

Are the observed pattern changes of ocean heat, salinity, oxygen man made?

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CAWCR¹, ACECRC², IMAS³, CSIRO⁴

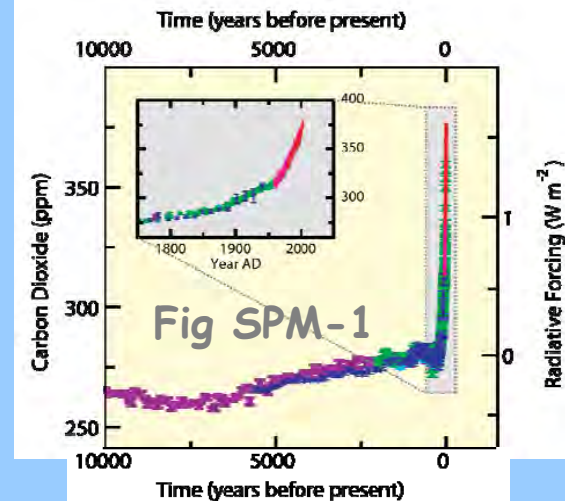
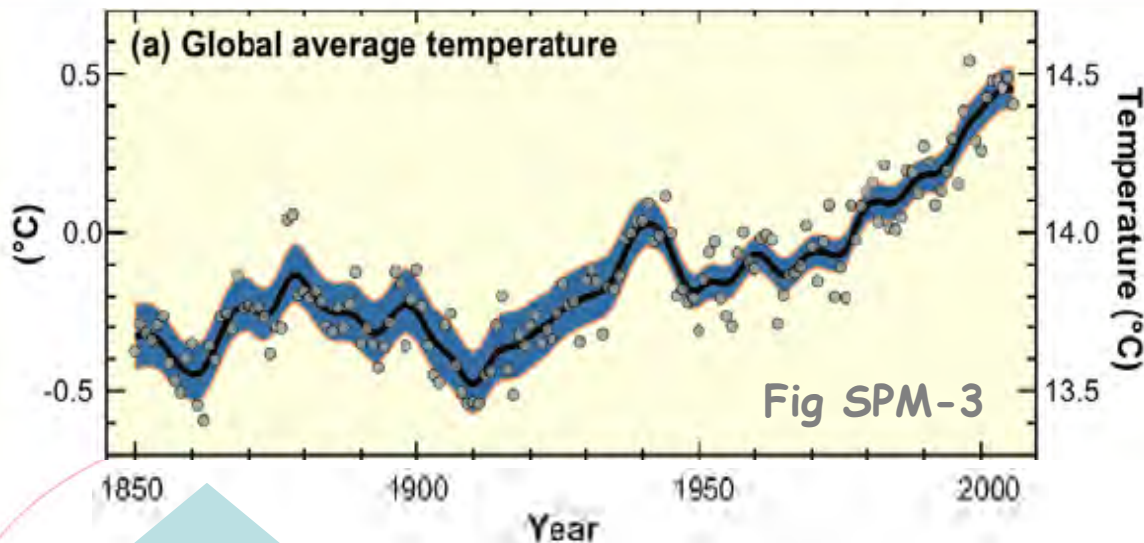
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Outline

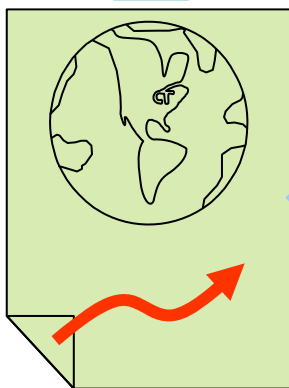
- Introduction
- Background (detection and attribution)
- The patterns of change (indices)
- Attribution to GHG emissions
- Conclusions about ocean and application to marine ecosystems

Attribution Process



- other GHGs
- aerosols
- volcanic
- solar
- natural internal

?



Model

$$\frac{du}{dt} = \frac{\tan \phi}{R} u v - \frac{u w}{R} + f v - \hat{f} w - \frac{1}{\rho R \cos \phi} \frac{\partial p}{\partial \lambda} + F_\lambda$$

$$\frac{dv}{dt} = -\frac{\tan \phi}{R} u^2 - \frac{v w}{R} - f u - \frac{1}{\rho R} \frac{\partial p}{\partial \phi} + F_\phi$$

$$\frac{dw}{dt} = \frac{u^2}{R} + \frac{v^2}{R} + \hat{f} u - \frac{1}{\rho} \frac{\partial p}{\partial z} - g + F_z$$

$$\frac{dp}{dt} = -\rho \text{div} \hat{\tau}; \quad \hat{\tau} = \hat{\Omega} \times \hat{r}$$

$$c \frac{dT}{dt} = Q + \alpha \frac{dp}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dq}{dt} = \lambda(q) + D$$

