



Long term changes in North Sea physics and phytoplankton

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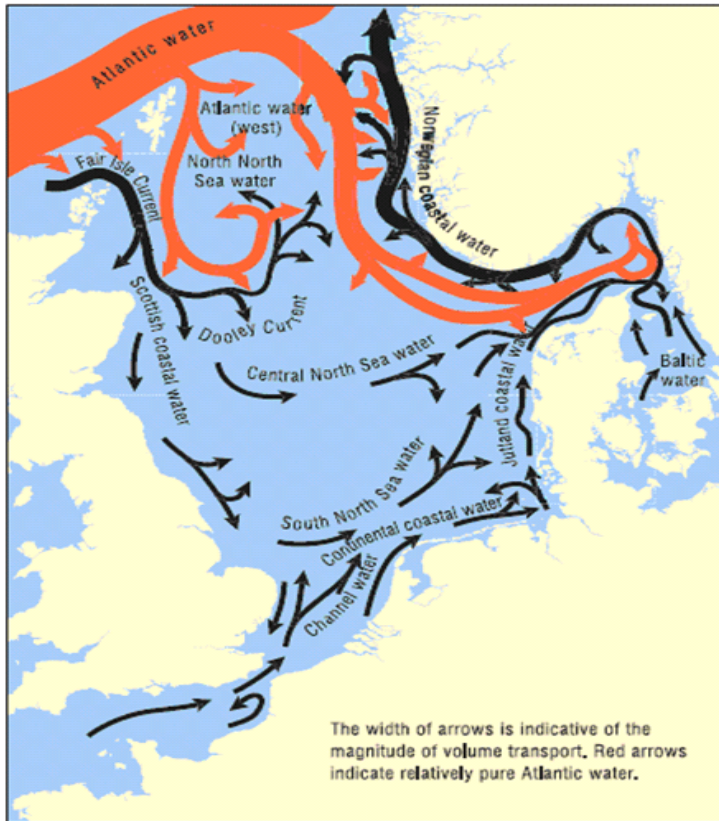
Session 5.1, Contribution no 4841
Effects of Climate Change on the World's Oceans
International Symposium May 19-23, 2008, Gijón, Spain

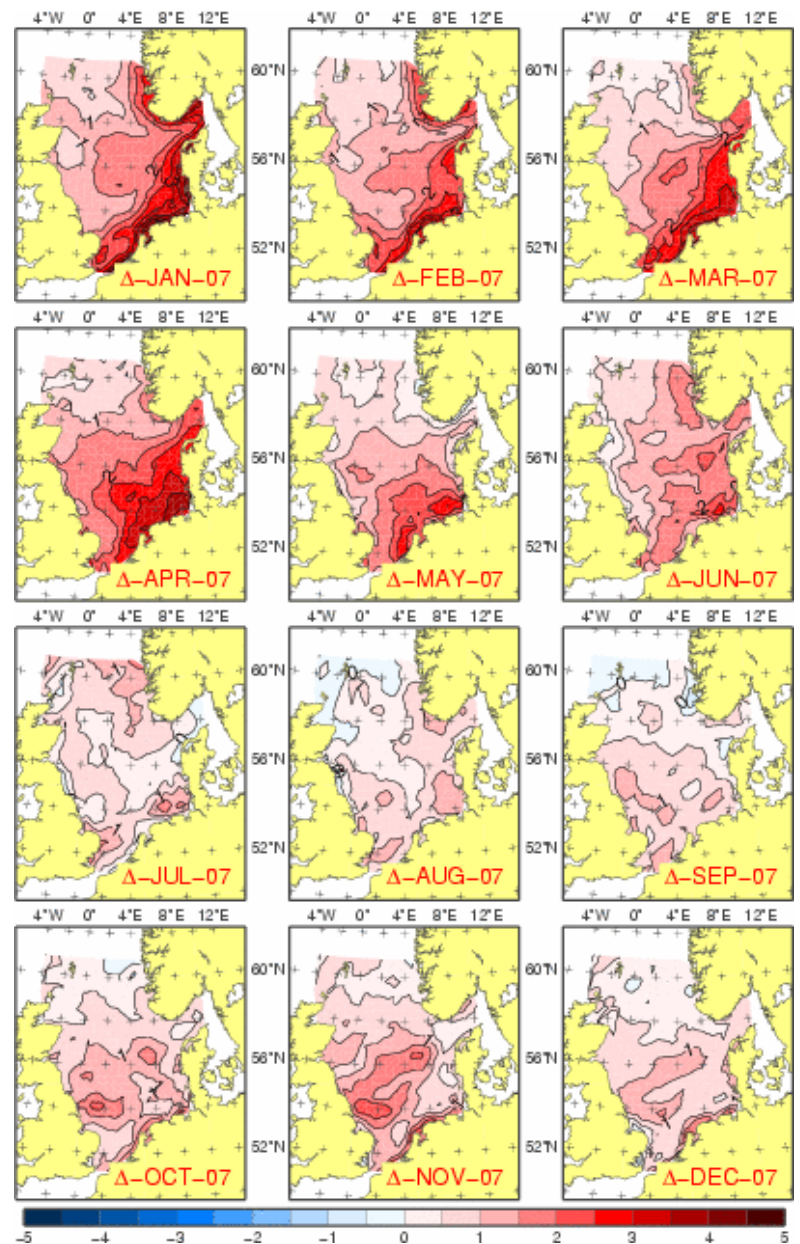
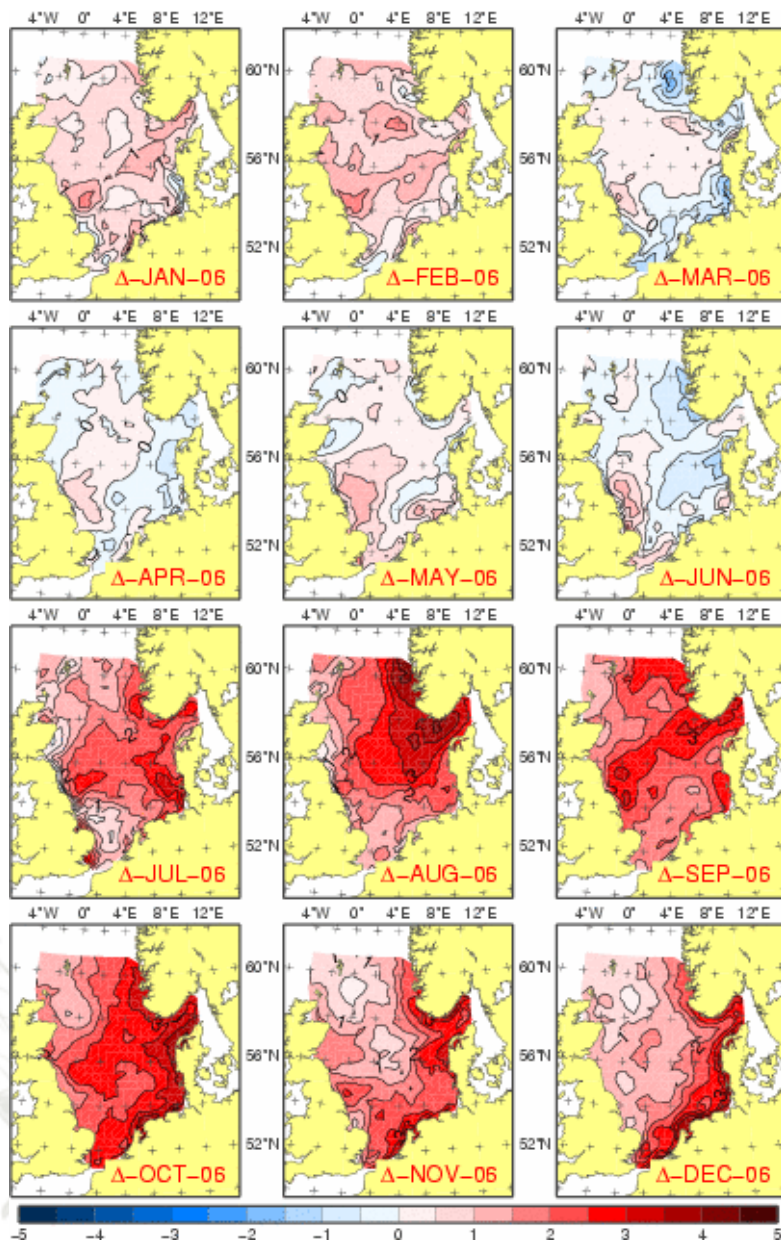
The North Sea

