

Towards a social-ecological-environmental system approach for the coastal ocean

by Emanuele Di Lorenzo, Alida Bundy & Keith Criddle



PICES STUDY GROUP
established in 2013



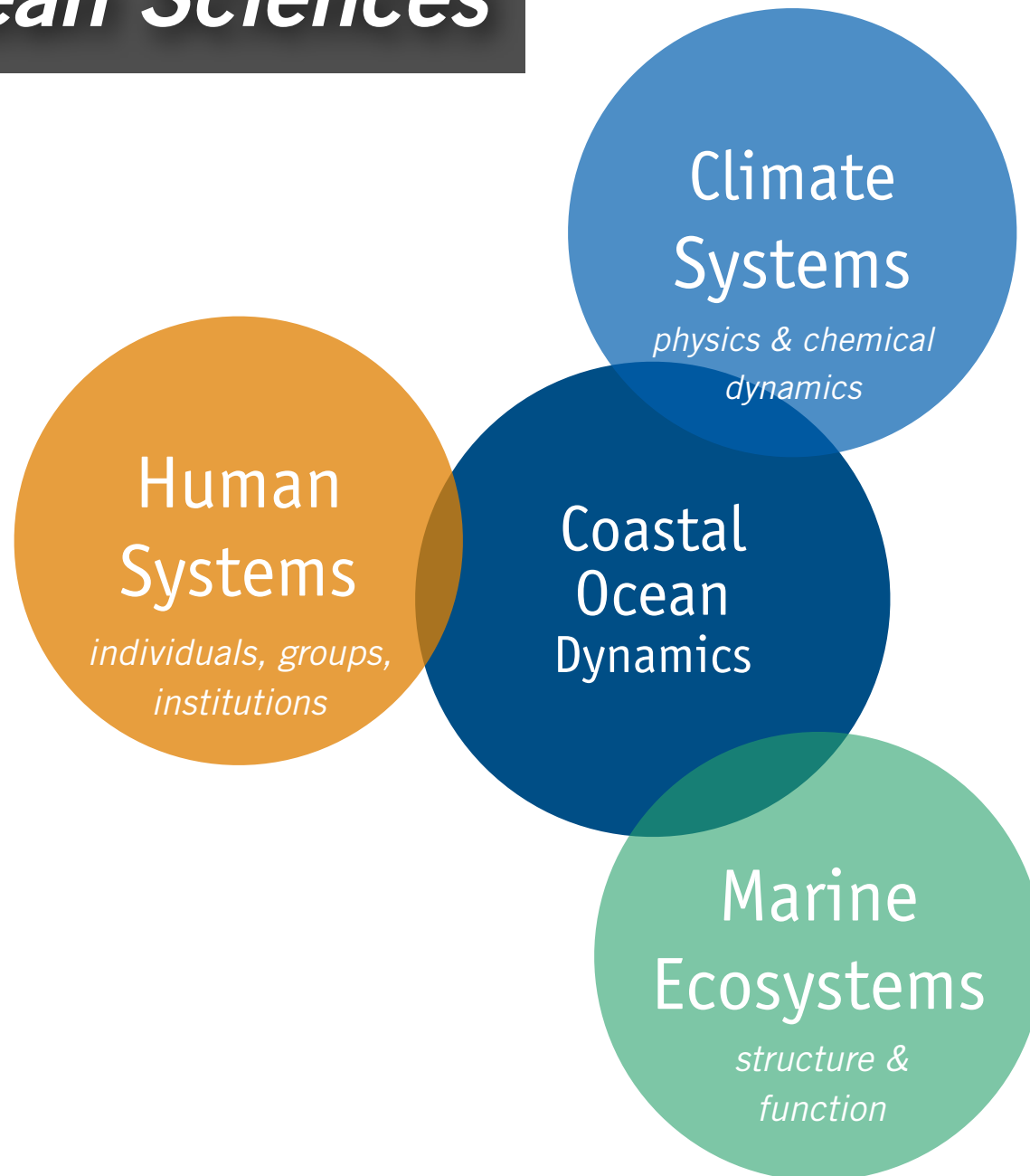
Georgia Institute
of **Technology**

Coastal Ocean Sciences

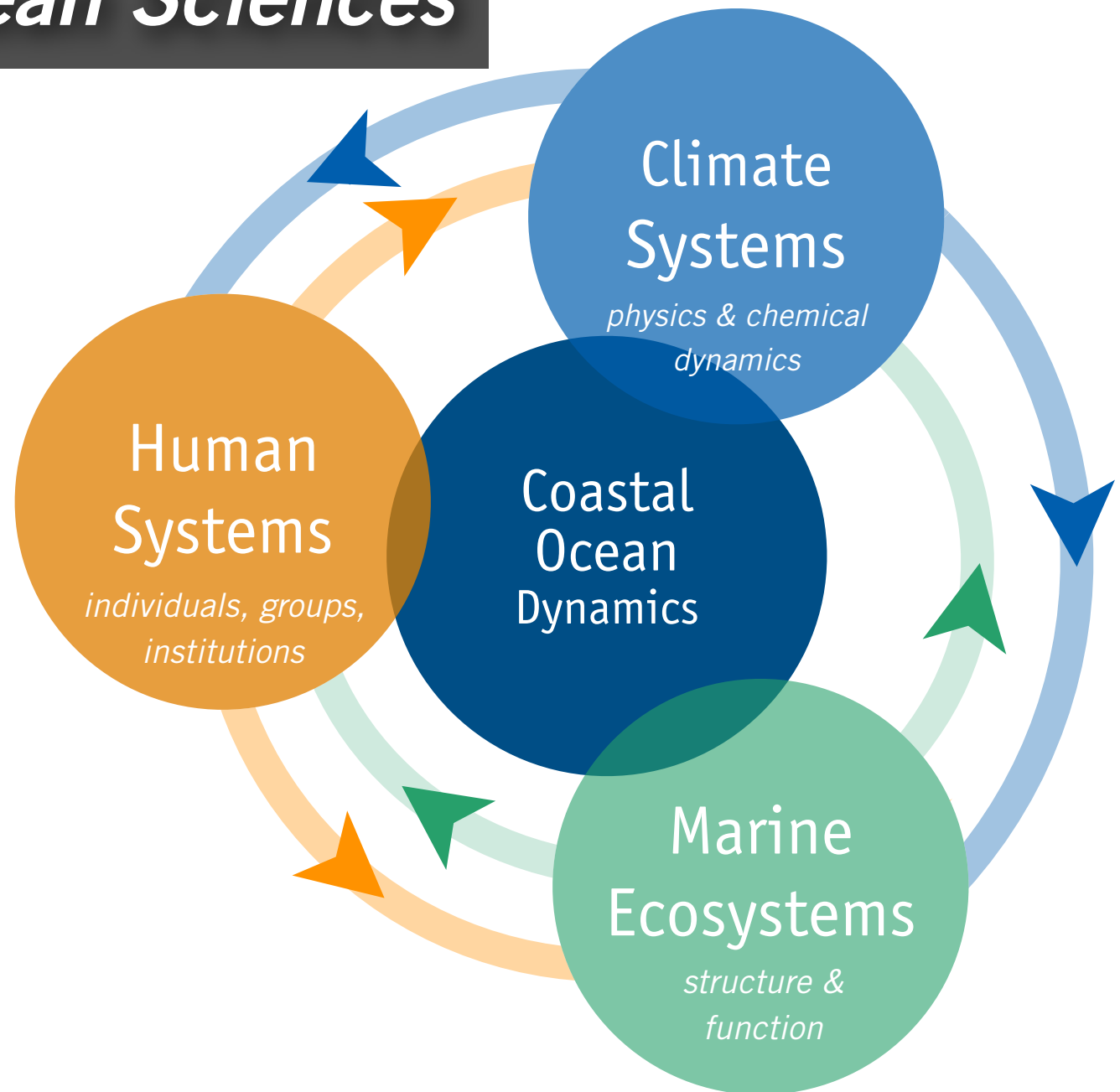


