

2nd International Symposium  
Effects of Climate Change on the  
World's Oceans  
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Theme Session S1 Climate variability  
versus anthropogenic impacts

# Shifts between gelatinous and crustacean plankton in a coastal upwelling region

(S1-7963)

Antonio Bode, M. Teresa Álvarez-Ossorio,  
A. Miranda and Manuel Ruiz-Villarreal



Spanish Institute of Oceanography  
(IEO)



Funded by:

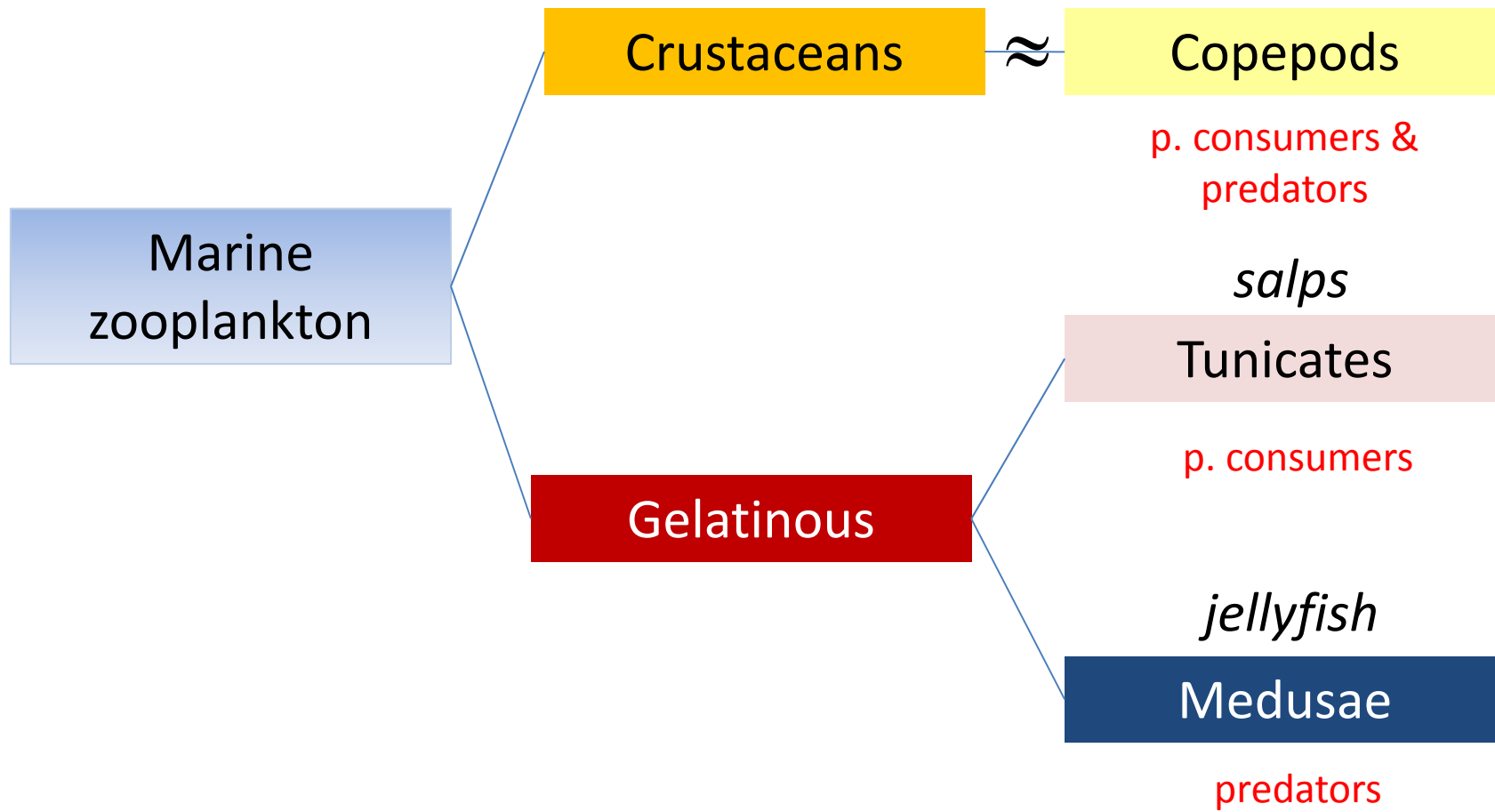


<http://www.seriestemporales-ieo.com/en/index.htm>



<http://www.euro-basin.eu/>

# Zooplankton types:



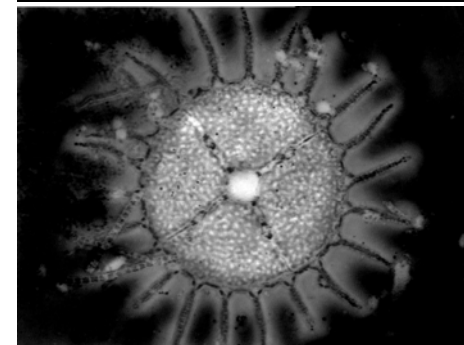
# Examples:



copepods



tunicates

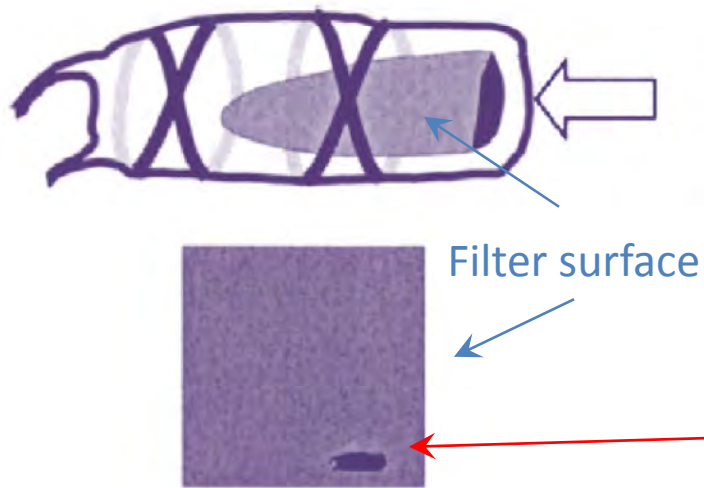


medusae

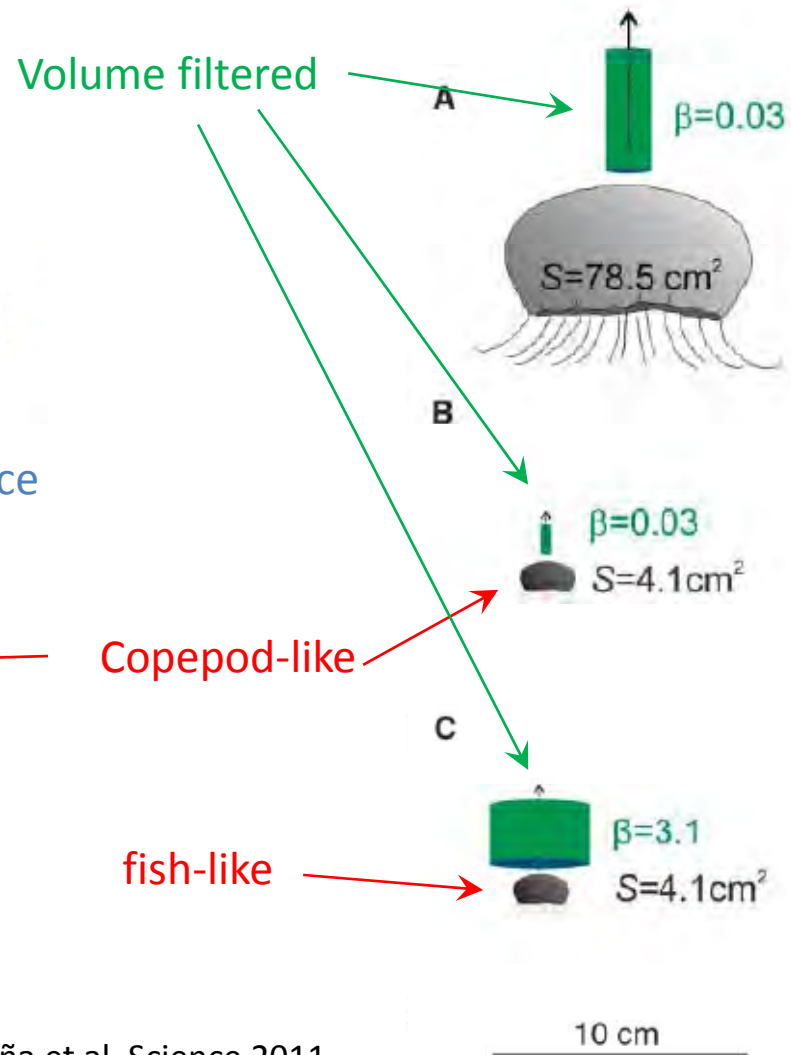
# Gelatinous are efficient feeders

## medusae

## tunicates



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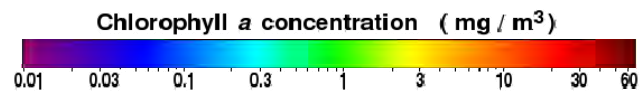
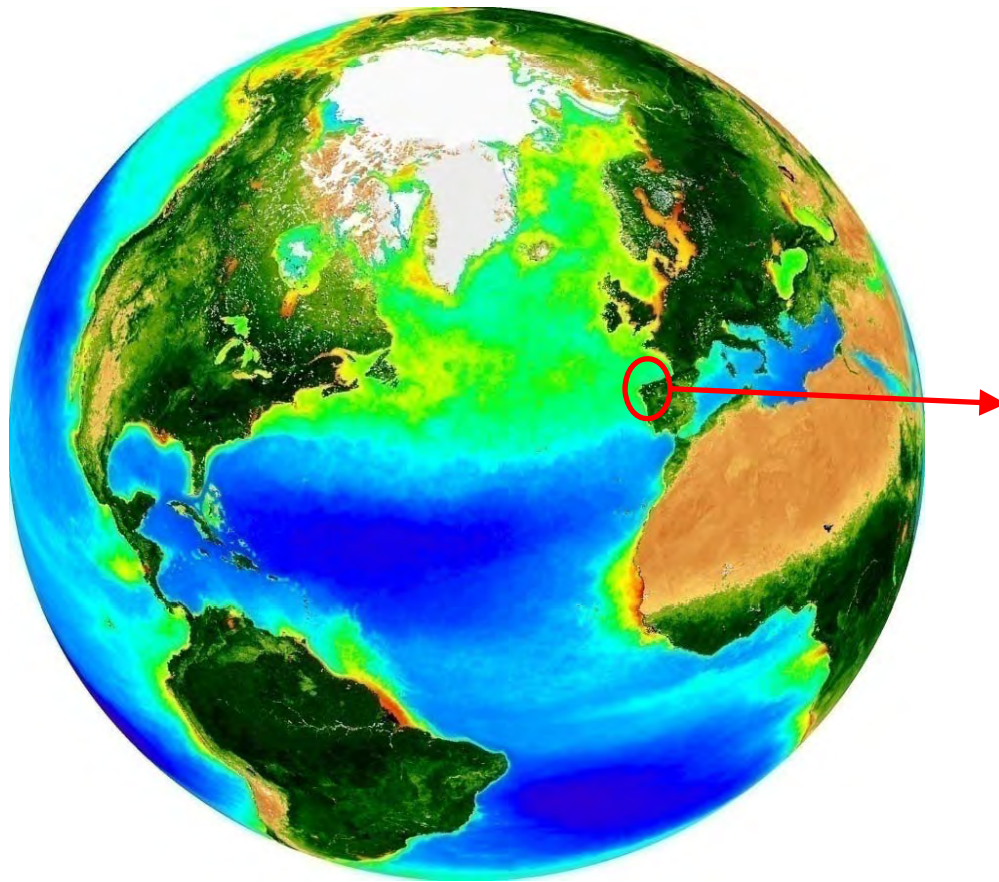


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Objective:

To analyse the variability in the dominance of copepods versus gelatinous plankton in a coastal upwelling ecosystem