The North Sea is a semi-enclosed, highly productive ($>300 \text{ g C m}^{-2} \text{ yr}^{-1}$), relatively shallow, temperate sea.

A variety of human activities affect the marine ecosystem:

- nutrient enrichment
- coastal developments
- the fisheries
- climatic drivers





<http://www.bsh.de>

Coastal warming: Poster S1.1-4752

Forcing factors affecting the biology of chosen exploited species in the North Sea

	herring	sandeel	cod	flatfish	nephrops
temperature	1	1	1	1	1
salinity	1	1	1	1	1
nao indices	1	1	1	0	
prey abundance	1	1	1	1/0	
predation	1	1	1	1	
natural mortality	1	1			
habitat modification	1	1		0	1
poll ED/PCB	0		1	1	
nutrient enrichment	1/0	0		1	
fishing	1	1	1	1/0	1

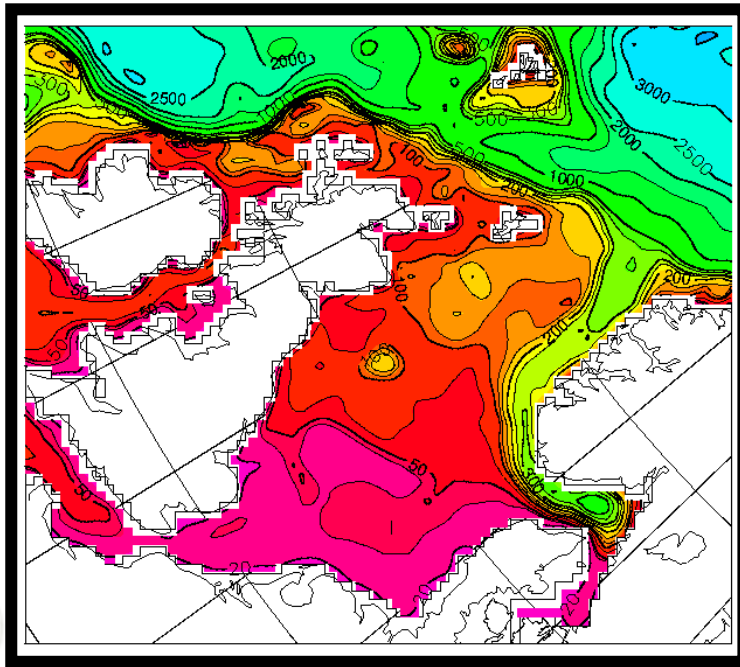
1 =significant effect on biological processes like recruitment, growth. 0=analysis refutes/inconclusive