Coastal
Ocean
Dynamics

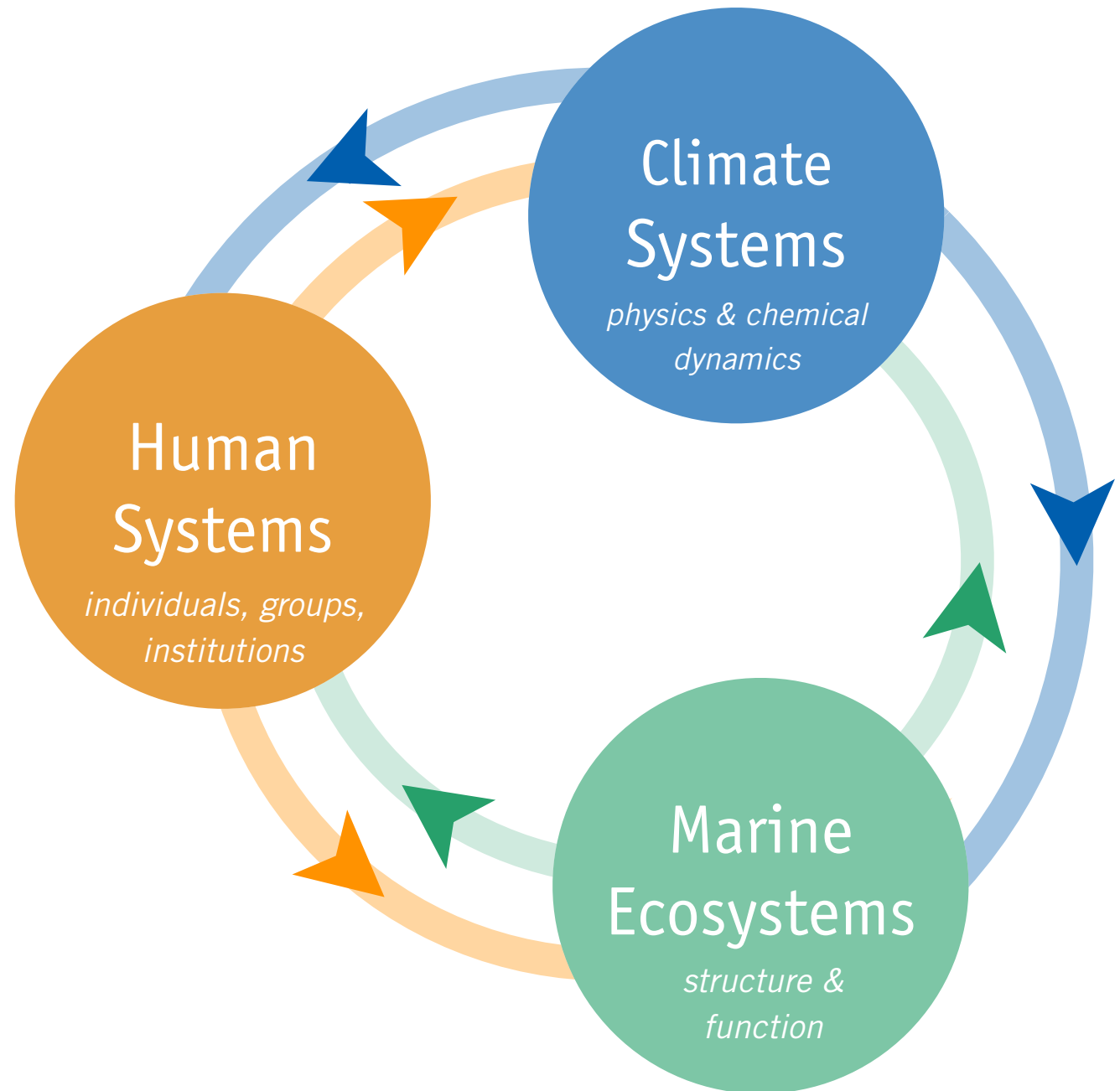
Coastal Ocean Sciences



Coastal Ocean Sciences

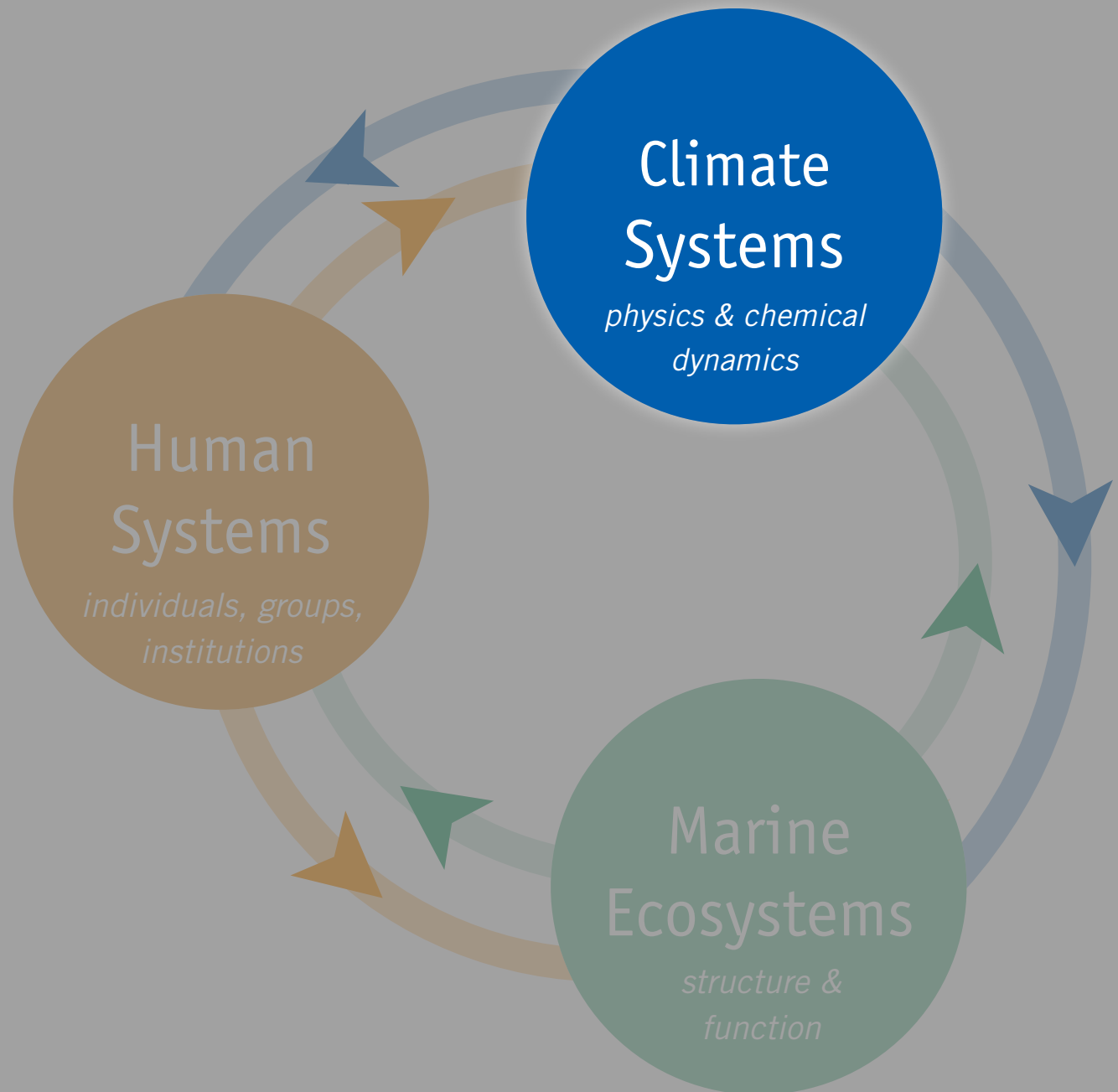


Social-Ecological-Environmental System (SEES)



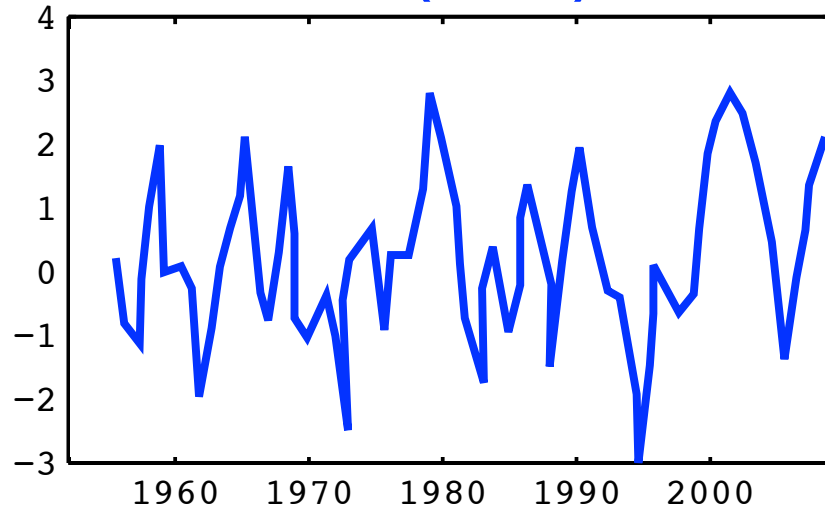
*Berkes and Folke 1998
Ostrom 2009
Perry et al 2010*