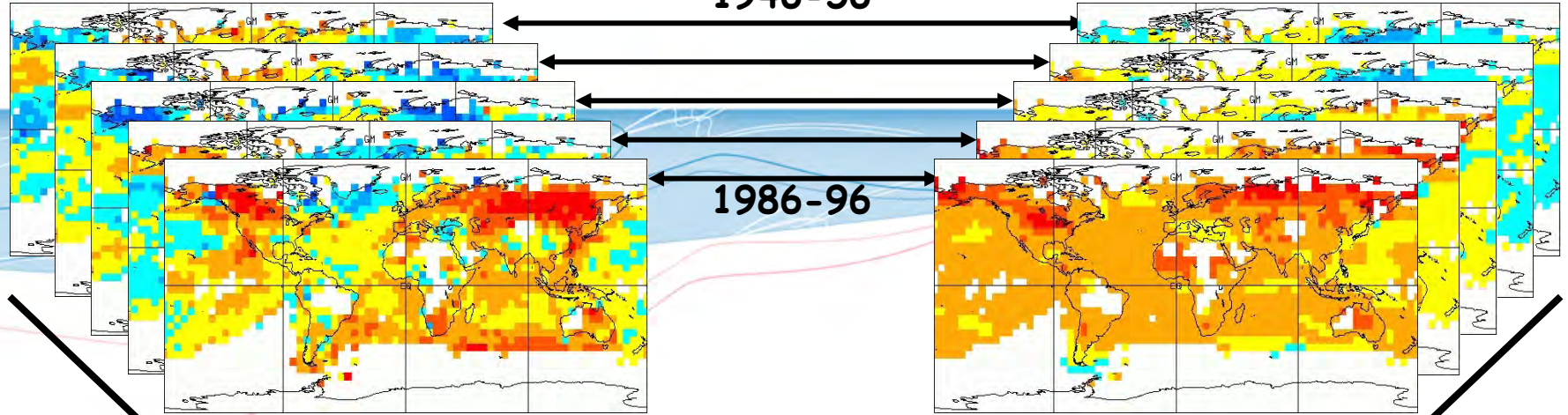
$$p = \rho R_s T (1 - 0.61 q)$$

Observations

1946-56

Model

1986-96



Filtering and projection onto reduced dimension space

Y

X

$$Y = \beta X + \epsilon$$

Total least squares regression in reduced dimension space

Evaluate amplitude estimates

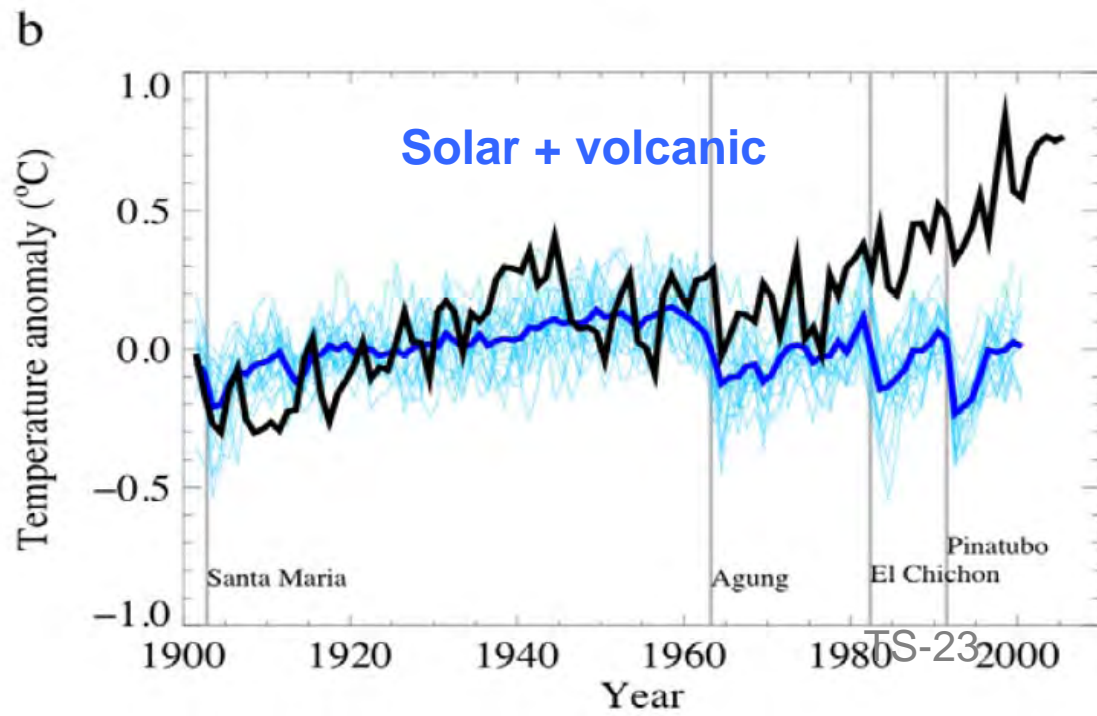
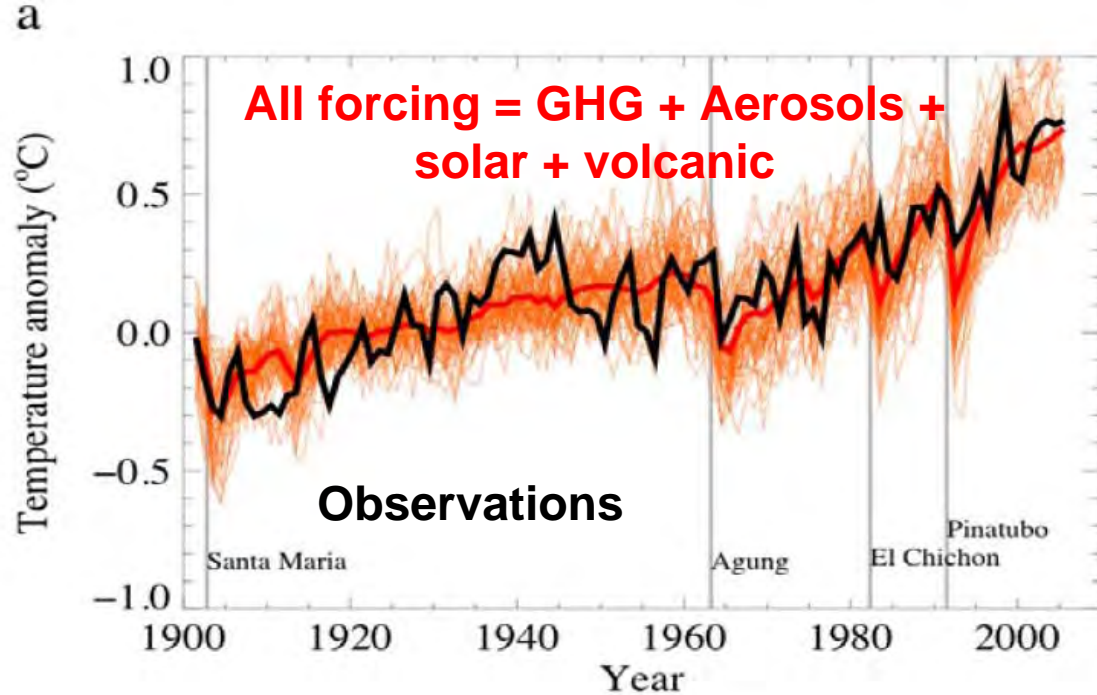
$\hat{\beta}$

Evaluate goodness of fit, internal variability

$\hat{\epsilon}$

Attribution to man

- Anthropogenic greenhouse gas increases *very likely* caused most of the observed warming since mid-20th century
- *extremely unlikely* due to natural variation



Attribution results – SST

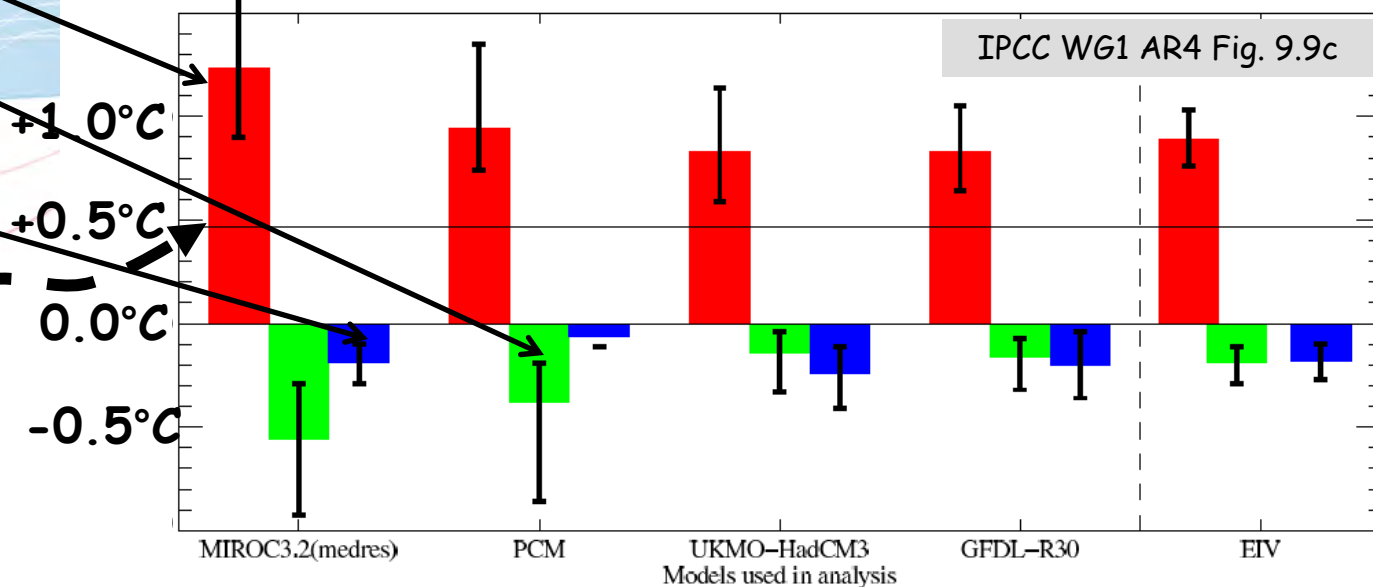
GHG

Aerosols

Natural

Observed

Contribution to 1950-1999 temperature trends



TAR - "most of the observed warming over the last 50 years is **likely** to have been due to the increase in greenhouse gas concentrations"

- **likely** replaced with **very likely**
- **GHGs likely** would have caused more than observed

