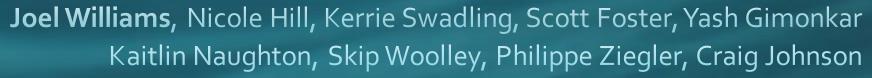
Long-term CPR data and joint species distribution models reveal changes in zooplankton communities in the Southern Ocean











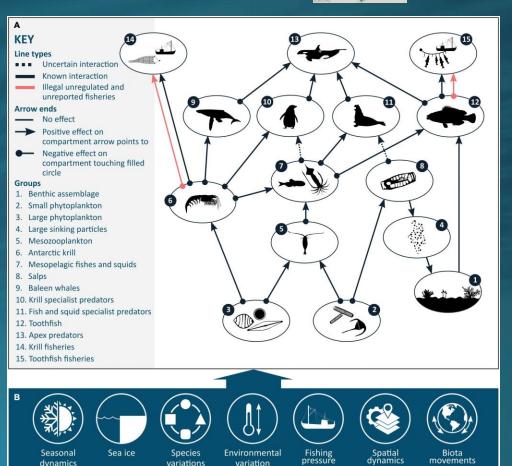






Introduction

- The Southern Ocean
- Climate change
 - Warming water temps.
 - Shifting polar fronts
 - Changing water chemistry
 - Shifting species ranges
- Plankton important food web and ecosystem component.
- particularly susceptible to climate change
- Focus on single species
- Limited understanding of zooplankton at the community level UNIVERSITY of TASMANIA



Introduction

Review Article | Open Access | Published: 02 February 2023

Monitoring and modelling marine zooplankton in a changing climate

Lavenia Ratnarajah ™, Rana Abu-Alhaija, Angus Atkinson, Sonia Batten, Nicholas J. Bax, Kim S. Bernard, Gabrielle Canonico, Astrid Cornils, Jason D. Everett, Maria Grigoratou, Nurul Huda Ahmad Ishak, David Johns, Fabien Lombard, Erik Muxagata, Clare Ostle, Sophie Pitois, Anthony J. Richardson, Katrin Schmidt, Lars Stemmann, Kerrie M. Swadling, Guang Yang & Lidia Yebra

Nature Communications 14, Article number: 564 (2023) Cite this article

8737 Accesses | 11 Citations | 79 Altmetric | Metrics



Science of The Total Environment

Volume 898, 10 November 2023, 165505



Major declines in NE Atlantic plankton contrast with more stable populations in the rapidly warming North Sea

Matthew M. Holland ^a ○ ☑, Arnaud Louchart ^b, Luis Felipe Artigas ^b, Clare Ostle ^c,

Angus Atkinson ⁿ, Isabelle Rombouts ^d, Carolyn A. Graves ^e, Michelle Devlin ^e, Birgit Heyden ^f,

Margarita Machairopoulou ^g, Eileen Bresnan ^g, Jos Schilder ^h, Hans H. Jakobsen ⁱ,

Hannah Lloyd-Hartley ^j, Paul Tett ^k, Mike Best ^l, Eric Goberville ^m, Abigail McQuatters-Gollop ^a

Show more V

Article Open Access | Published: 23 March 2023

Climate-driven zooplankton shifts cause large-scale declines in food quality for fish

Ryan F. Heneghan , Jason D. Everett, Julia L. Blanchard, Patrick Sykes & Anthony J. Richardson

Nature Climate Change 13, 470–477 (2023) Cite this article

5982 Accesses | 4 Citations | 149 Altmetric | Metrics



Has the Southern Ocean zooplankton assemblage changed in the last 2 decades?

