

Sensing marine carbon & oxygen dynamics with autonomous observation approaches

Arne Körtzinger*

GEOMAR Helmholtz Centre for Ocean Research
Kiel, Germany



*with contributions from H. Bittig, B. Fiedler, P. Fietzek, J. Karstensen and others

Argo – a success story of physical oceanography

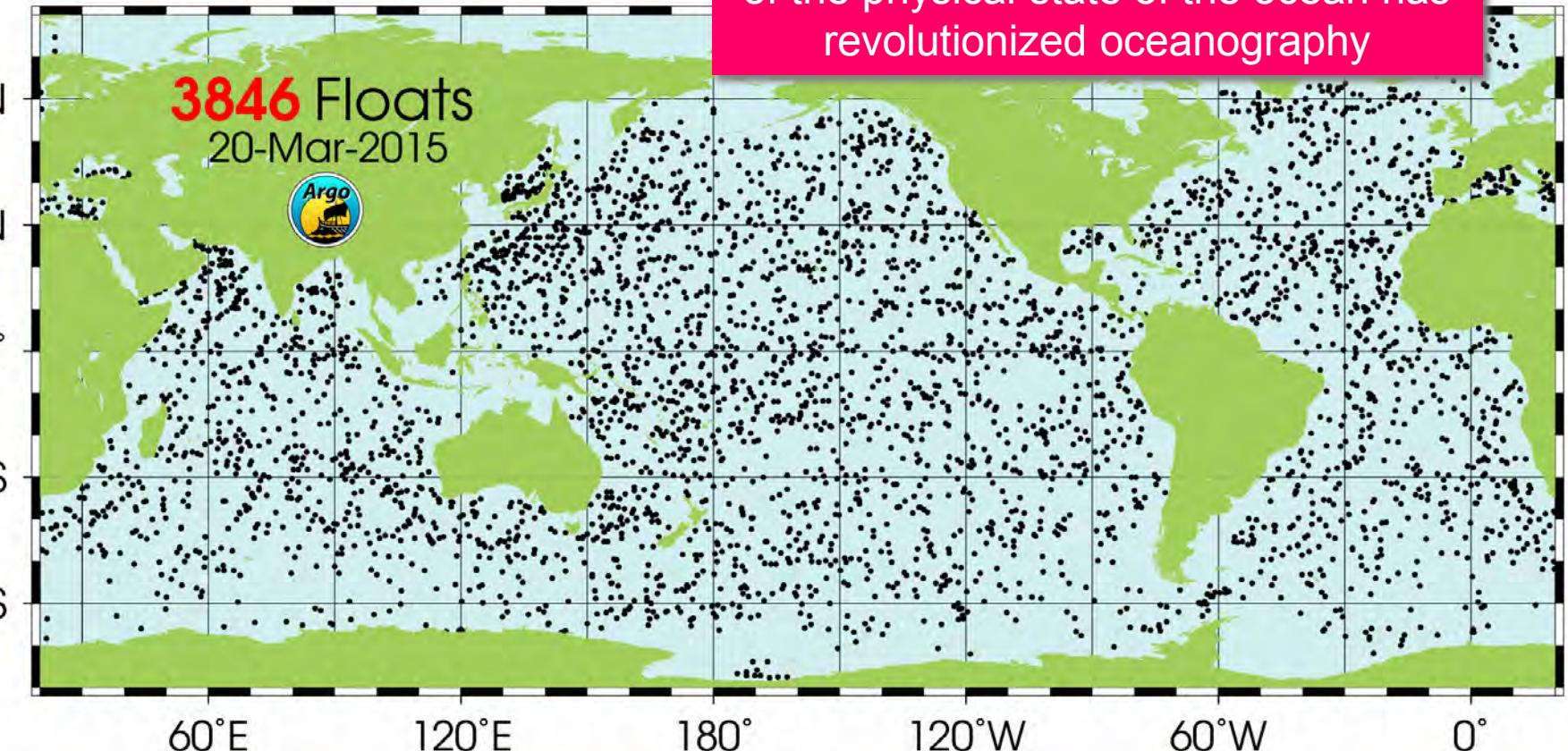
3846 Floats
20-Mar-2015



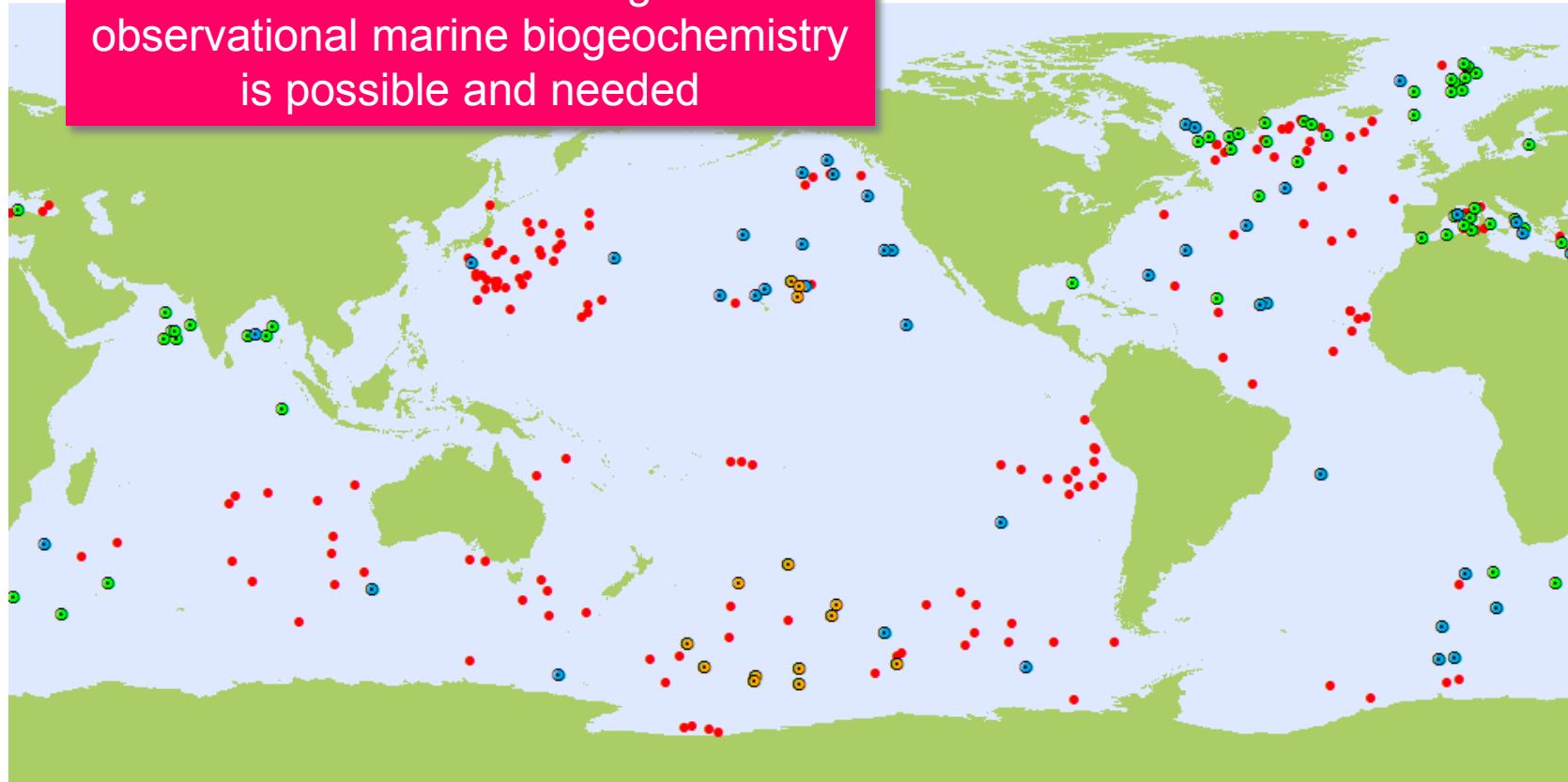
Since 2000, Argo's synoptic 3D-view of the physical state of the ocean has revolutionized oceanography

60°N
30°N
0°
30°S
60°S

60°E 120°E 180° 120°W 60°W 0°



A similar break-through in observational marine biogeochemistry is possible and needed



Bio-Argo (269)

- Dissolved Oxygen (252)
- Nitrate (51)

- Bio-optics (79)
- pH (14)

January 2015



Available Sensors

- **Oxygen:** mature optode technology
- Nitrogen: ISUS/SUNA nitrate sensor
- pH, $p\text{CO}_2$: promising new sensors



