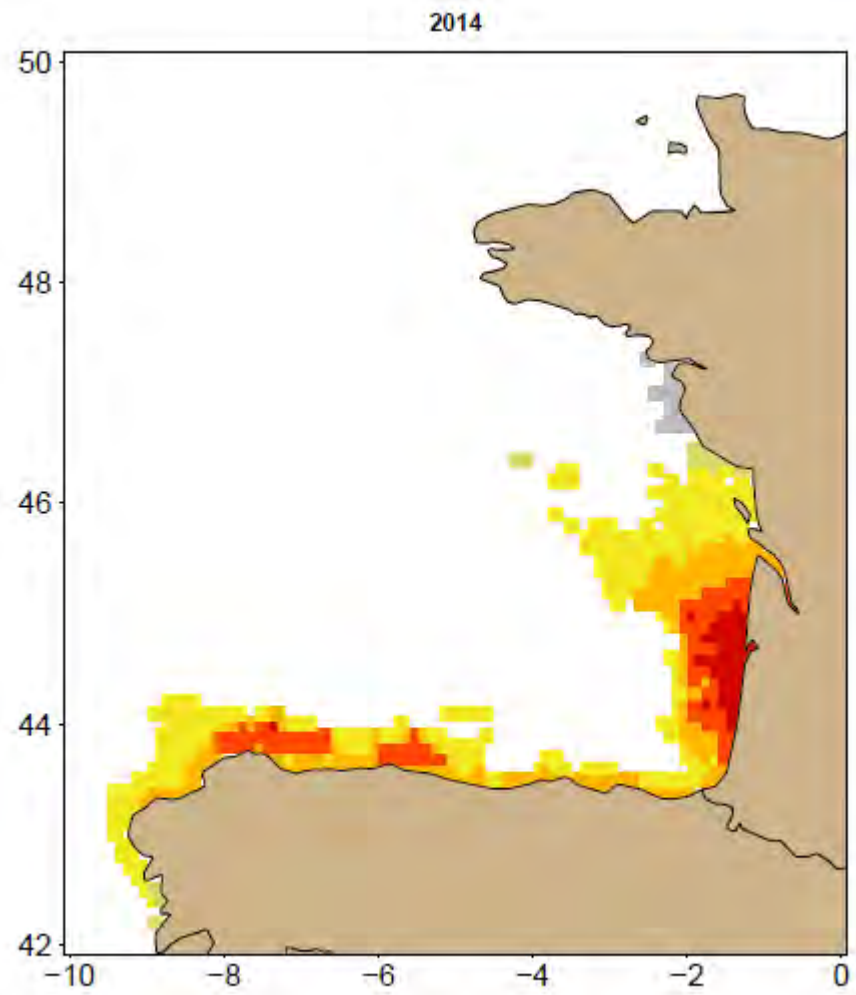
ED = Egg Density (abundance)

- Spatial:**
 - Latitude
 - Log(Bathymetry)
- Temporal:**
 - Year



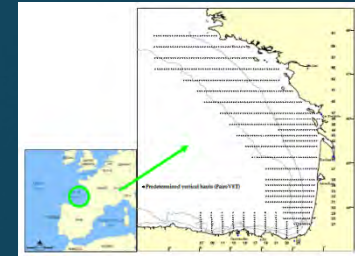
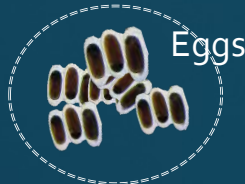
Peak of spawning