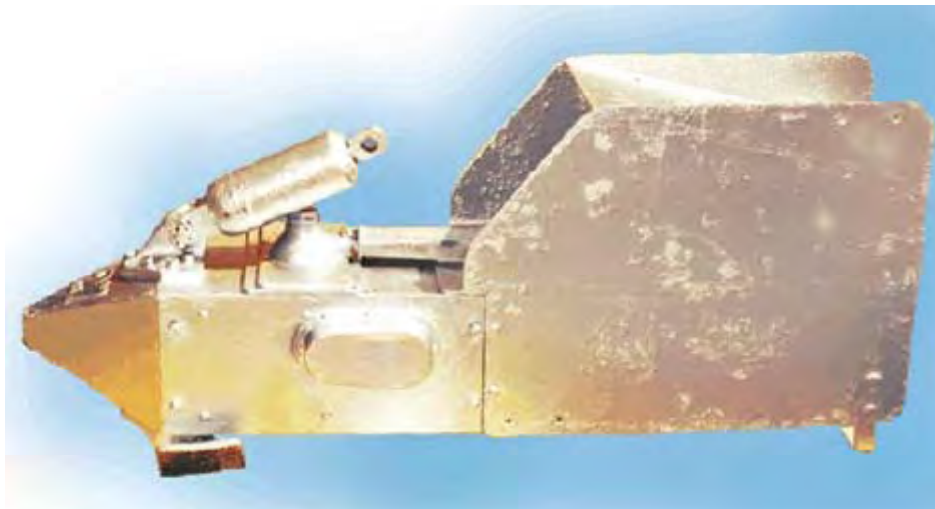
# Study area & series: Galicia, NW Spain





# Oceanic series: F4-CPR

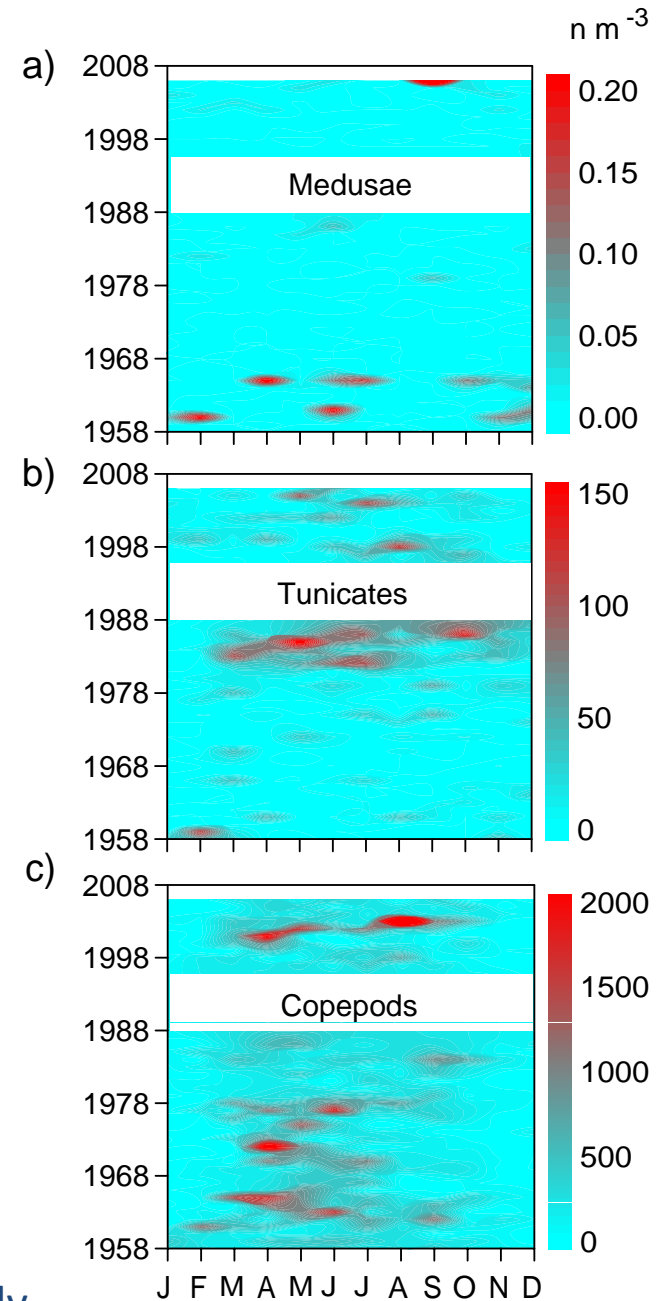
surface only



© Richardson et al. Prog. Oceanogr. 2006

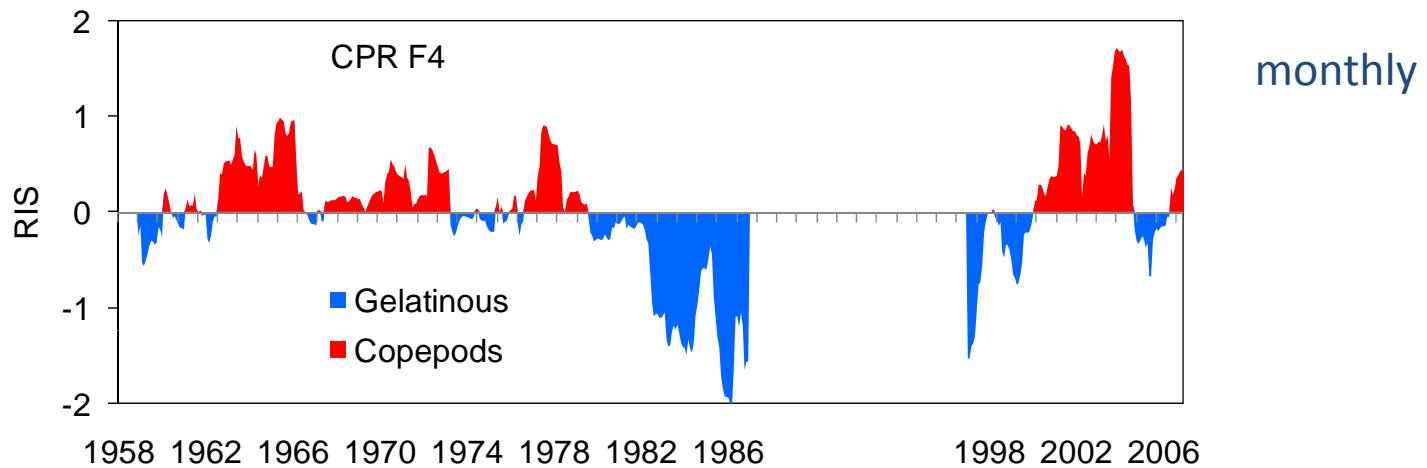
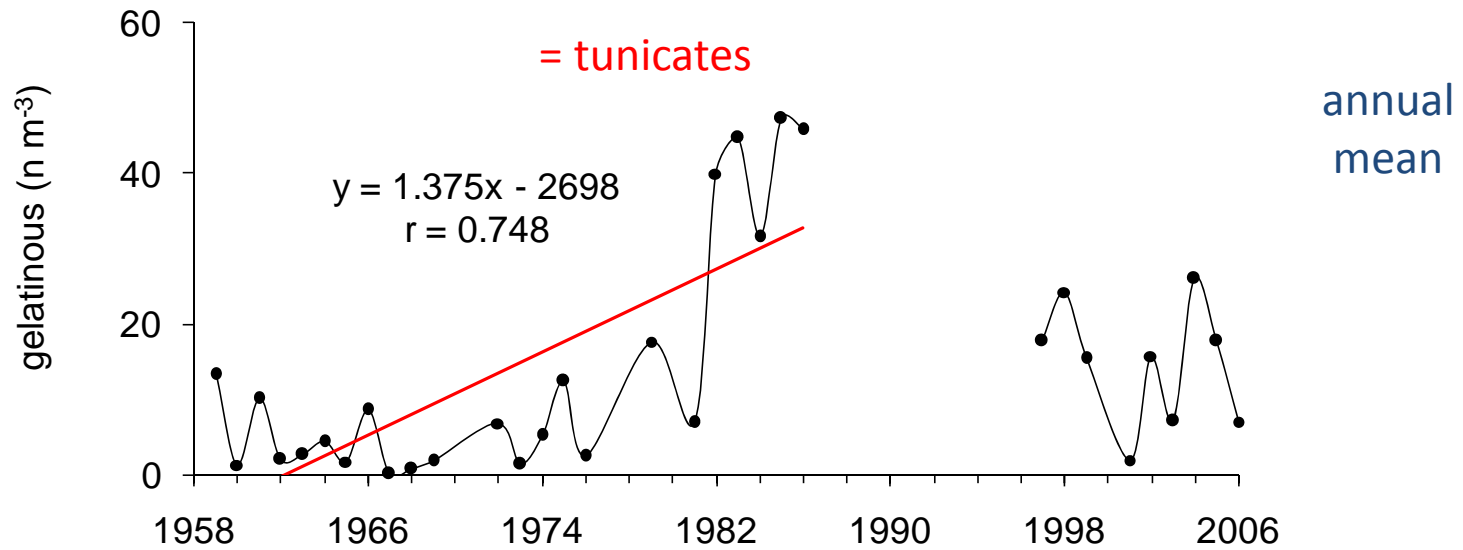
1958-2007

