

Trachurus lathami

A pelagic fish species of ecological and technological relevance currently sub exploited in the South West Atlantic (34° - 45°S)



Brenda Temperoni

Santiago A. Barbini

Francesca M. Mitton

Paula Orlando

Luciano Padovani

Agueda E. Massa

Claudio C. Buratti



Food and Agriculture
Organization of the
United Nations

ENDORSED BY



2021 United Nations Decade
2030 of Ocean Science
for Sustainable Development

CONICET



INIDEP

INSTITUTO NACIONAL DE INVESTIGACIÓN
Y DESARROLLO PESQUERO

- 34°S

URUGUAY



ARGENTINA

Buenos Aires province

Argentina-Uruguay
Common Fishing Zone

Argentinean
Continental
Shelf

Exclusive Economic
Zone (mile 200)

SOUTH WEST
ATLANTIC OCEAN

- 45°S

50 m

100 m

200 m

- 34°S



ARGENTINA

Buenos Aires province



Mar del Plata
38°00'S 57°33'W



- 45°S



Argentina.gov.ar

Integral
research and
development
programs
related to
fishery
resources in
Argentina





Argentine anchovy
Engraulis anchoita



Atlantic chub mackerel
Scomber colias



Silver warehou
Seriolella porosa



Fuegian sprat
Sprattus fuegensis



Blue fish
Pomatomus saltatrix

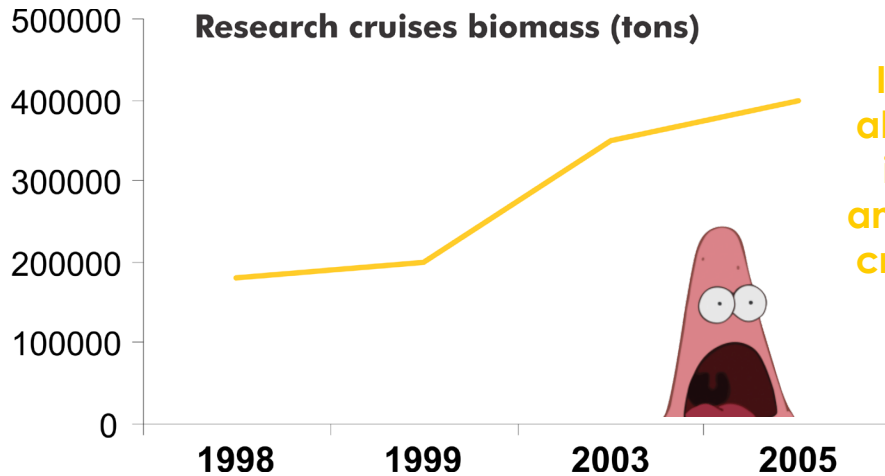


Rough scad
Trachurus lathami

- Direct and indirect estimates of stock biomass, and its composition (age and length structure)
- Maximum sustainable catches and other management measures
- Distribution and abundance in relation with oceanographic and biological conditions

Why *T. lathami*?