IN EX FISH Wp1 report
Frid et al, 2008



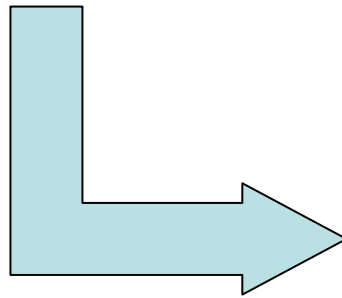
NORWECOM

Ocean model: POM

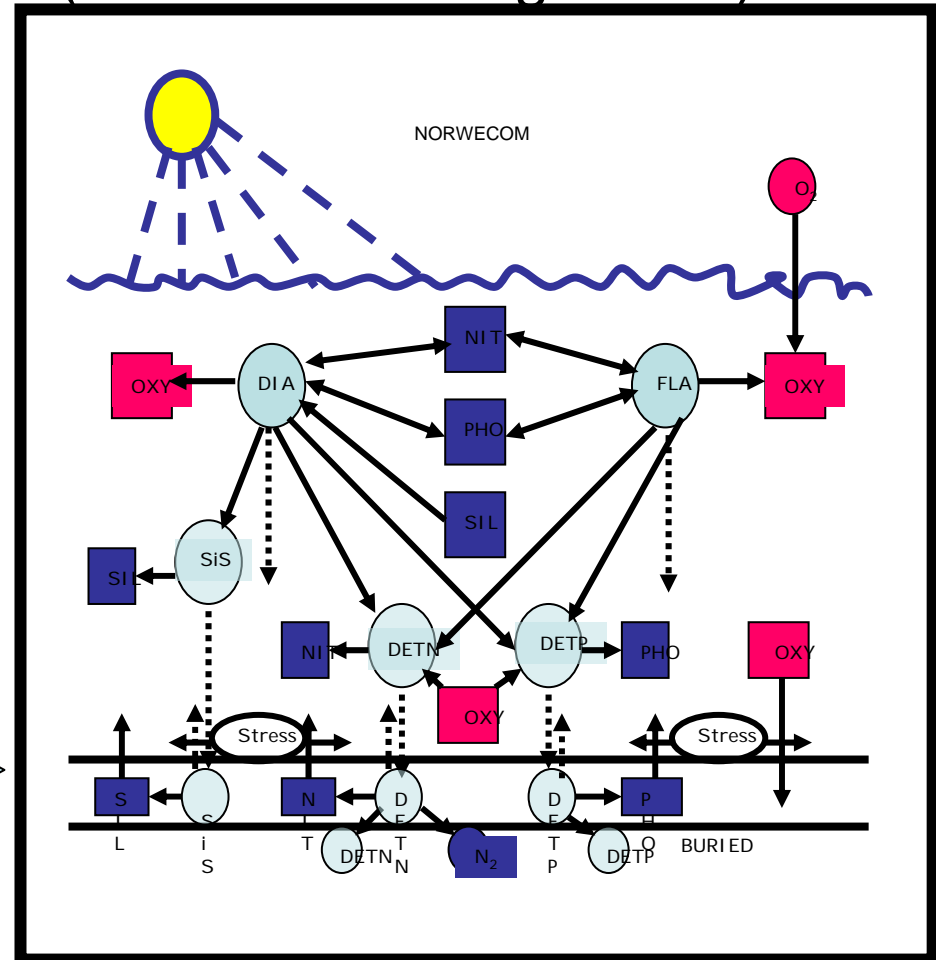


Horizontal res: 10km
Vertical: 21 σ -layers

Period: 1985-2007

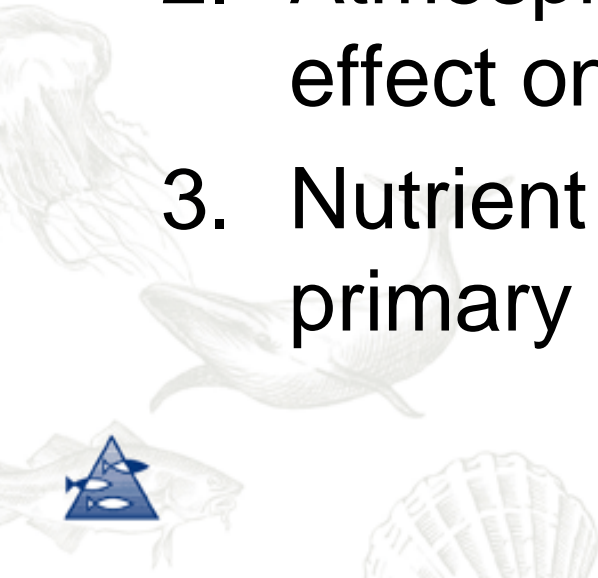


Biological modul
(diatoms and flagellates)