Social-Ecological-Environmental System (SEES)



Social-Ecological-Environmental System

Climate Index (NPGO)



Di Lorenzo et al., 2008

*The North Pacific Gyre Oscillation
(NPGO)*

Climate
Systems

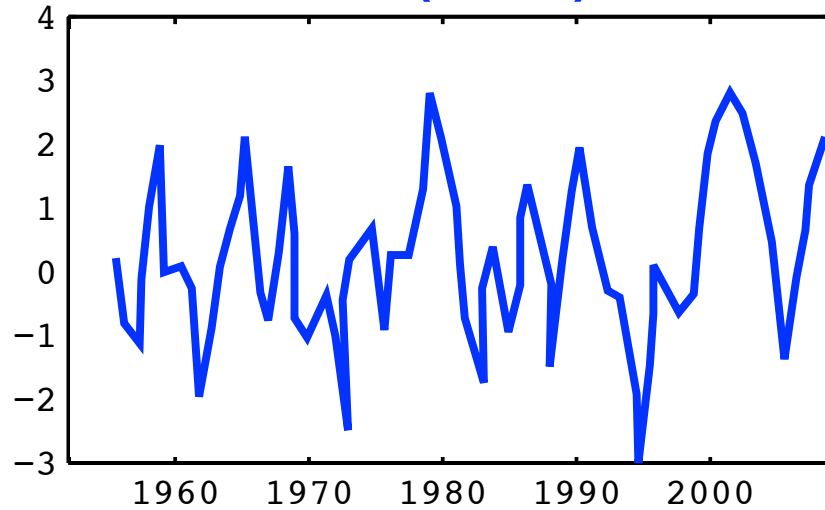
*physics & chemical
dynamics*

Marine
Ecosystems

*structure &
function*

Social-Ecological-Environmental System

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Climate
Systems

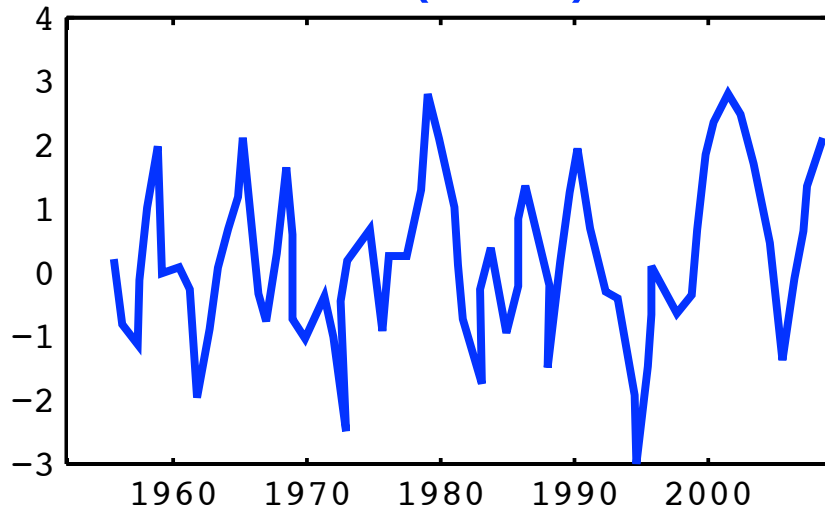
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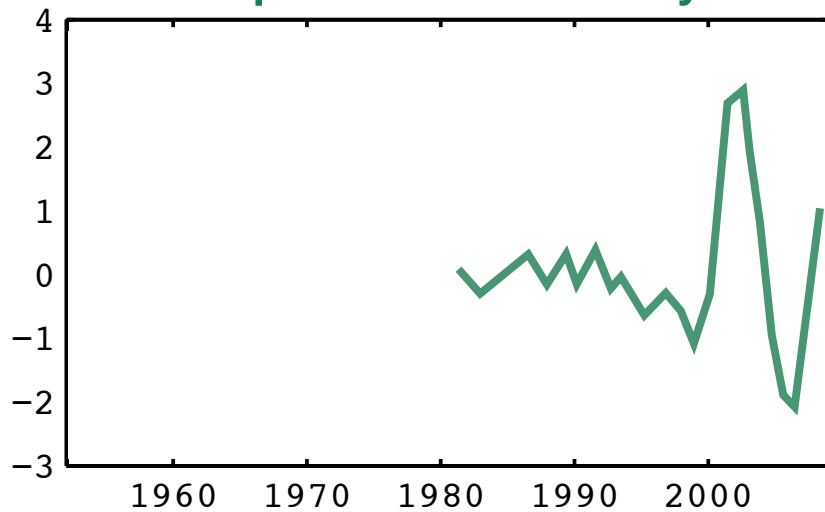
*structure &
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Social-Ecological-Environmental System

Climate Index (NPGO)



Fish Populations in SF Bay



Jim Cloern, USGS

Climate Systems

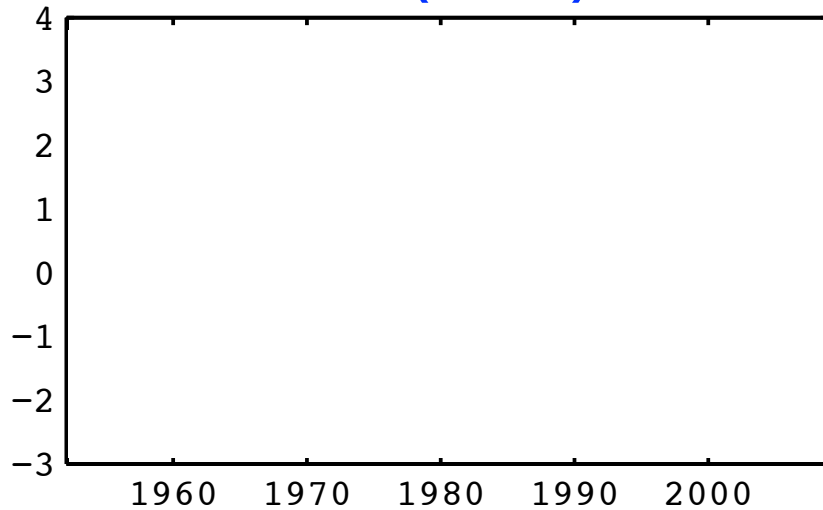
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Marine Ecosystems

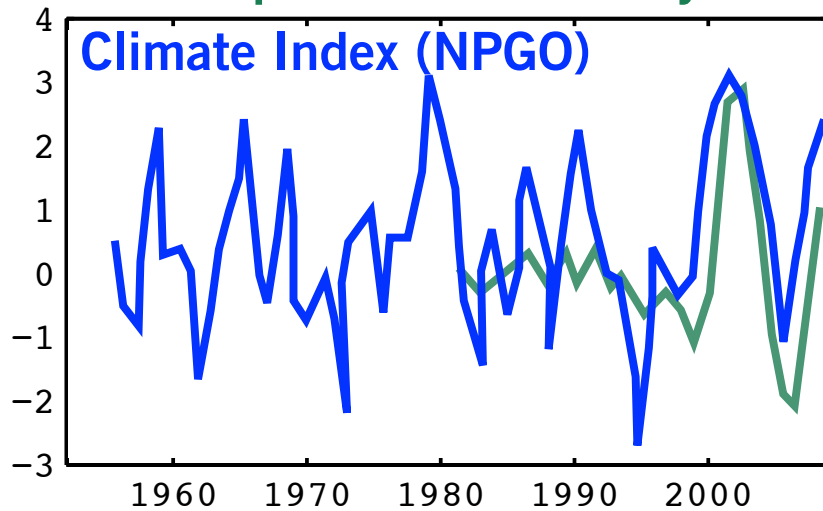
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Social-Ecological-Environmental System