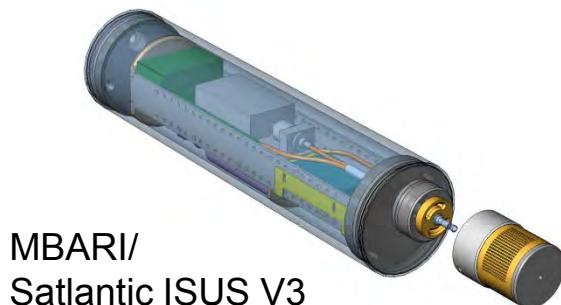
Aanderaa (AADI)
Optode 4330



Sea-Bird
Optode SBE 63



CONTROS
HydroFlash™ O₂



MBARI/
Satlantic ISUS V3



MBARI/Sea-Bird
Deep-Sea DuraFET



Satlantic SUNA V2



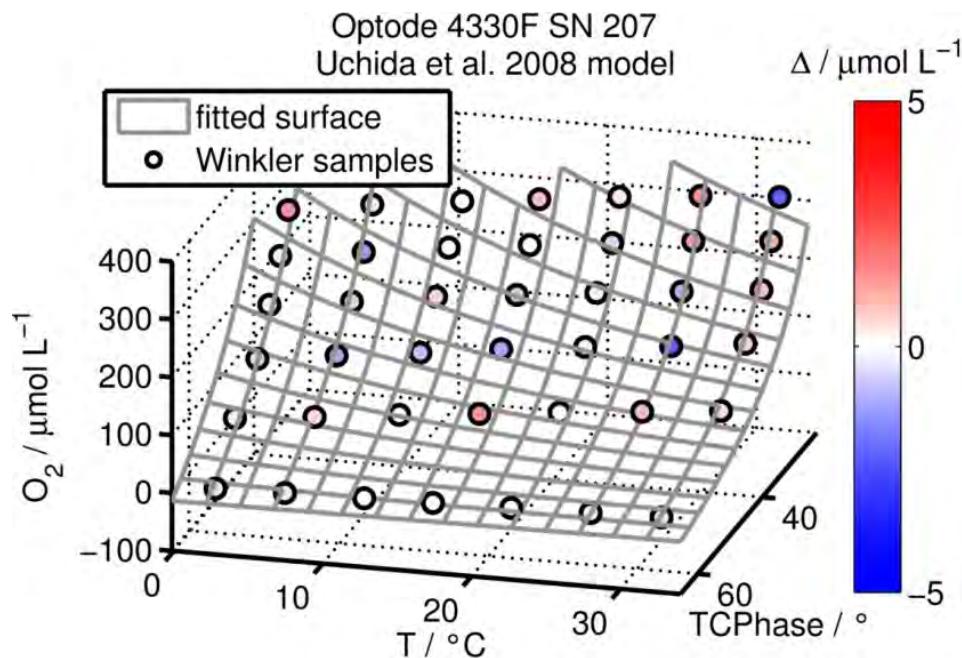
CONTROS
HydroC™ CO₂

High-accuracy multipoint calibration

- Number of setups available
- Accuracy 0.5 – 3.0 $\mu\text{mol/L}$
- Get matrix $T \times O_2 \times \Phi$
- Fit data to functional model of choice
- Similar calibration approach based on in-situ CTD cast

$$\frac{I_0}{I} = \frac{\tau_0}{\tau} = 1 + k_{SV} \cdot pO_2$$

Stern-Volmer equation

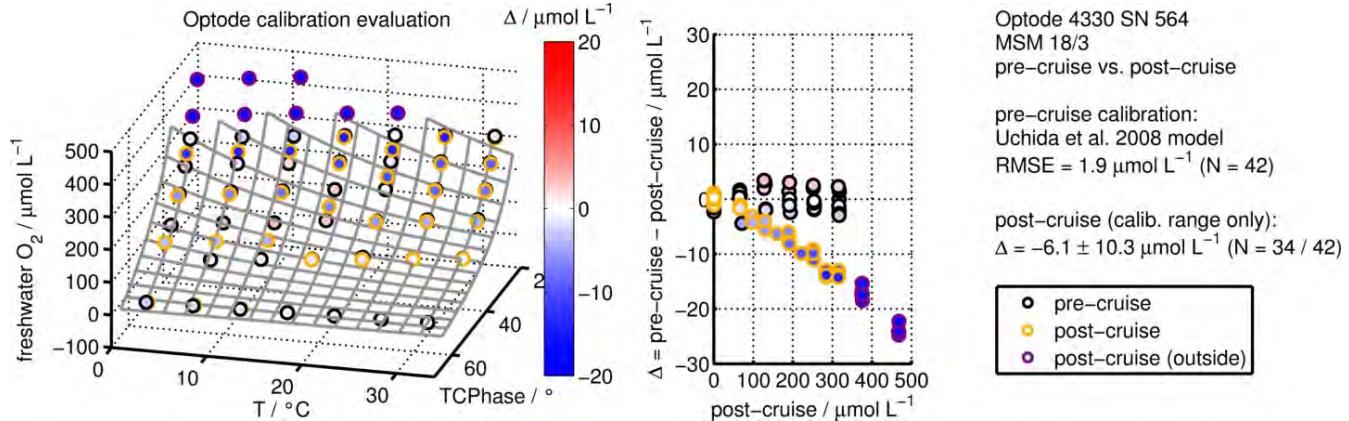


Bittig, Körtzinger et al. (2012), *Limnol. & Oceanogr.: Methods* **10**, 921-933.

Oxygen optodes – the most mature bgc sensor

Sensors show drift during storage & transport...

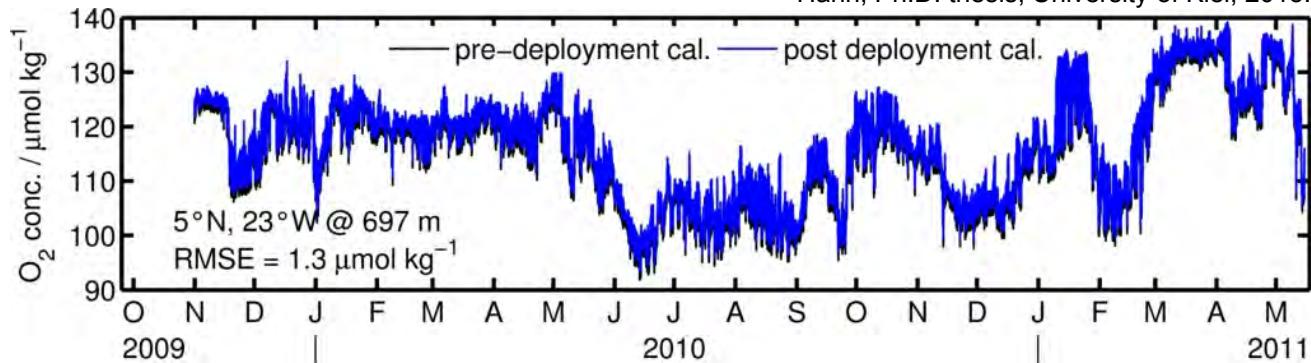
Sensor drift



Bittig, Körtzinger et al. (2012), *Limnol. & Oceanogr.: Methods* **10**, 921-933.

...but not during deployments!?

Hahn, Ph.D. thesis, University of Kiel, 2013.



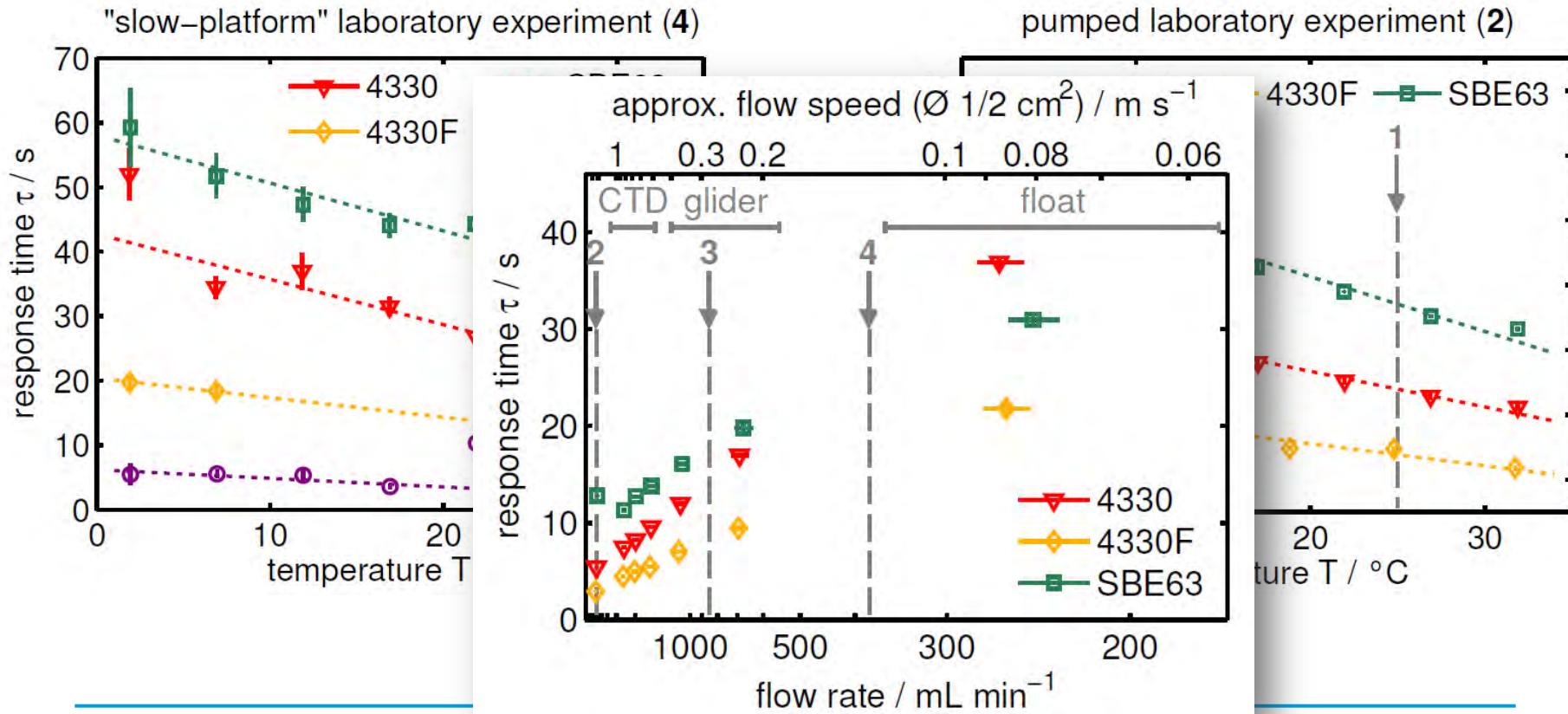
Time response of oxygen optodes on profiling platforms and its dependence on flow speed and temperature

Henry C. Bittig*, Björn Fiedler, Roland Scholz, Gerd Krahmann, and Arne Körtzinger