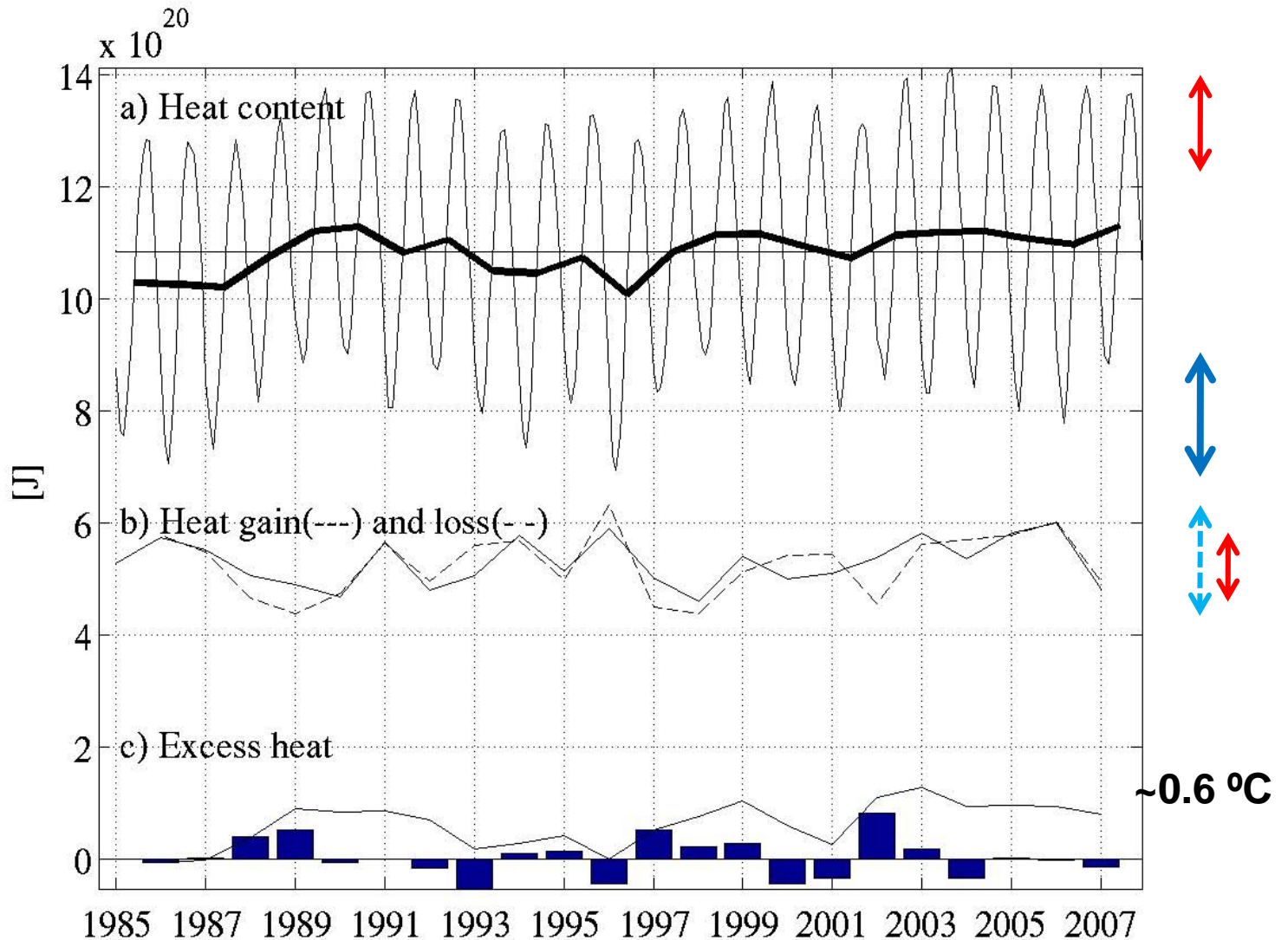


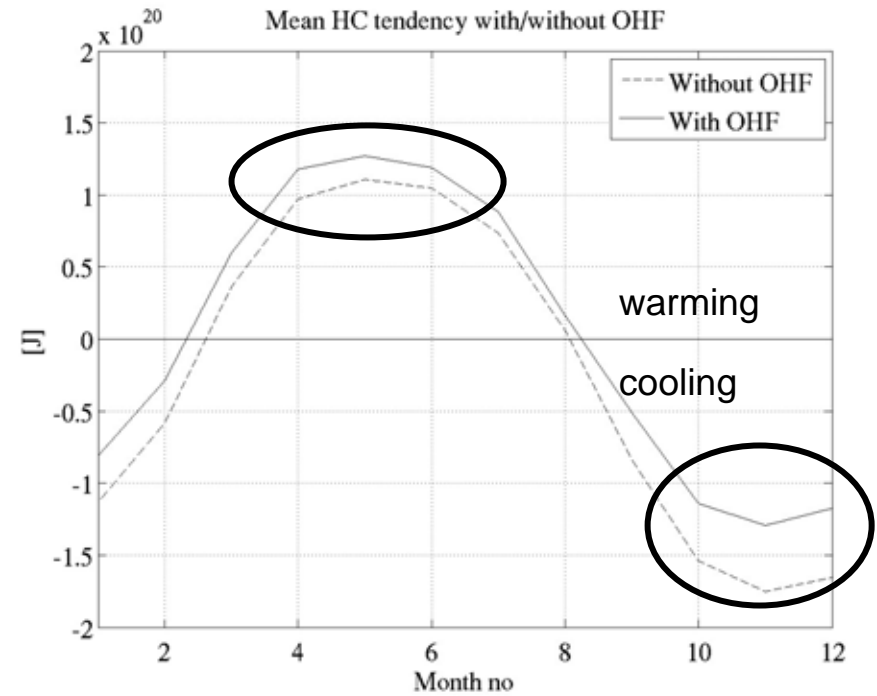
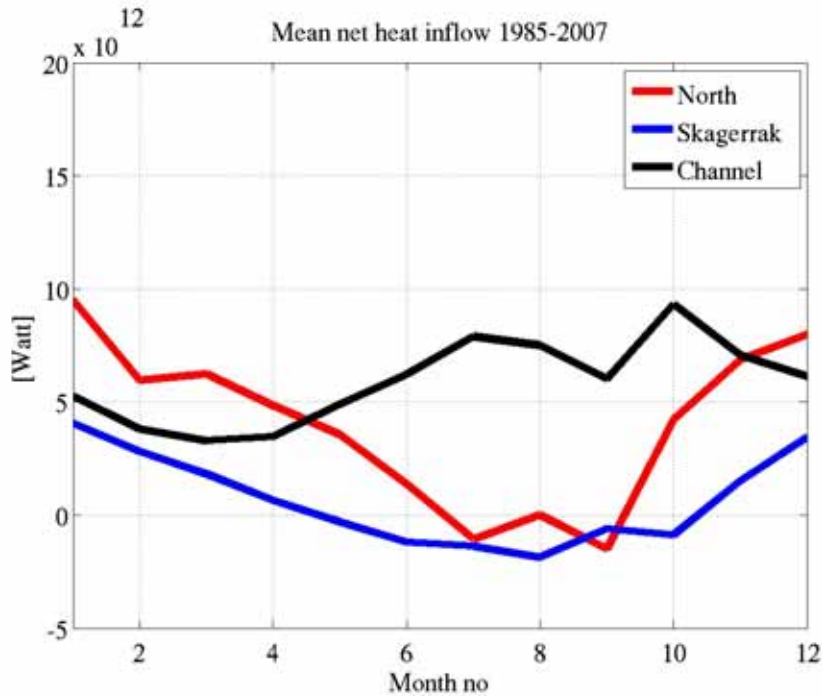
Forcing factors examined

