

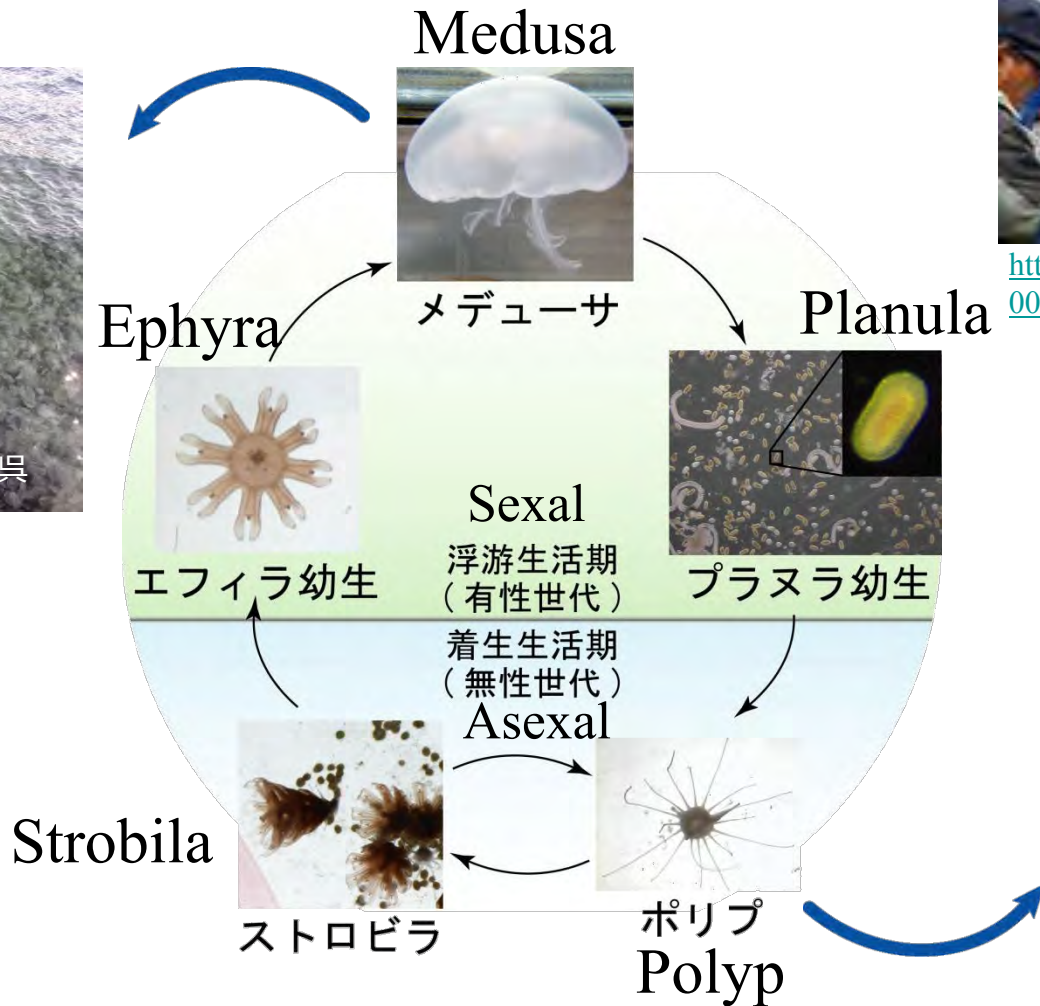
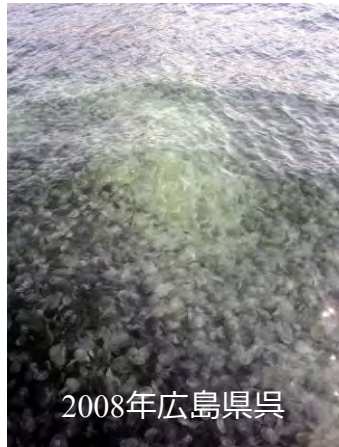
MICROBIAL CONTROL OF JELLYFISH LARVAL SETTLEMENT

ミズクラゲポリプの微生物学的制御

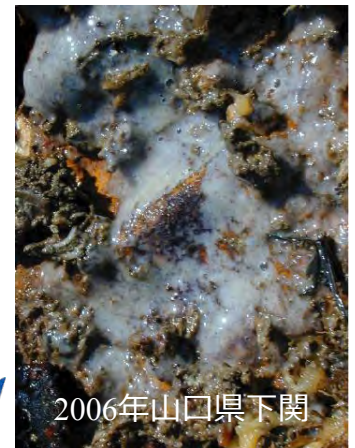
**KOJI HAMASAKI, AKIKO TOMARU, AKITO
TANIGUCHI, YUYA TADA, YASUYUKI
NOGATA AND HARUTO ISHII**

BIO-P-8709

Life cycle of *Aurelia aurita*



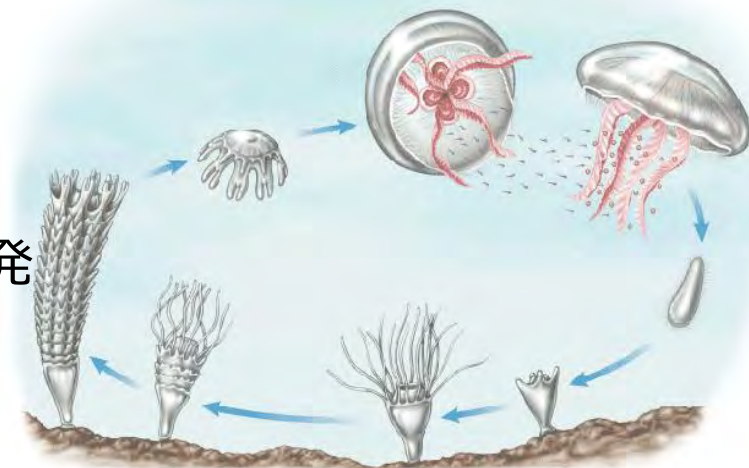
<http://d.hatena.ne.jp/abalone/20060626>



AIM

To develop a new technology for either inducing or inhibiting larval settlement and metamorphosis of jellyfish using microbes and its products.

本研究では、クラゲの大量発生を制御するためには、その幼生期における生態を制御することが効果的であるという考えに基づき、特に幼生の着生あるいは変態を微生物学的に阻害もしくは誘引する技術の開発を目指す。



Bacteria as “natural cues” of planula settlement/metamorphosis

Planula larvae	Bacteria	Effect
ヒドロ虫綱Hydrozoa ヒドラ <i>Hydractinia</i>	<i>Alteromonas</i> <i>Pseudoalteromonas</i>	Induction of metamorphosis
ヒドロ虫綱Hydrozoa オベリアクラゲ <i>Obelia loveni</i>	<i>Cobetia marina</i>	Inhibition of settlement
鉢虫綱Scyphozoa サカサクラゲ <i>Cassiopea andromeda</i>	<i>Vibrio alginolyticus</i>	Induction of metamorphosis
鉢虫綱Scyphozoa キタユウレイクラゲ <i>Cyanea capillata</i> ミズクラゲ <i>Aurelia aurita</i>	Mixed community	Induction of settlement
花虫綱Anthozoa ウミトサカ <i>Heteroxenia fuscescens</i> ミドリイシ <i>Acropora willisae</i>	<i>Pseudoalteromonas</i>	Induction of settlement and metamorphosis

“Natural cues”

Muller and Leitz (2002), Dobretsov (2005)

Microbial control of planula settlement

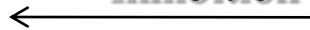
プラナラ浮遊幼生

Planula



着生阻害

Inhibition

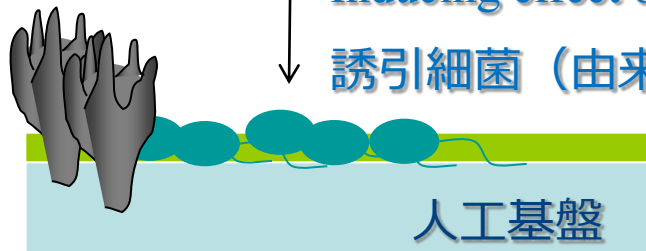


着生誘導

Induction

Inducing effect of bacteria

誘引細菌 (由来物質)