Helmholtz Centre for Ocean Research Kiel (GEOMAR), Kiel/Germany

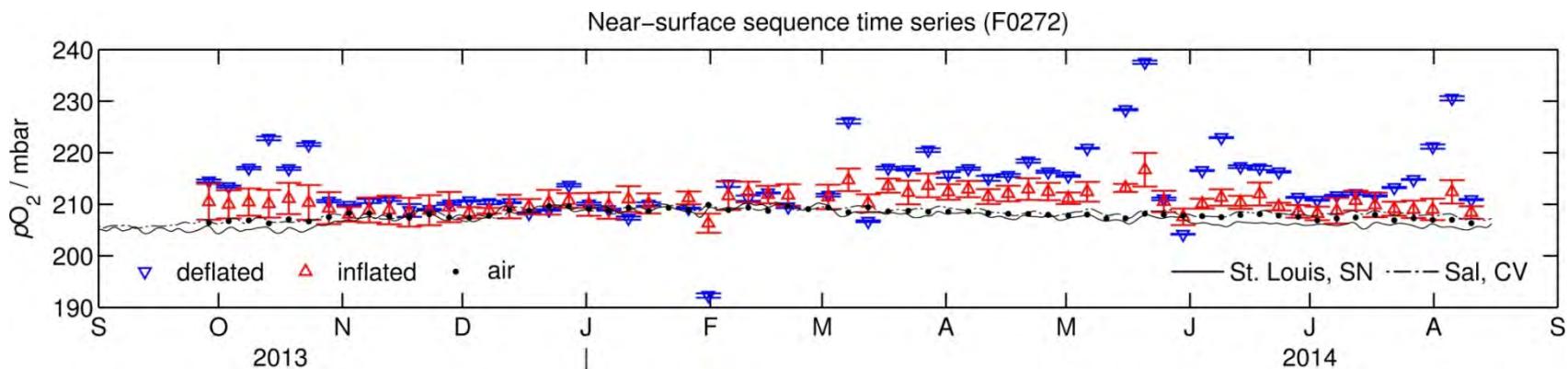
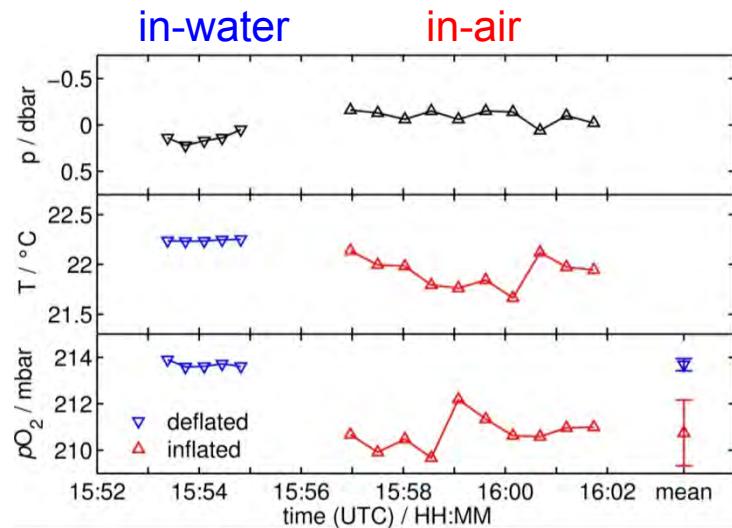
Limnol. Oceanogr.: Methods 12, 2014, 617–636

© 2014, by the American Society of Limnology and Oceanography, Inc.



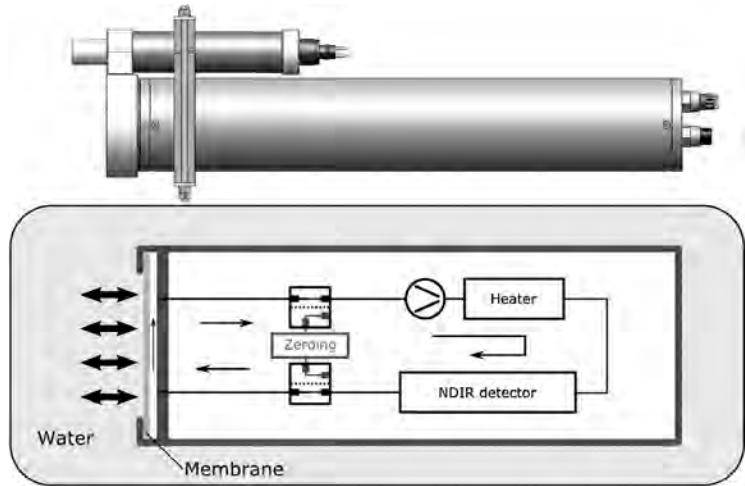
In-situ in-air measurements as drift check

- Carry-over effect that follows clear trend:
Can be corrected for.
- Accurate in-situ reference (at saturation level)
- Available for entire float lifetime



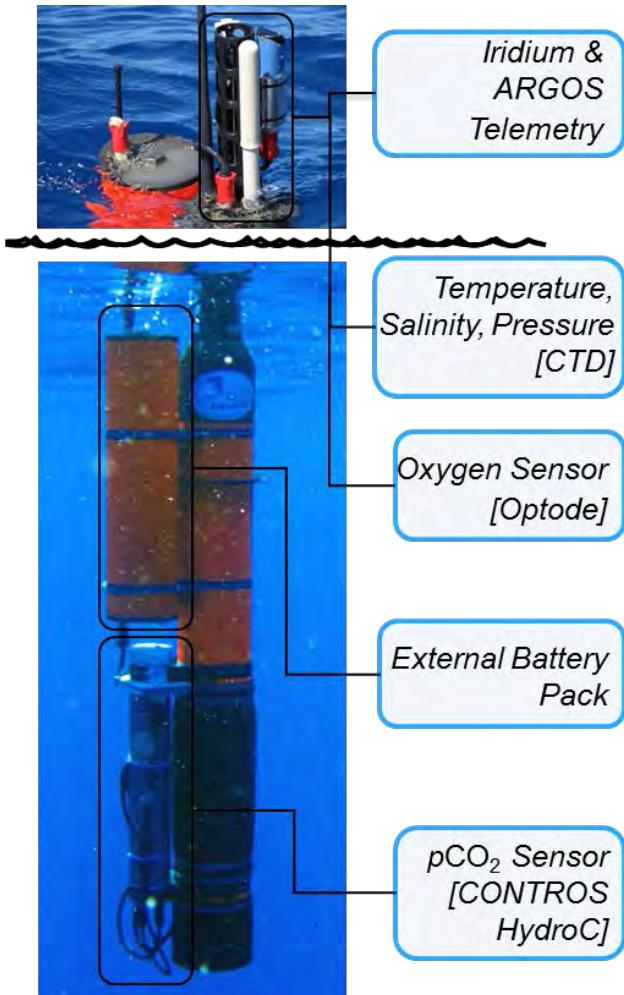
Bittig and Körtzinger (2015), *J. Atmos. Ocean Techn.*, in press.

$p\text{CO}_2$ sensor with membrane equilibration and NDIR-detection

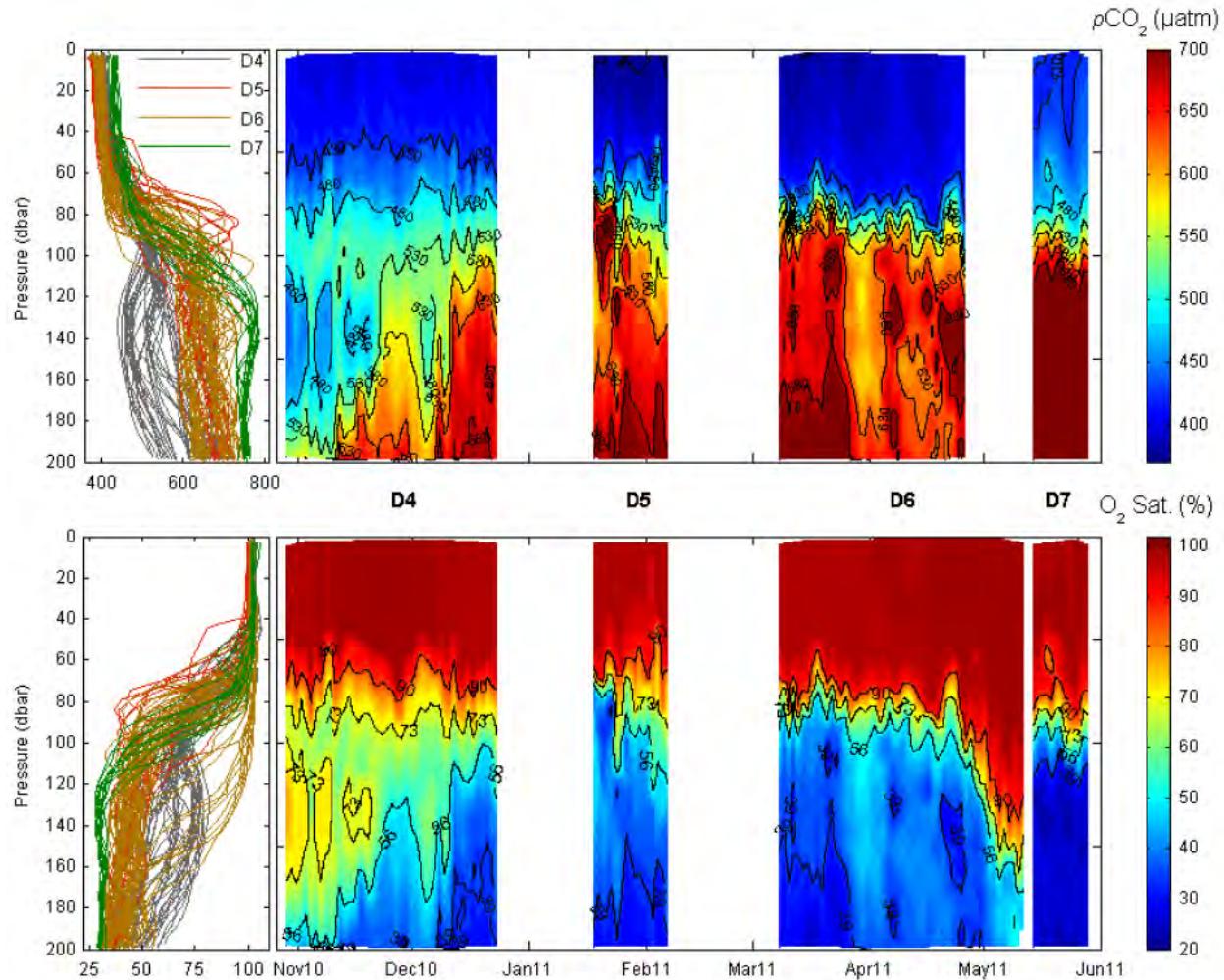


Sensor	Mean (μatm)	σ (μatm)	RMSE (μatm)	n
HCl	-3.1	2.9	4.2	24 791
HC2	1.8	3.4	3.9	24 163
HC3	-0.7	2.8	2.8	12 770
Overall mean	-0.6	3.0	3.7	

Fiedler, Körtzinger *et al.* (2013). *J. Atm. Ocean. Techn.* **30**, 112-126
Fietzek, Körtzinger *et al.* (2014). *J. Atmos. Ocean. Techn.* **31**, 181-196.