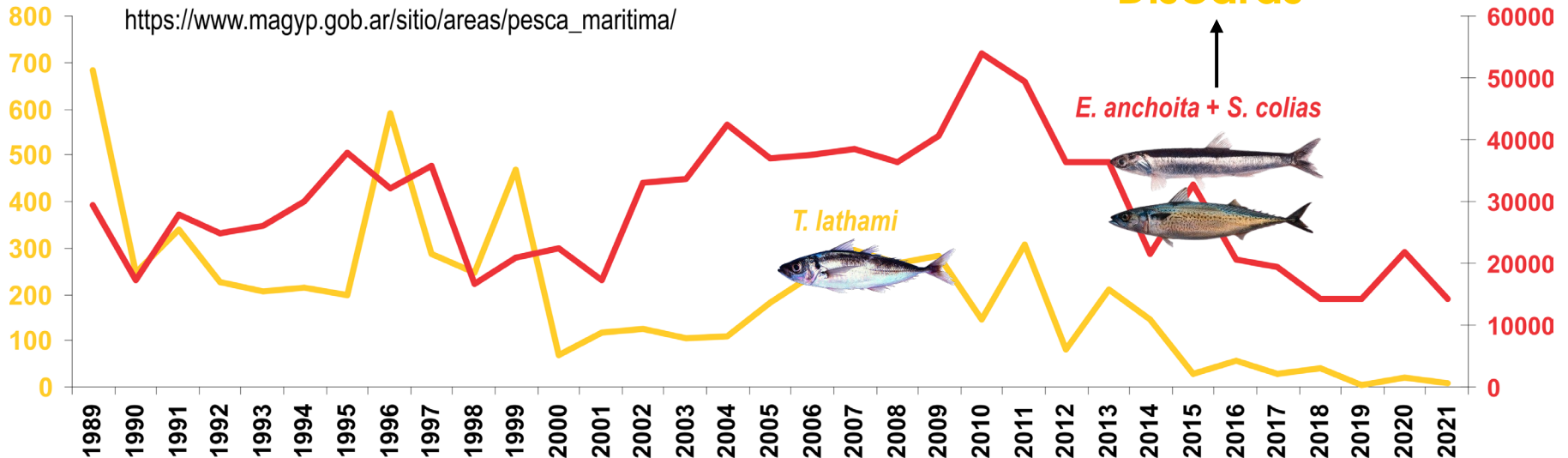
Pelagic Fish Fisheries Program



Increasing abundances in coastal and mid-shelf cruises since mid '90s



Argentine SPF landings (tons)
https://www.magyp.gob.ar/sitio/areas/pesca_maritima/





Main goal

Current knowledge

Argentinean Shelf (34°-45°S)