monthly



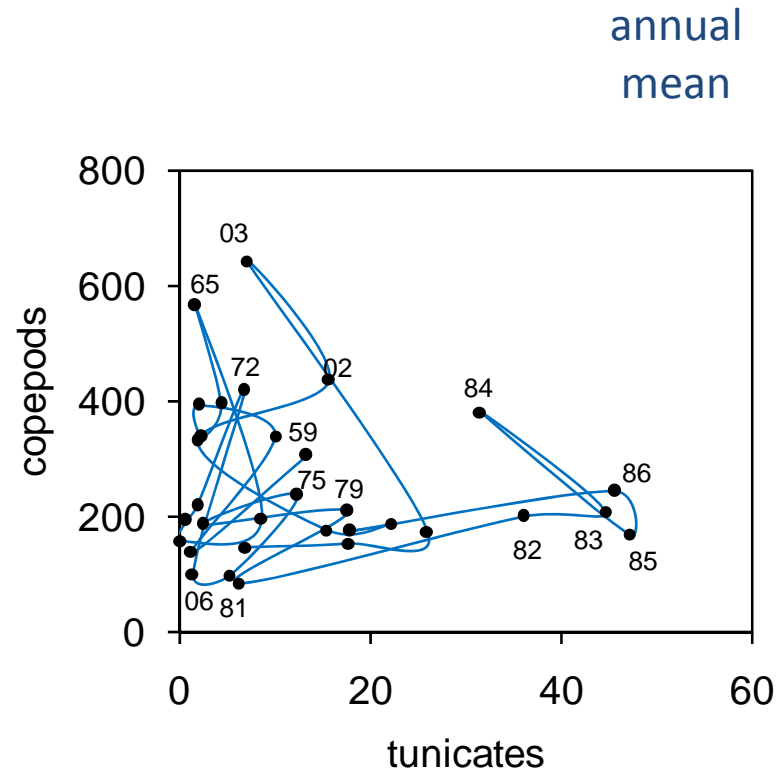
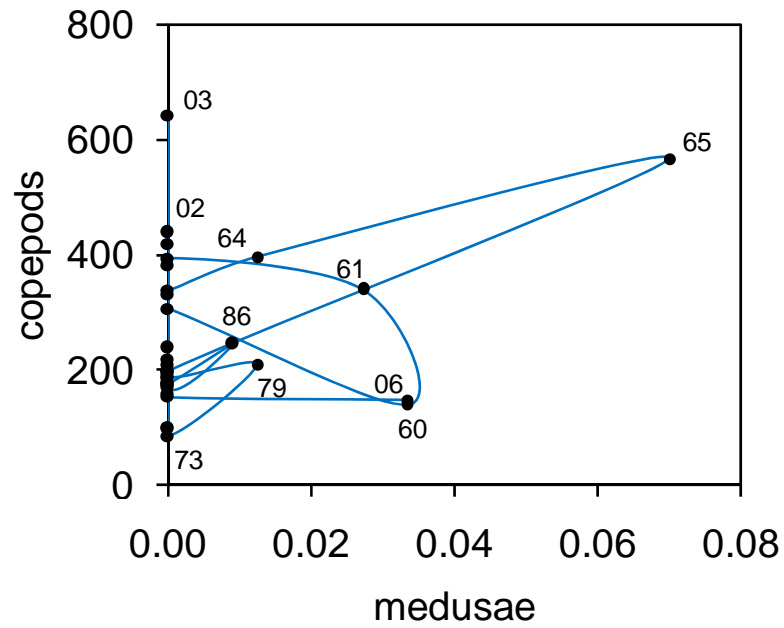