Spawning CoG



Spawning reconstruction model

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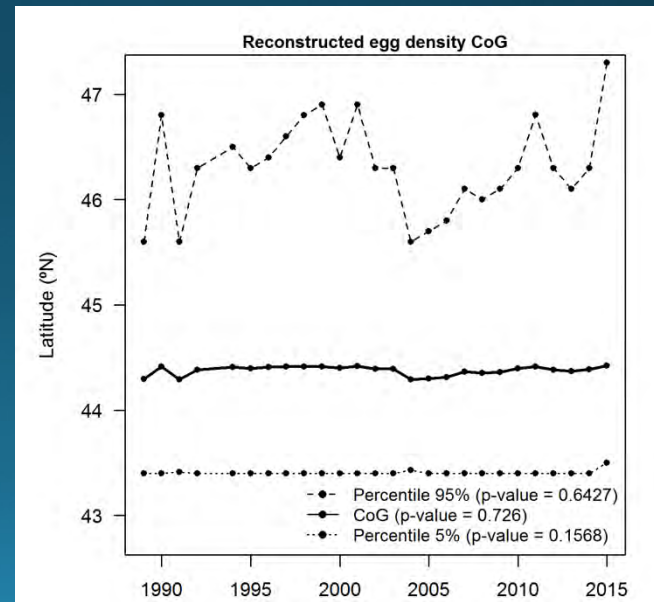
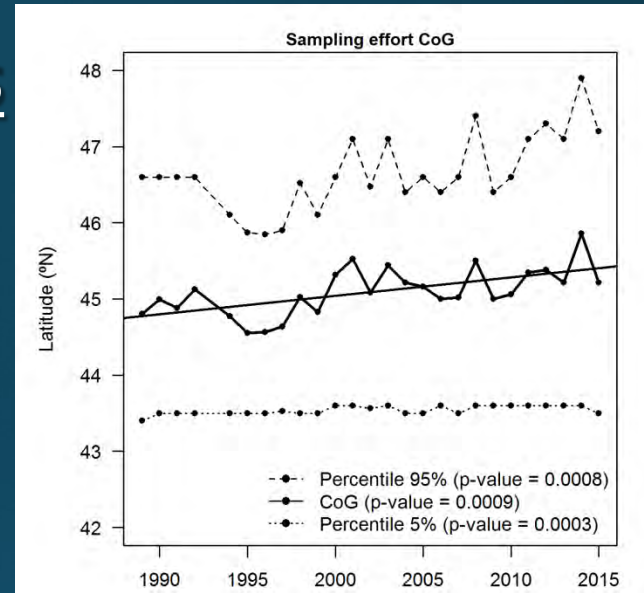
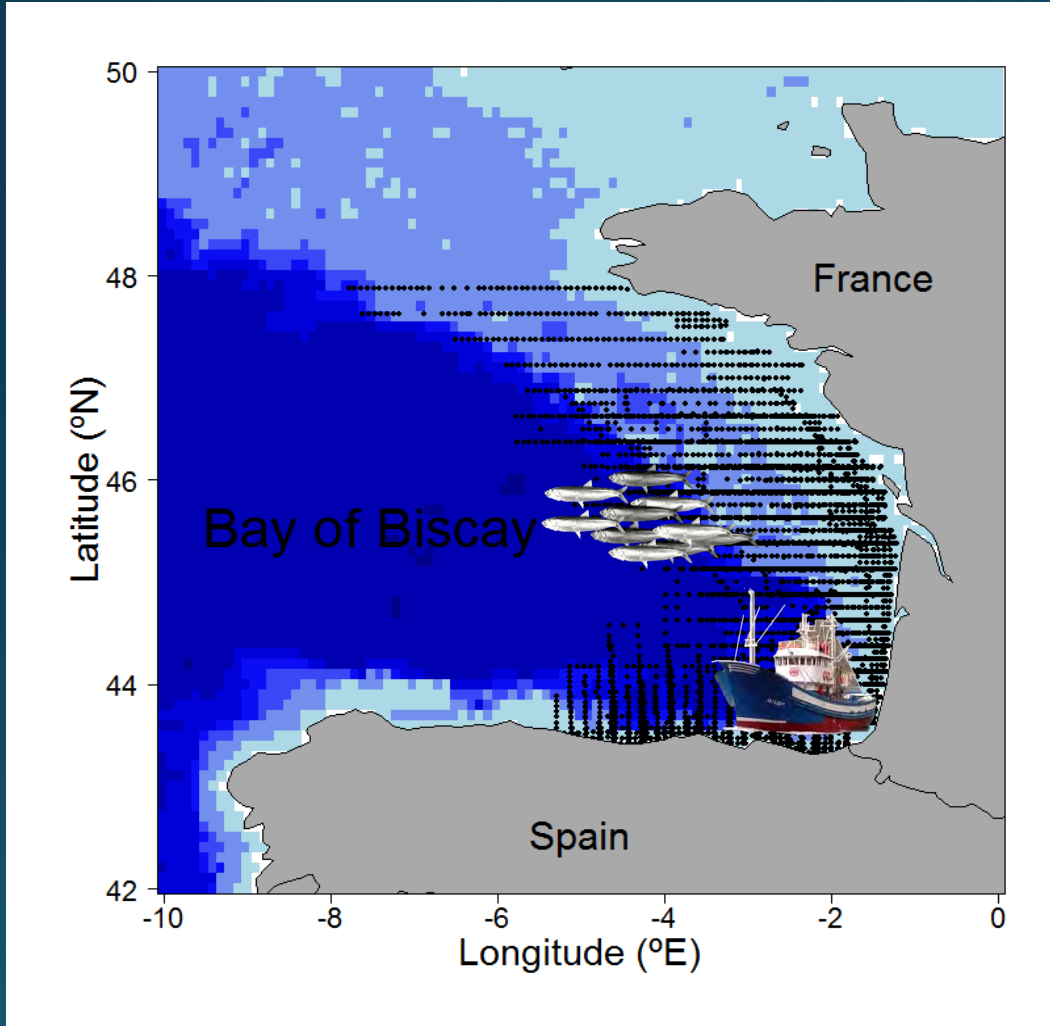
3.) Population Center of Gravity estimation