Establish what is driving this change

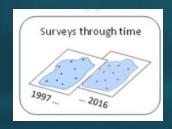


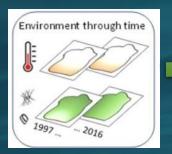
Continuous Plankton Recorder (CPR)

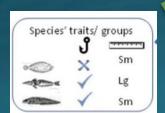
- Continuous Plankton Recorder is a standardise method for sampling plankton over large temporal and spatial scales
- Southern Ocean Continuous Plankton Recorder (SO-CPR) Program
 - Established early 1990s
- SO-CPR database
 - Ensure QA/QC
 - Collaborative research
 - Long-term time series data
- Fantastic, species level data, through space and time across the Southern Ocean
- "The project has covered 70% of the Southern Ocean, taken 30,000 samples, identified and mapped 230 species and towed the Recorder for more than 278,000 kilometres." (Hosie, 2010)

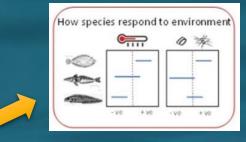


Data Analysis

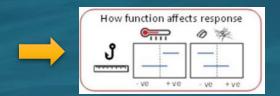


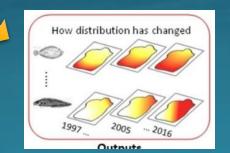






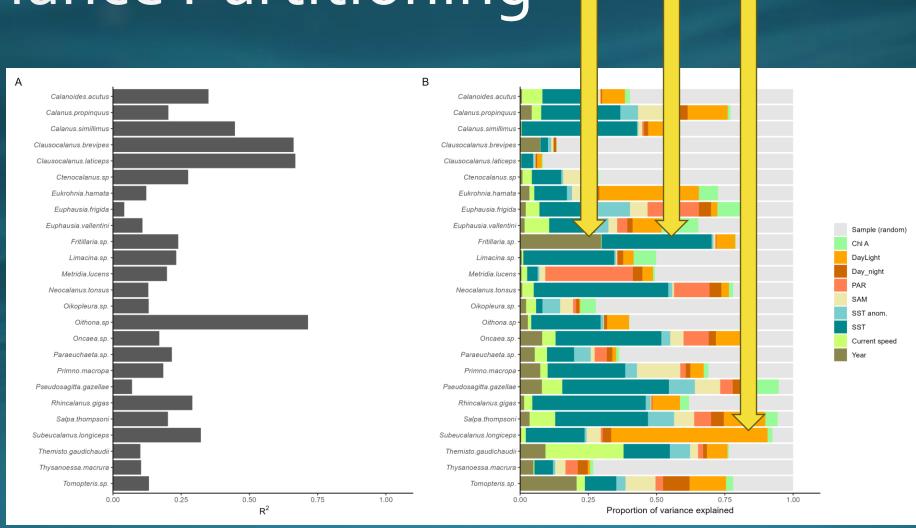
Joint Species
Distribution Model
(HMSC*)





- Hierarchical modelling of species communities (HMSC, R package)
- Multivariate hierarchical generalised linear mixed model fitted with Bayesian inference
- CPR segments aggregated to 20nm
- Years 2003 2016
- Environmental variables:
 Year, day/night, PAR, day length
 SST, SST anom., Chl A, SAM
 FESOM surface currents
- Spatial random factors
- Hurdle model: presence/absence & abundance conditional presence