1. Temperature
 - Storage of heat
 - Heat inflow through boundaries
2. Atmospheric forcing (NAO) and its effect on circulation
3. Nutrient enrichment and net North Sea primary production



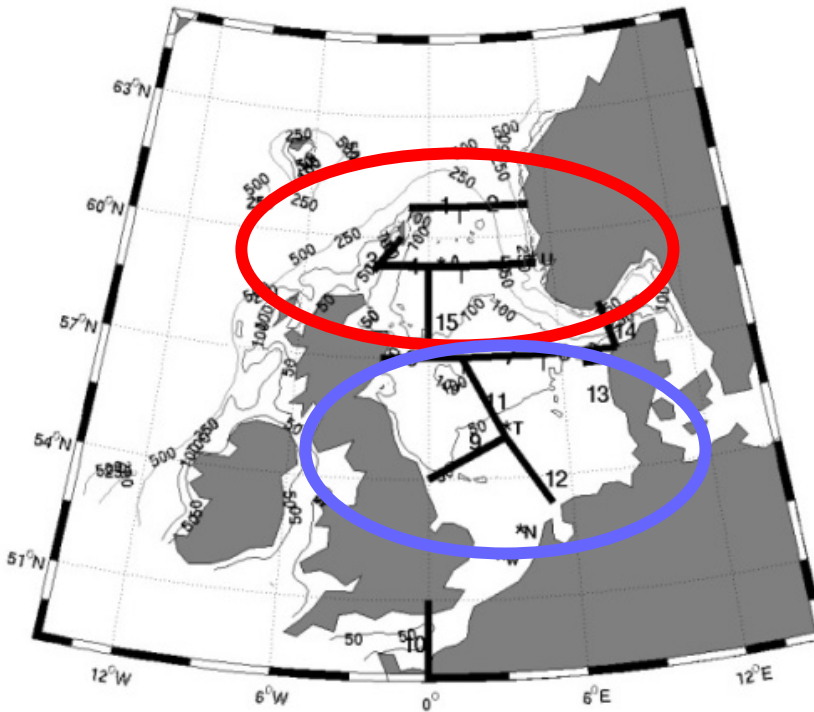
1: Temperature



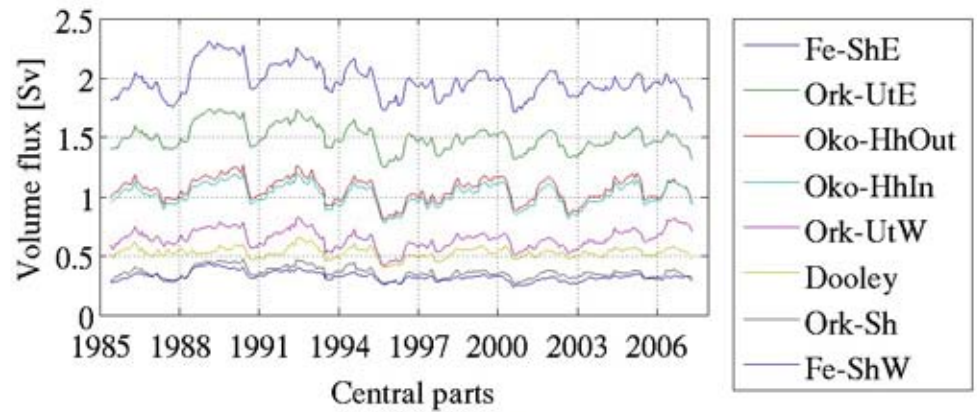


Oceanic heat flux: some extra summer warming, but greatly reduced winter cooling

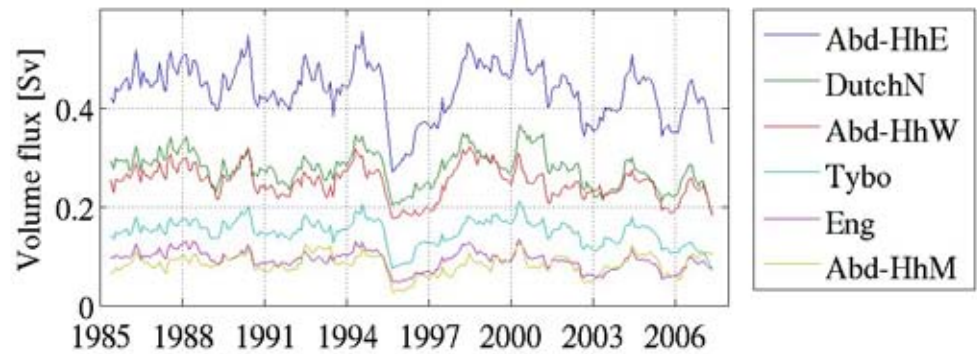
2: NAO and circulation

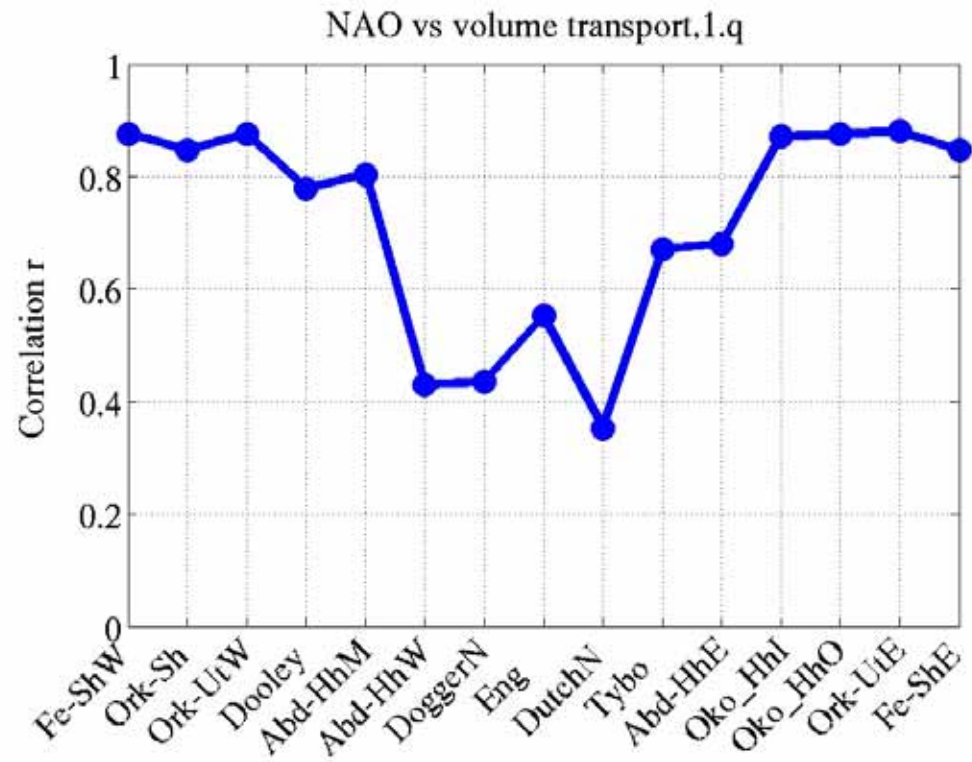