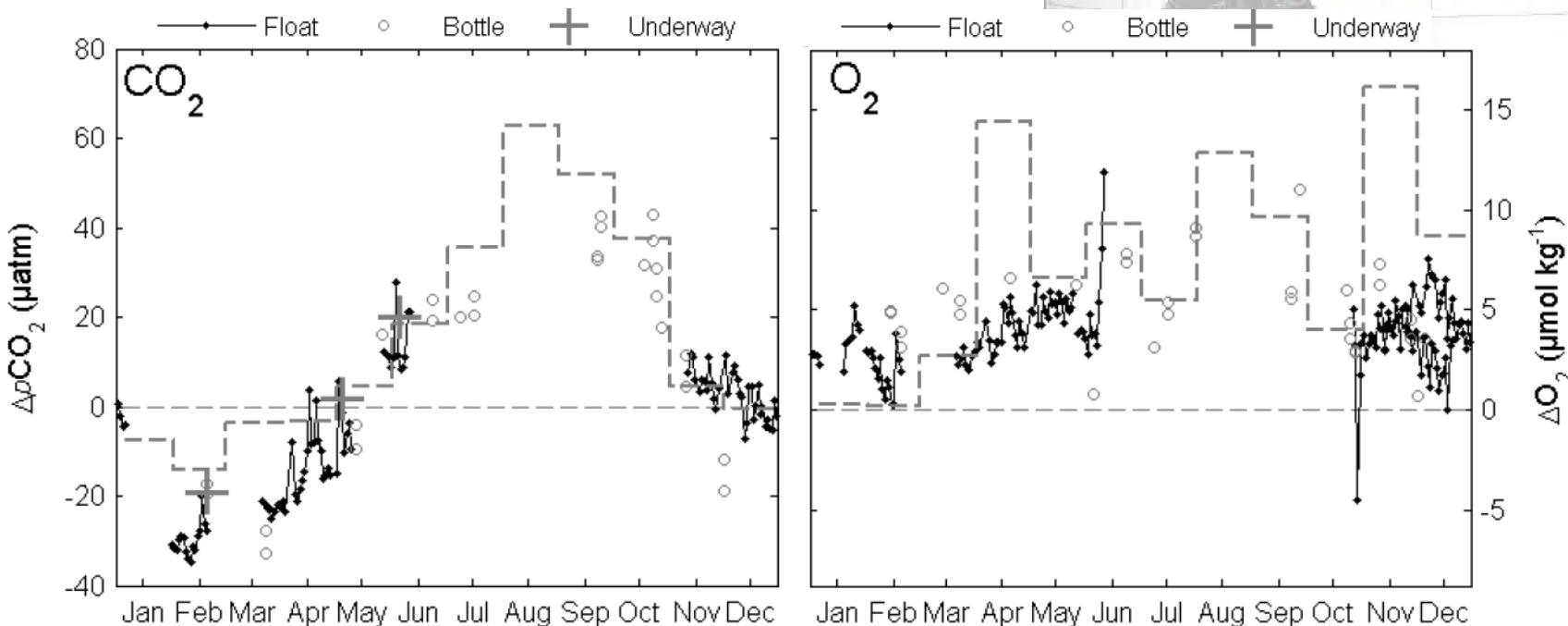
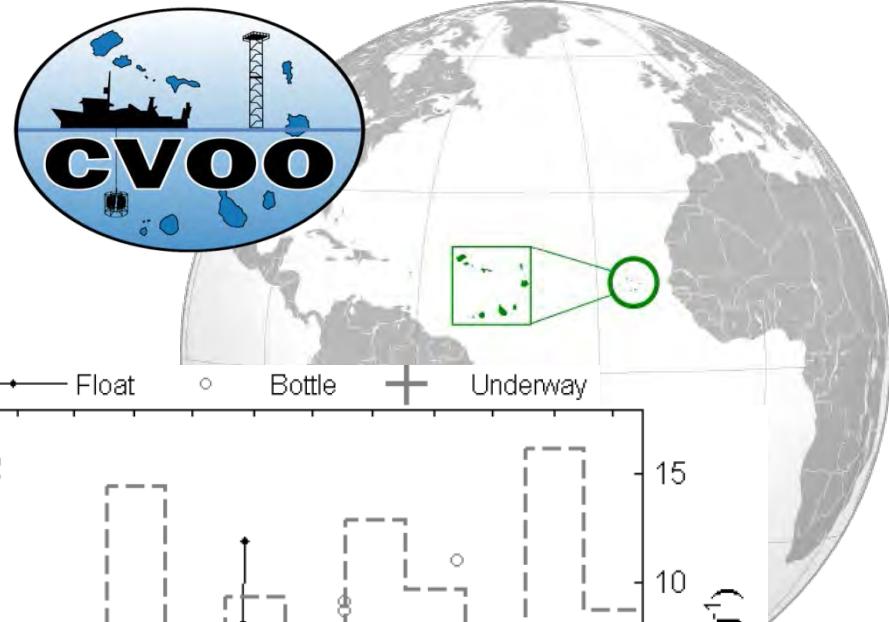
First combined float-based O₂ and CO₂ measurements



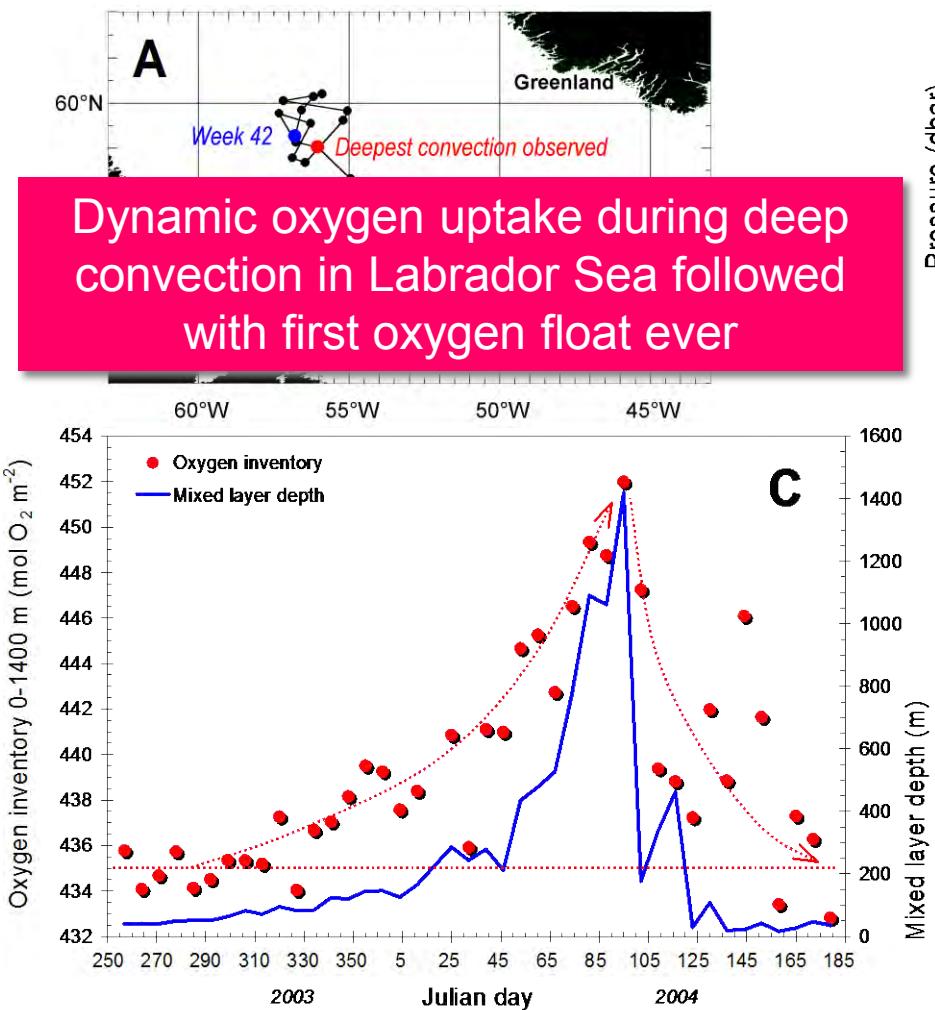
Fiedler, Körtzinger *et al.* (2013). *J. Atm. Ocean. Techn.* **30**, 112-126

Seasonal cycle of O₂ and CO₂ at Cape Verde Ocean Observatory

Fiedler (2013). Ph.D. thesis, Kiel University.
Fiedler, Körtzinger *et al.*, in prep.