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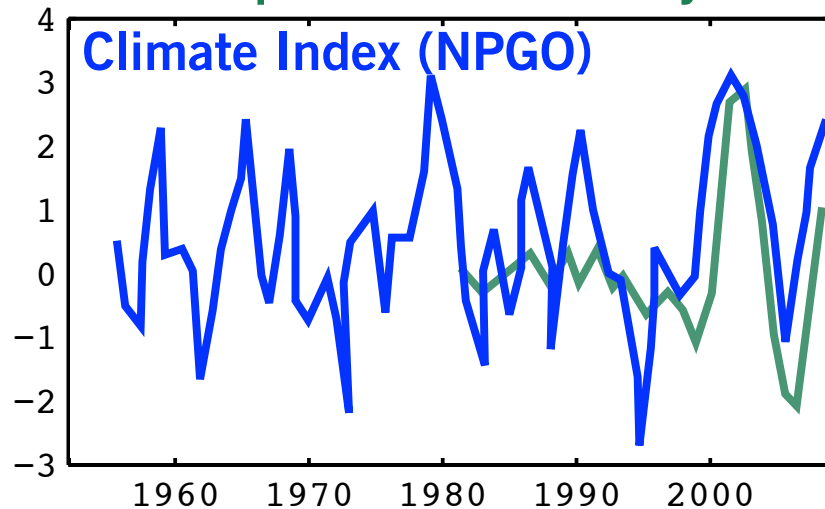
structure & function

Social-Ecological-Environmental System

QUESTION:

Can we do better than this?

Fish Populations in SF Bay



Jim Cloern, USGS

Climate Systems

physics & chemical dynamics

Marine Ecosystems

structure & function

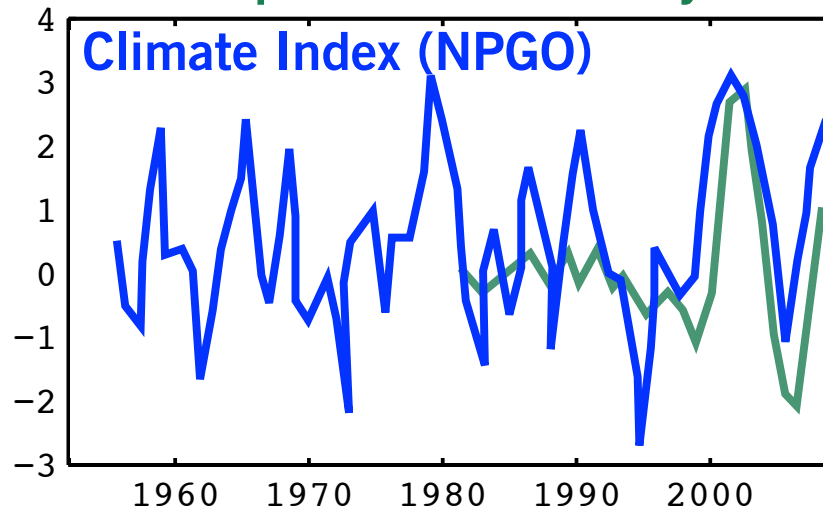
Social-Ecological-Environmental System

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Simple Process Model

Fish Populations in SF Bay



Climate Systems

physics & chemical dynamics

Marine Ecosystems

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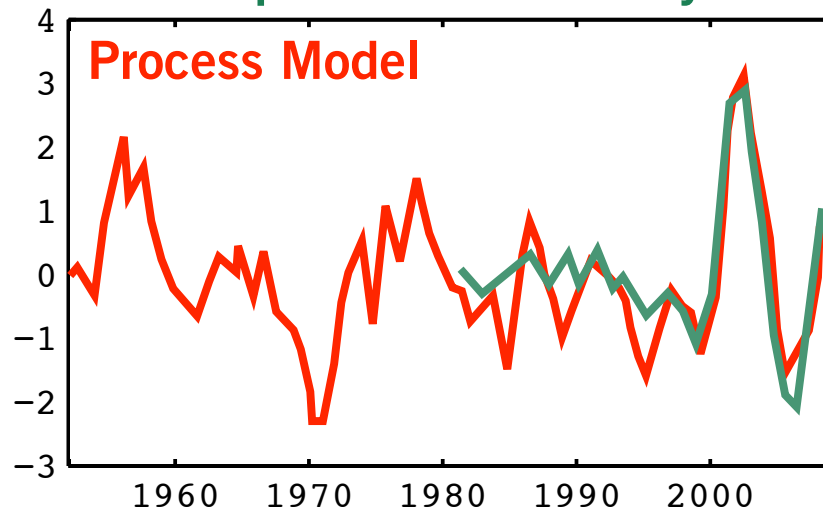
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Climate
Systems

*physics & chemical
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Marine
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*structure &
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Social-Ecological-Environmental System

Climate
Systems

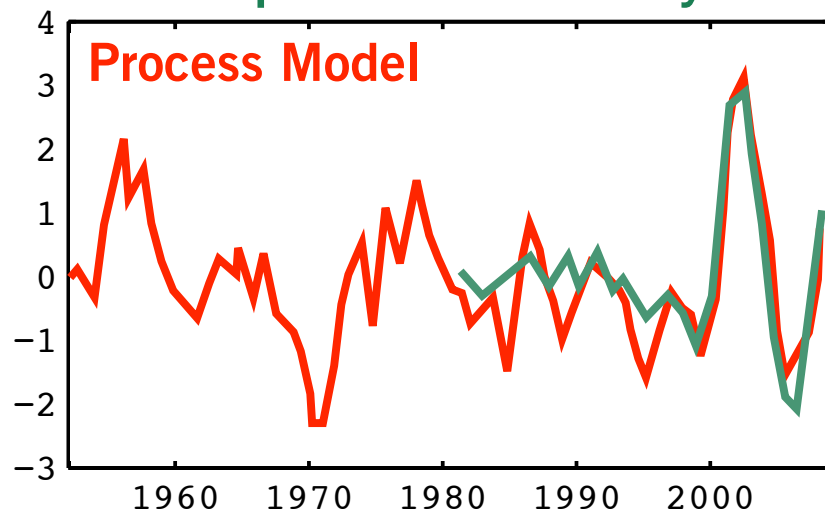
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Marine
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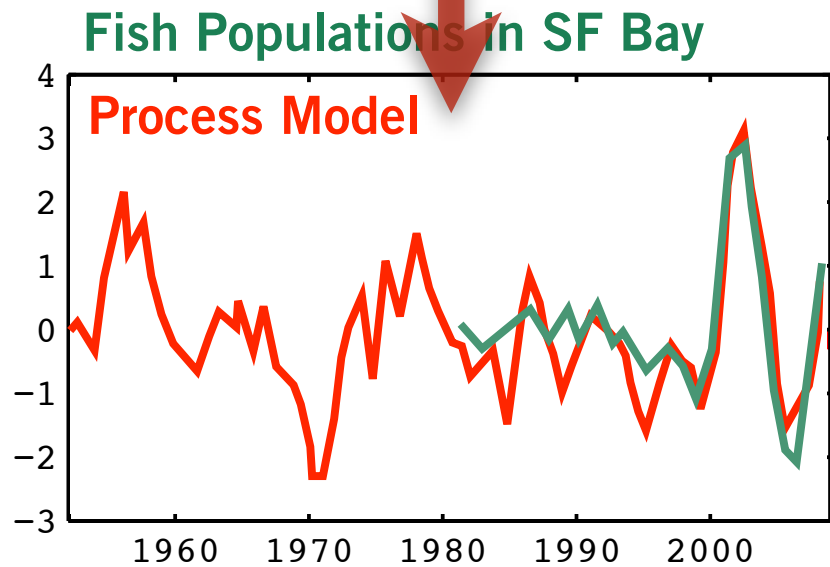
Cloern et al. 2010