- Geographical point that describes a center-point of the region's population

4.) Correlation: CoG and variation drivers

- Sea Surface Temperature
- Density-dependence dynamics

Spawning distribution variations

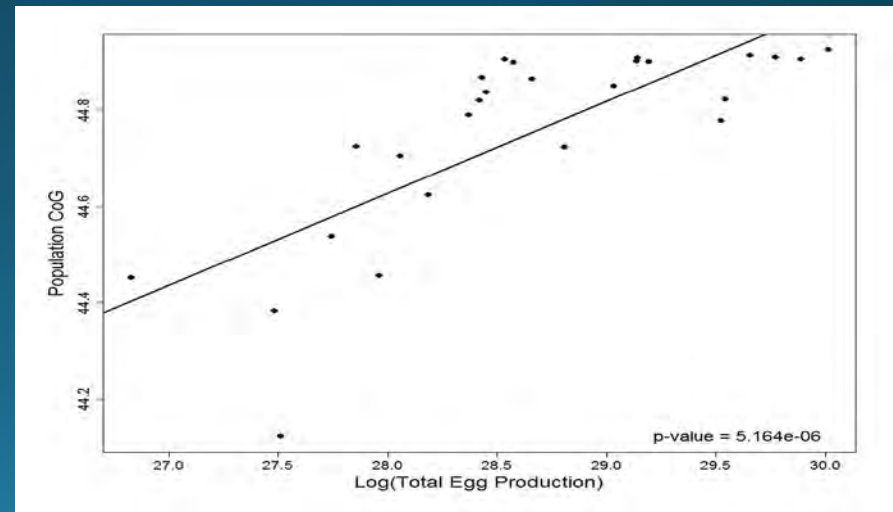
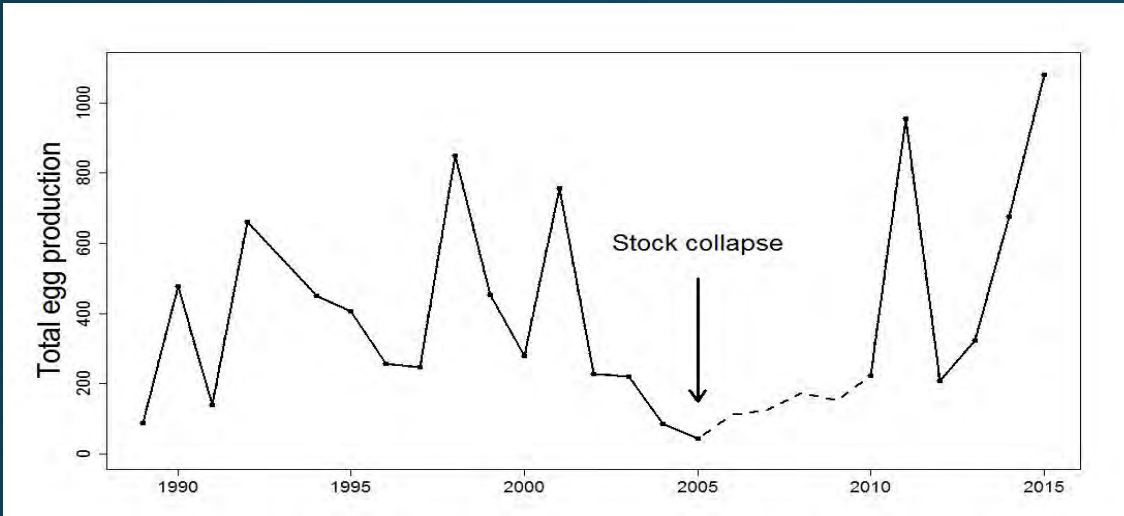