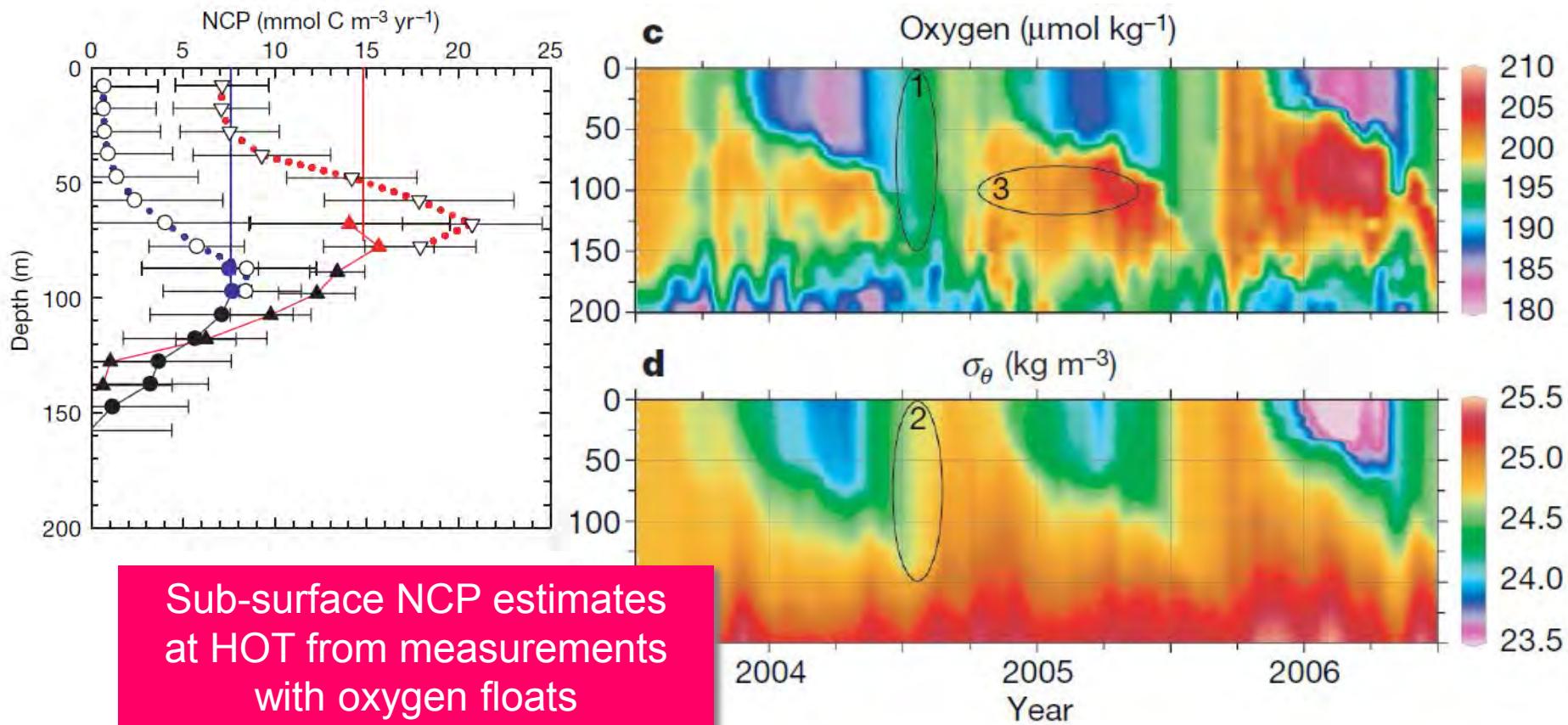


Field studies: prominent examples

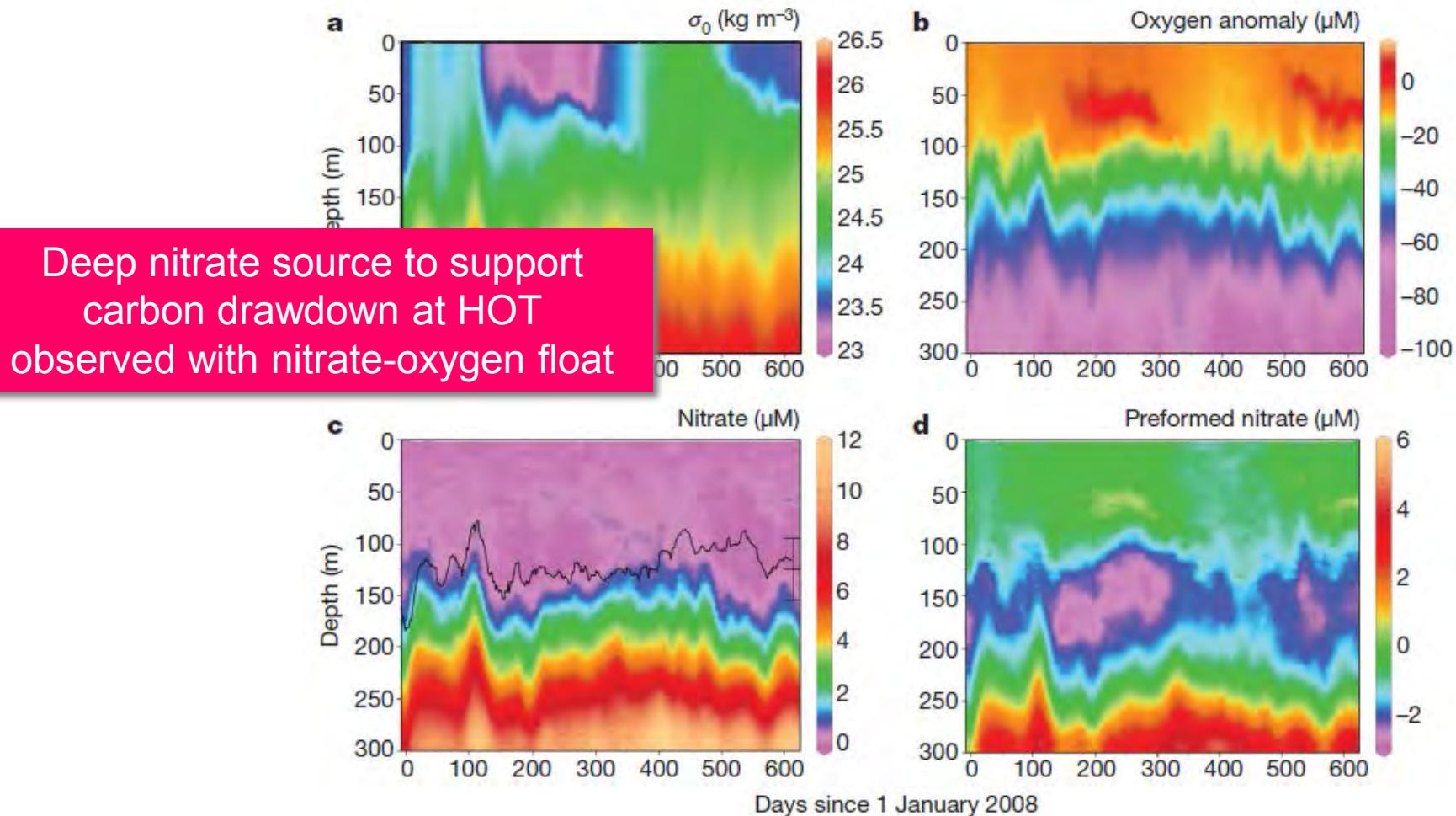


Körtzinger et al. (2004). Science 306, 1337.