# Oceanic series



**RIS = Copepod – Gelatinous (detrended, normalised, 12 months running mean)**

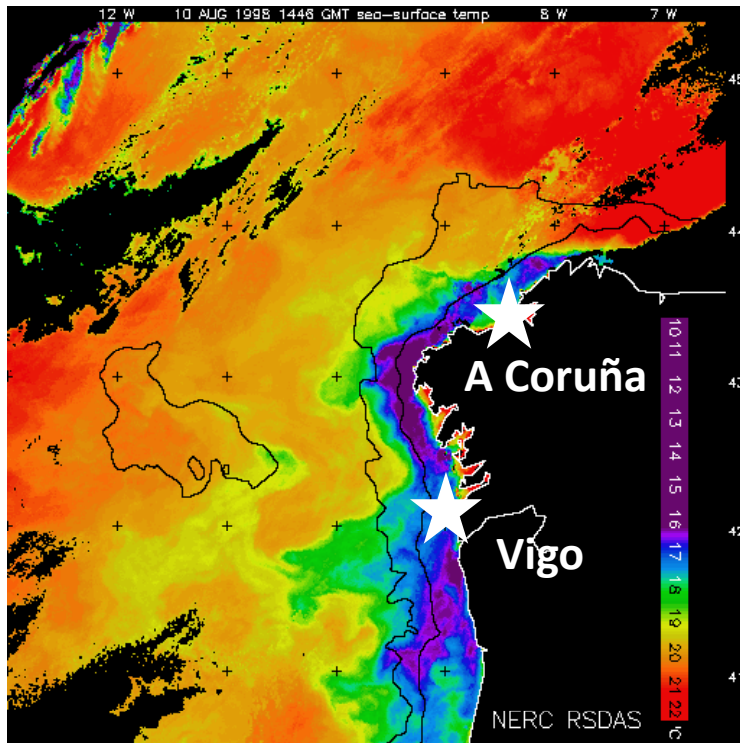
# Oceanic series



all groups uncorrelated

# Coastal series

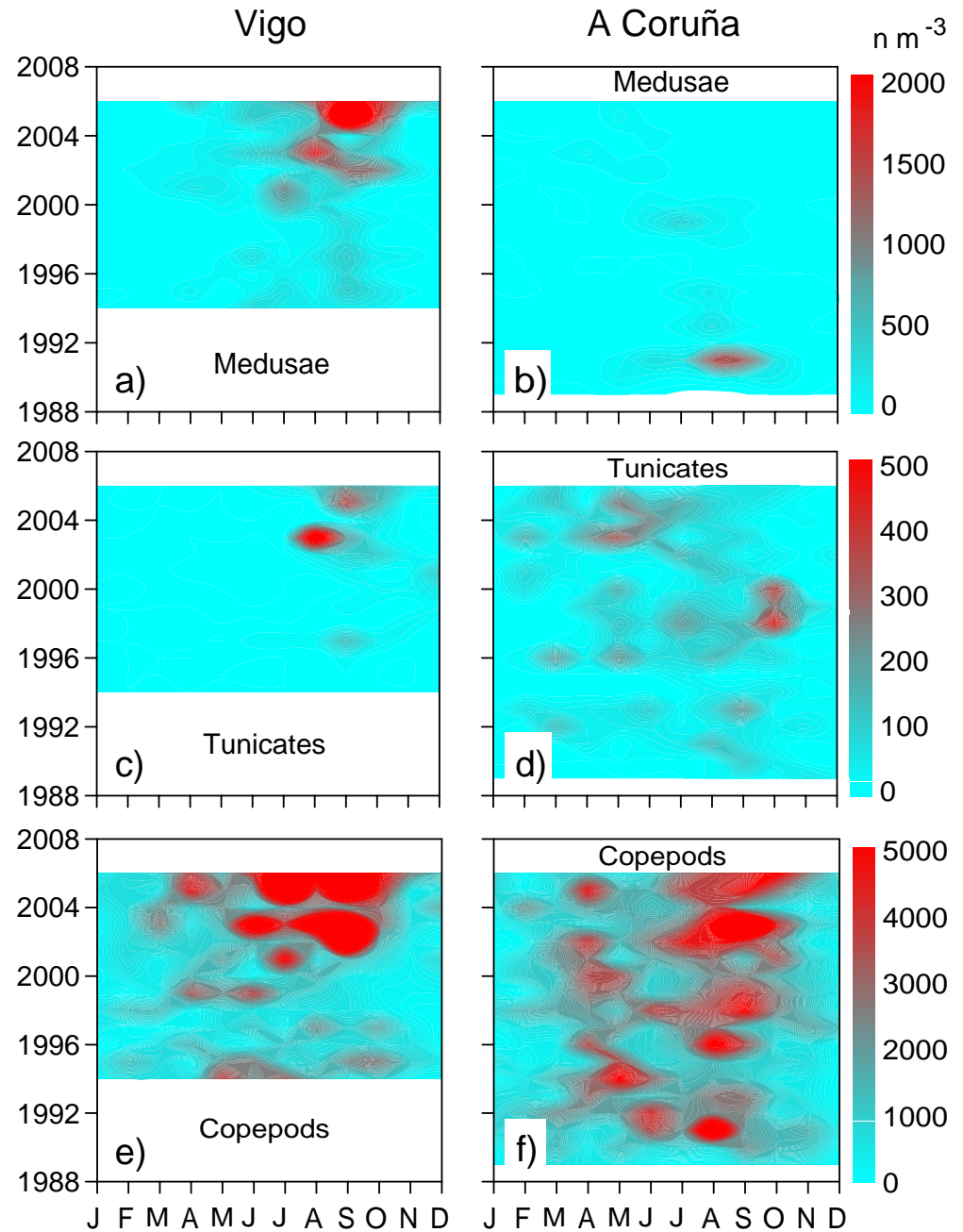