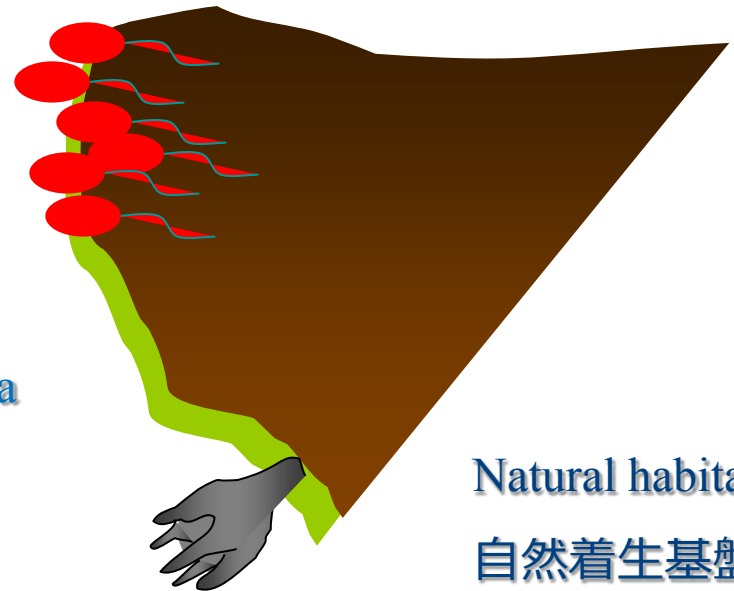
除去

Removal



Inhibitory effect of bacteria

阻害細菌 (由来物質)

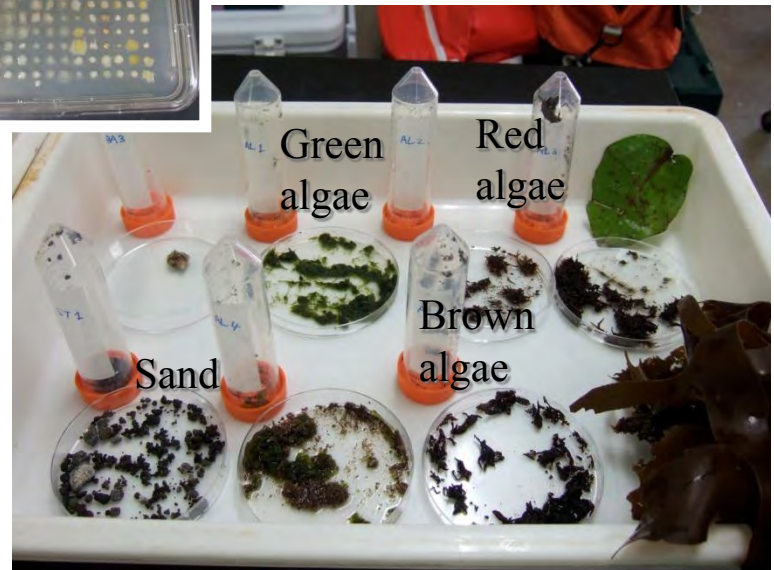
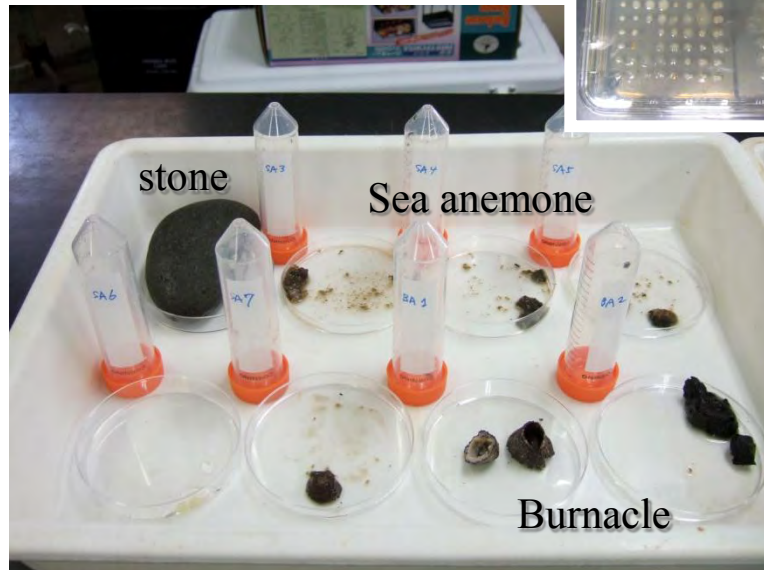
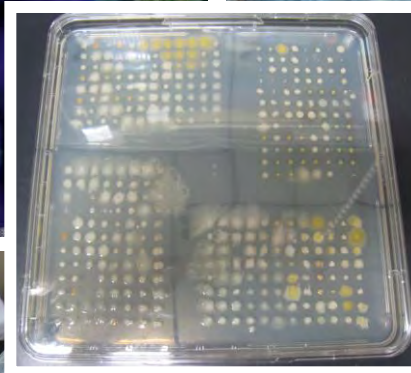


Natural habitat

自然着生基盤

1. Isolation of bacteria inducing/inhibiting settlement of jellyfish planula larvae
2. Testing the “lectin hypothesis” to explain bacteria-planula interaction
3. Application of bacteria-coated plates for collecting planula larvae

Bacterial isolation



Planula settlement assay

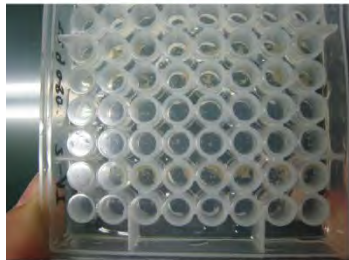
384 test isolates



クラゲ成体を優しく別の容器に移し、再度放出させる



適当な容器に移し、プランナを計数する



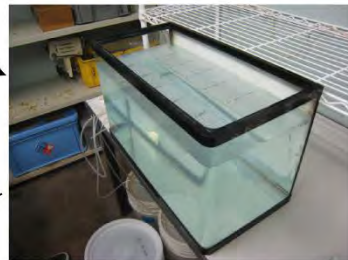
16時間以上アッセイし、プレートを上向きにし付着していないプランナを除く



クラゲ成体からプランナを放出させる(1日飼育)



目合 100 μm フランウトンネットで海水を濾す



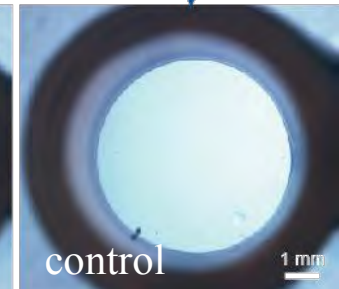
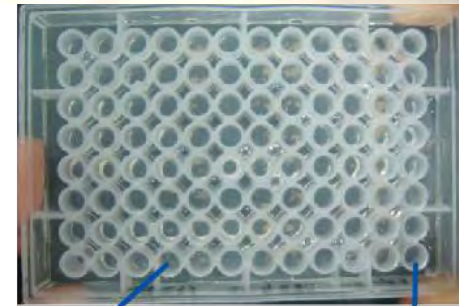
水道 40 L にプランナを加え、プレートを裏返しに浮かべアッセイを開始する