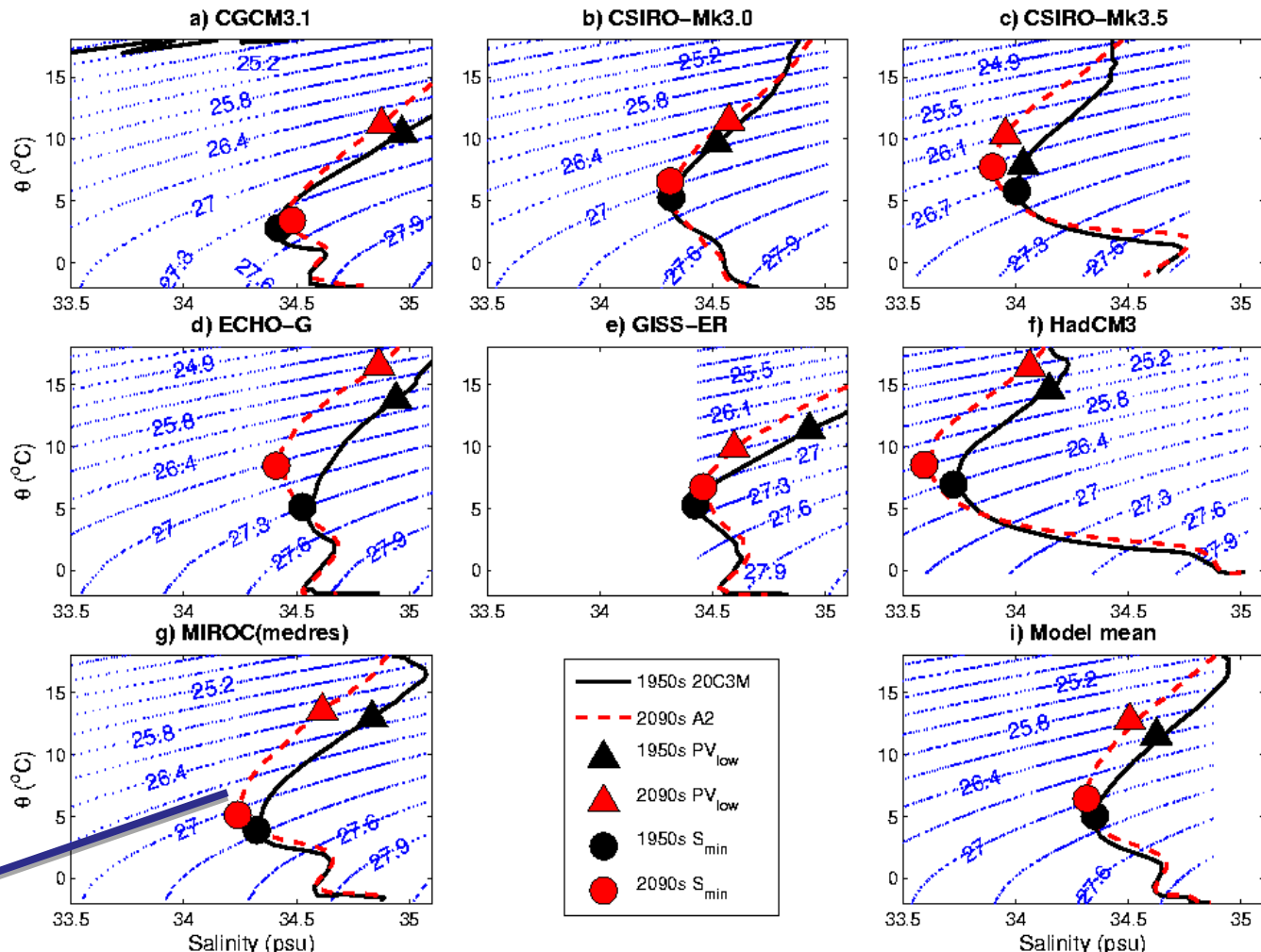
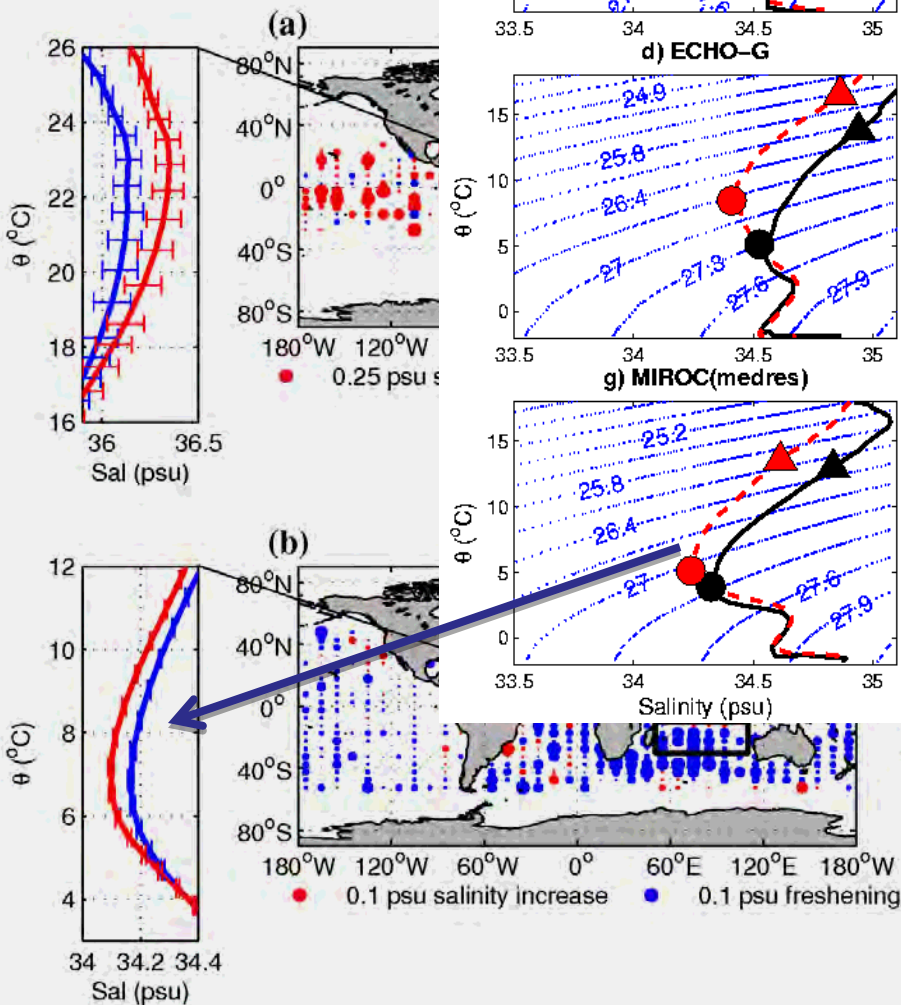