Distribution and abundance

Trophic ecology

Technological aspects

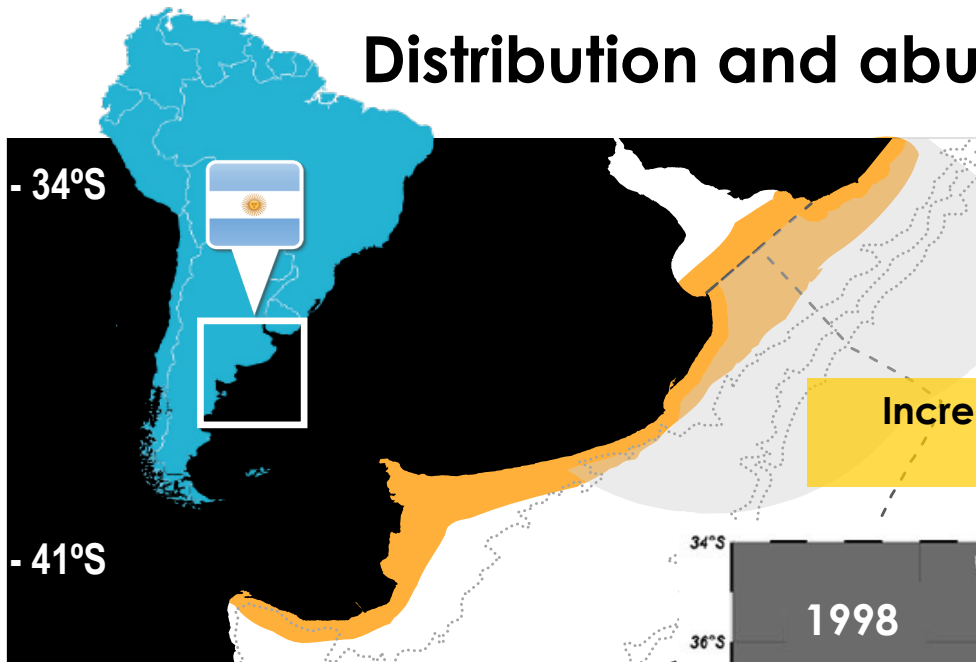
Distribution and abundance



Paula Orlando

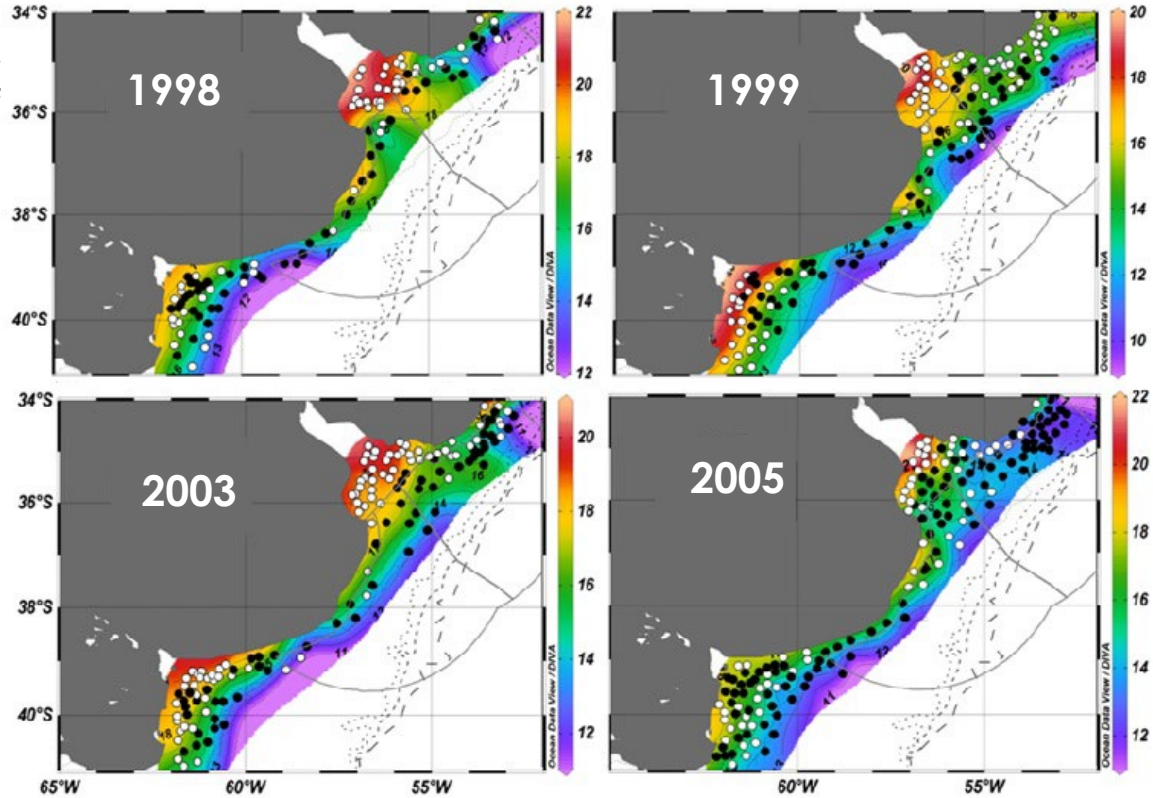
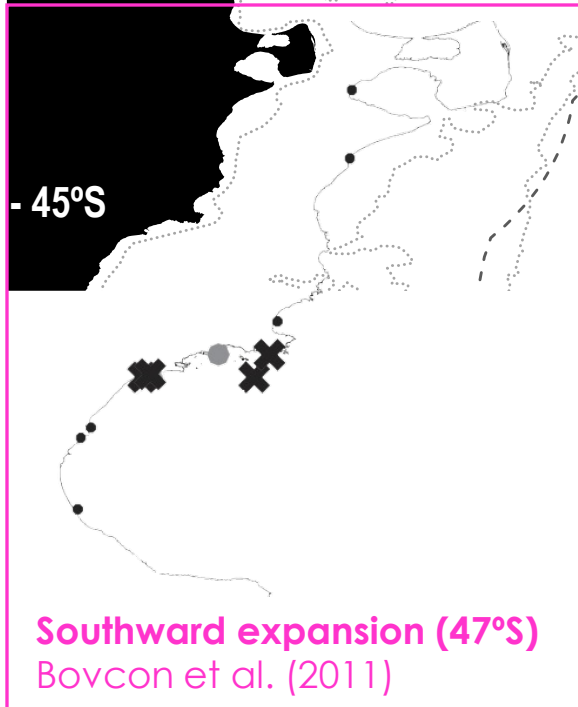