water column



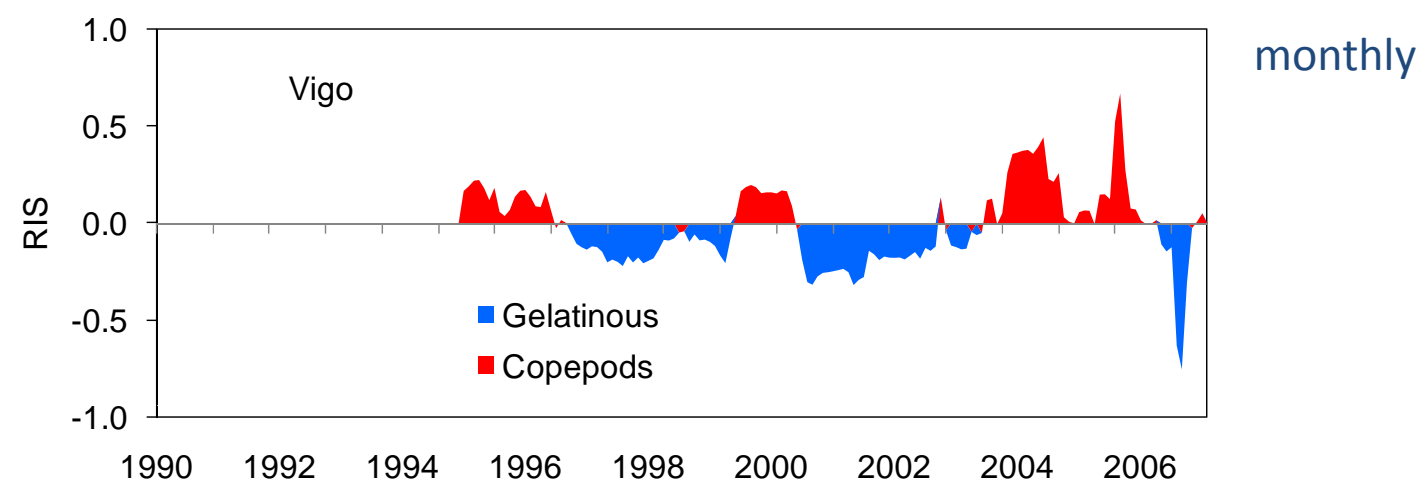
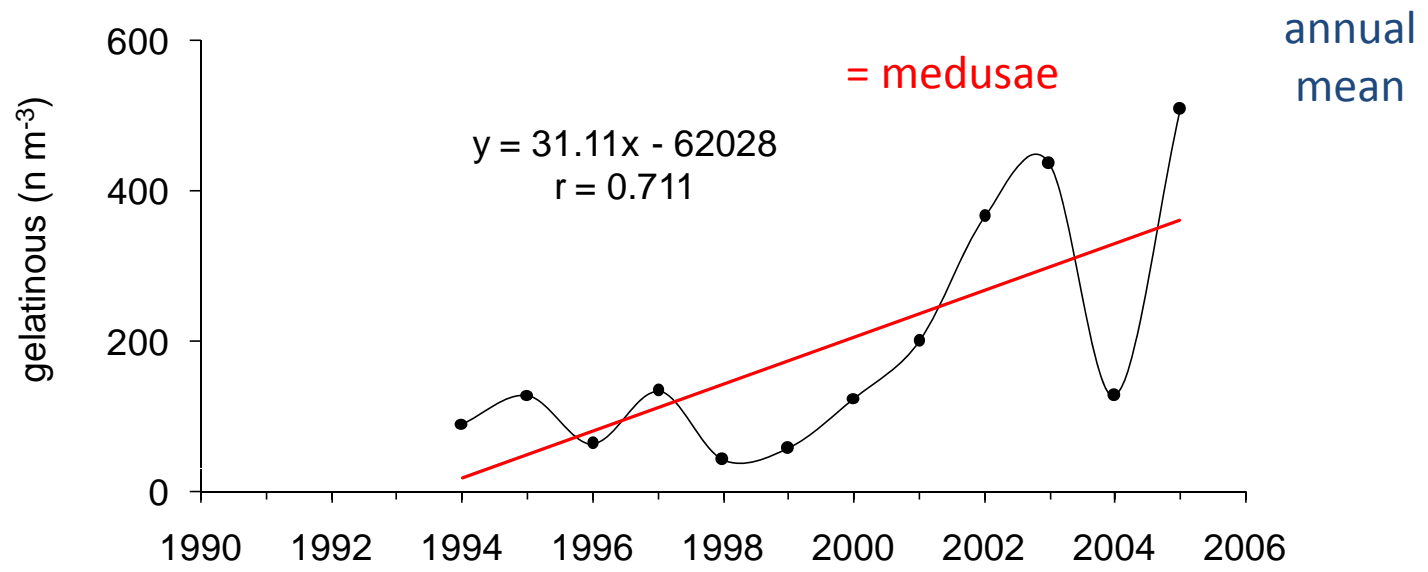
© NERC. RSDAS. 1998

1990-2007

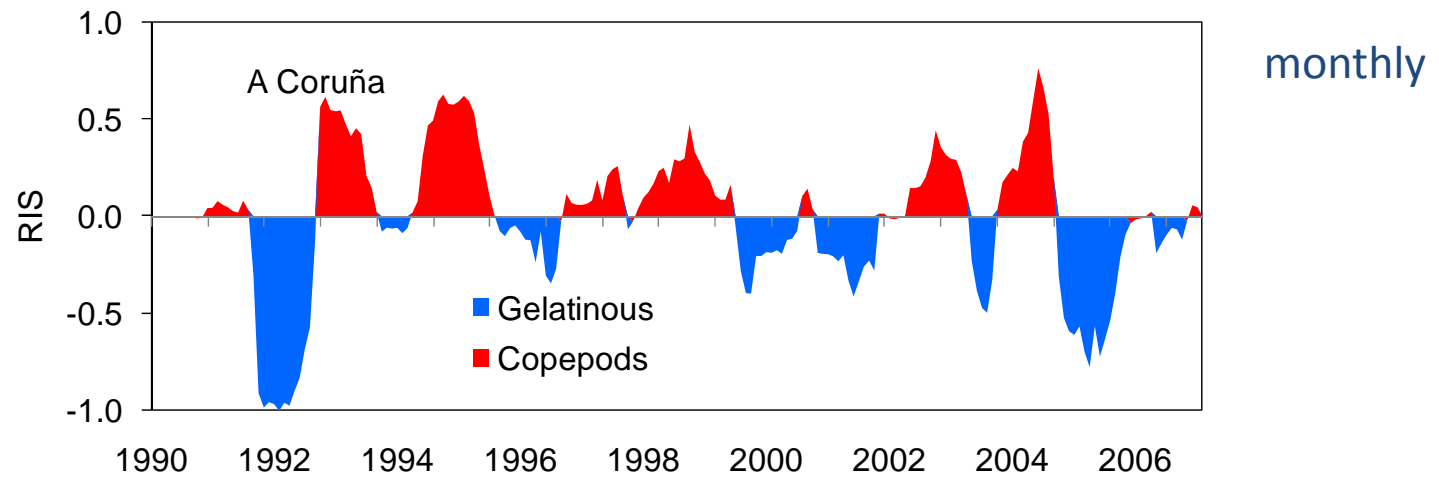
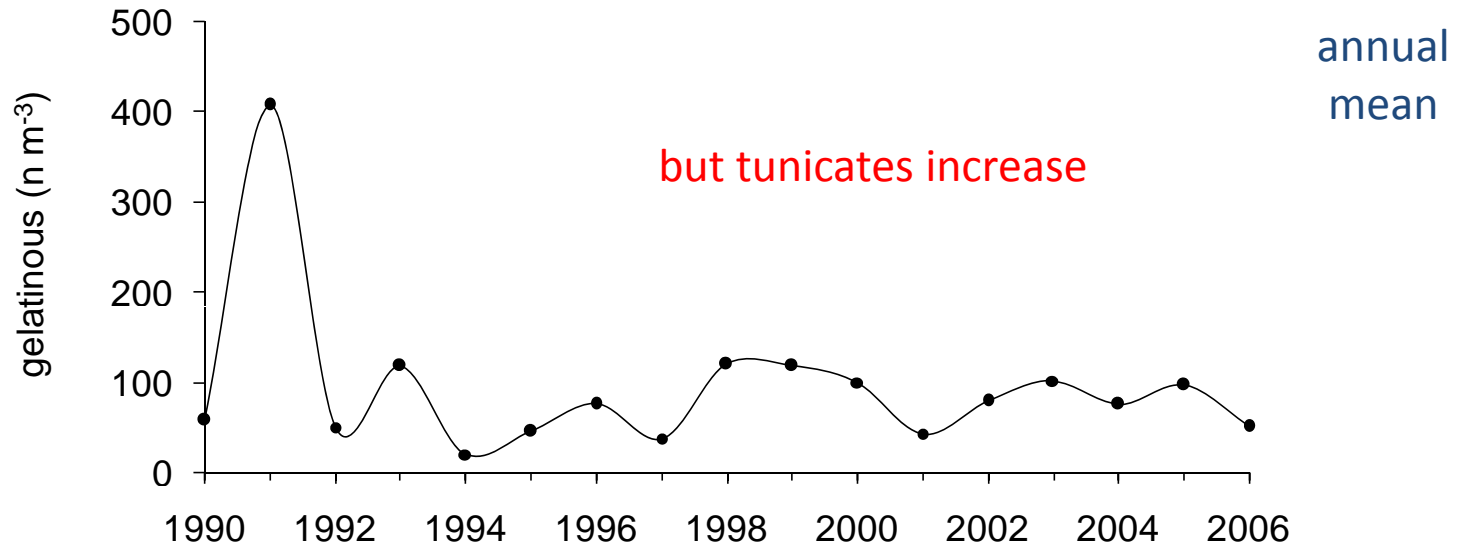
monthly