The Changing Oceans



Water Mass change

Shallow salinit



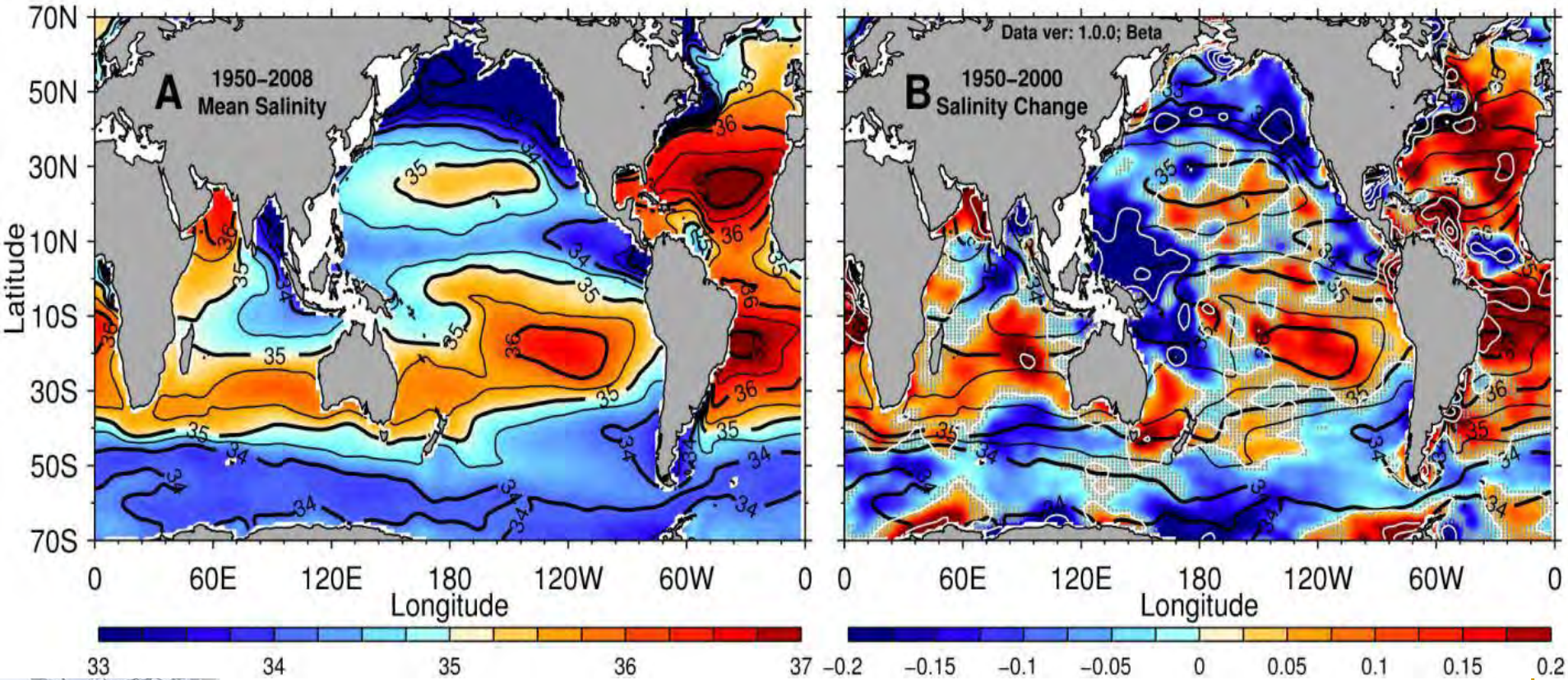
Helm et al 2010

Downes et al, 2011

Surface salinity changes

Mean Salinity

Change salinity, 50 years

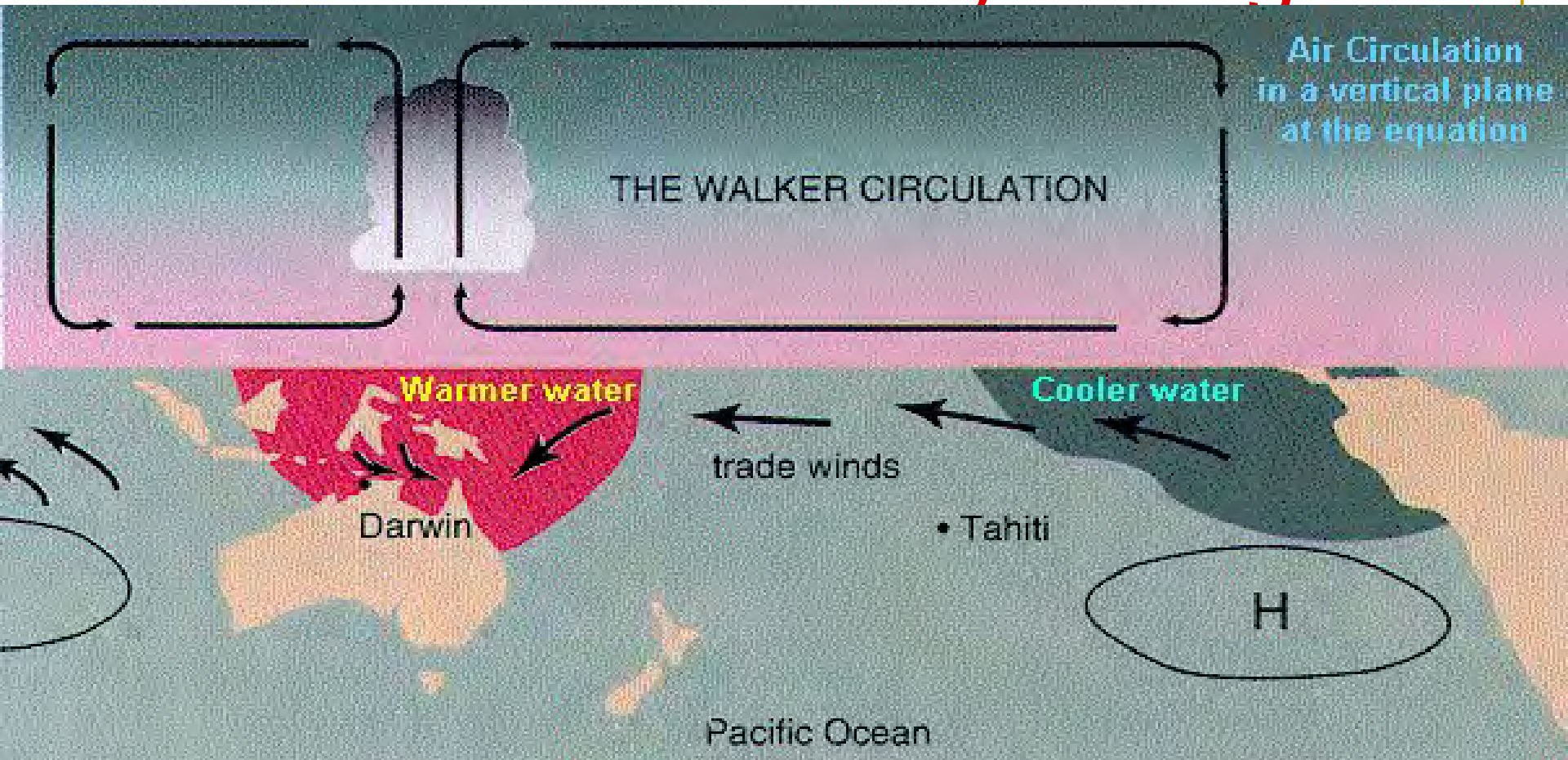


The salty region are saltier
The Fresher regional are fresher

Durack et al. 2010
Durack et al. 2012

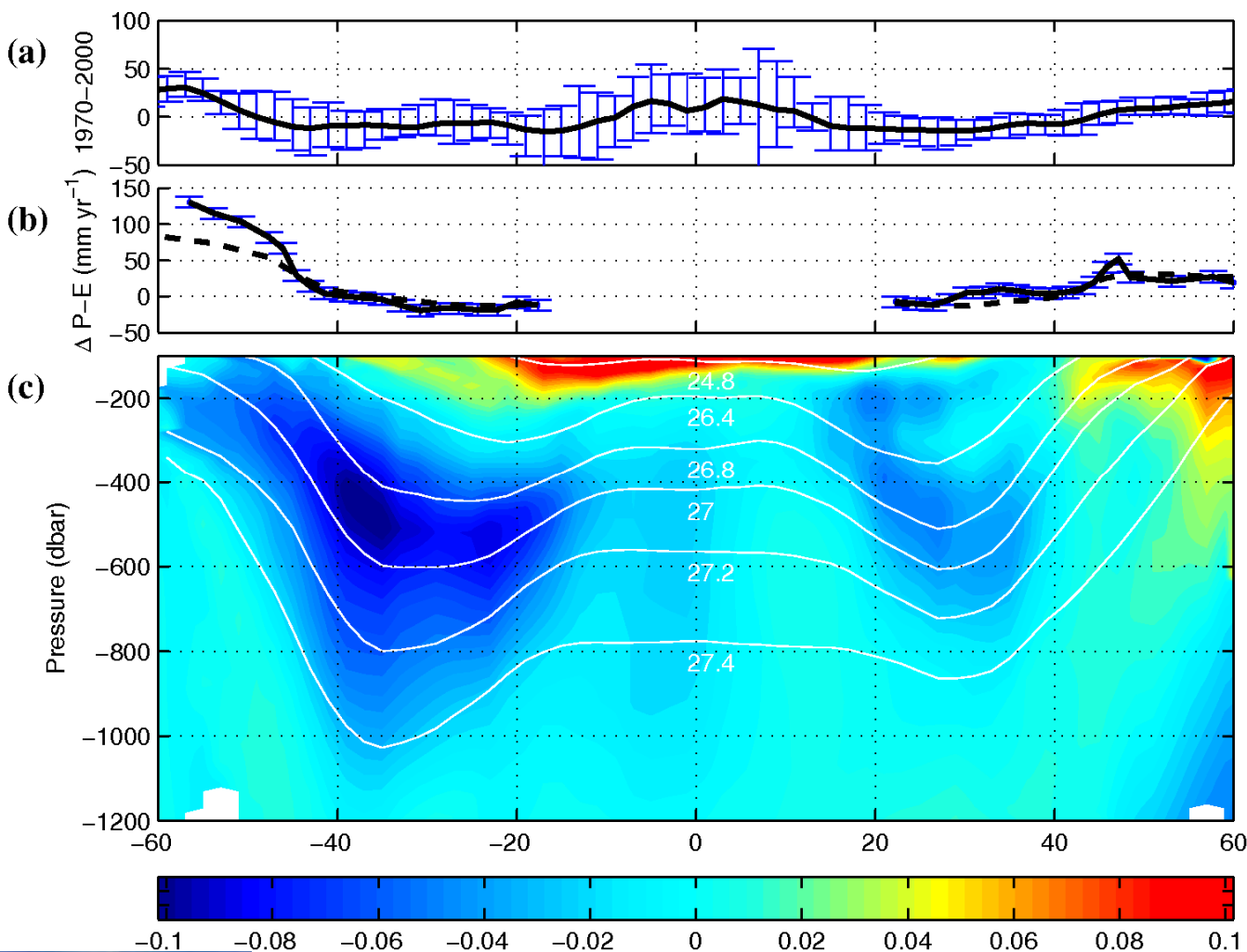


Surface salinity changes



The changed salinity in the equatorial region implies strengthened "walker" circulation