Field studies: prominent examples

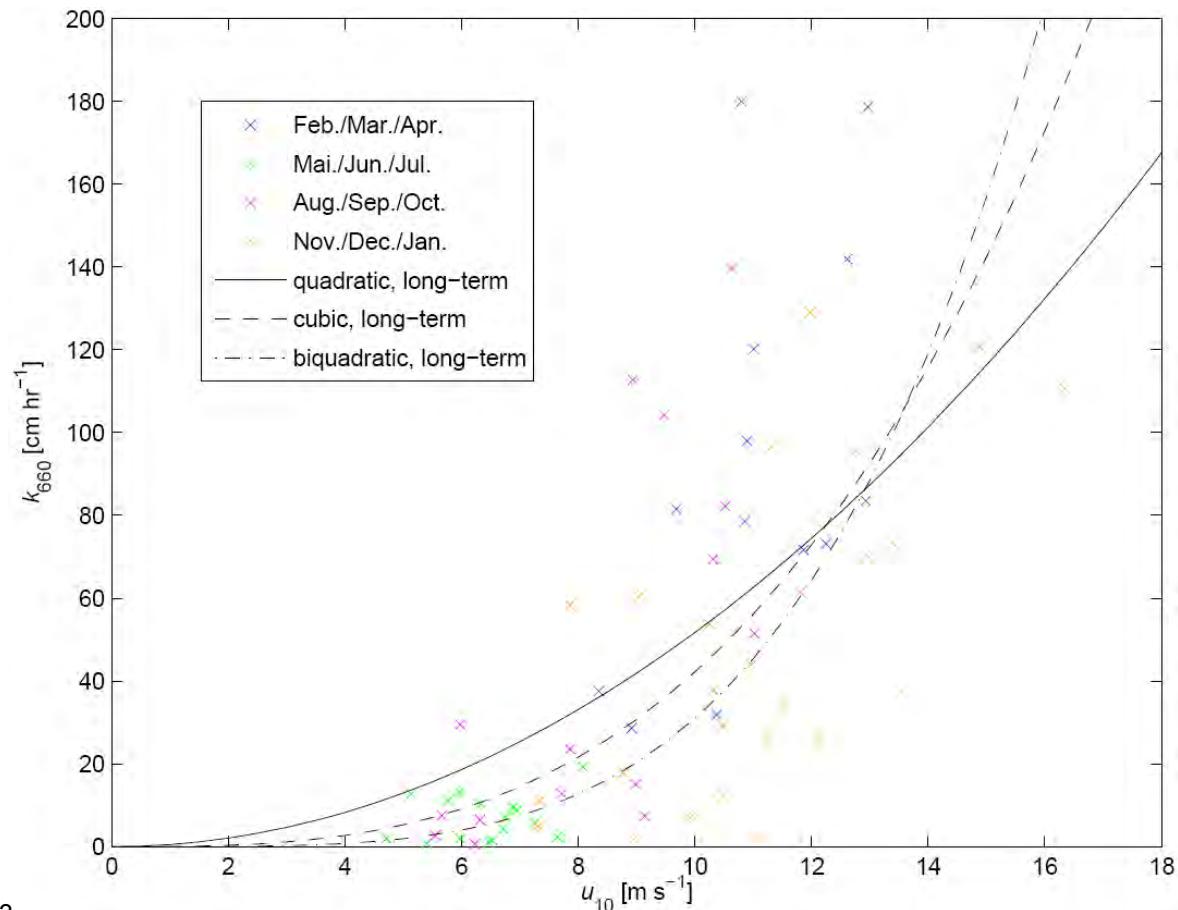


Field studies: prominent examples



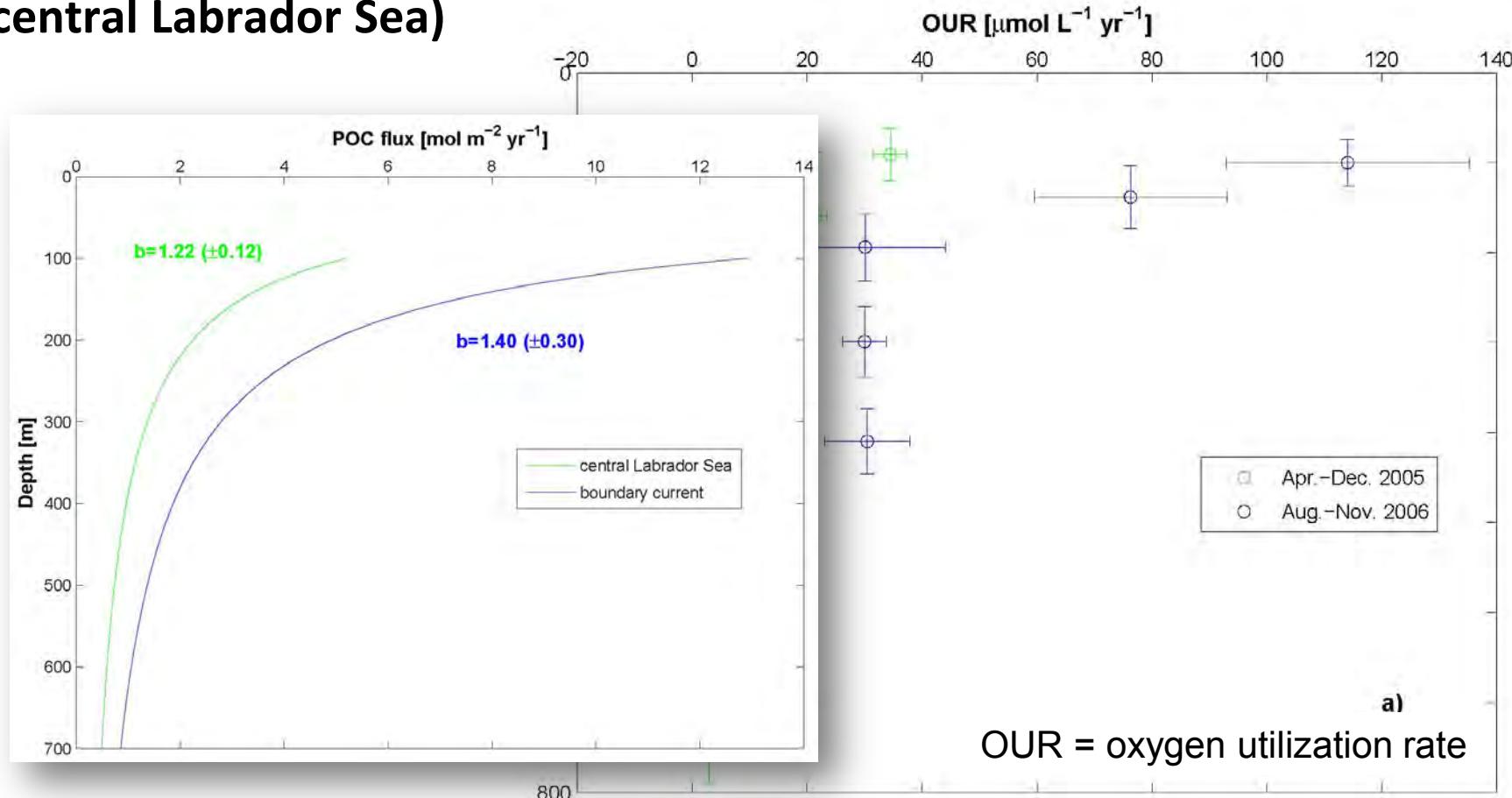
Johnson et al. (2010). *Nature* **465**, 1062-1065.

Estimation of gas transfer coefficient for oxygen (central Labrador Sea)

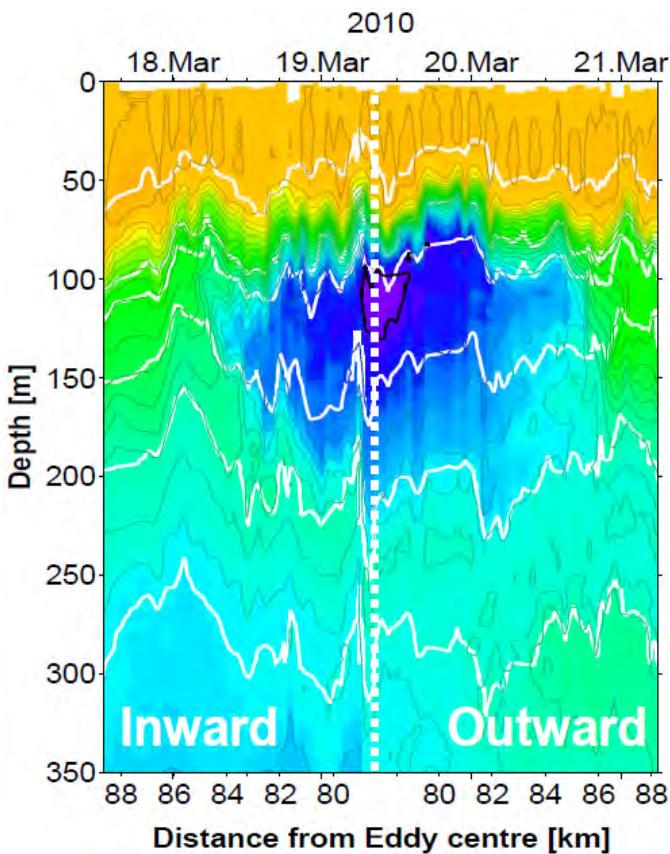


Kiihm and Körtzinger (2010). *JGR* **115**, C12003.

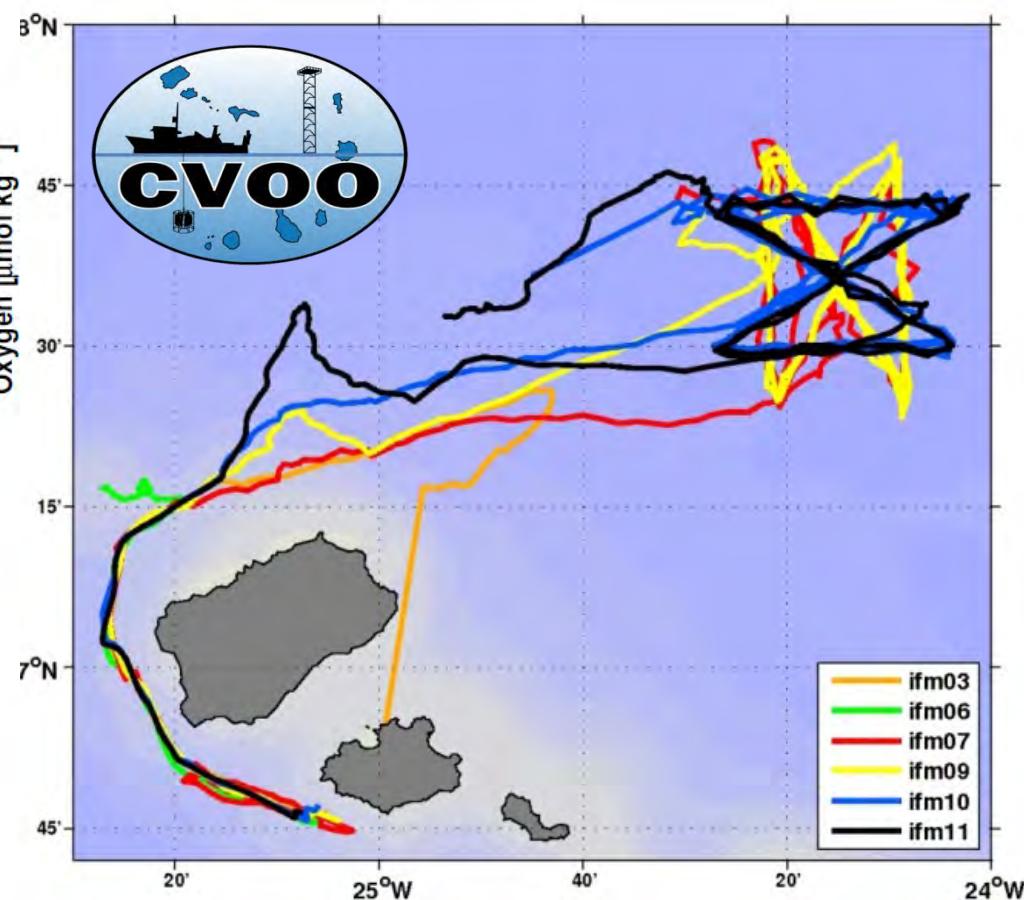
Estimation of oxygen utilization rates (central Labrador Sea)



Kihm,C., Ph.D. thesis, University of Kiel, 2010.