倒立顕微鏡下で計数する

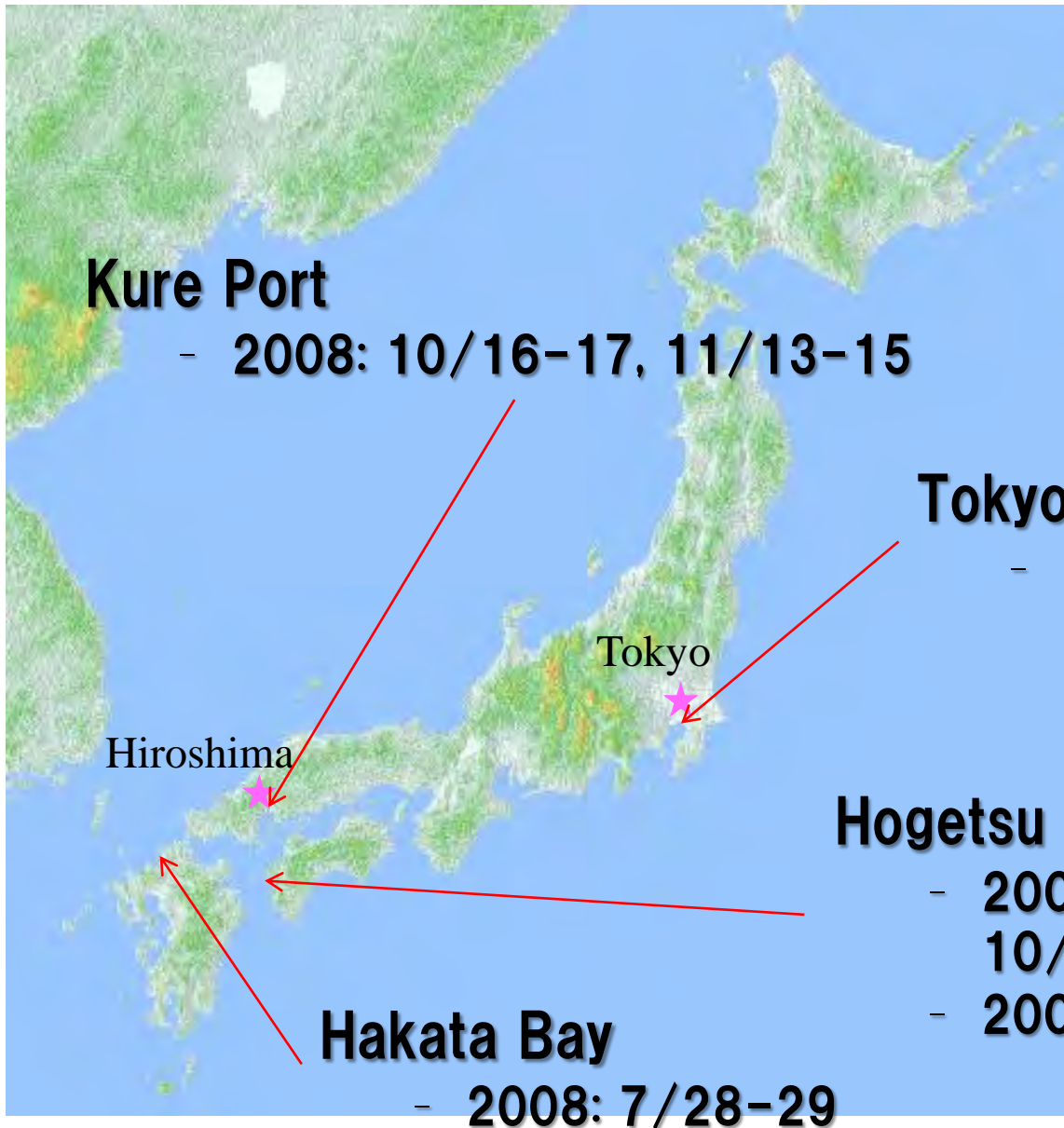
Planula larvae

1,000 ~ 60,000 inds / L



15~24h incubation

Locations of planula collection



Kure Port

- 2008: 10/16-17, 11/13-15

Tokyo Bay

- 2008: 6/23-24, 7/1-2

Hiroshima

Tokyo

Hogetsu Bay

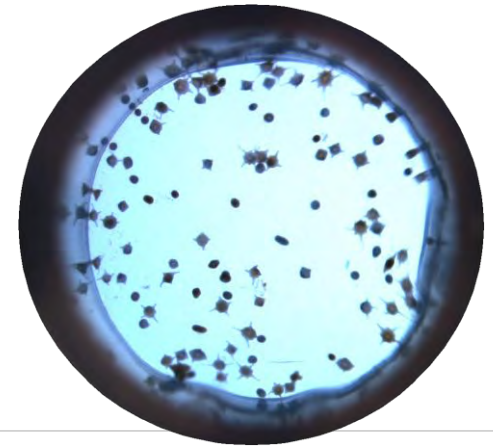
- 2007: 8/25, 9/19-21,
10/11, 11/1

- 2008: 7/17-20, 8/11-13