Claudio Buratti

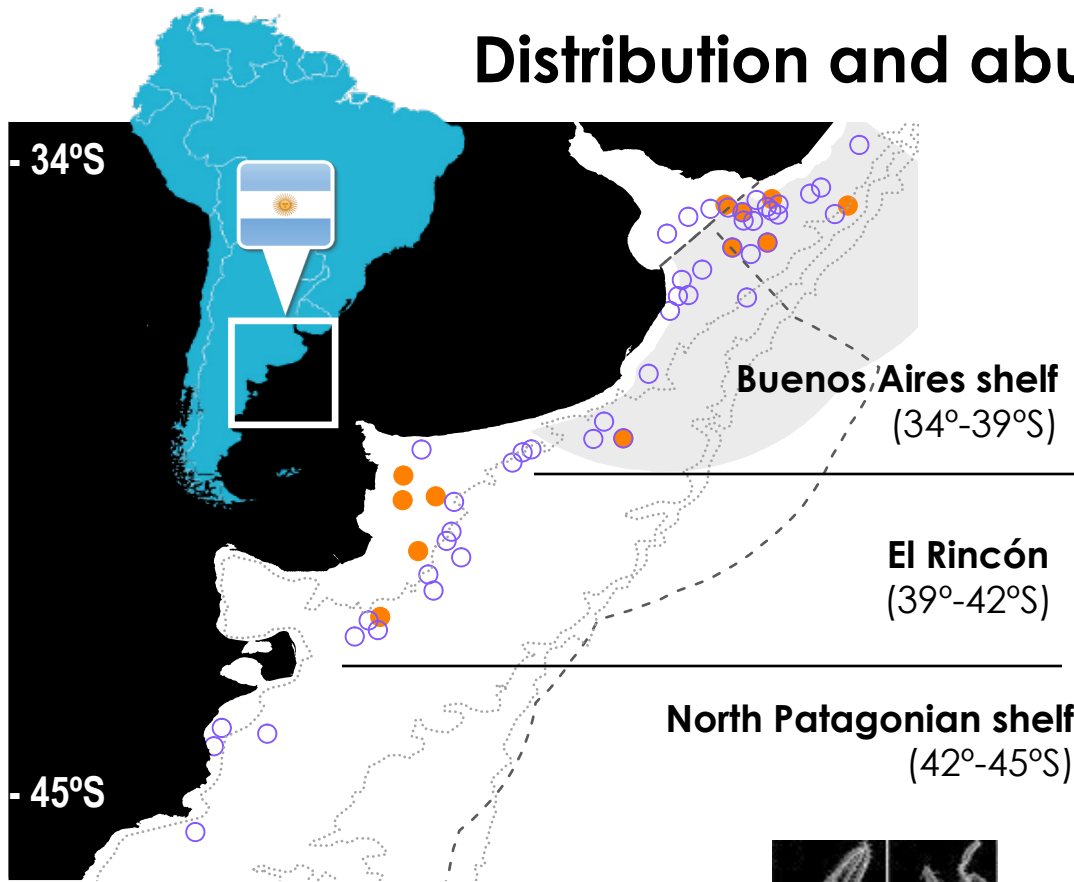


Increasing abundances from research cruises

Orlando et al. (2018)



Distribution and abundance



3 independent stocks in South Atlantic waters
Braicovich et al. (2012)



Otoliths



Parasites

Parasites as biological tags
for stock discrimination

Trophic ecology

warm (October-April)

cold (May-September)