Comparison with models

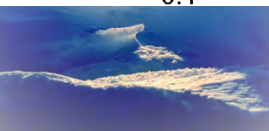


10 IPCC models
1970-2000

Estimated P-E

+16±6% in S.
Ocean
+ 7±4% in N.H
- 3±2% in S.T.
gyres

Helm et al 2010

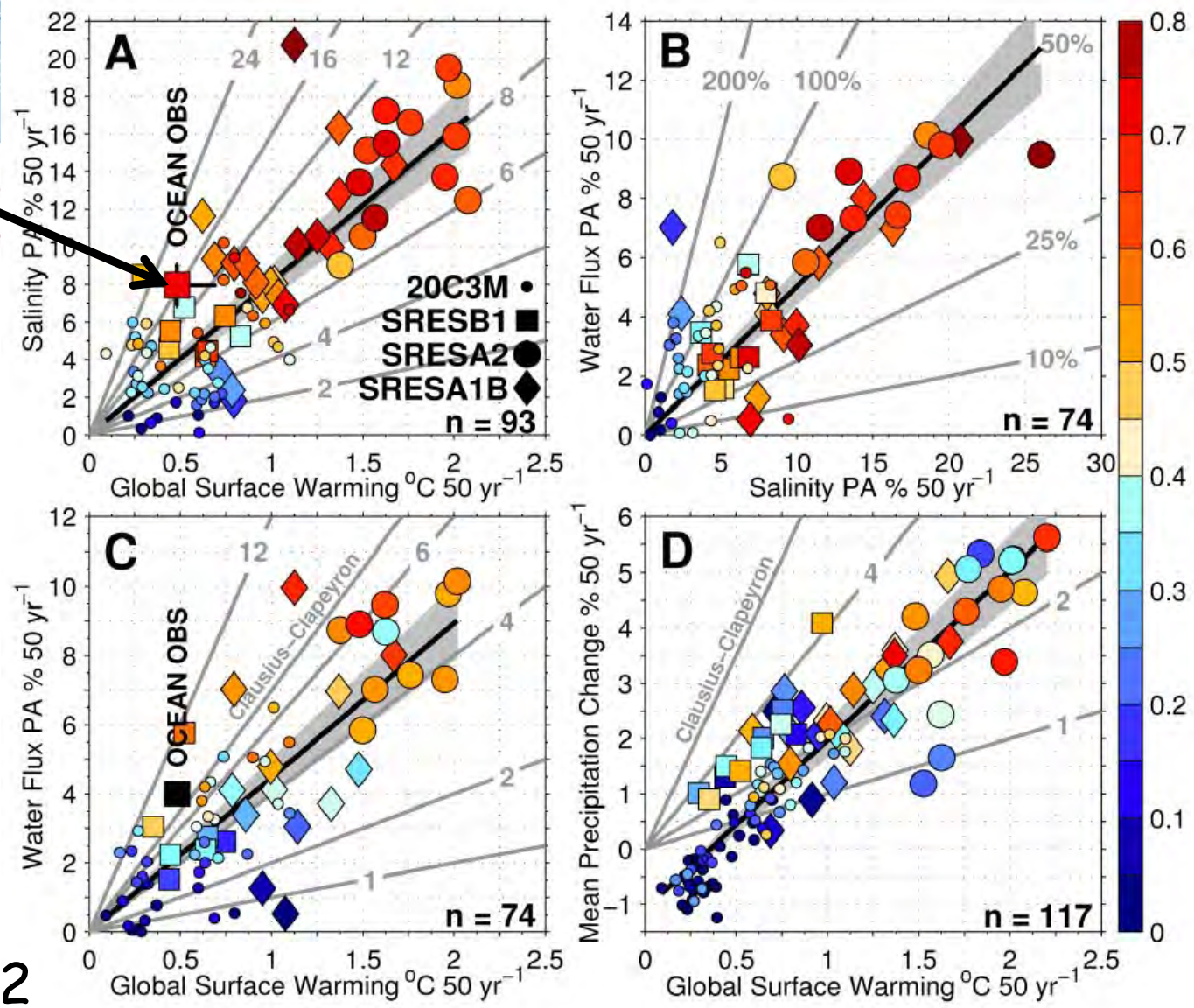


Surface salinity changes



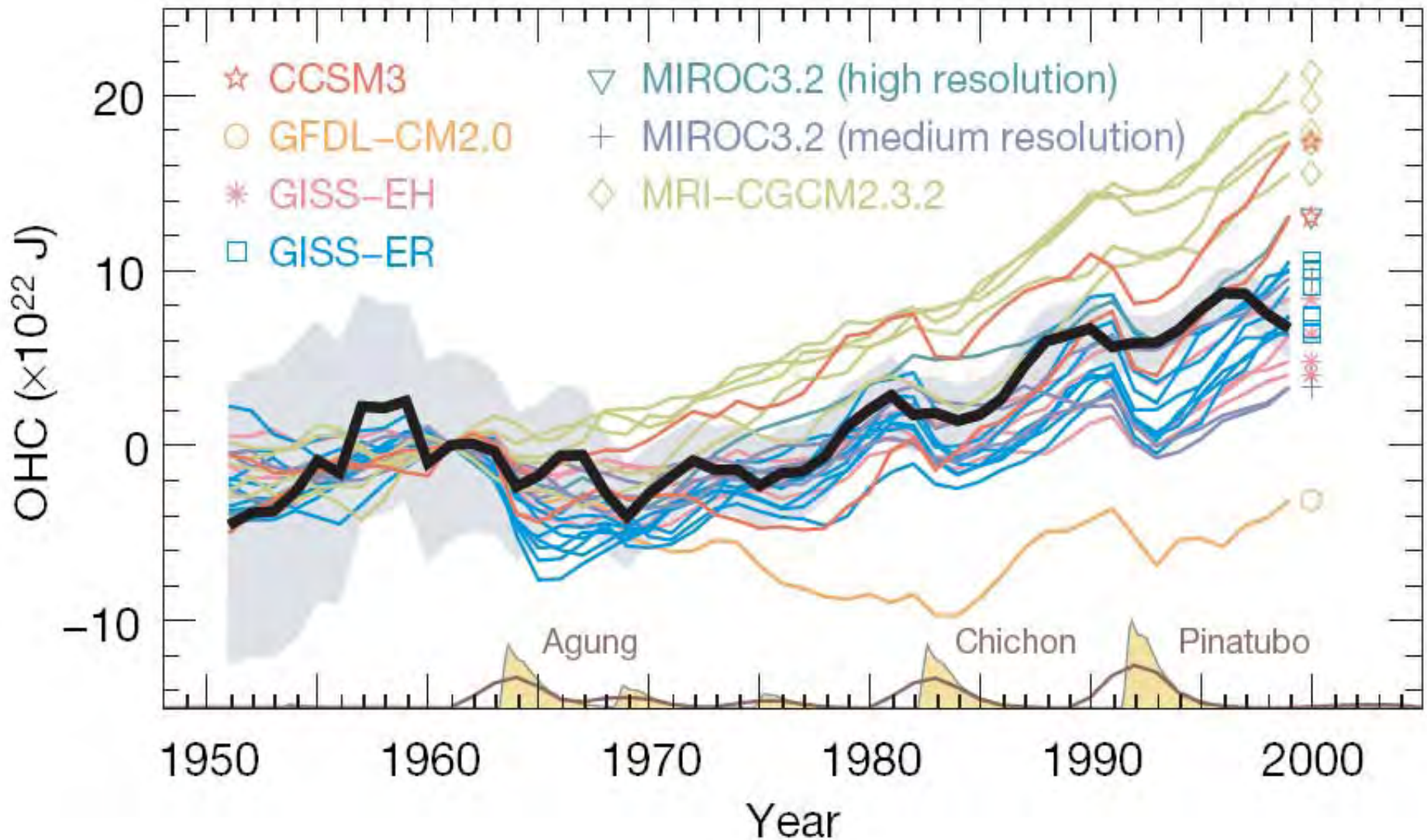
Observed Amplification

Observations show a stronger amplification than models