Hakata Bay

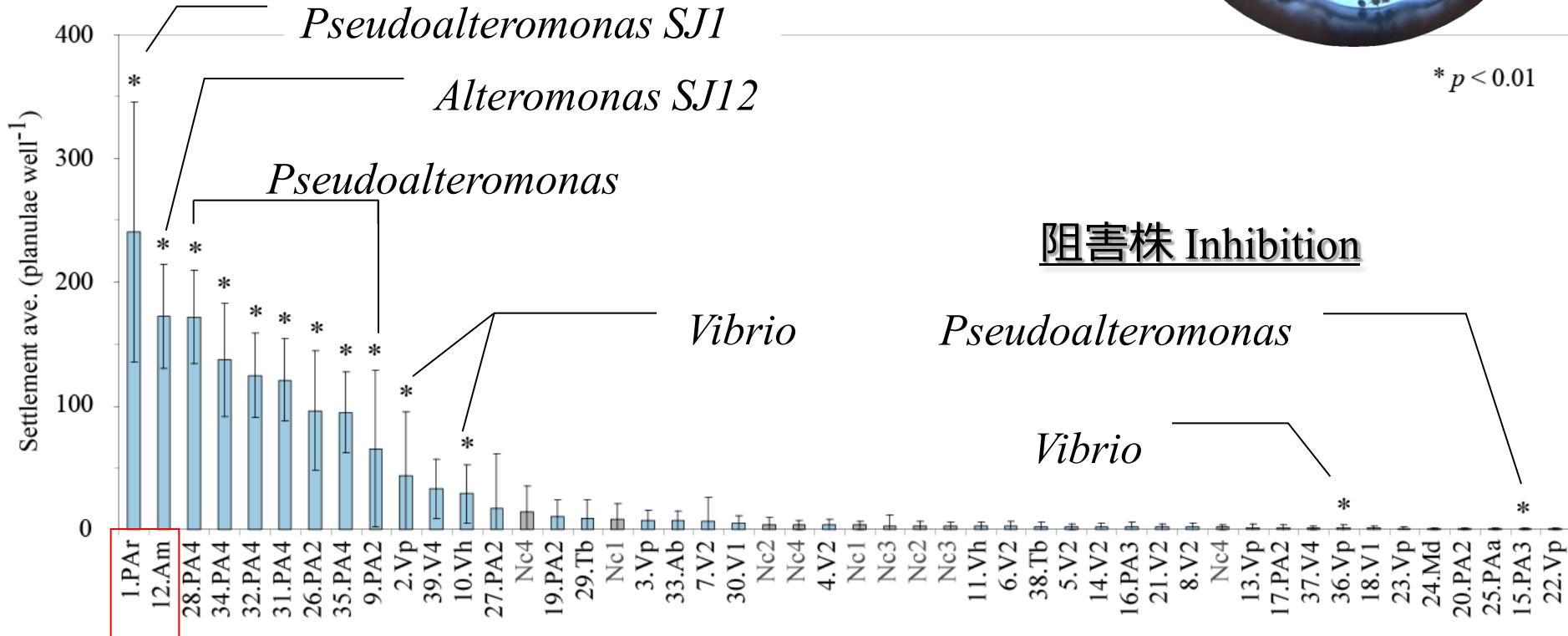
- 2008: 7/28-29

Isolation of settlement-inducing bacteria



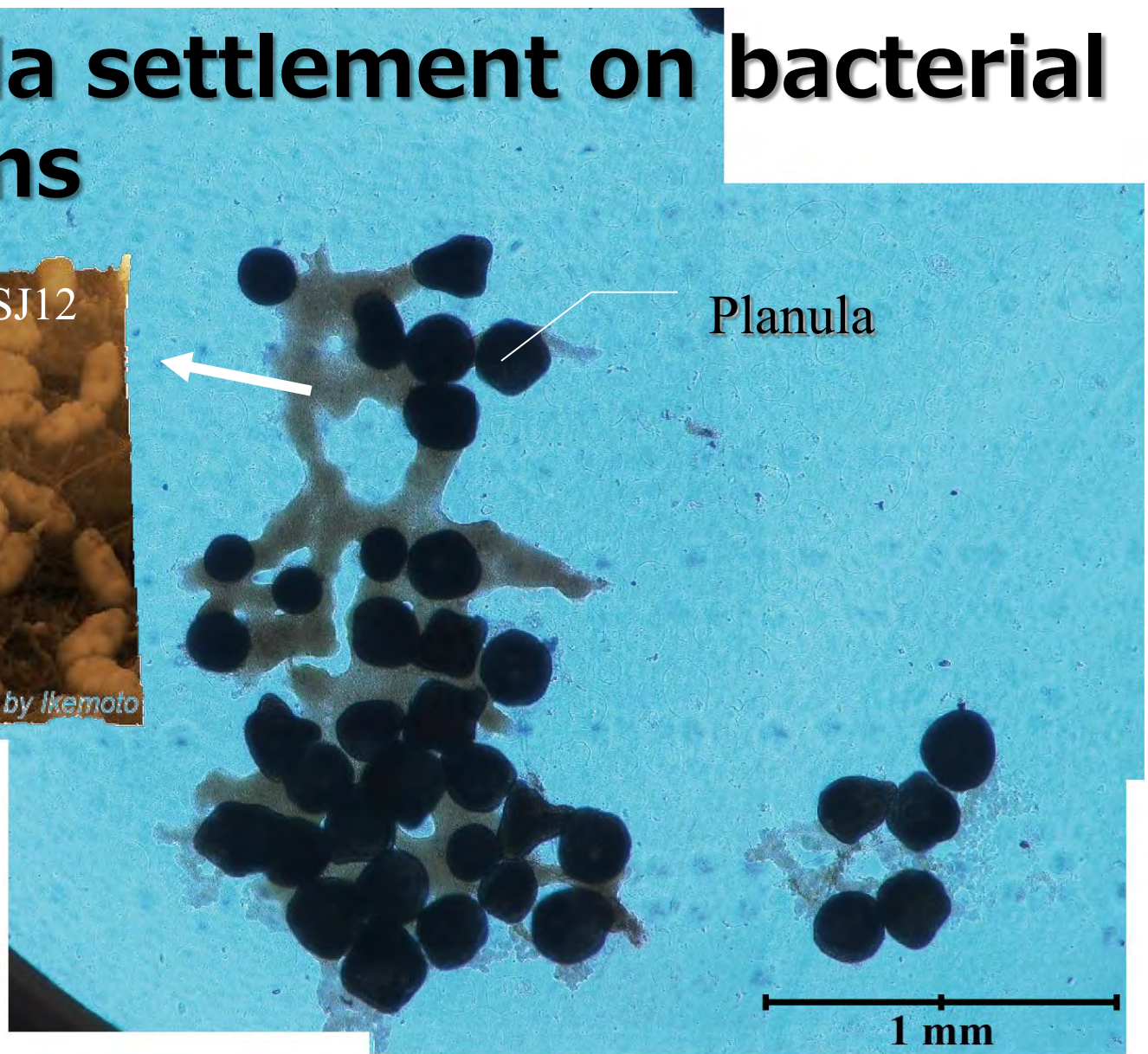
誘因株 Induction

平均プラナラ付着数

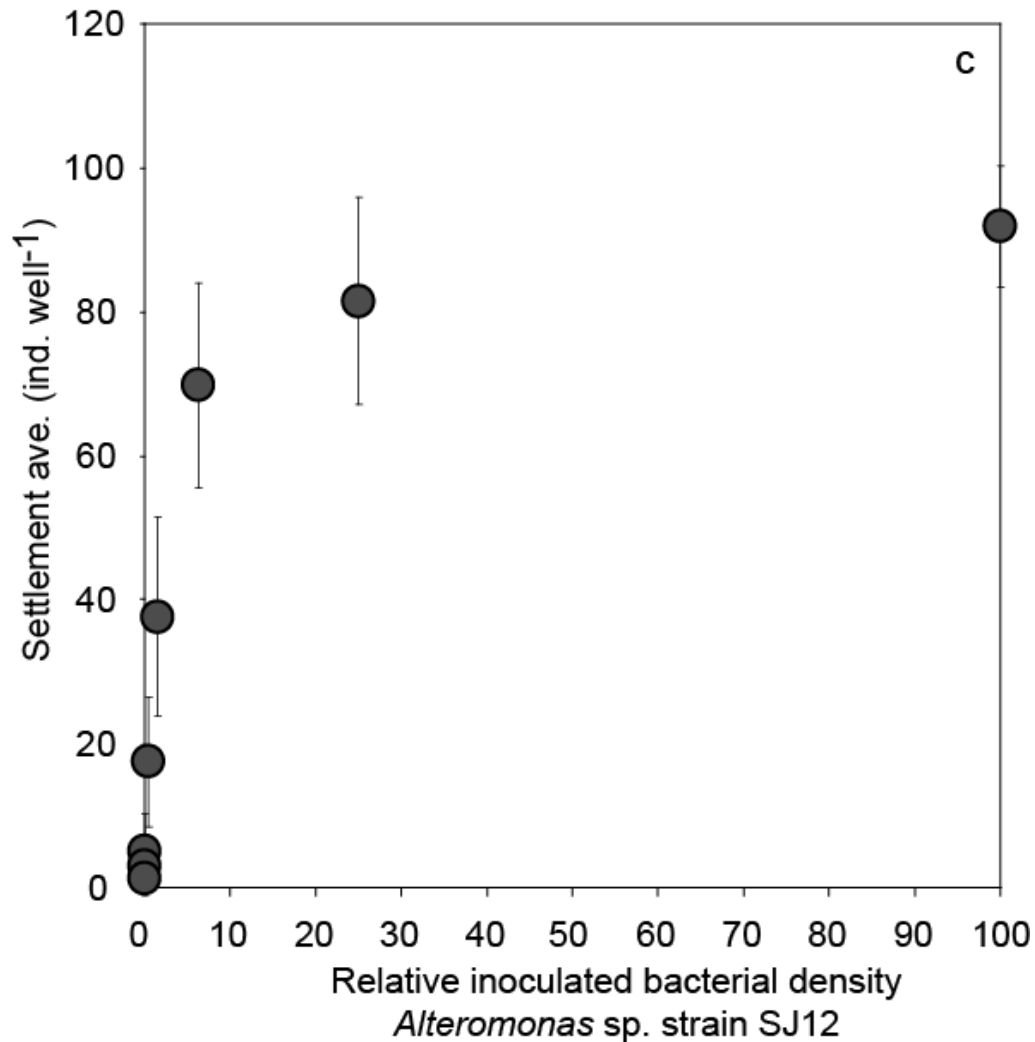


Induction:12, Inhibition:8

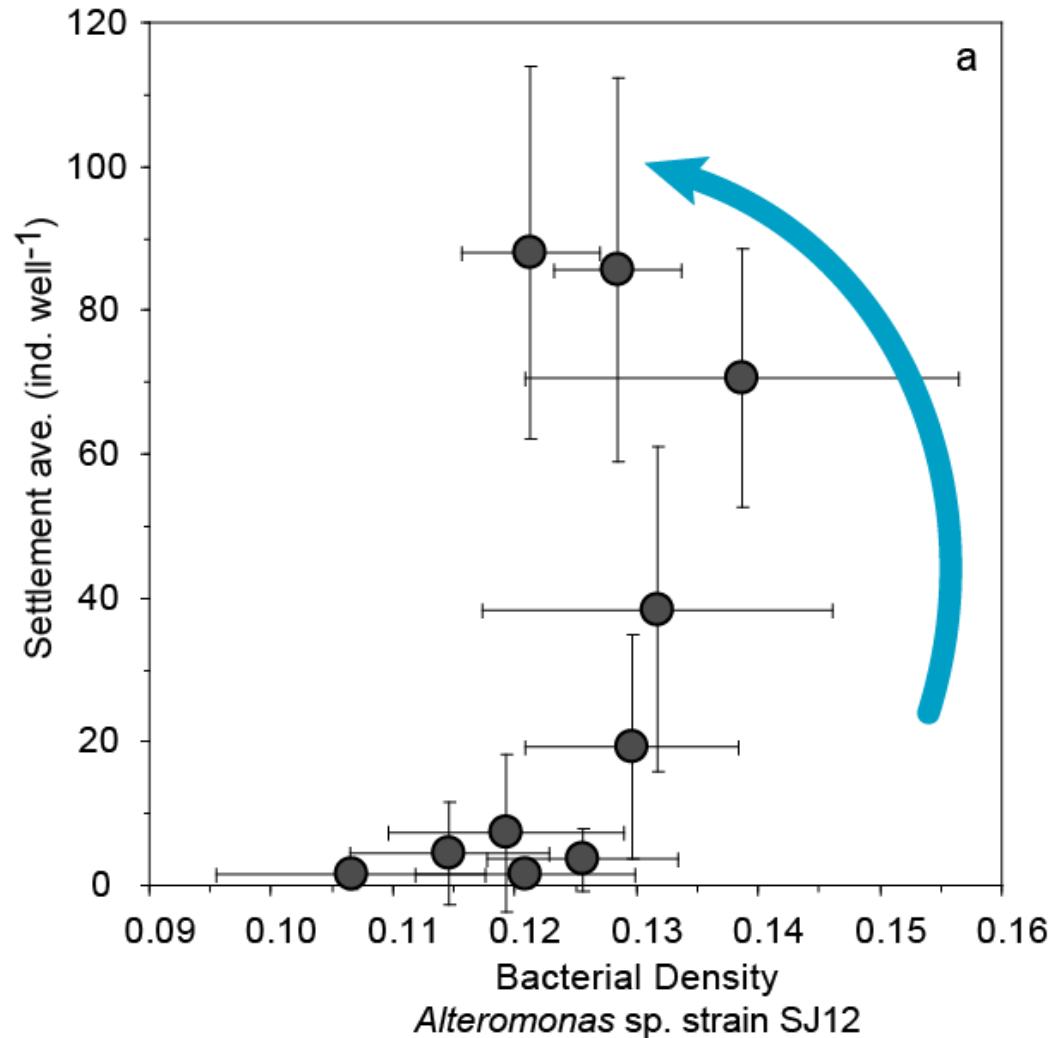
Planula settlement on bacterial biofilms