# Coastal series: Vigo

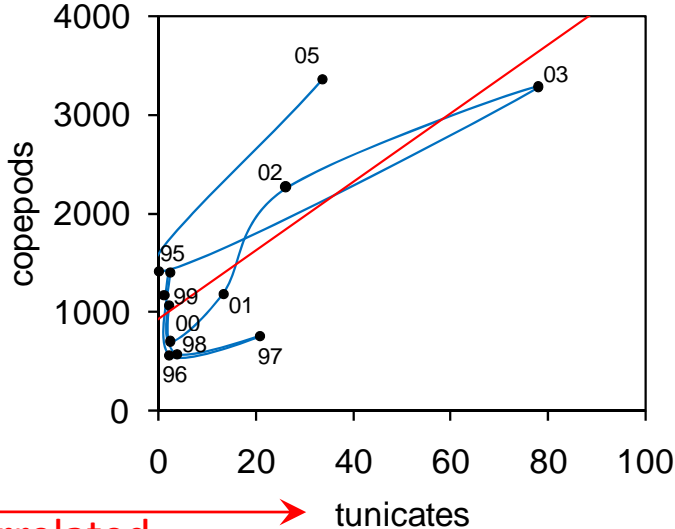
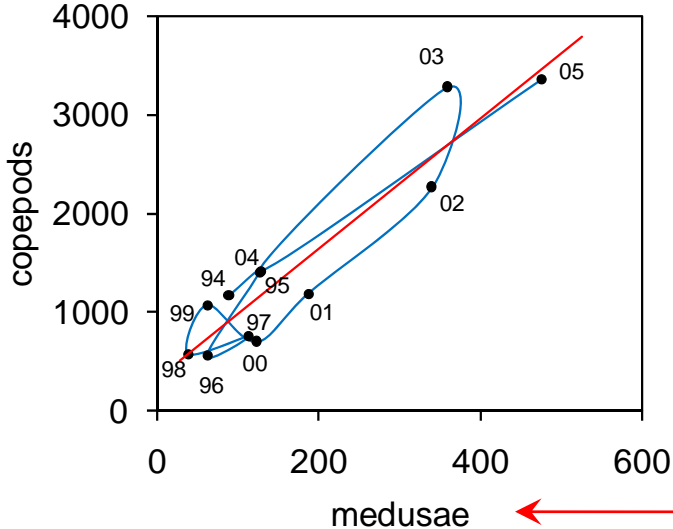


# Coastal series: A Coruña

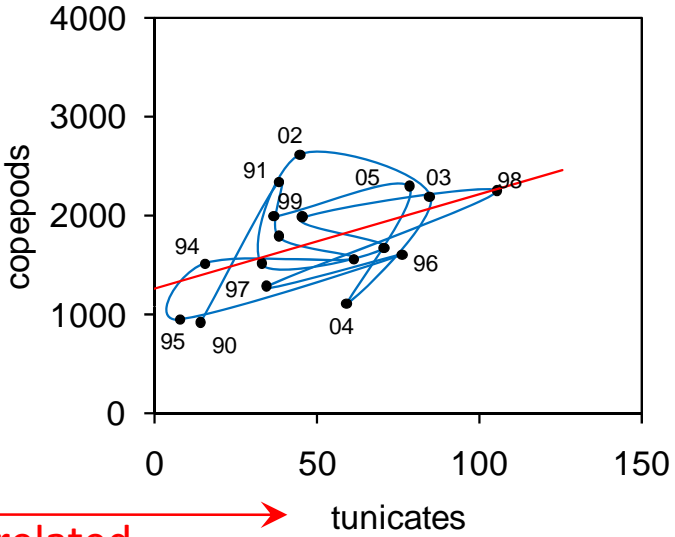
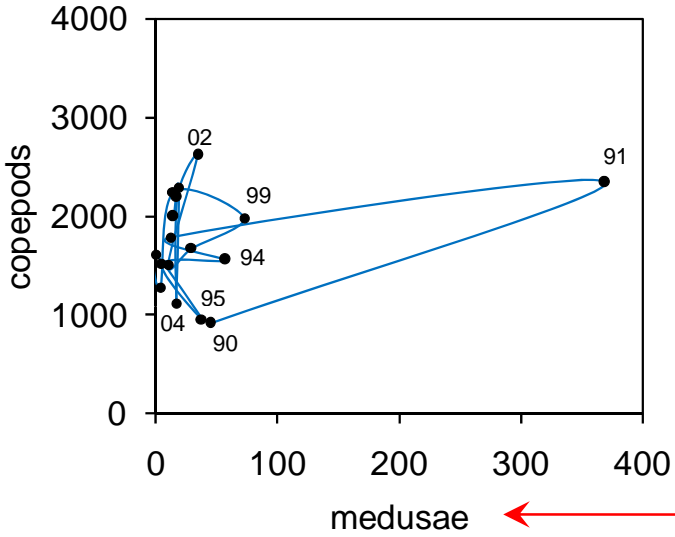