Peak of spawning

Spawning CoG

Spawning distribution variations



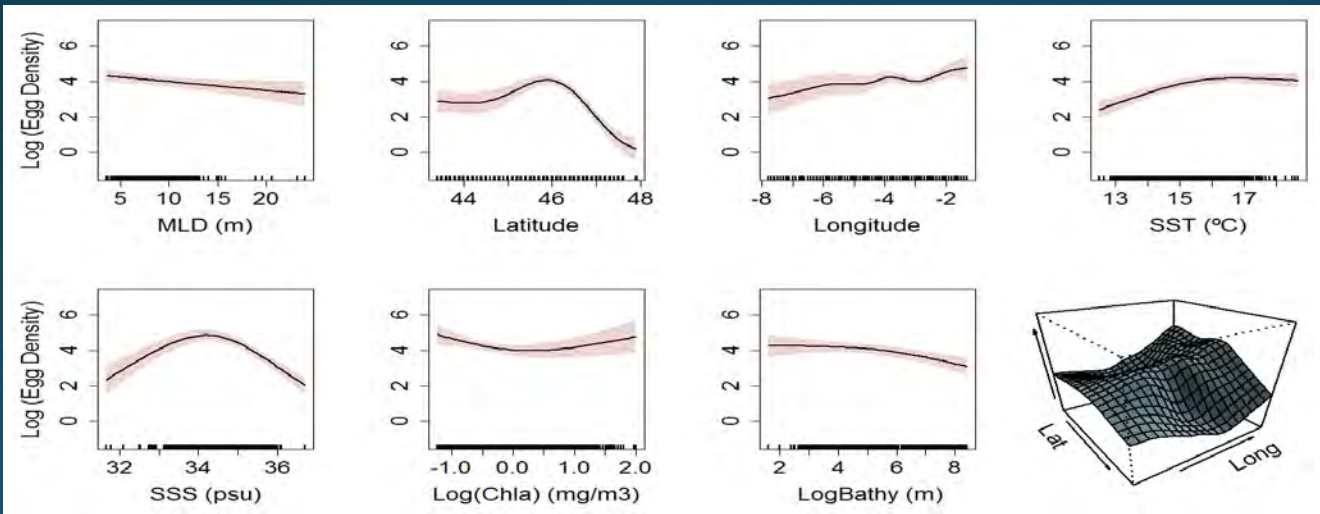
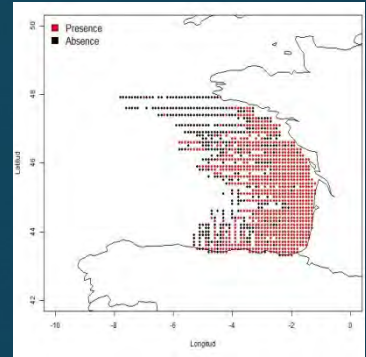
Spawning habitat modelling