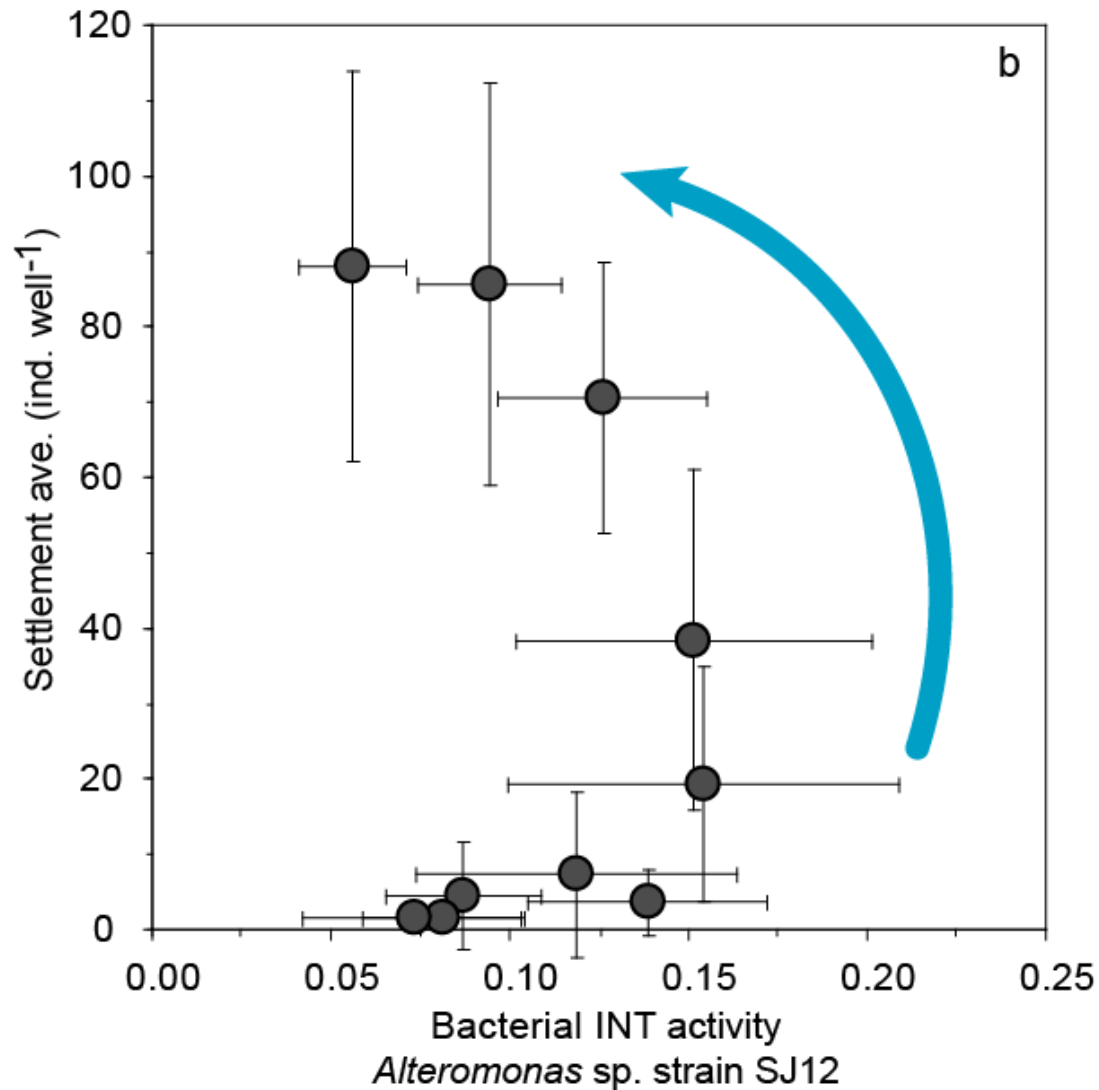
Planula settlement vs bacterial no.