Variance Partitioning



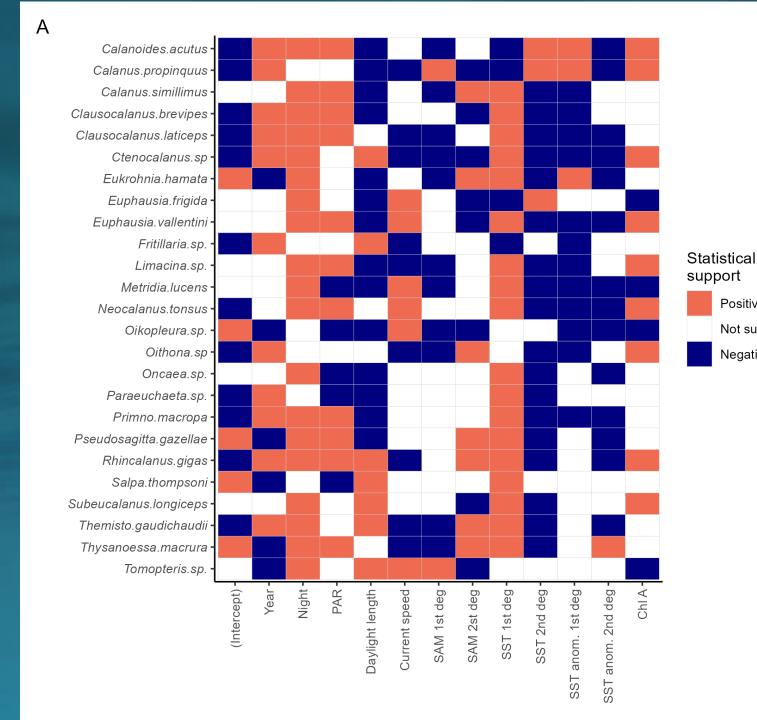
SST

Daylight

Year



Beta Plots



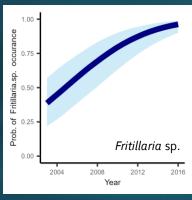
Positive response

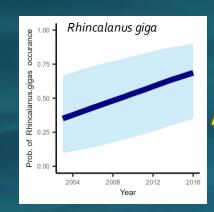
Negative response

Not supported

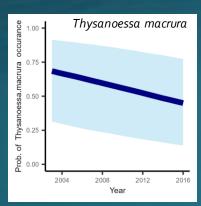
Beta Plots

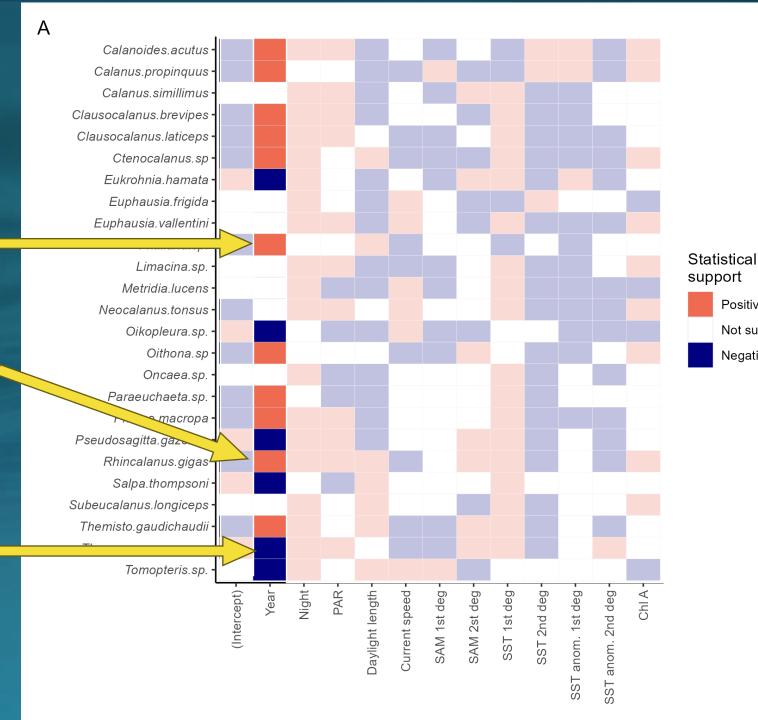
Winners?





Losers?