Habitat modelling

1.) Data standardization (0.1°x0.1° resolution)

2.) Model: eggs observations $\begin{pmatrix} PA \\ ED \end{pmatrix}$ + environmental variables

- SST
 - SSS
 - MLD
 - Log(Bathymetry)
 - Log(Chlorophyll-a)
 - Lat, Long
- BIOMAN (1989-2015)



3.) Extrapolation to all the Bay of Biscay



Spawning habitat modelling

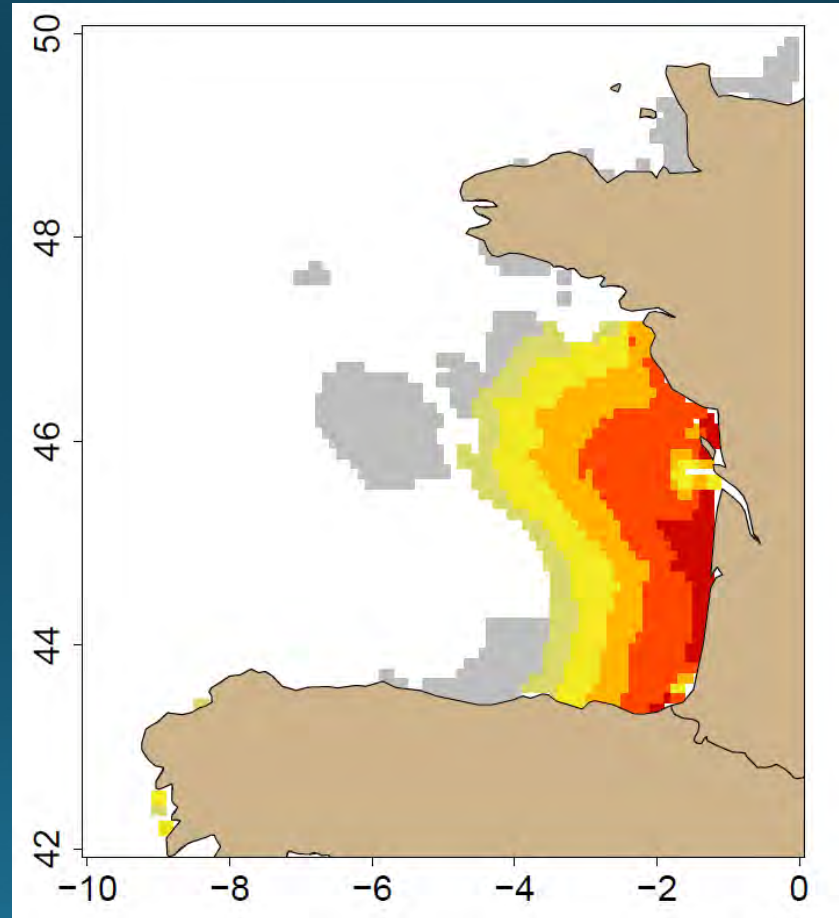
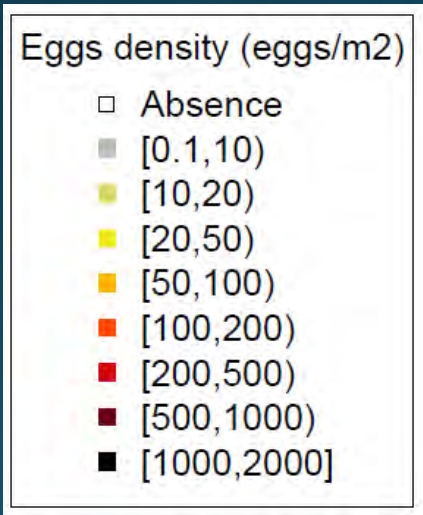
Spawning habitat modelling

Present
(2006-2020)

Dev. Expl.