Planula settlement vs biofilm density



Planula settlement vs biofilm activity



Hypothesis of bacterial induction of planula settlement

プラナラ Planula

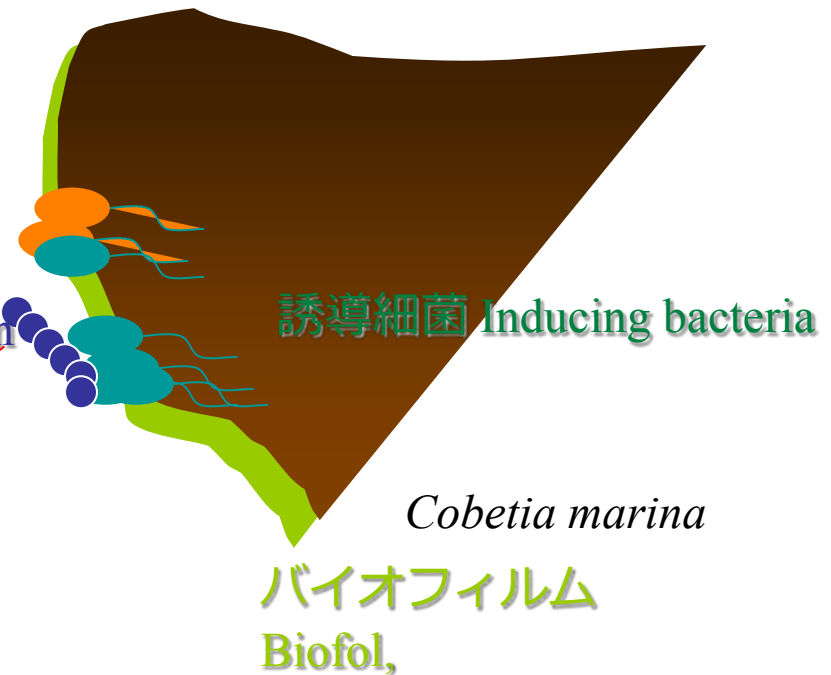


Obelia loveni
オベリアクラゲ

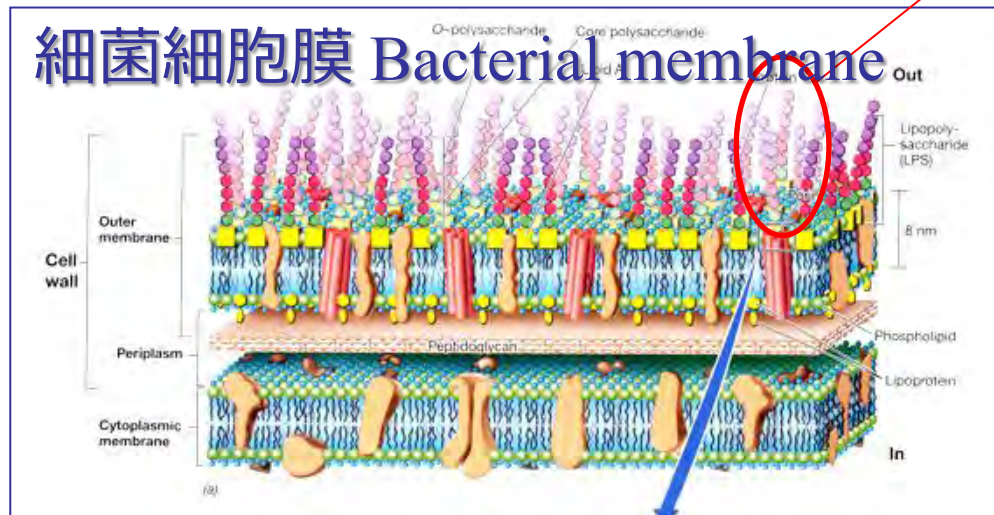
糖鎖認識

糖鎖

Sugar chain



細菌細胞膜 Bacterial membrane

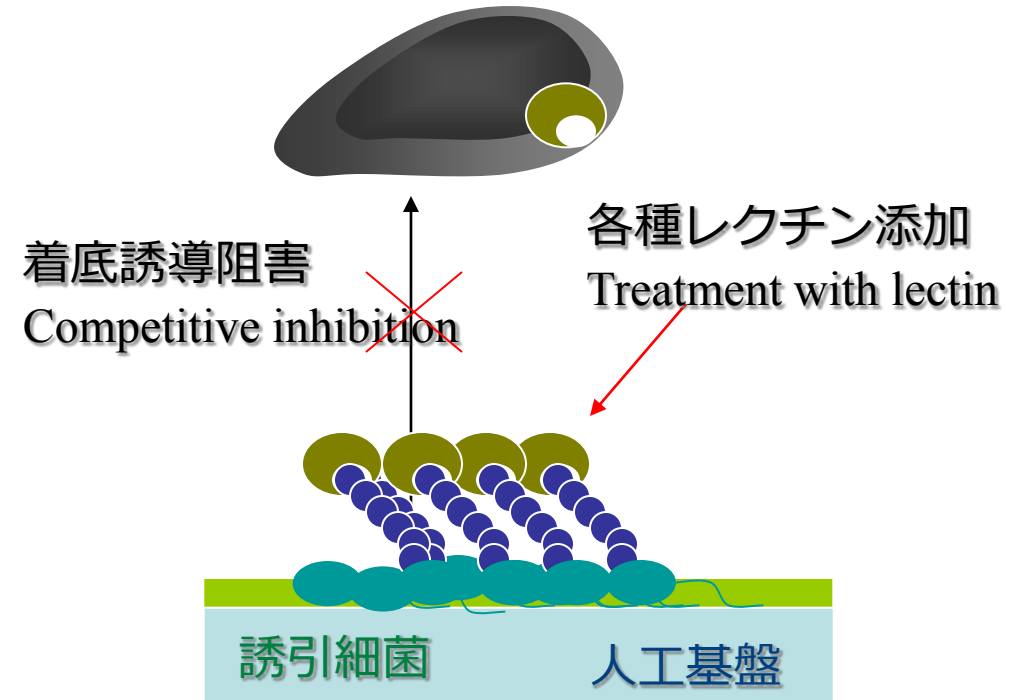
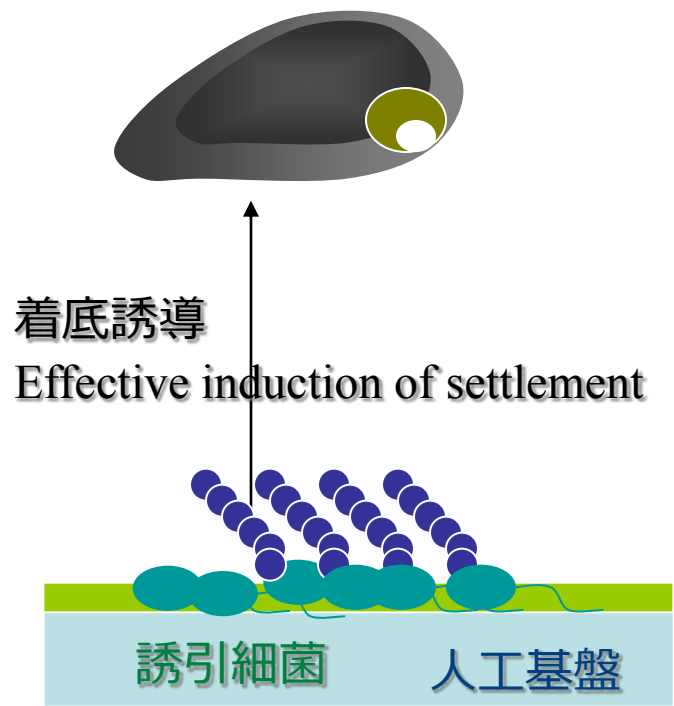


Kirchman and Mitchell (1981)
 Dobretsov (2005)