# Coastal series:

annual  
mean



← correlated →



← correlated →

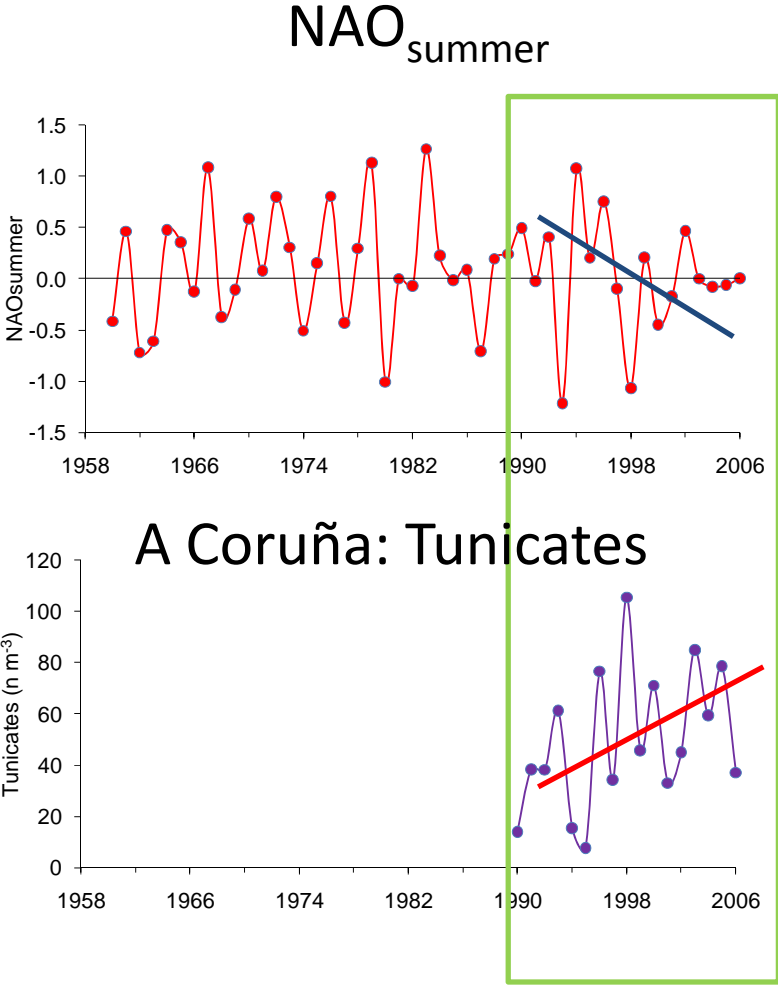
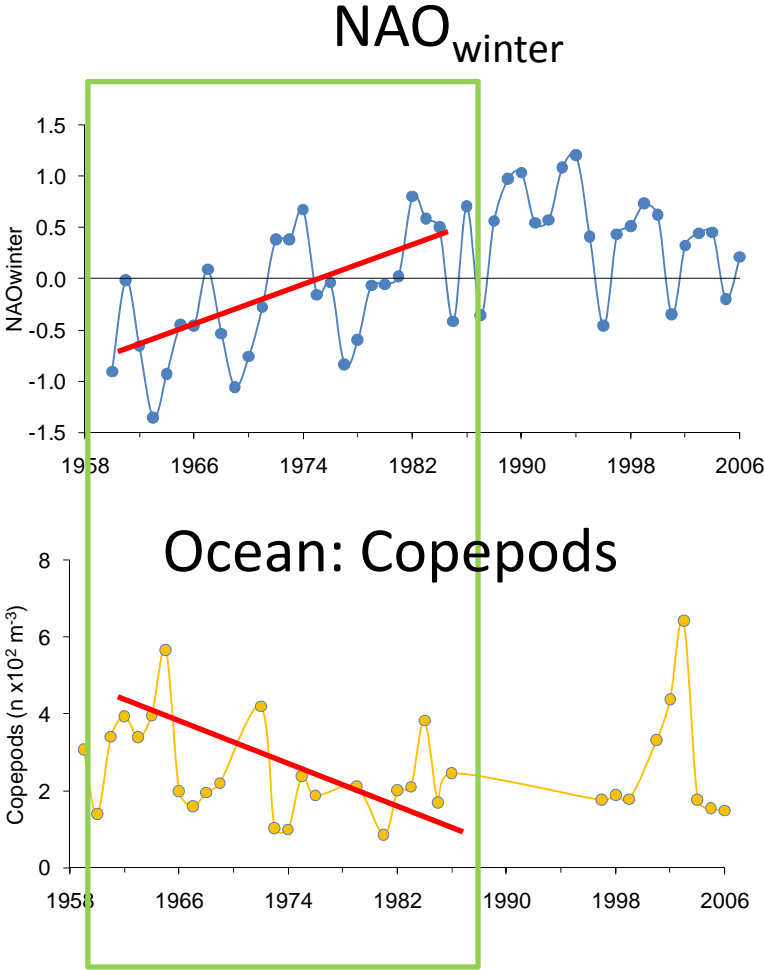
Vigo

A Coruña



# Relationships with climate:

annual series



negative correlation (lag = 1)

negative correlation (lag = 0)

## Conclusions:

- Evidence of **multiannual periods** of relative dominance of gelatinous plankton
- **No regional trend:** local (and temporal) differences in the relative dominance of gelatinous groups
- **Increase in tunicates** may be related with climatic conditions reducing upwelling
- **Increase in medusae:** unexplained by climate (fisheries?)
- **Trophic implications:** lower transfer of energy to fish