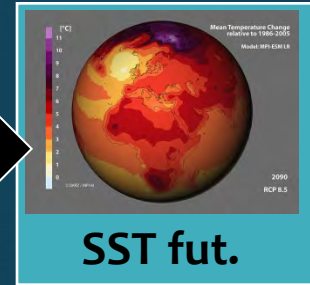
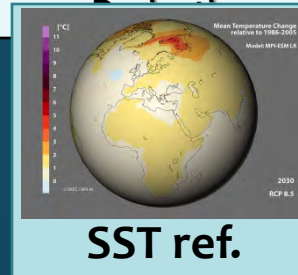
PA: 48%

ED: 58%



gam<- gam(LogEP ~ s(Lat, Long) + s(SST, k=3) + s(SSS, k=3) + MLD + s(LogChla, k=3) + s(LogBathy, k=3), family=gaussian)

Future projections

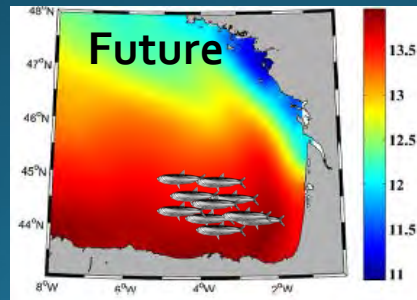
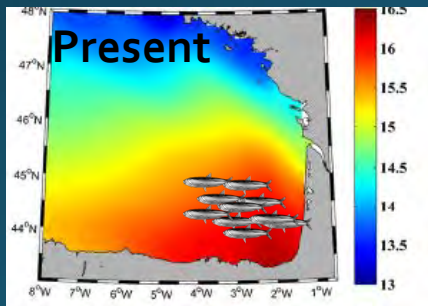


1.) Estimate changes for the future
RCP8.5 (936 CO₂ ppm)

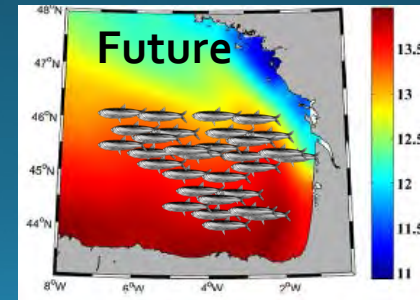
Mid-of-the-century (2040-2055)
End-of-the-century (2080-2099)

Mid-of-the-century (2040-2059)			End-of-the-century (2080-2099)		
SST (°C)	SSS (psu)	MLD (m)	SST (°C)	SSS (psu)	MLD (m)
0.52±0.28	-0.30±0.13	-7.48±8.31	1.51±0.71	-0.57±0.35	-12.40±12.84