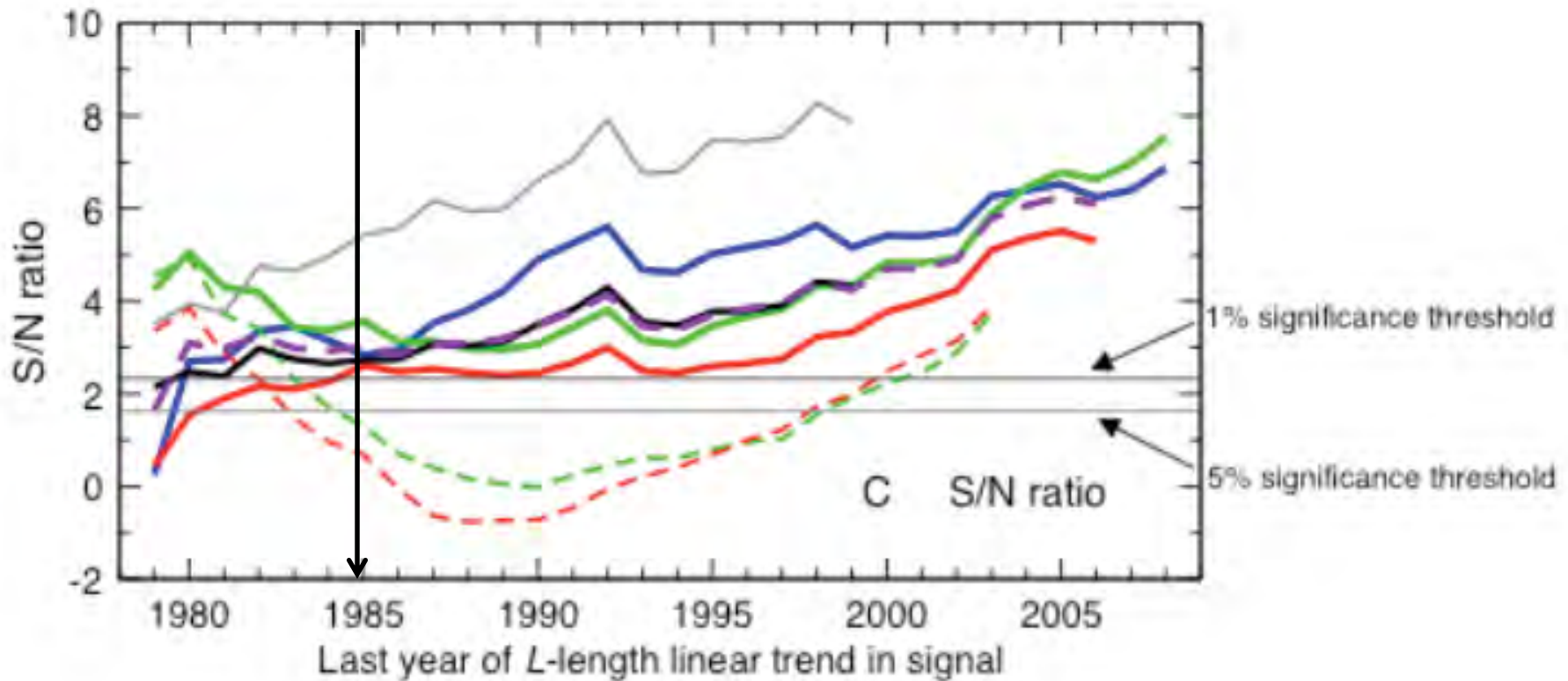




Ocean temperatures and human influence



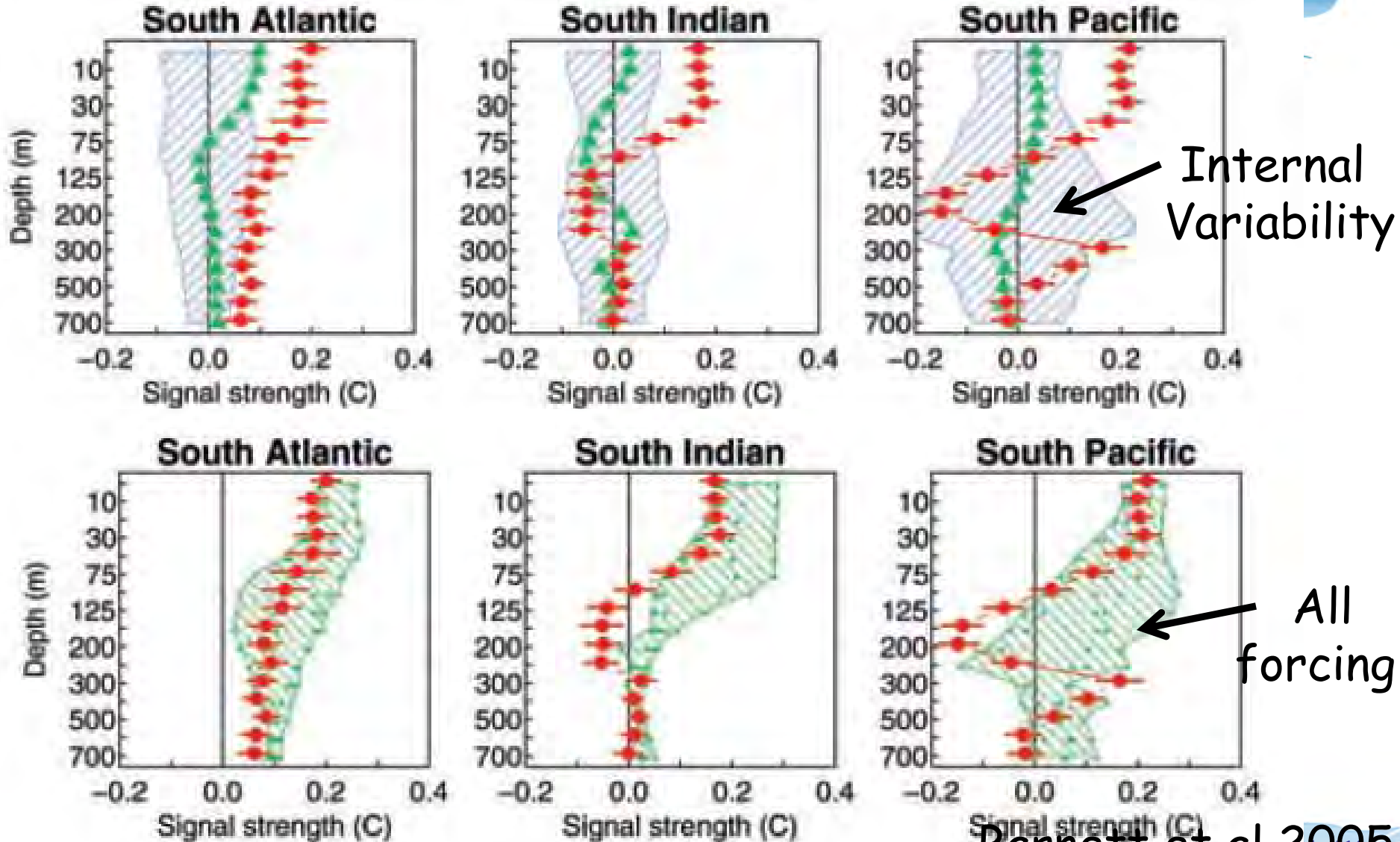
Time of emergence of human influence



Significant improvements in knowledge of **data errors**

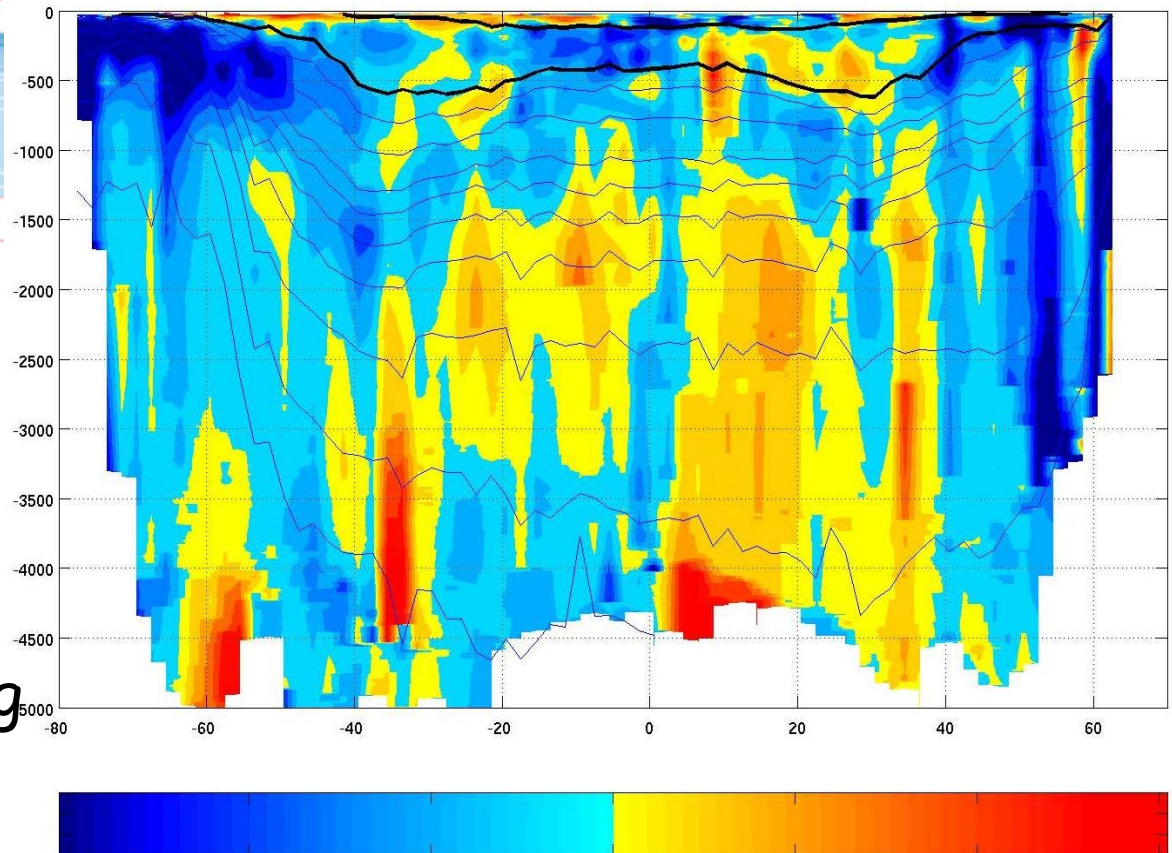
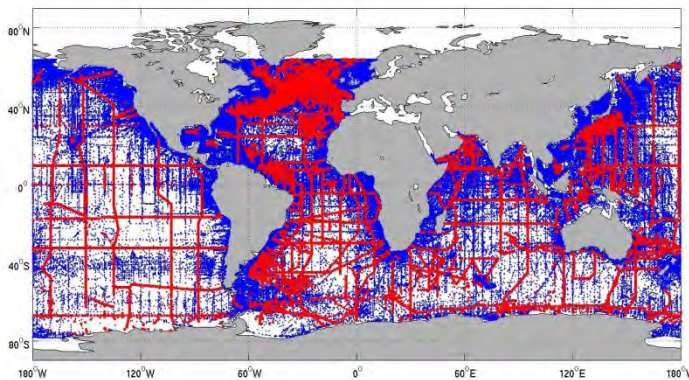
Hindsight view, says fingerprint of change **virtually certain** of detection in 1985