Fish Populations in SF Bay



Social-Ecological-Environmental System

Ecosystem response to perturbation
how they integrate the forcing functions



Climate
Systems

*physics & chemical
dynamics*

Marine
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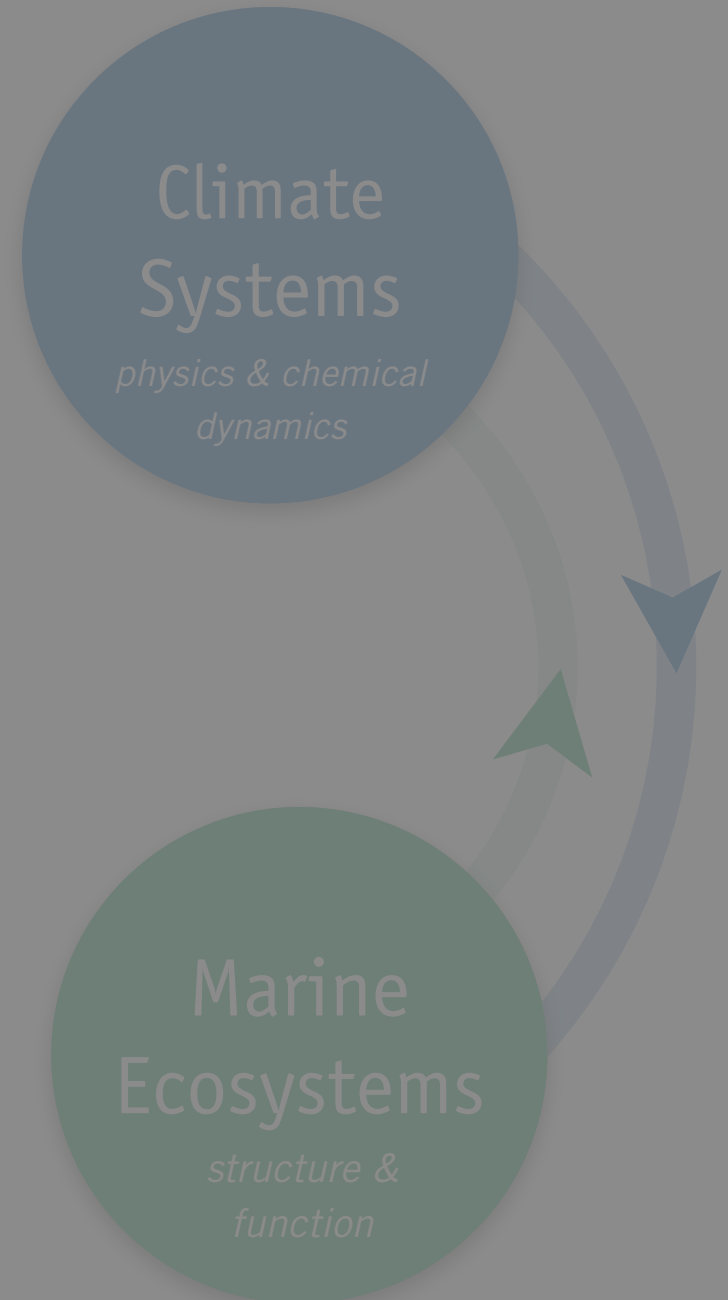
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Social-Ecological-Environmental System

Ecosystem response to perturbation
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Di Lorenzo & Ohman, 2013
the double integration hypothesis



Social-Ecological-Environmental System

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*regime-like behavior in
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Di Lorenzo et al. 2015
*response to multiple-stressor
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synchrony in fish populations*

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Di Lorenzo et al. 2014

response to multiple-stressor filtering model

Emerging Properties
of climate & marine ecosystem

regime-like behavior in marine population

tendency for climate synchrony in fish populations

EXAMPLES: move beyond science at the interface between systems to true *integrative science* across the interface.

Ecosystem response to perturbation
how they integrate the forcing functions

Di Lorenzo & Ohman, 2013

the double integration hypothesis

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APPROACH: use *team of experts* and *observations* to develop ecological-environmental *quantitative models*

Climate
Systems



Di Lorenzo & Ohman, 2013

the double integration hypothesis

Di Lorenzo et al. 2014

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Climate
Systems

*Emerging Properties
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*regime-like behavior in
marine population*

*tendency for global-scale
synchrony in fish populations*

Di Lorenzo & Ohman, 2013

the double integration hypothesis

Di Lorenzo et al. 2014

*response to multiple-stressor
filtering model*

EXAMPLES: move beyond science at the interface between systems to true *integrative science* across the interface.



APPROACH: use *team of experts* and *observations* to develop **social-ecological-environmental** *quantitative models*

***Emerging Properties
of complex SEES***

guiding principles ?

guiding principles ?

Di Lorenzo & Ohman, 2014

the double integration hypothesis

Di Lorenzo et al. 2014

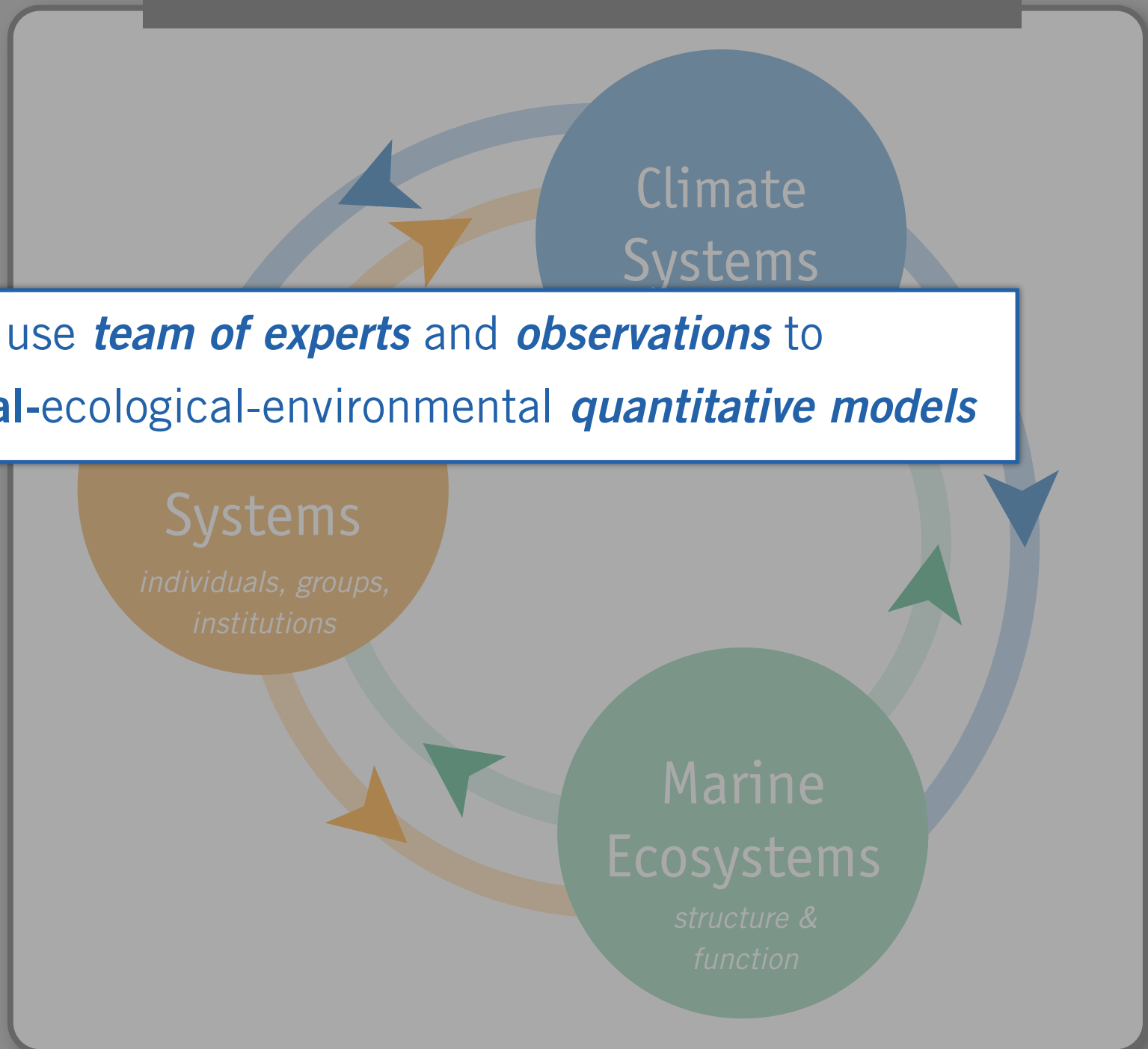
*response to multiple-stressor
filtering model*