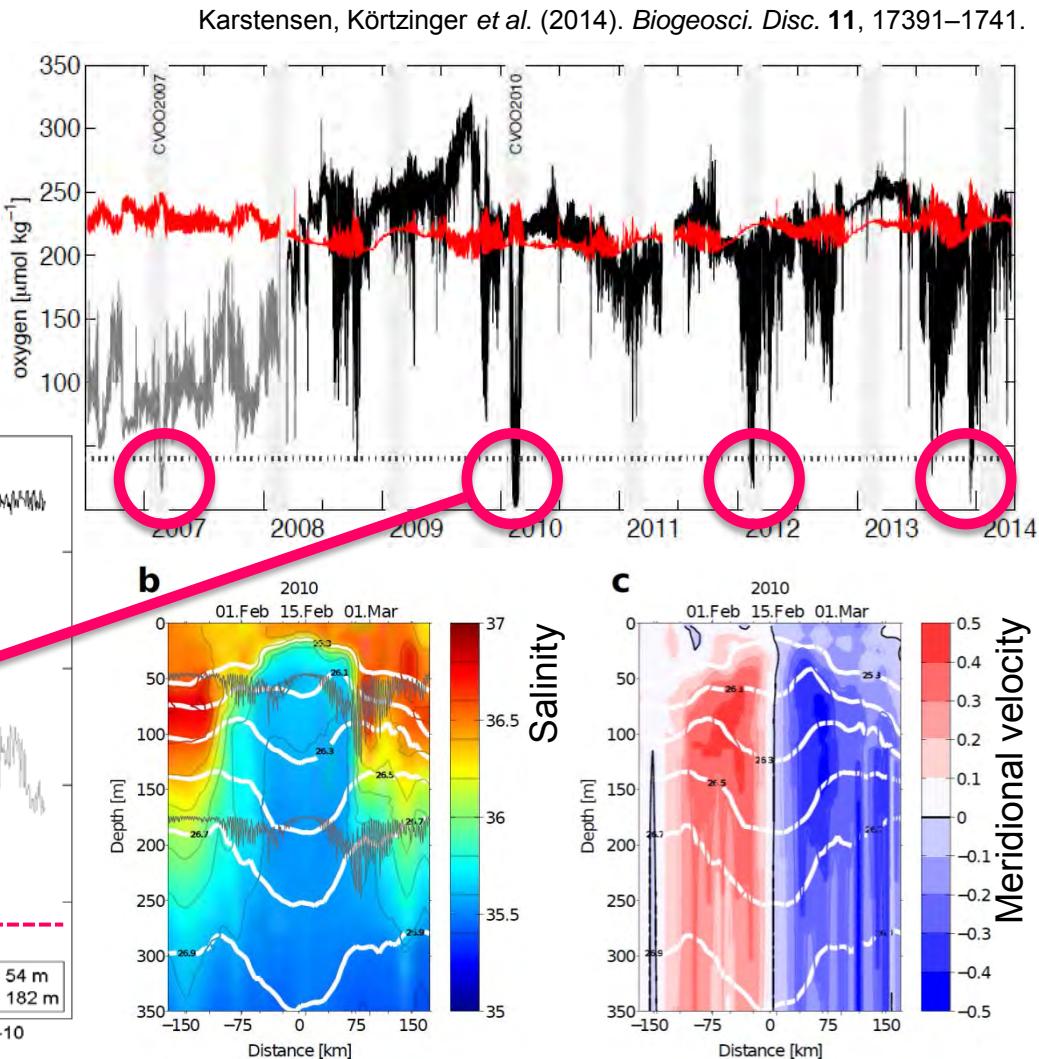
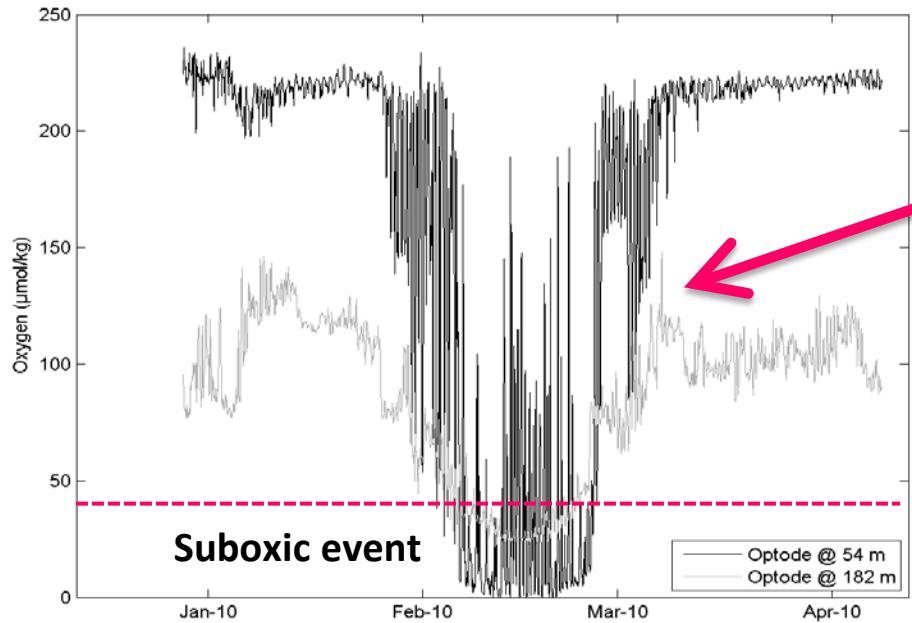
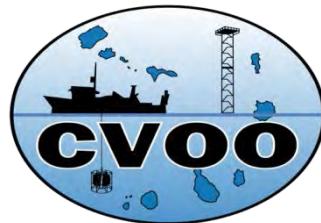


Glider swarm experiment at Cape Verde Ocean Observatory



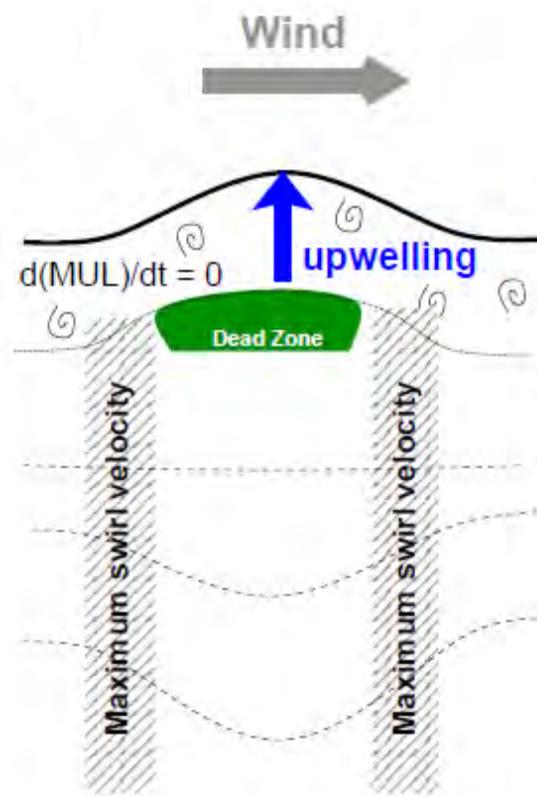
Field studies: dead zone eddies at Cape Verde

Long-term mooring at Cape Verde Ocean Observatory

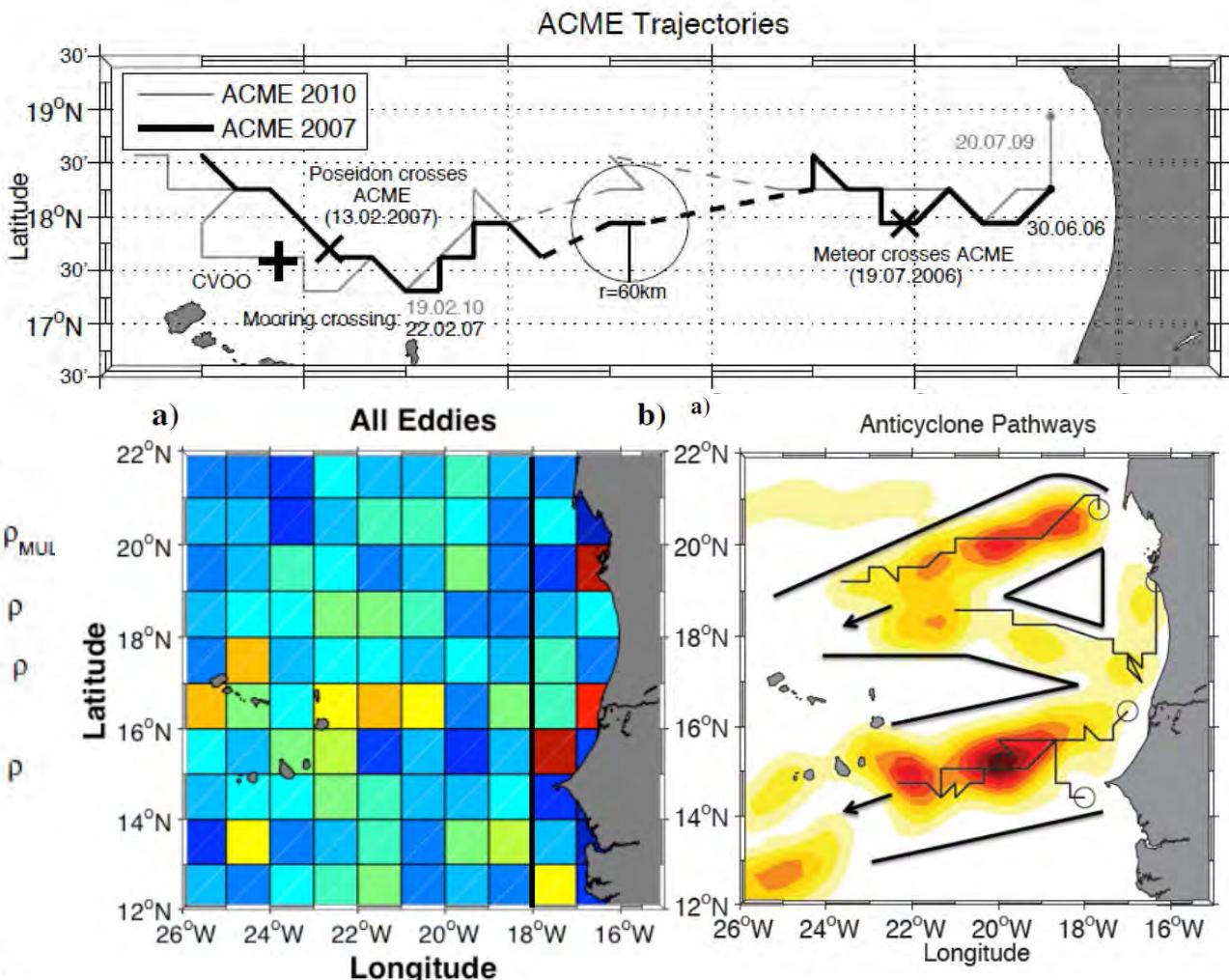


Field studies: dead zone eddies at Cape Verde

ACME – Anticyclonic Mode Water Eddies



Anticyclonic Mode Water Eddy (ACME)