Ocean temperatures and human influence





Ocean renewal - global oxygen decreases



- Decreased ventilation
- Weaker over-turning

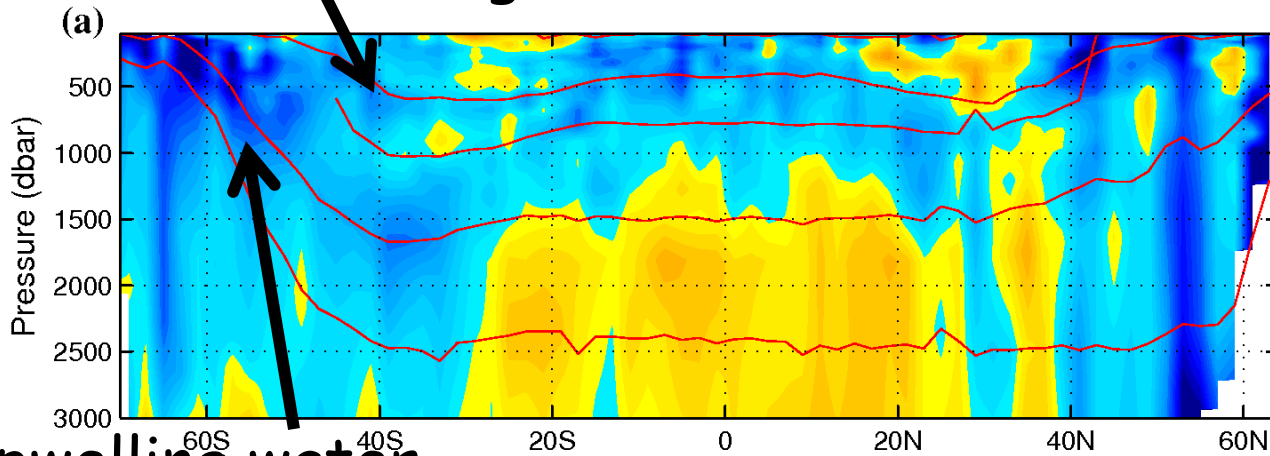
Table 5.1. Fraction of CO₂ emissions taken up by the ocean for different time periods.

Time Period	Oceanic Increase (GtC)	Net CO ₂ Emissions ^a (GtC)	Uptake Fraction	Reference
1750–1994	118 ± 19	283 ± 19	0.42 ± 0.07	Sabine et al., 2004a
1980–2005 ^b	53 ± 9	143 ± 10	0.37 ± 0.07	Chapter 7 ^c

Is Ocean renewal changing?

Evidence from oxygen

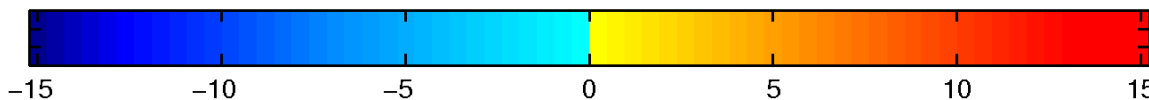
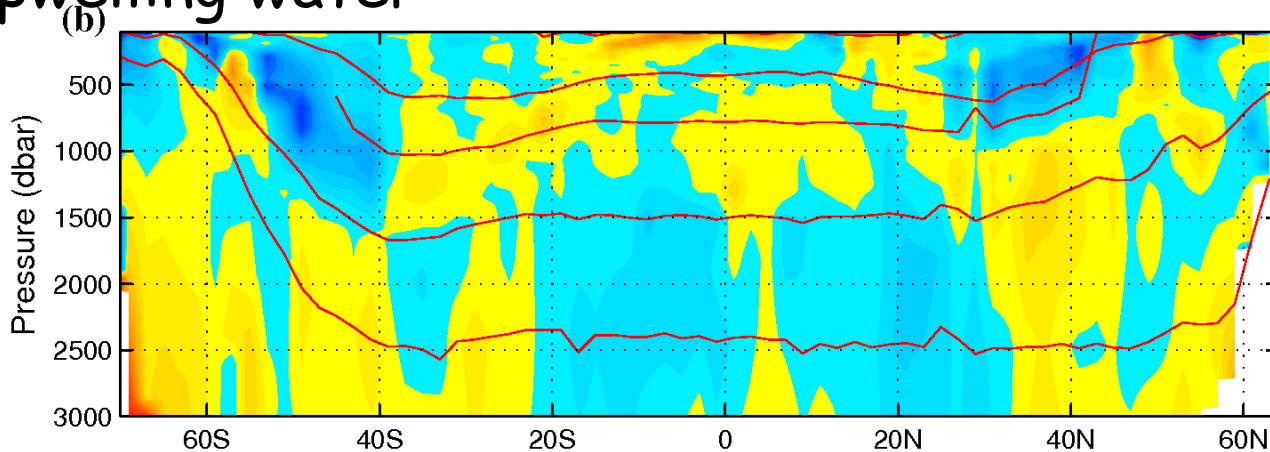
Subducting water



Oxygen change
on density
surface

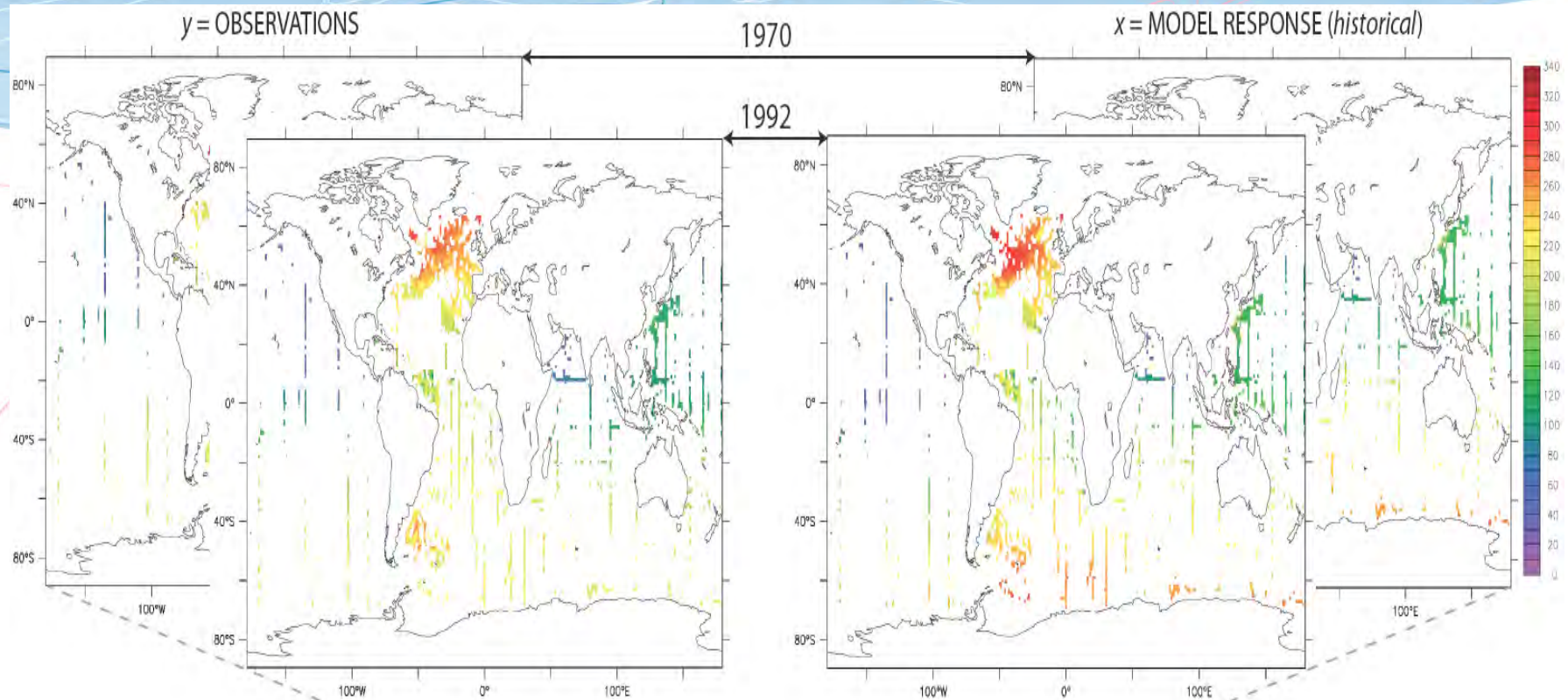
Oxygen change
from
displacement of
density surface