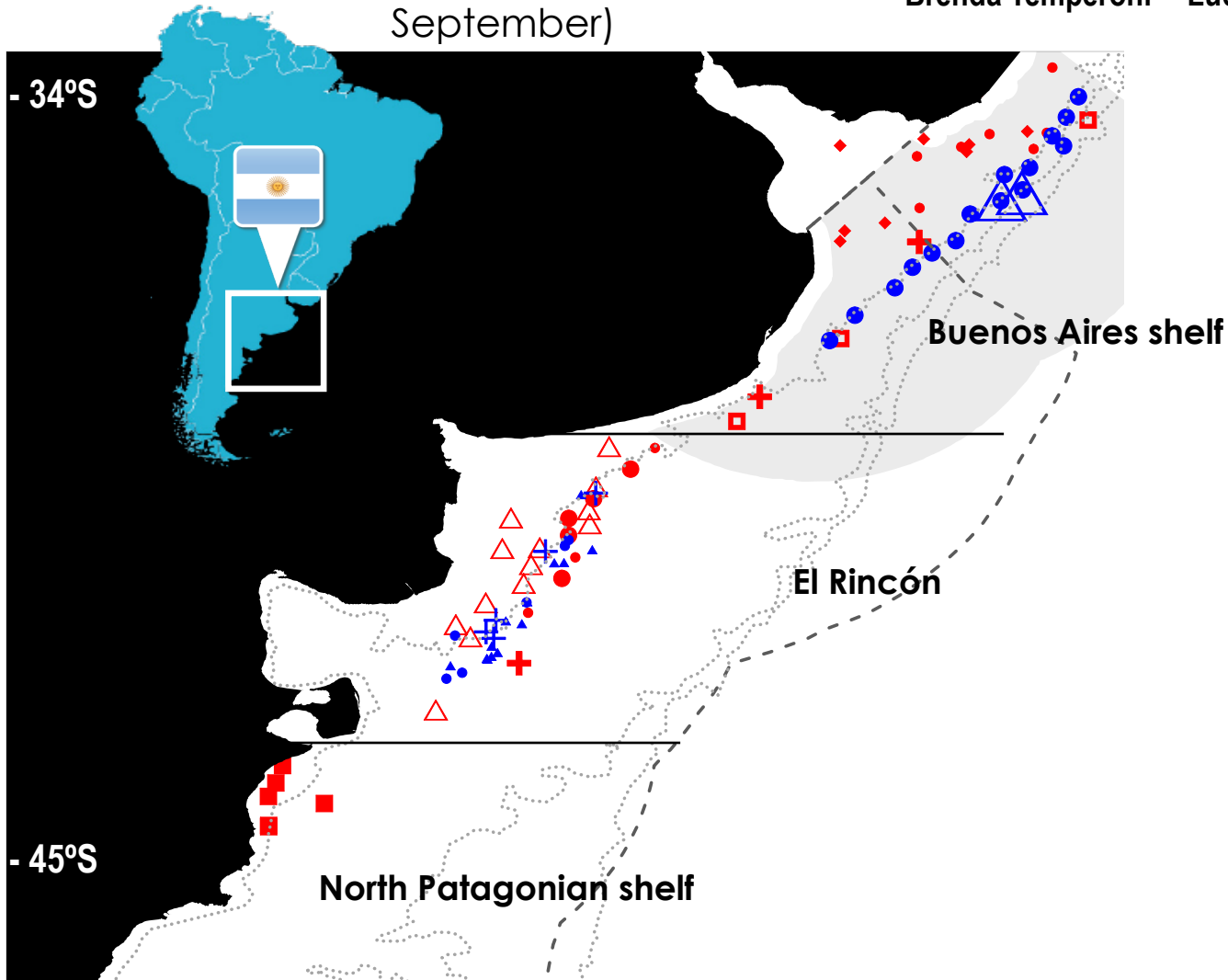
Brenda Temperoni



Luciano Padovani



Santiago Barbini

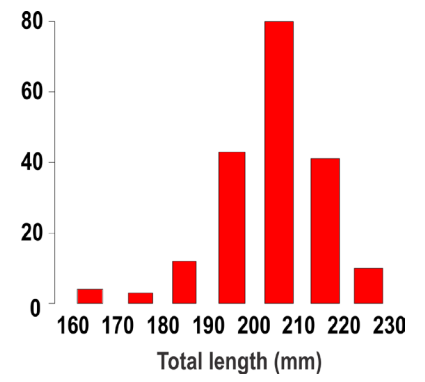
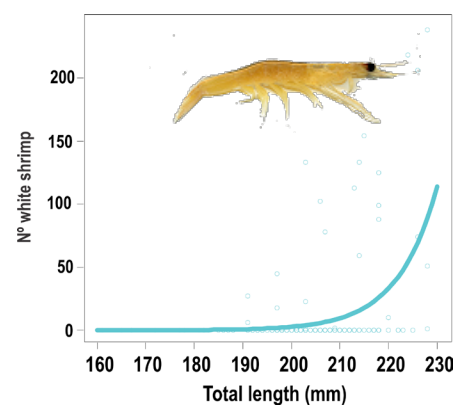
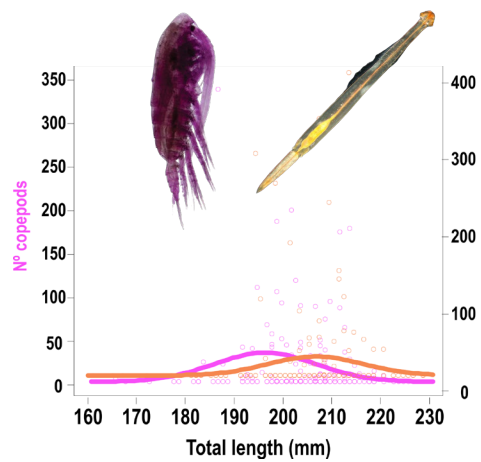
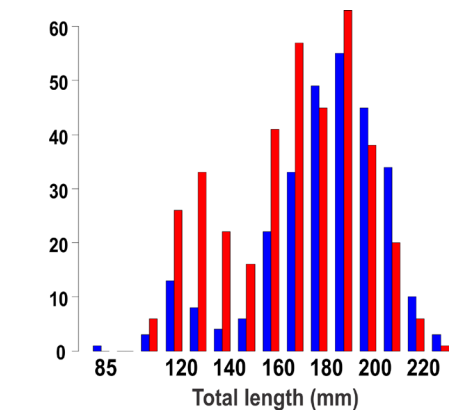