Lectin assay

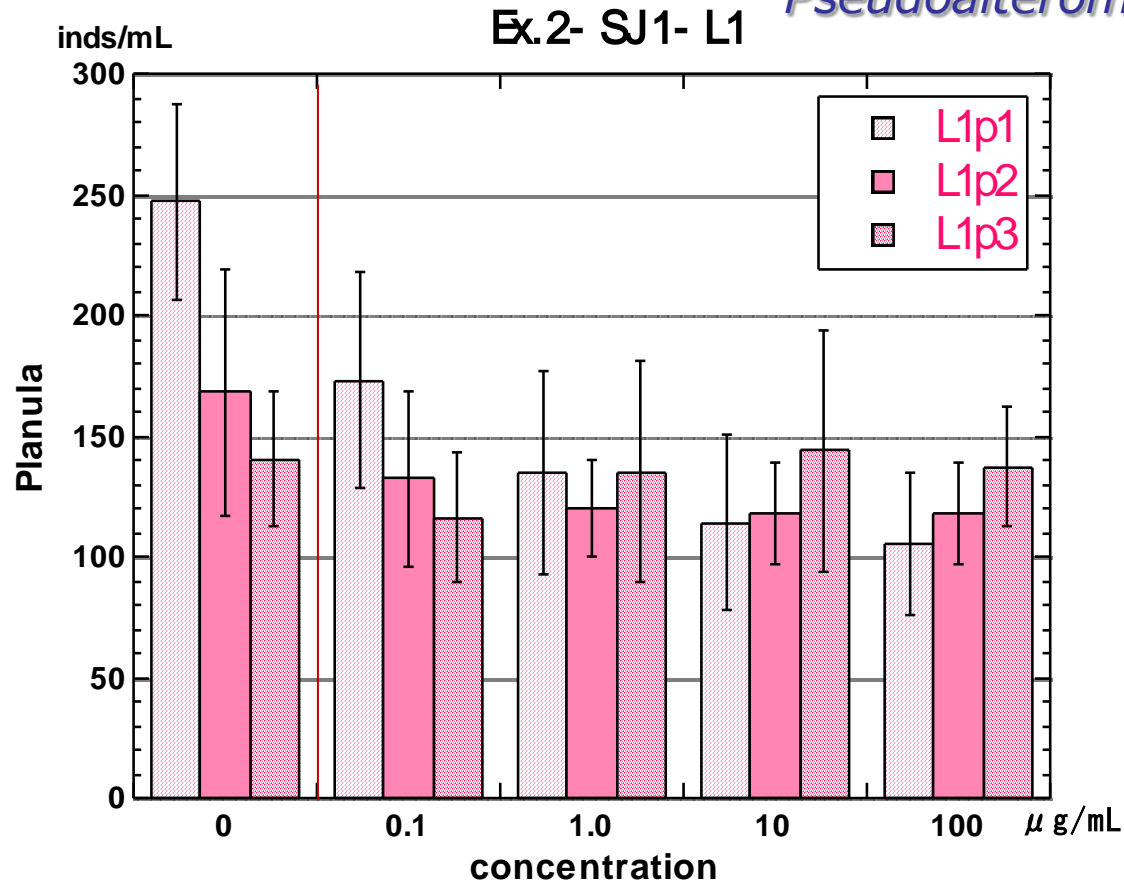
プラヌラ Planula

プラヌラ



Effect of lentil lectin on bacterial induction of planula settlement

Pseudoalteromonas sp. SJ1



Lentil lectin

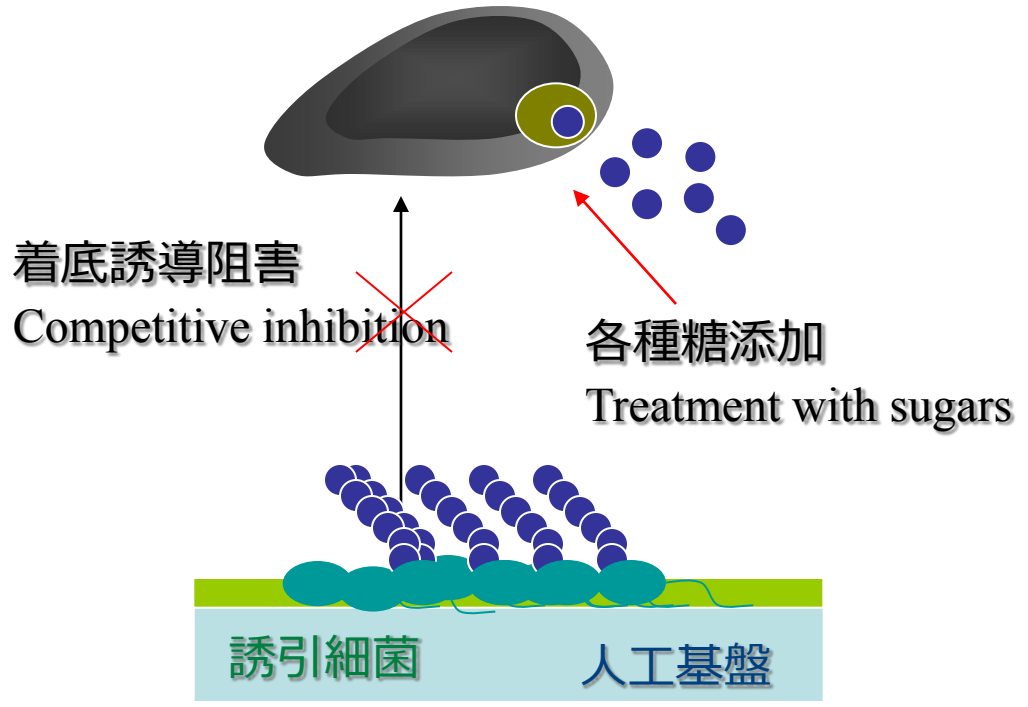
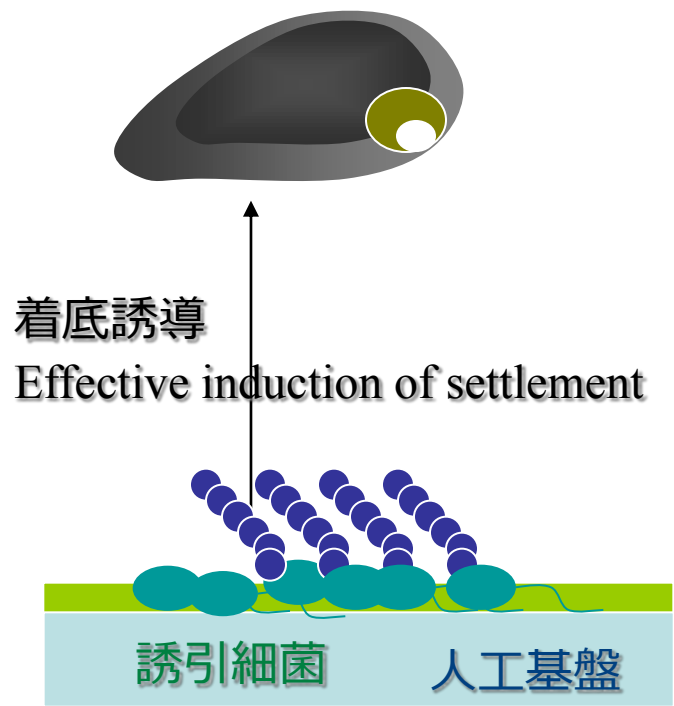
Suppression of bacterial inducing effect on planula settlement by lectins

No	Lectin	Source	Sugar specificity	Positive / no. of test
L1	Lentil (LCA)	<i>Lens culinaris</i>	Man, Fuc	3/5
L2	Peanut (PNA)	<i>Arachis hypogaea</i>	Gal/GalNAc	3/5
L3	Concanavalin A (Con A)	<i>Canavalia ensiformis</i>	Man	1/5
L4	Wheat germ (WGA)	<i>Triticum vulgare</i>	GlcNAc, Sia	1/3
L5	Soybean	<i>Glycine max</i>	Gal/GalNAc	3/5
L6	Winged pea	<i>Lotus tetragonolobus</i>	Fuc	1/3