Climate
Systems

Social-Ecological-Environmental System

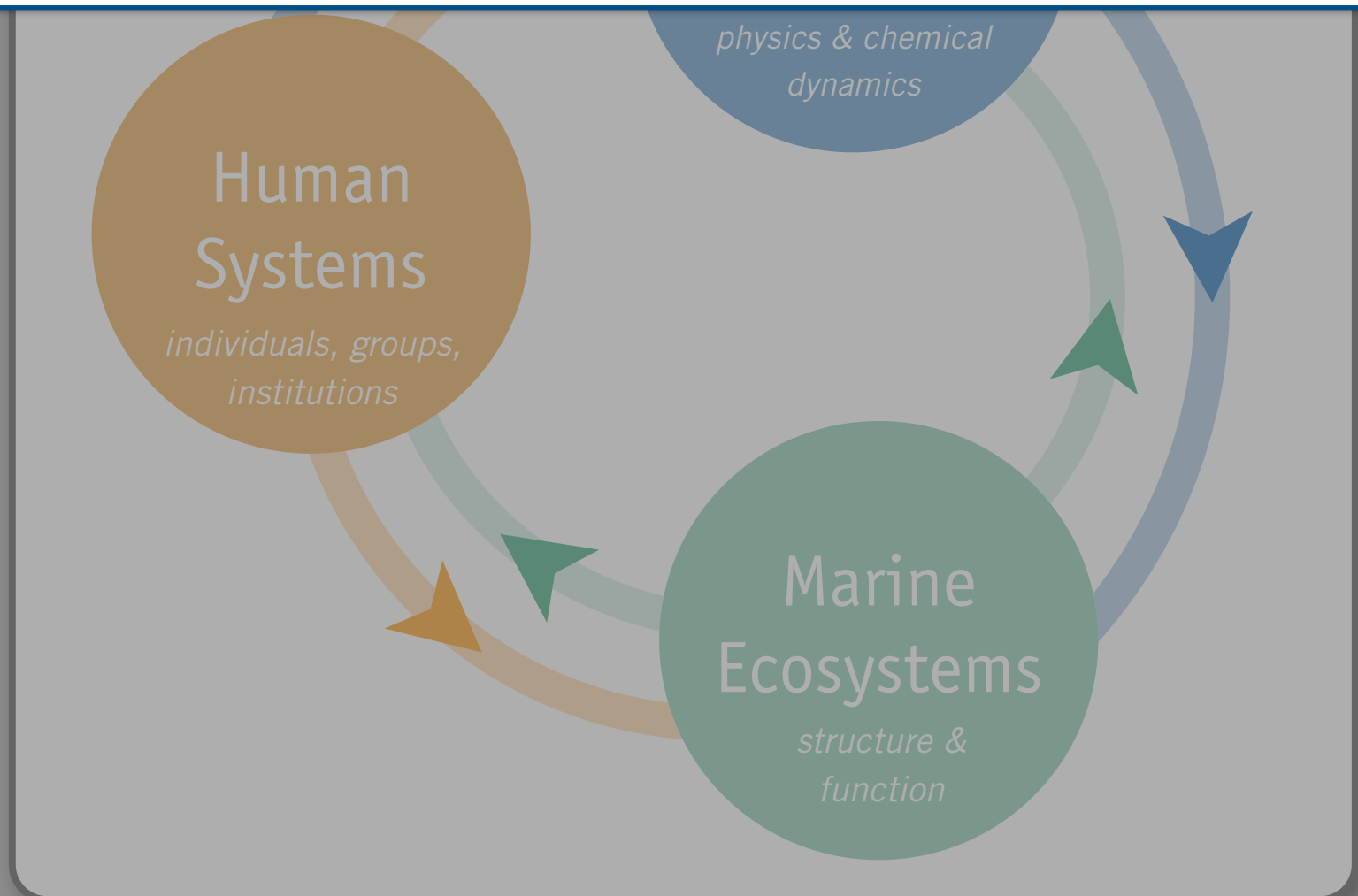


APPROACH: use *team of experts* and *observations* to develop **social-ecological-environmental** *quantitative models*



Study group in **PICES** on
Social-Ecological-Environmental Systems (SG-SEES)

proposed and formally established in 2013



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*Depts. of **History** and Geography*
University of Victoria, **Canada**

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***International Affairs** Section*
KIOST, **Korea**

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*Chair, Department of **Economics***
University of Montana, **USA**

Dr. Juri Hori
*Department of **Psychology***
Rikkyo University, **Japan**

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*Head of **Ecosystem Approaches** Program*
Fisheries and Oceans, **Canada**

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Computational Informatics
CSIRO, **Australia**

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*Chair **IMBER Human Dimension***
Fisheries and Oceans, **Canada**

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Fisheries Research Agency, **Japan**

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Jackson School of International Studies*
University of Washington, **USA**

Dr. Beth Fulton
*Head of **Social-Ecological Modeling** Group*
CSIRO, **Australia**

Prof. Sara Cobb
*School for **Conflict Analysis and Resolution***
George Mason University, **USA**

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Marine Living Resources
KIOST, **Korea**

Dr. Mike Fogarty
*Northeast **Fisheries** Science Center*
WHOI, **USA**

Dr. Elena N. Anferova
*Department of **Math. Methods in Economy***
Far Eastern Federal University, **Russia**

Dr. Frank Schwing
Ecosystem Management
Office of Management and Budget, NOAA, **USA**

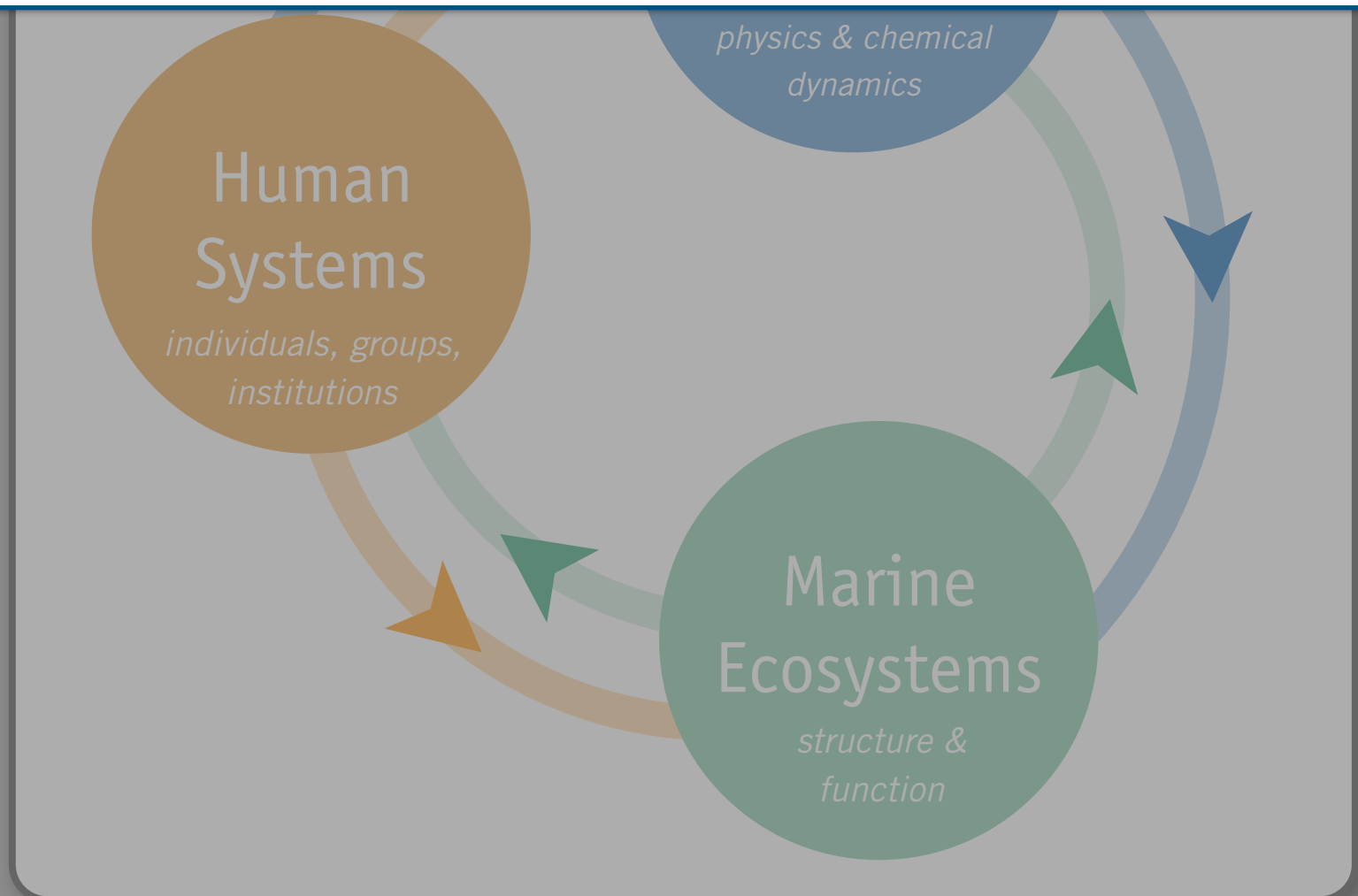
Dr. Nathan Mantua (SG-SEES)
*Southwest **Fisheries** Science Center*
NOAA, **USA**