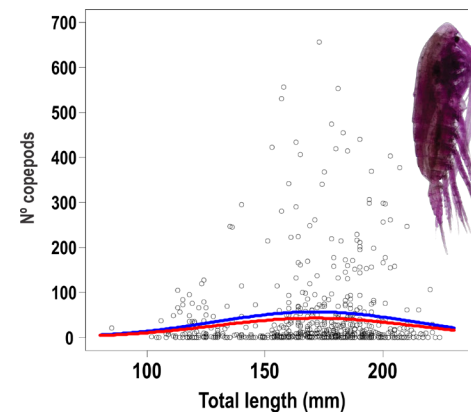
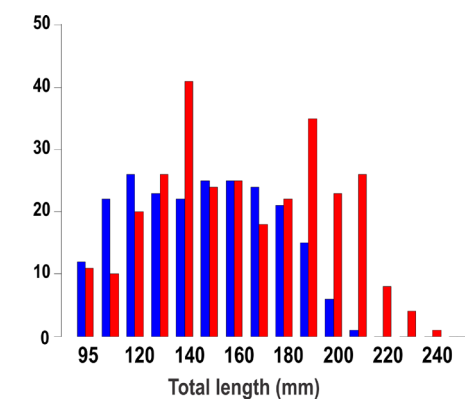
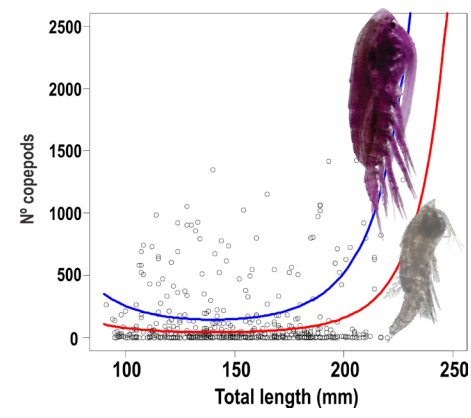
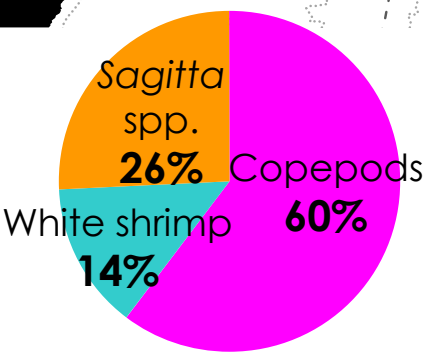
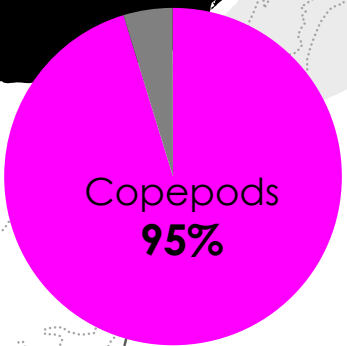
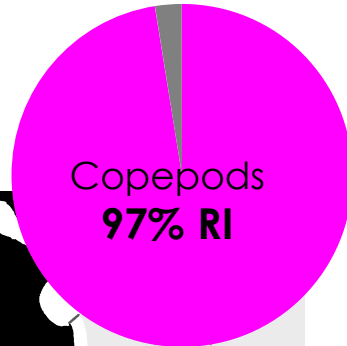
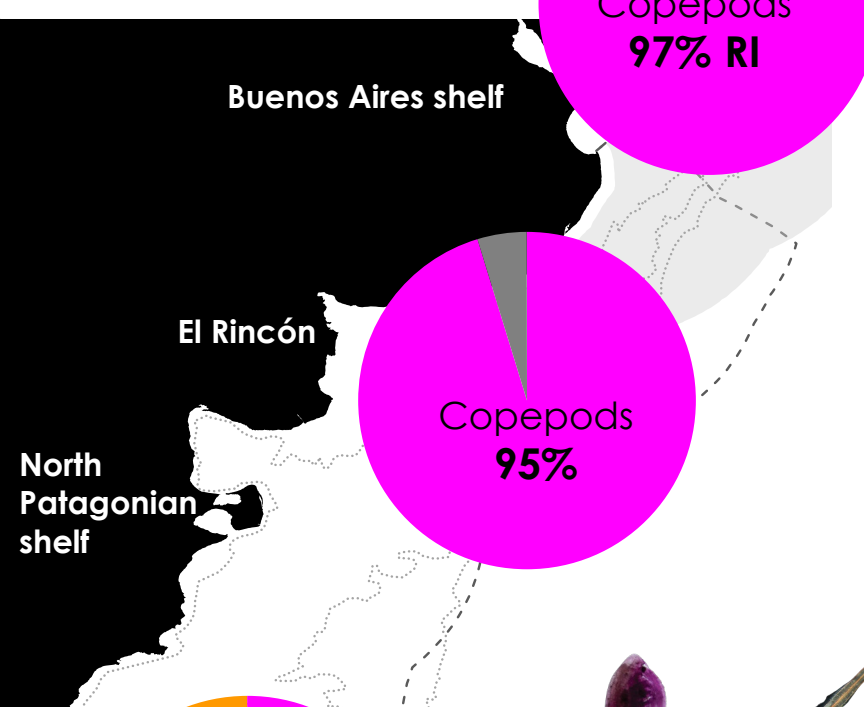