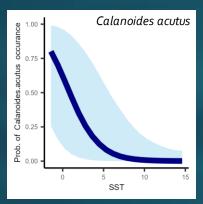


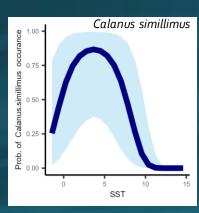


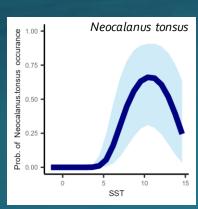
Positive response

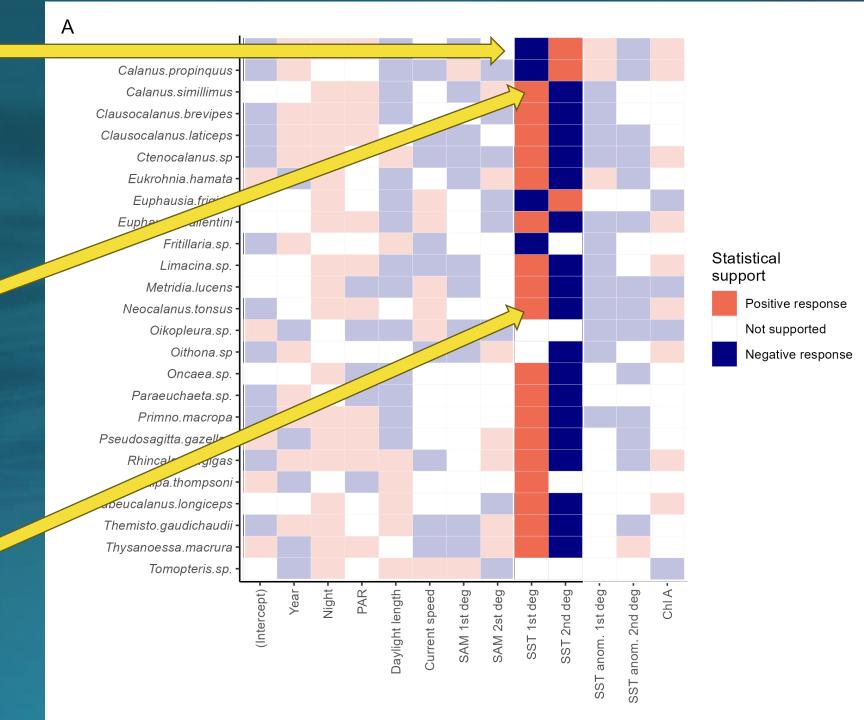
Negative response

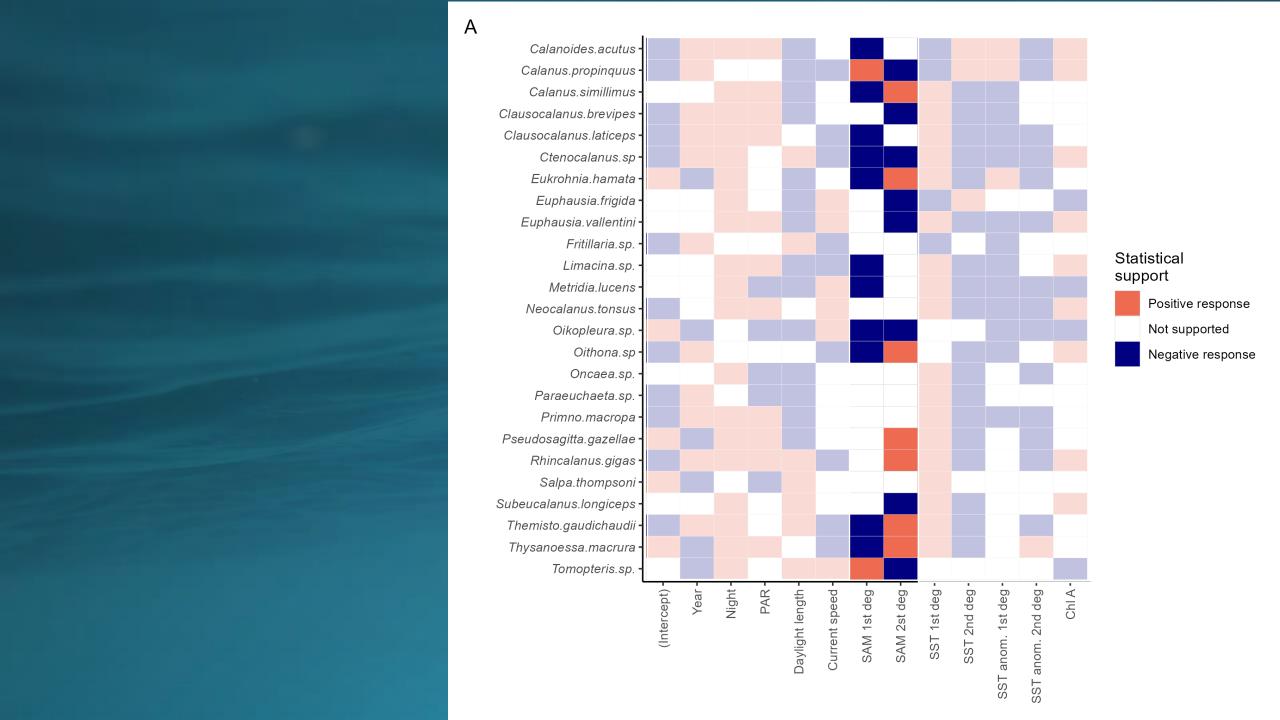
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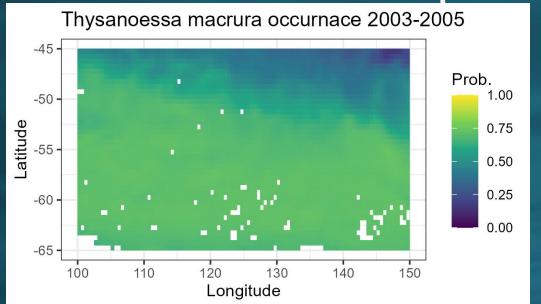