2.) Model + future environmental conditions

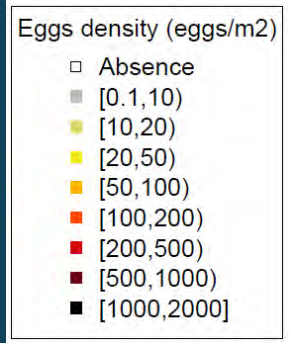


or



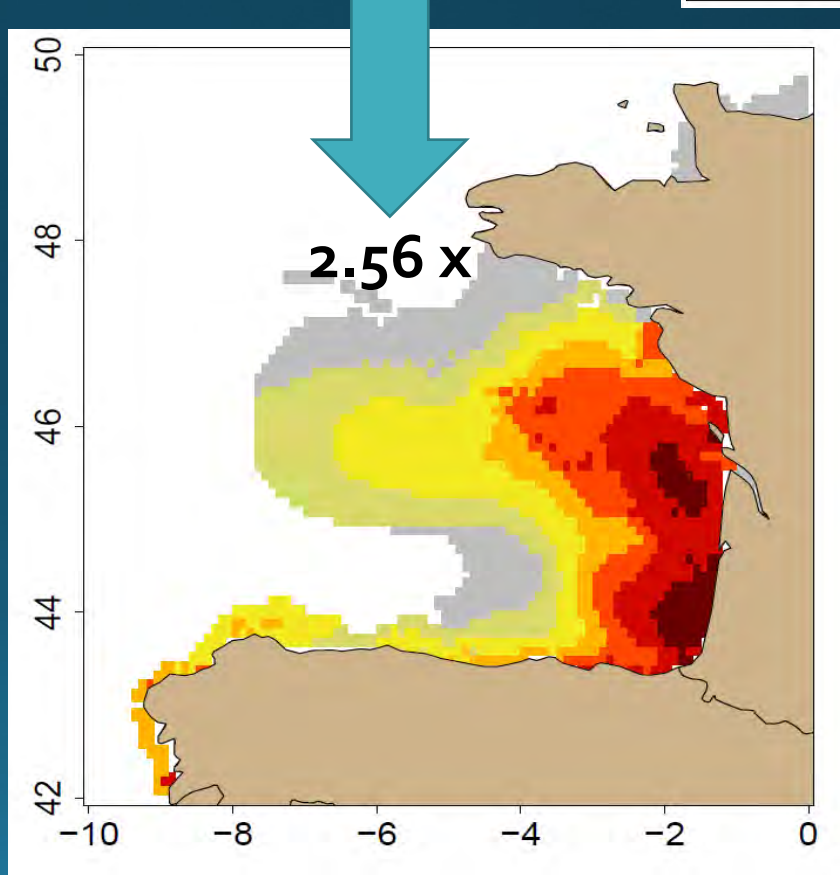
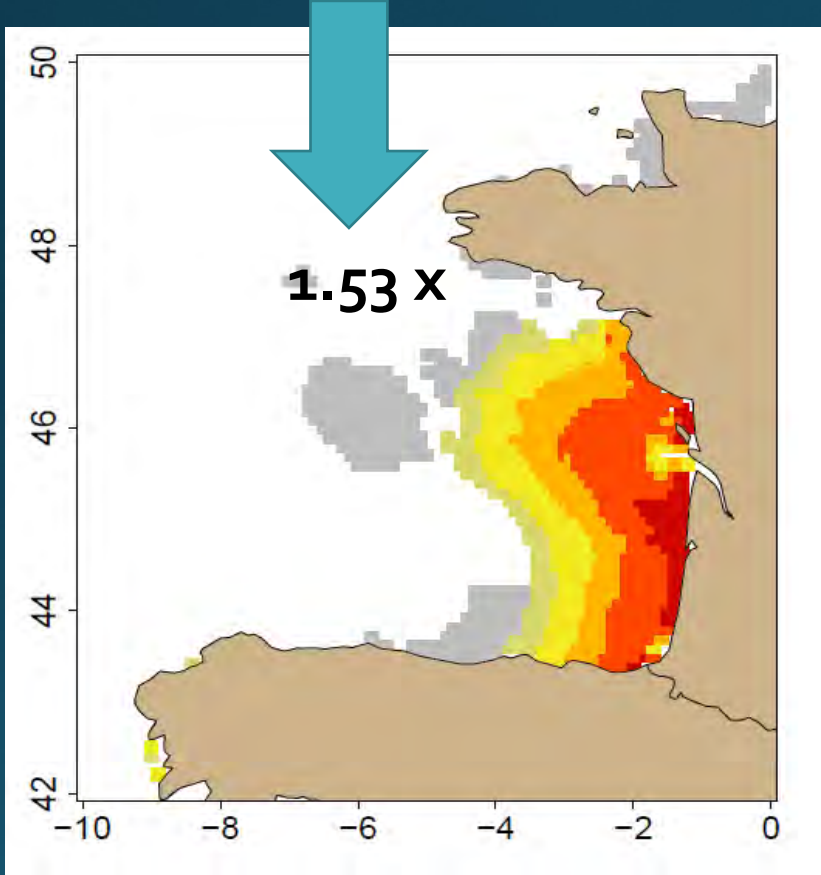
Projections