Maximum size
24 cm total
length

Trophic ecology

warm (October-April)

cold (May-September)



Technological aspects

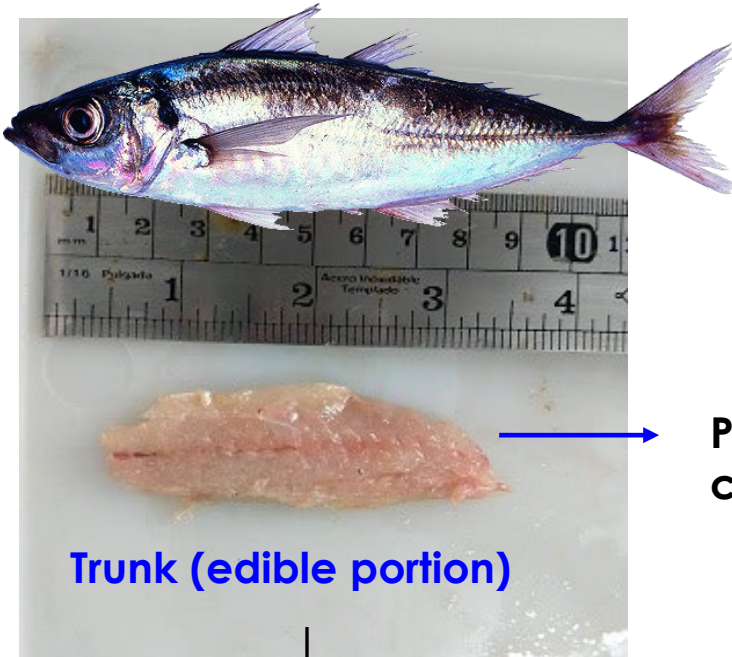
Bycatch Discards



Agueda Massa



Francesca Mitton



Trunk (edible portion)

Fish quality indicators

Total Volatile Basic Nitrogen (TVB-N)
indicator of fish protein degradation

28%

Malondialdehyde (MDA)
indicator of oxidative damage **1.1 mg/kg fish**

Yield 68%

acceptable 60-63%
(Oliviera et al. 2015)

Proximate composition

Humidity **73%**

Ash **1.3%**

Proteins **20%**

Minerals **Ca** 380 mg/100g

Na 53 mg/100 g

Lipids **9%** (semi-fat)