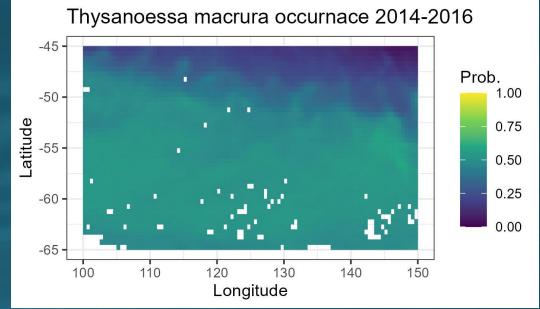




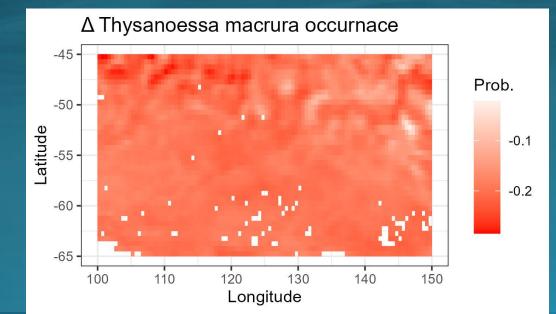


Predictive maps: Thysanoessa macrura





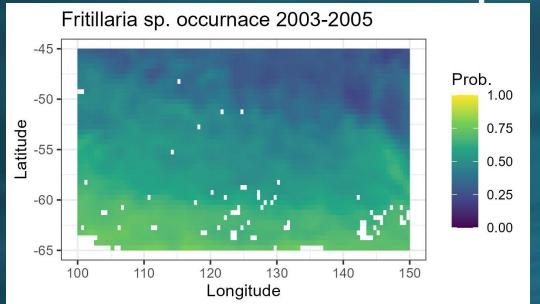


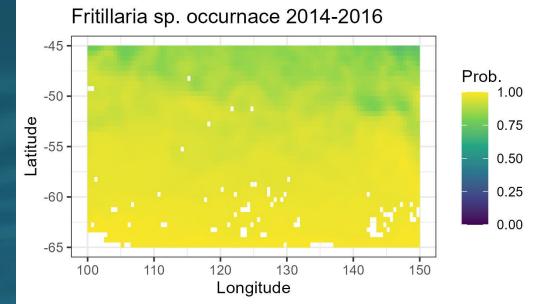




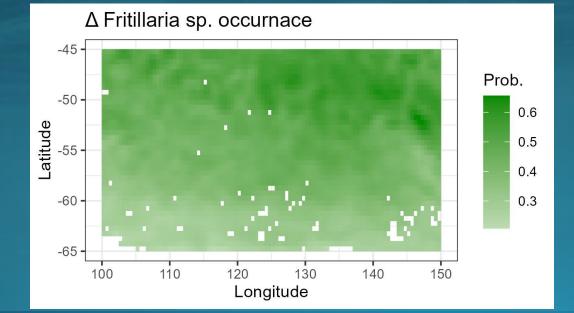
Institute for Marine and Antarctic Studies

Predictive maps: Fritillaria sp.