Northern inflow, Skagerrak, Norw. coast outflow



Central parts

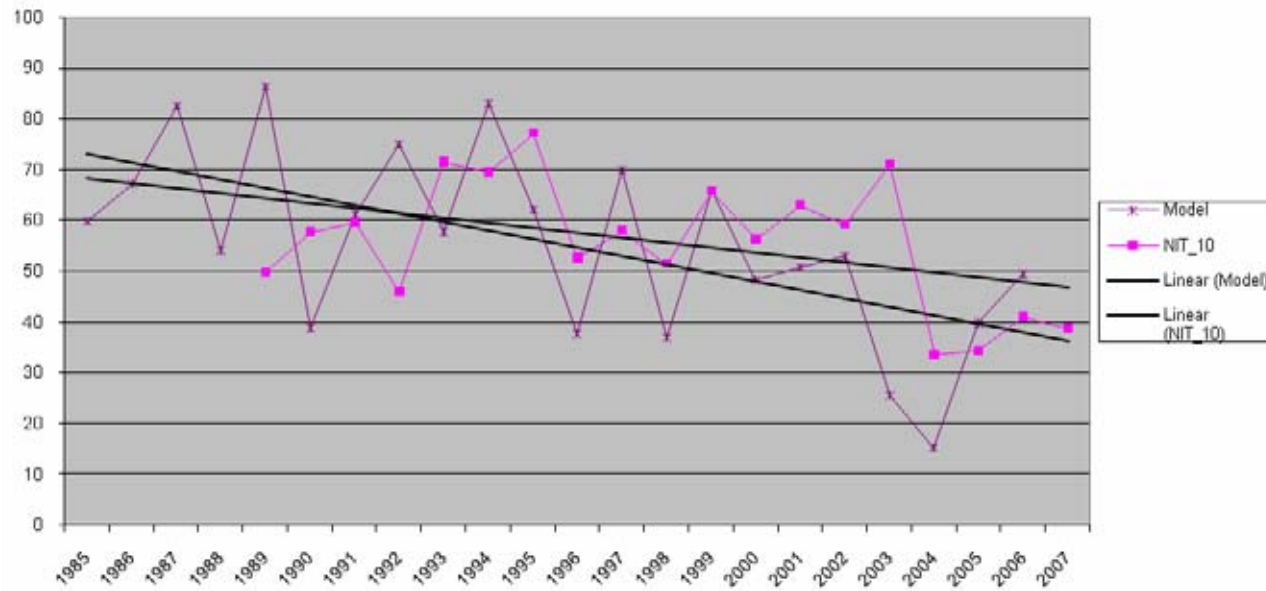




Driving force for winter inflow in north:
NAO

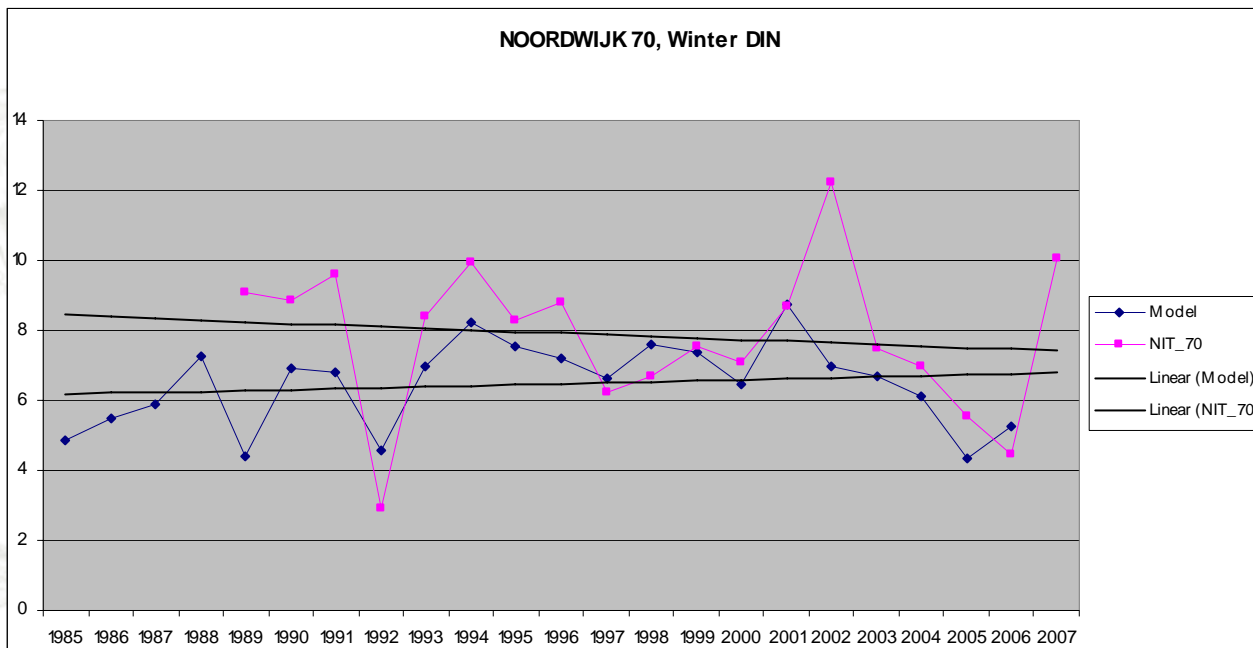


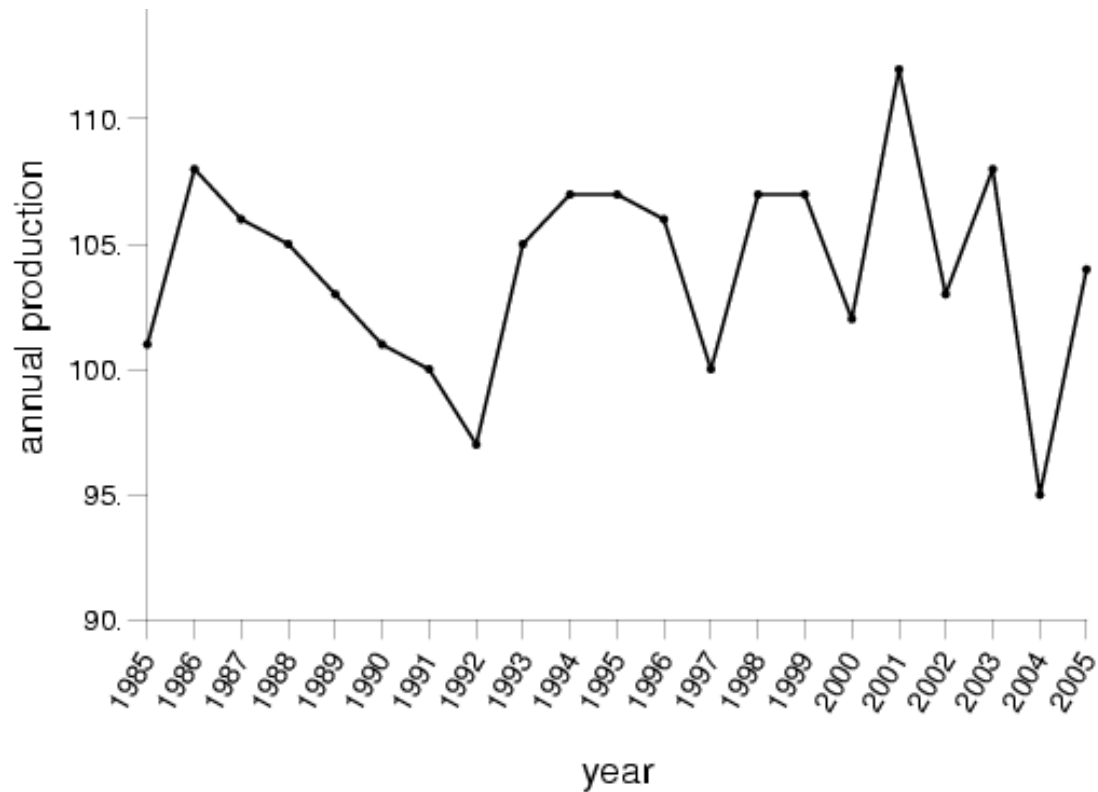
NOORDWIJK 10, Winter DIN



3: Nutrient enrichment

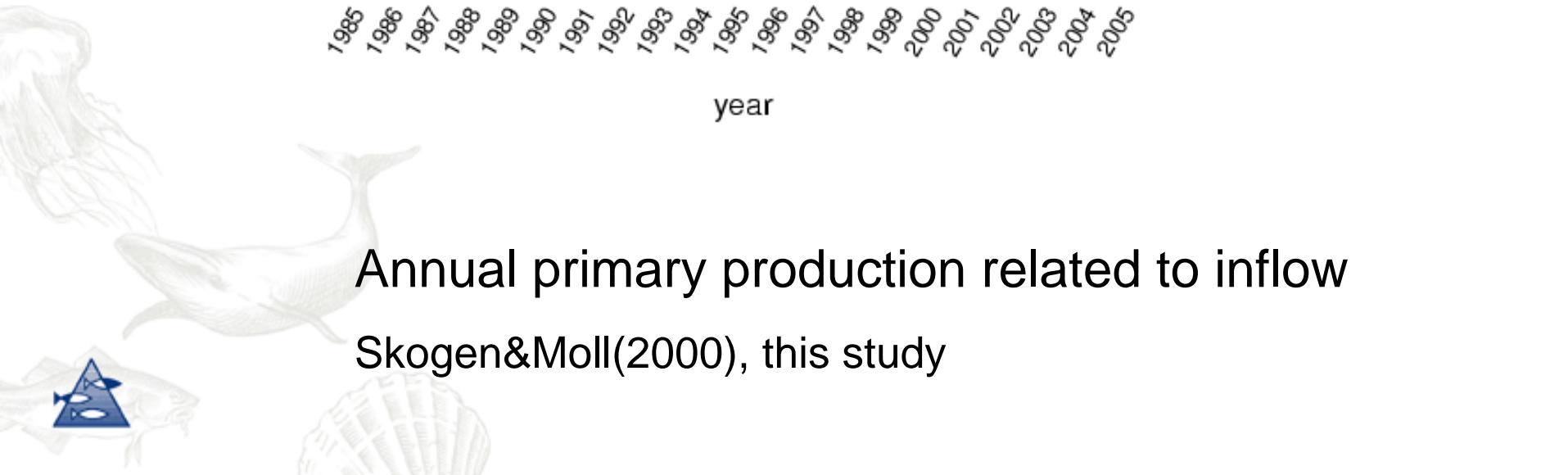
NOORDWIJK 70, Winter DIN





Annual primary production related to inflow

Skogen&Moll(2000), this study