Members

International study group in **PICES** on
Social-Ecological-Environmental Systems (SG-SEES)

proposed and formally established in 2013

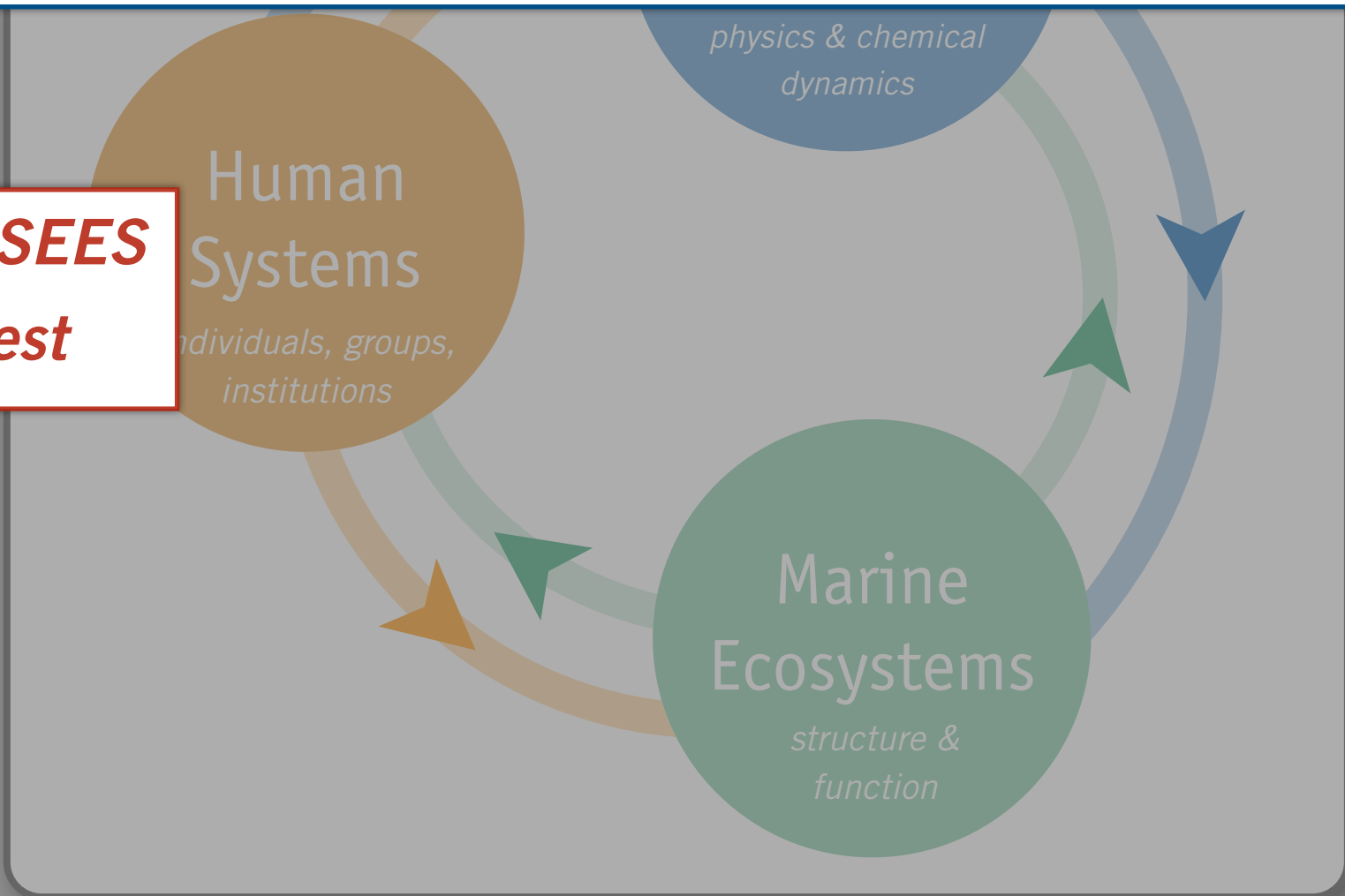


International study group in **PICES** on
Social-Ecological-Environmental Systems (SG-SEES)