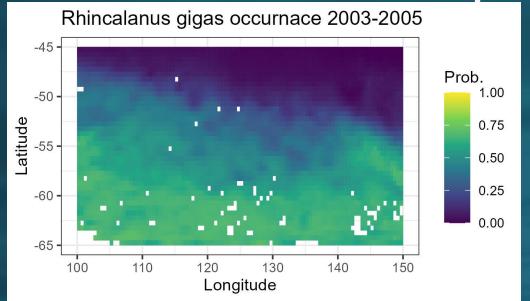




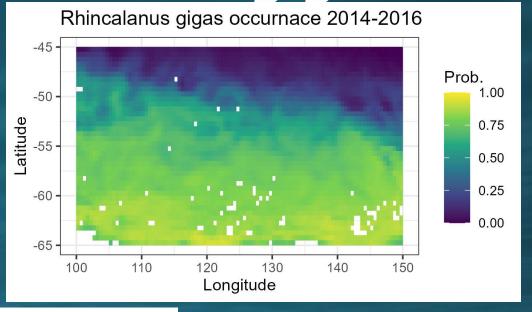




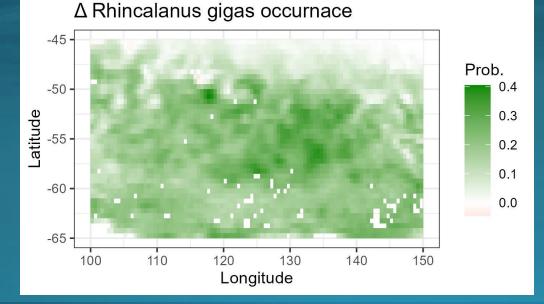
Predictive maps: Rhincalanus gigas







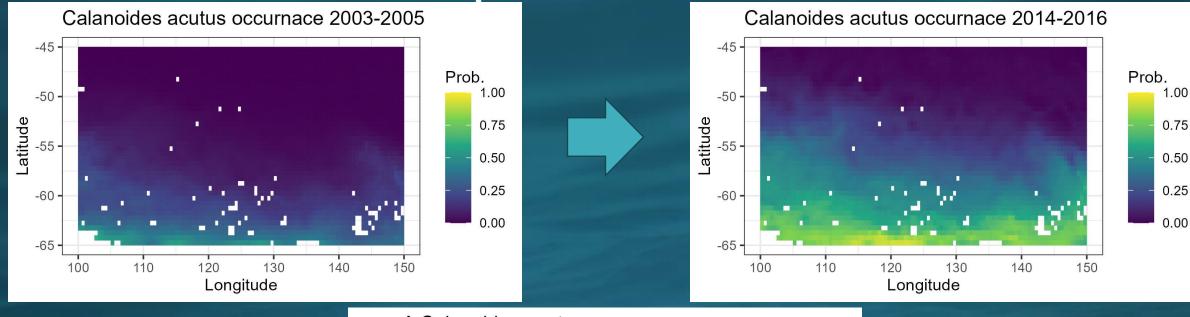
Large copepod

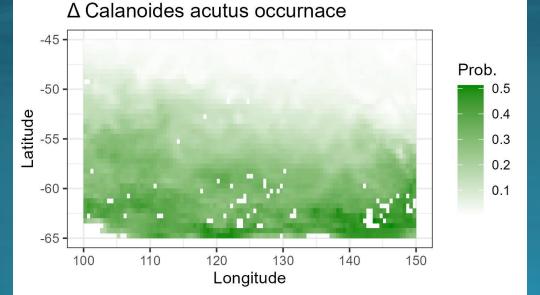






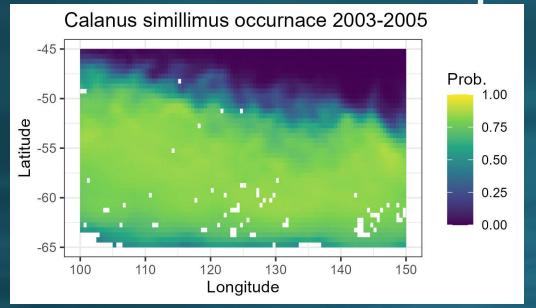
Predictive maps: Calanoides acutus

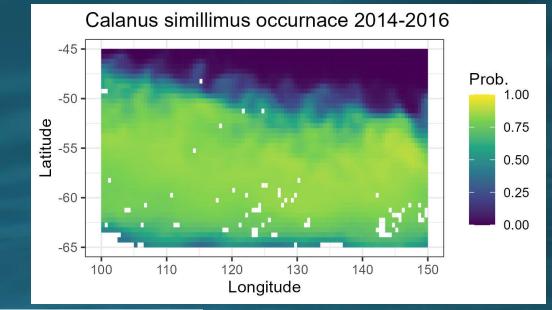


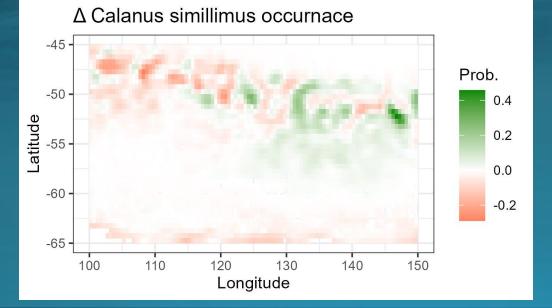




Predictive maps: Calanus simillimus



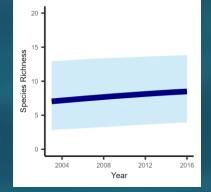




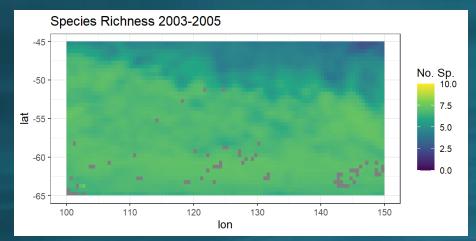


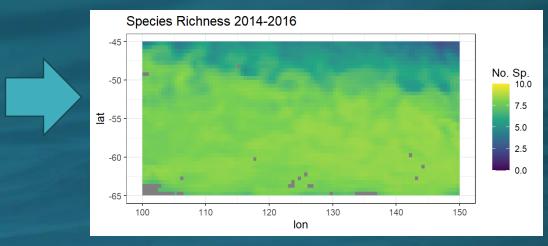


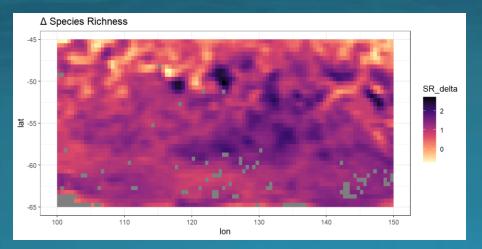
Species richness predictions













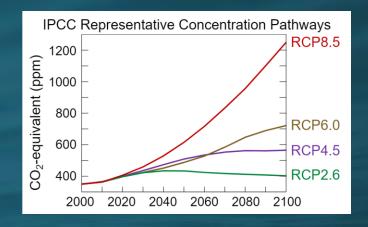
Conclusions

- Zooplankton community of Southern Ocean is changing
- Some winners, some losers
- Evidence that changing SST and ocean currents driving change
- It is complex, **highly patchy**, missing pieces, species biology also important
- Long-term monitoring data is vital
- CCAMLR and resources managers
- Improved ecosystem knowledge
- There are large gaps in the data = areas of uncertainty
- Help influence future voyages to fill knowledge and spatial gaps



What next?

- Identify biodiversity hotspots and coldspots
- Where should we be sampling?
- Incorporate species traits
 - Size, Family
- Future predictions to 2100:
 - RCP4.5 and 8.5
- Interactive data dashboard





Continuous Plankton Recorder (CPR)



Thank you

More information: joel.williams@utas.edu.au

Twitter: @joelfishecology

Long-term CPR data and joint species distribution models reveal changes in zooplankton communities in the Southern Ocean

Joel Williams, Nicole Hill, Kerrie Swadling, Scott Foster, Yash Gimonkar, Kaitlin Naughton,

Skip Woolley, Philippe Ziegler, Craig Johnson