Summary

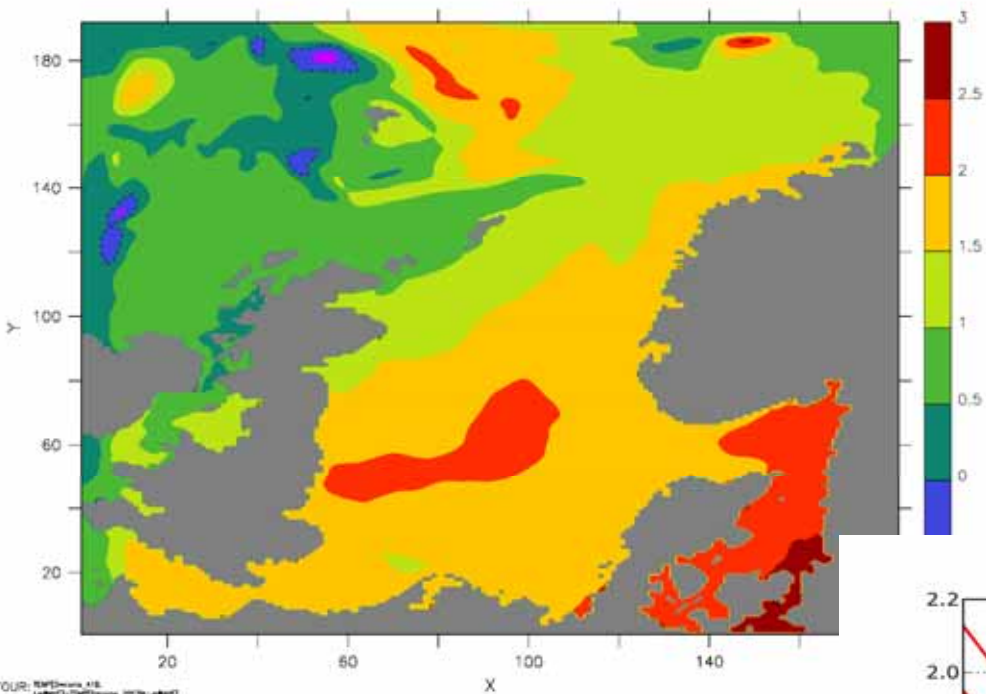
Three forcing factors affecting the North Sea ecosystem

- Temperature; I.e heat content
 - Annual mean weakly increasing
 - Large interannual variation in winter minimum & loss
 - winter oceanic heat inflow reduces winter cooling
 - winter oceanic heat inflow is dominated by northern boundary inflow
- Atmospheric forcing (NAO index)
 - strongly connected to inflow in north, less so in south
- Nutrients