PUFA **29%** DHA **17%** EPA **6%**

Suitable to develop products for human consumption

Technological aspects

Restructured product

Increase current commercial offers
Boost growth of the Argentine fishing sector



Beer industry
Hop leaves discard



Humulus lupulus }
Antioxidant
Antimicrobial
Fibers

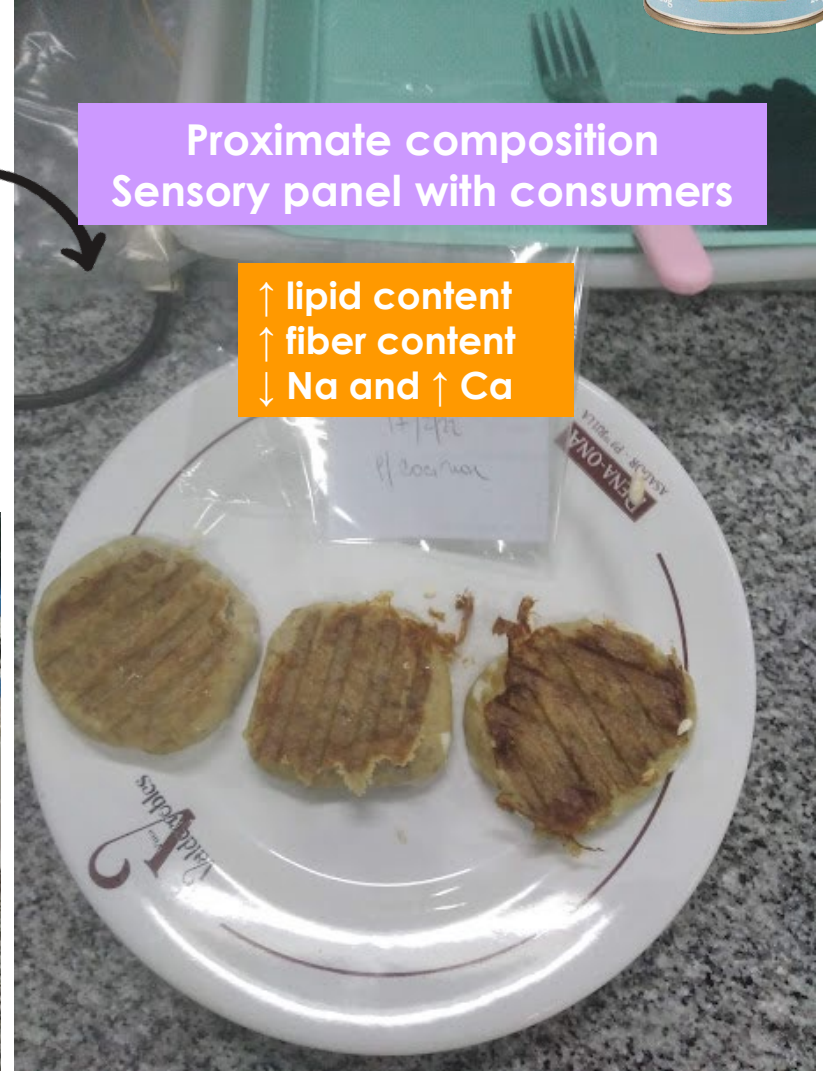
T. lathami
muscle

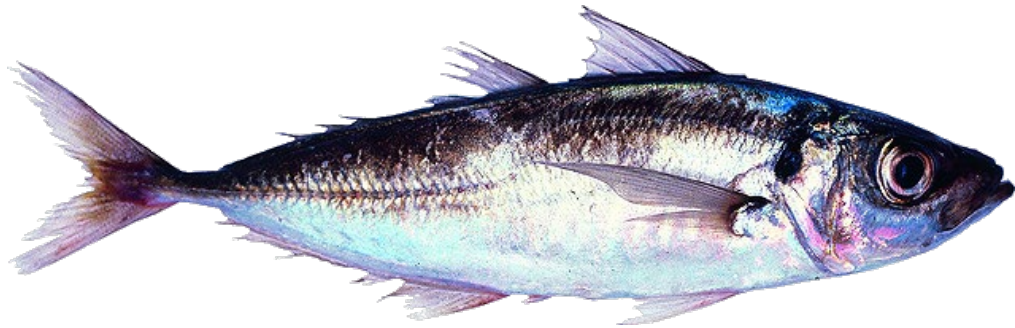


Burgers

Proximate composition
Sensory panel with consumers

↑ lipid content
↑ fiber content
↓ Na and ↑ Ca





¿Questions?

btemperoni@inidep.edu.ar