- Global Scale
- Not heave
- 1970 to 1990's



Change in oxygen concentration

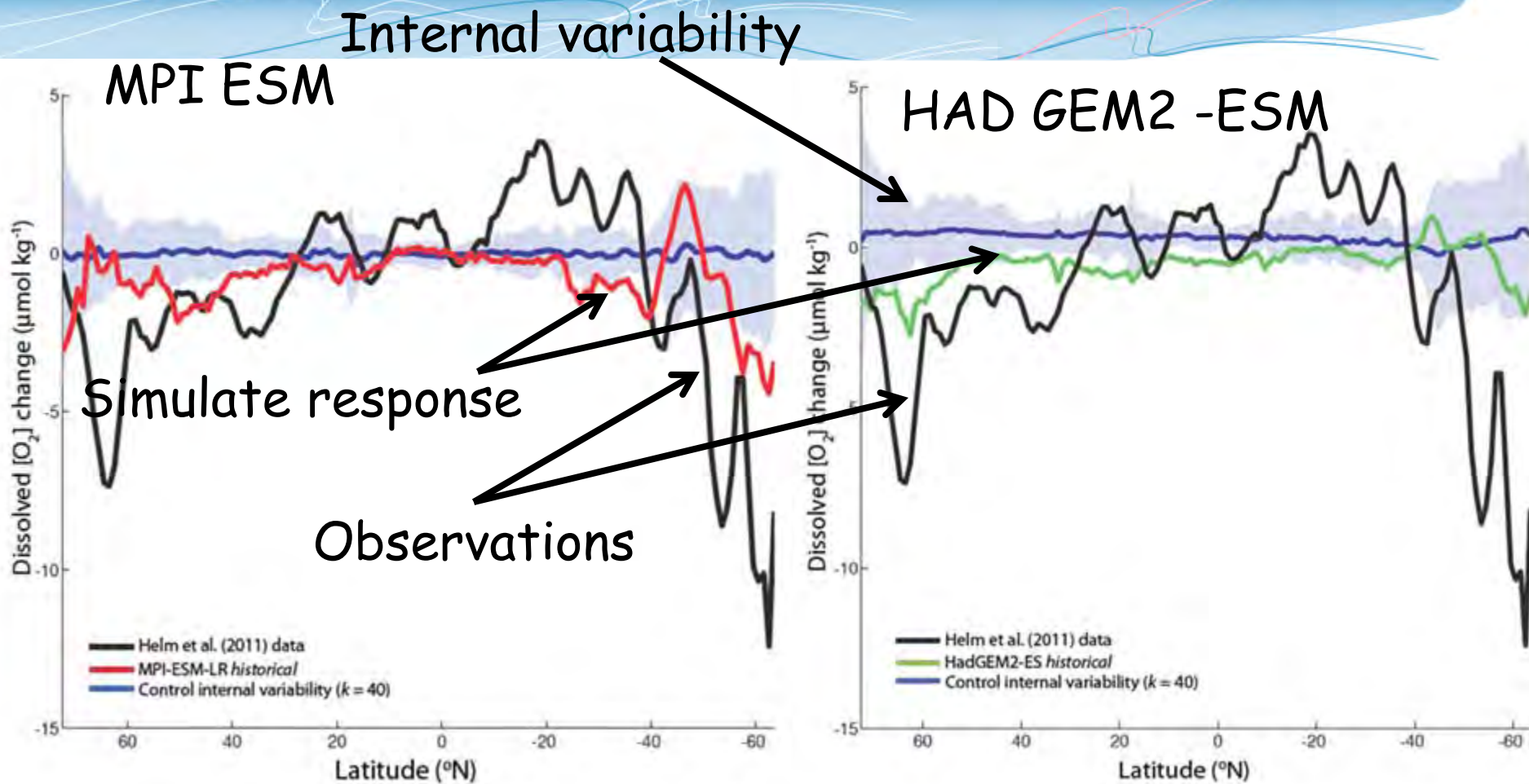
Are oxygen changes anthropogenic in origin?



TOTAL LEAST SQUARES =

$$y = \beta(x_{HIST} - v_{HIST}) + v_0$$

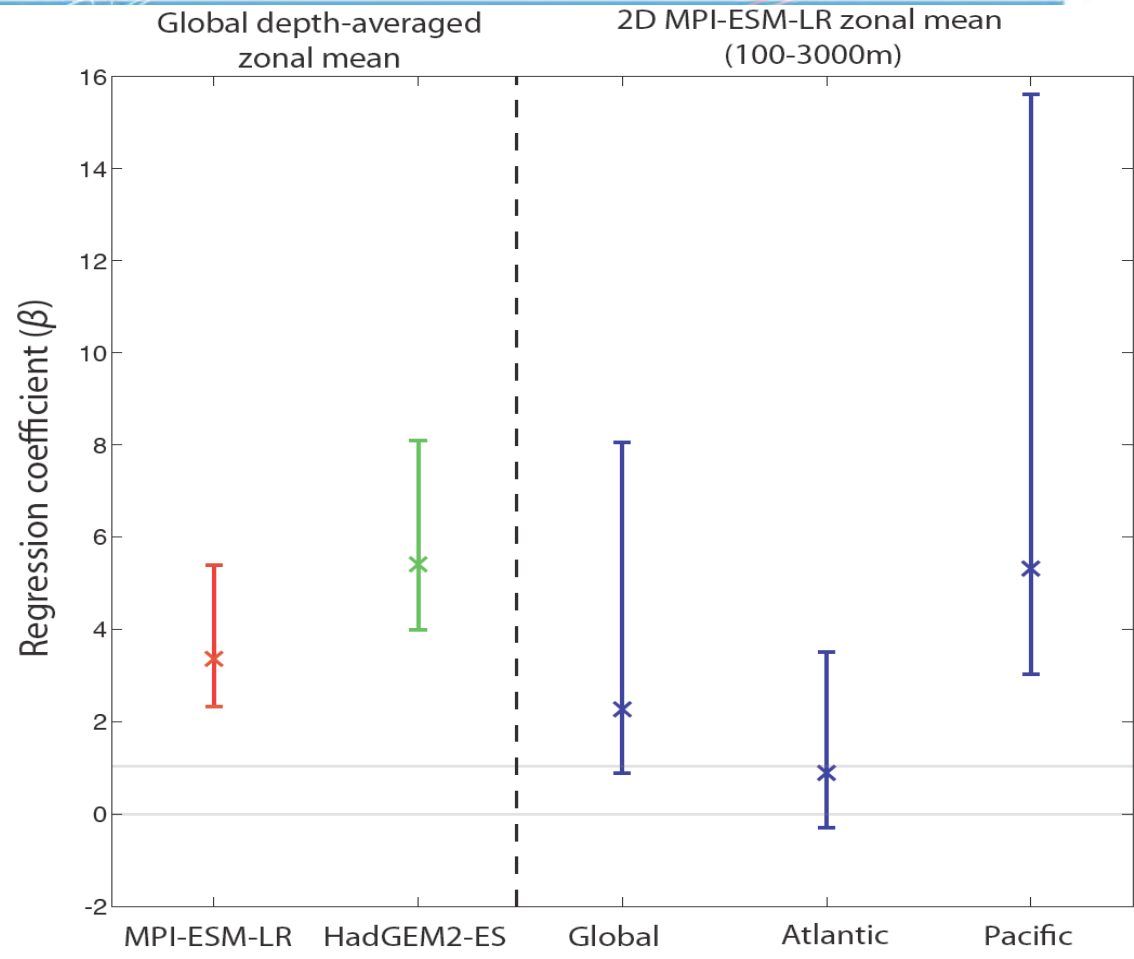
Are oxygen changes anthropogenic in origin?



Are oxygen changes anthropogenic in origin?

95% confidence interval

- Regression coefficients > 1
- Under-estimation of oxygen changes by models



Very likely that oxygen **decreases** are **anthropogenic**
 Evidence is **mainly** driven by physics (except at depth)



Conclusions: Global Ocean

- Ocean is Changing
 - Surface waters are **lighter**
 - Strong evidence for reduced ocean exchanges (**SAMW lower in oxygen, upwelling CDW lower in oxygen**)
 - Surface salinity show acceleration of water cycle (meridional and equatorial)
 - Attributions imply reduces overturning circulation
 - Significant evidence of ocean responses that **attributable rising GHG**





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Prospects: marine ecosystems

- Best applications
 - Detection works for global distributions
 - Longish time series
 - Numerical, quantitative models of ecosystems responses ("coupled") to physical models
 - **Internal variability** (control simulations) represent the "null" hypothesis
- IPCC
 - Detection and Attribution guidance paper
 - Qualitative and quantitative approaches