 - No trend in primary production despite negative trends in nutrients

The northern boundary inflow (I.e the Atlantic Inflow) is a main player

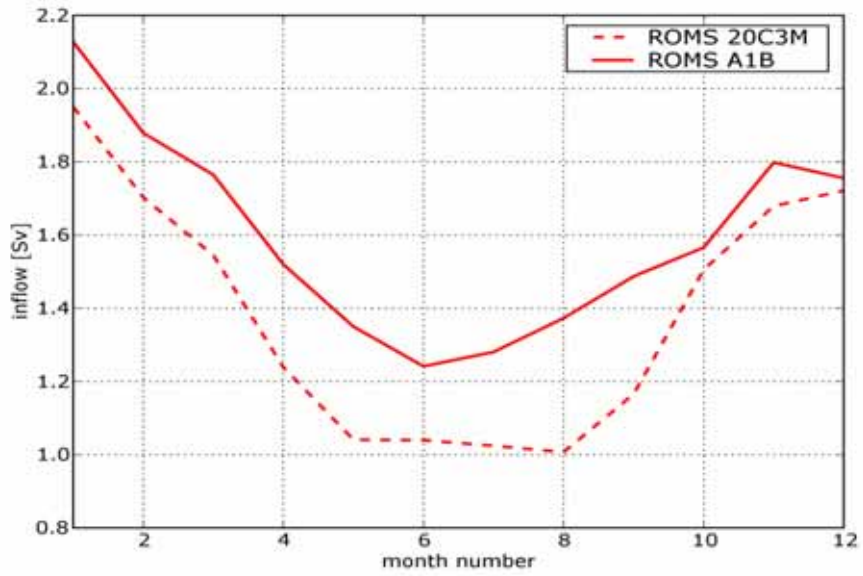


Z : 32
T (months) : 0.5 to 12.5

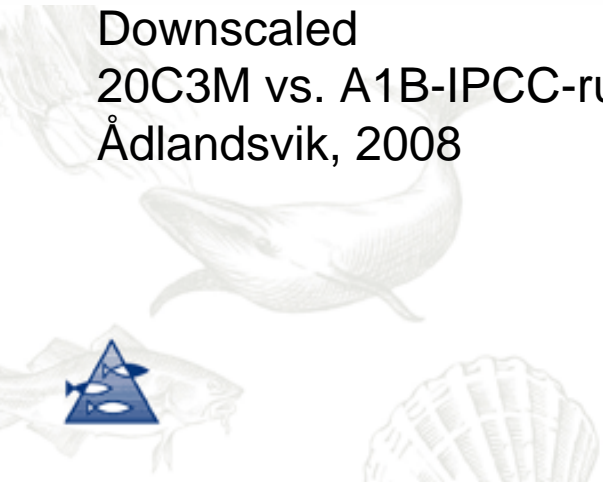


Future changes in SST and inflow to the North Sea

TEMP[D=roms_A1B,L=@AVE]-TEMP[D=roms_20C3M,L=@A]



Downscaled
20C3M vs. A1B-IPCC-runs
Ådlandsvik, 2008





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