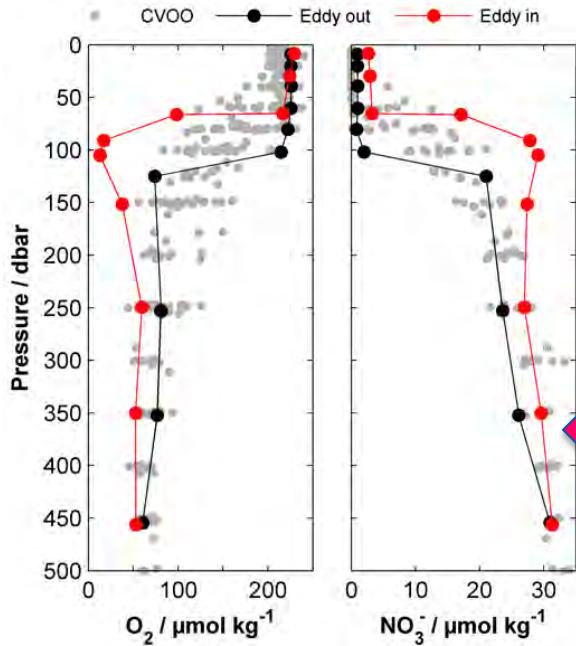
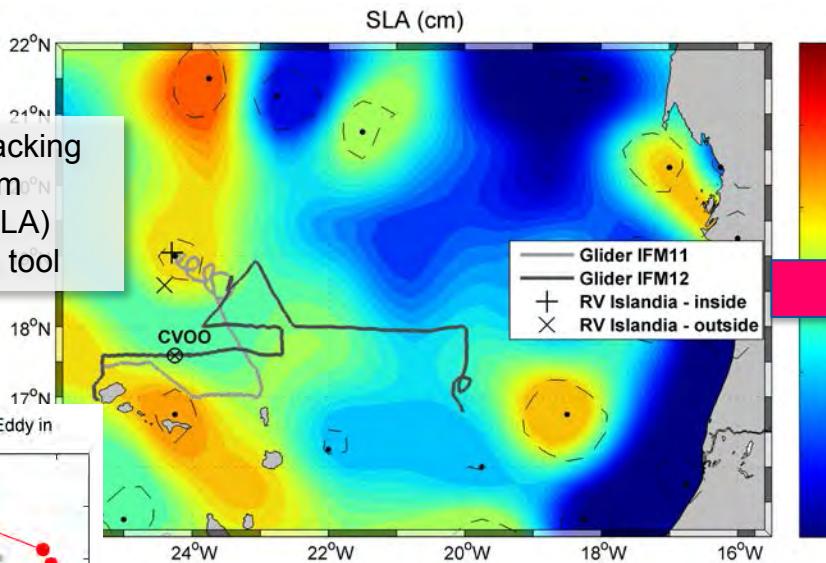


Schütte, F., M.Sc. Thesis, Kiel University, 2013.

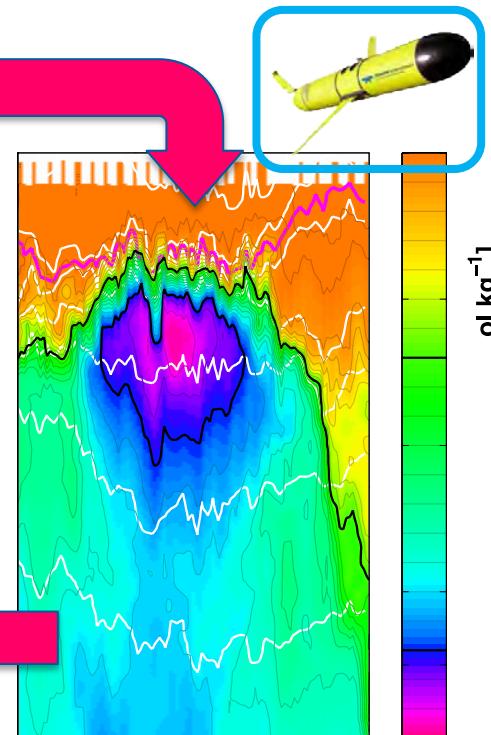
Field studies: dead zone eddies at Cape Verde

Eddy Hunt Project

(1) Identification and tracking of candidate eddies from remote satellite data (SLA) with dedicated analysis tool



(2) Pre-survey of promising eddy with two gliders → confirmation of low O₂



(3) Initial sampling of low O₂ eddy during 2.5 day cruise with R/V Islandia

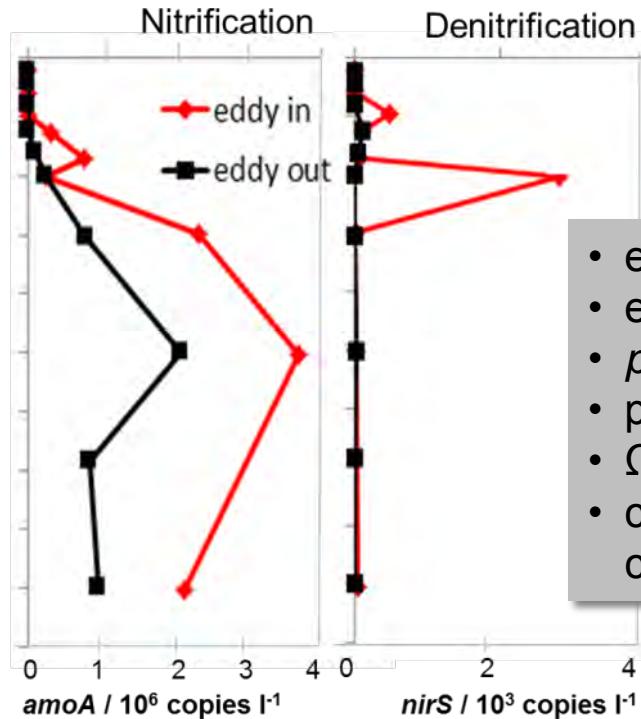
Fiedler, Karstensen, Krahmann, Körtzinger, Schütte et al., div. manuscripts, in prep.

Field studies: dead zone eddies at Cape Verde

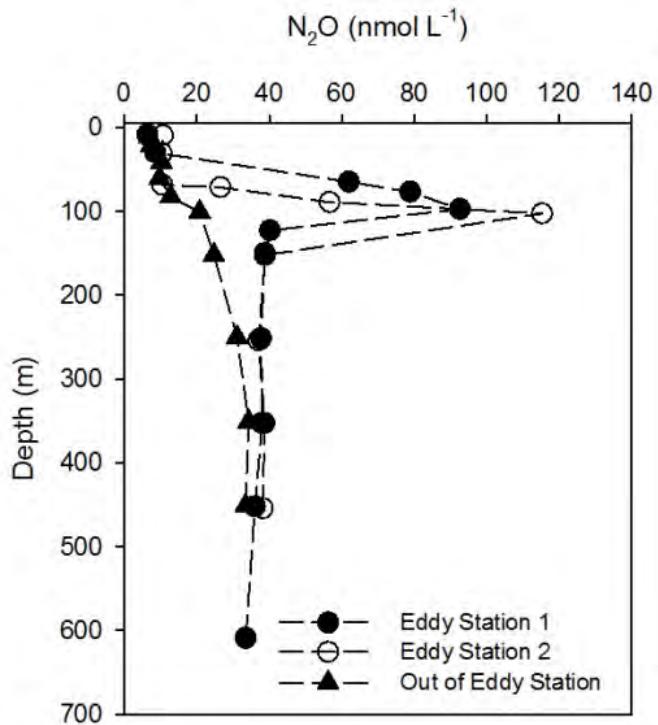
(4) Enhanced & repeated sampling of low O₂ eddy during R/V Meteor Cruise M105 → spatial mapping of eddy physics, zooplankton distribution as function of O₂, etc., particle max. at O₂ min.



Eddy Hunt Project



- extremely low O₂
- extremely high N₂O
- pCO₂ > 1000 µatm
- pH < 7.7
- Ω_{Ar} ~1 @ 100 m
- clear indication of water column denitrification



Fiedler, Grundle, Löscher, Philippi, Körtzinger *et al.*, div. manuscripts, in prep.

With
pH/pCO₂,
nitrate,
bio-optics
we could
much more



- Detect changes in ocean biogeochemistry
- Determine net community production
- Determine net remineralization rates as a proxy for export production
- Help interpretation of variations in water mass ventilation rates
- Help interpretation of sparse data from repeat hydrographic surveys
- Provide data (initial conditions, evaluation) for ocean bgc models
- Improve atmospheric O₂/N₂ constraint on ocean/land partitioning of anthropogenic CO₂

O₂

Perspectives of Bio-Argo



SCOR WG 142



Obrigado!