Spawning distribution future projections



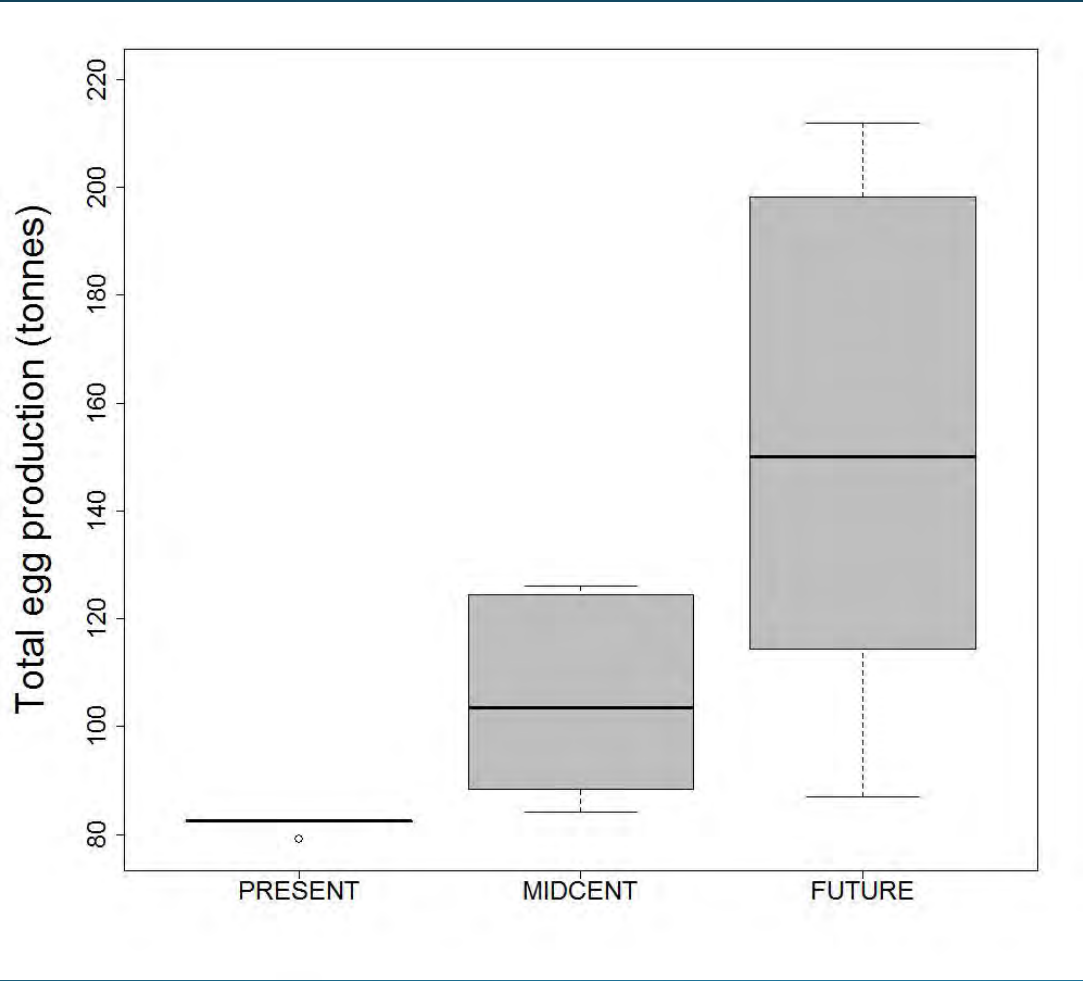
Mid-century
(2040-2055)

End-of-century
(2080-2099)



Spawning distribution future projections

- Total egg production
- All variables
- All variables
- All variables
- LogBathy



Change →Midcent	Change →Future
1.53 X	2.56 X
1.51 X	2.40 X
1.33 X	2.20 X



Conclusions

Past

- No phenological changes (1987-2015)
- No population CoG shift (1989-2015)
- Population CoG variations highly correlated with density-dependent dynamics

Present

- Our model explained 58.1% of the total deviance
- Spawning is closely related to river plumes (Adour, Gironde)

Future

- ++ effects for BB anchovy spawning
- Increase 1.5 and 2.5 times (mid-century / end-of-the-century)



ICES
CIEM

DRIVERS OF DYNAMICS OF
SMALL PELAGIC FISH RESOURCES

March 6-11, 2017
Victoria, Canada



Thank you very much!



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