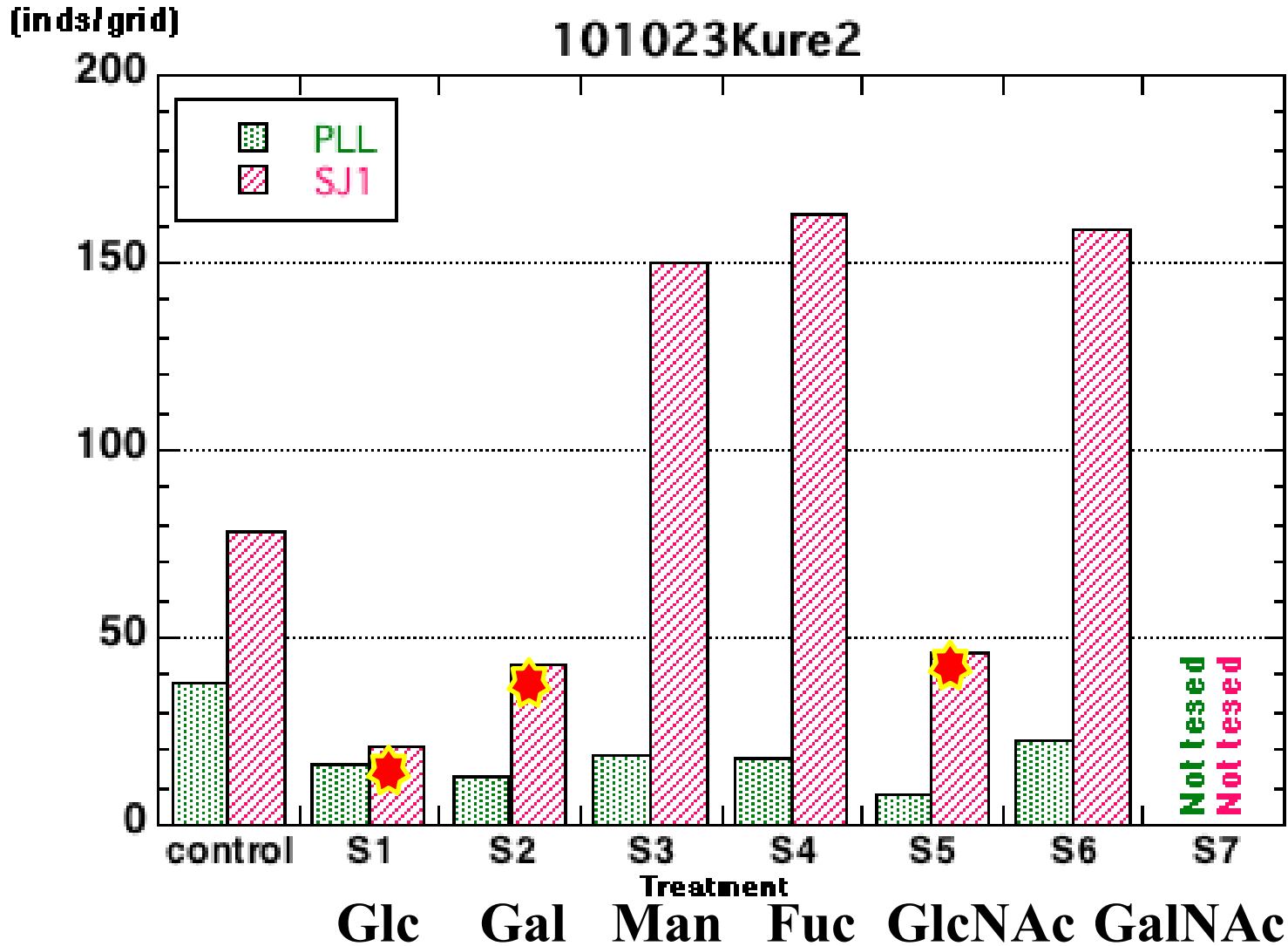
Lectin-sugar assay

プラヌラ Planula

プラヌラ



Lectin-sugar assay

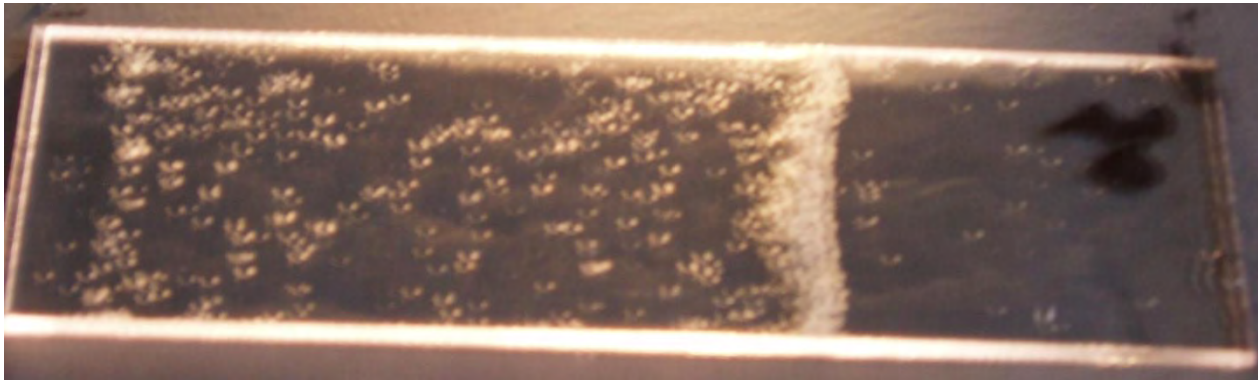


Simulated *in situ* collection of planula larvae



Simulated *in situ* collection of planula larvae

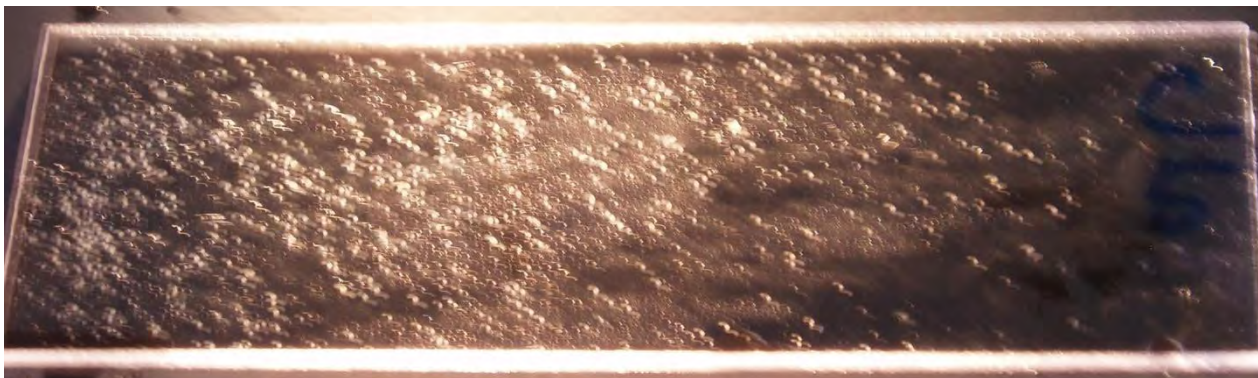




Inducing bacteria
SJ1



Inhibiting bacteria
SJ22



control

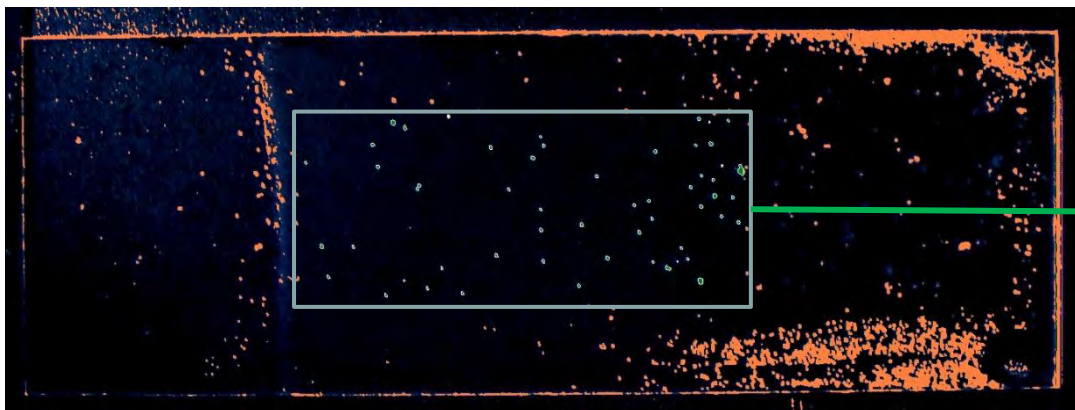


Image analysis



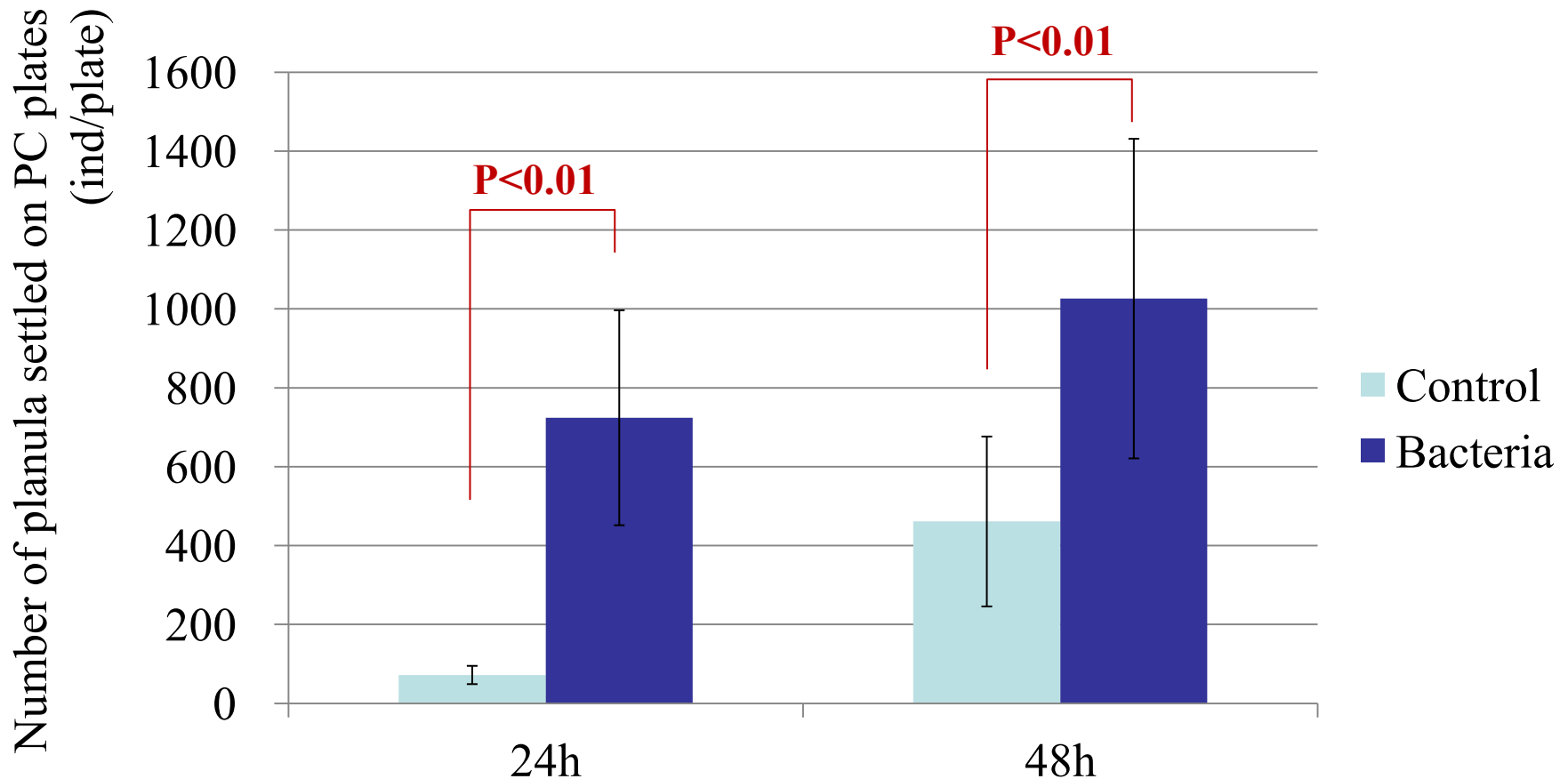
Total area

Number of planula



Planula size

Simulated *in situ* collection of planula larvae



SUMMARY

1. Marine bacteria inducing/inhibiting settlement of planula larvae of *Aureria aulita* (*Pseudoalteromonas* sp., *Alteromonas* sp., *Vibrio* sp.) were successfully isolated.
2. Interaction between planula lectin and bacterial oligosacchhalide possibly involves in the inducing effect.
3. Bacteria-coated plates can effectively collect planula larvae.

THANK YOU

STOPJELLY project

Studies on prediction and control of jellyfish outbreaks

Funding: Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries Research
Council