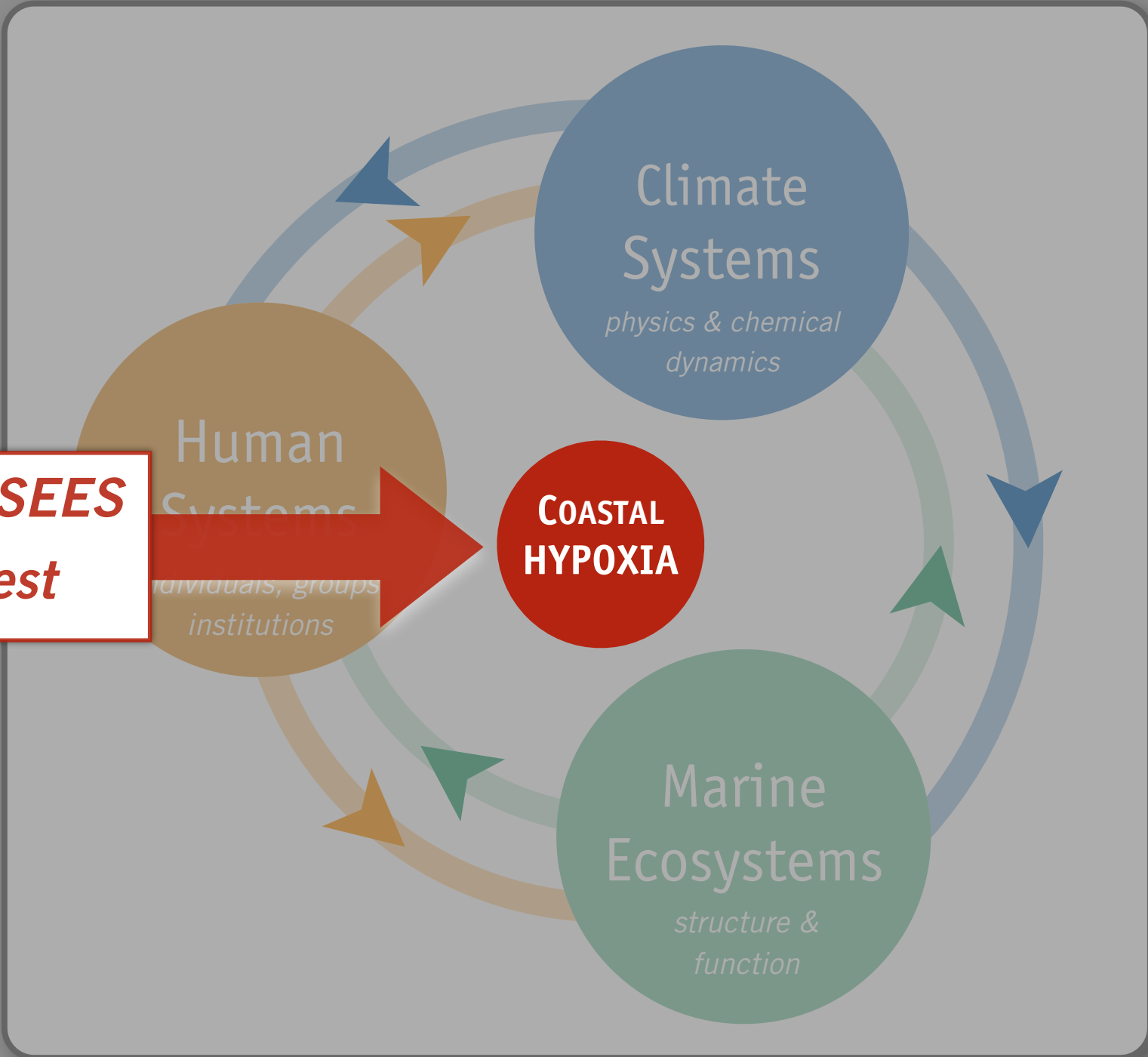
formed and formally established in 2013



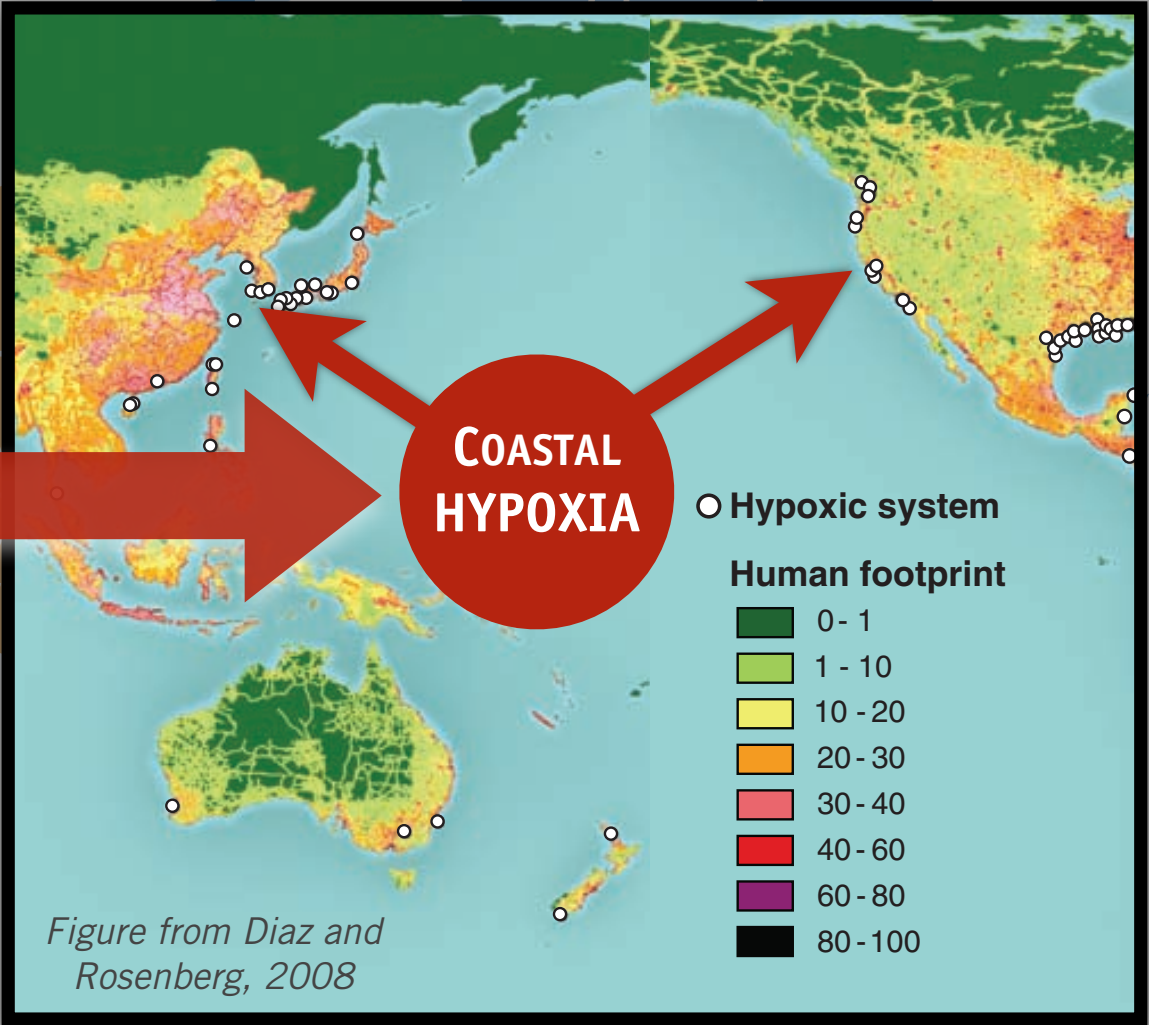
**Identify a SEES
of interest**



**Identify a SEES
of interest**



**Identify a SEES
of interest**



function

Model and Compare
2 CASE STUDIES (locations)

Identify a **SEES**
of interest

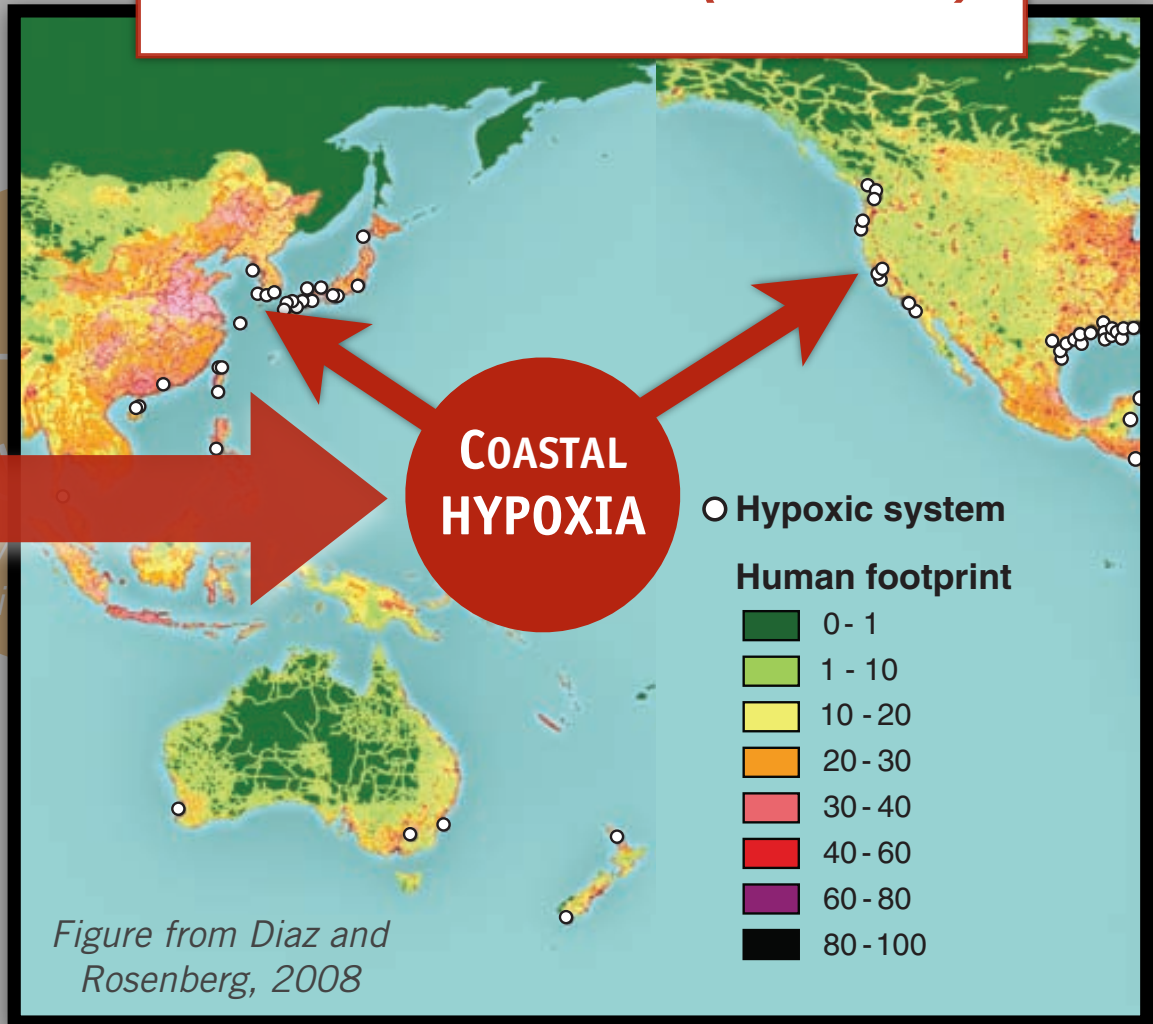
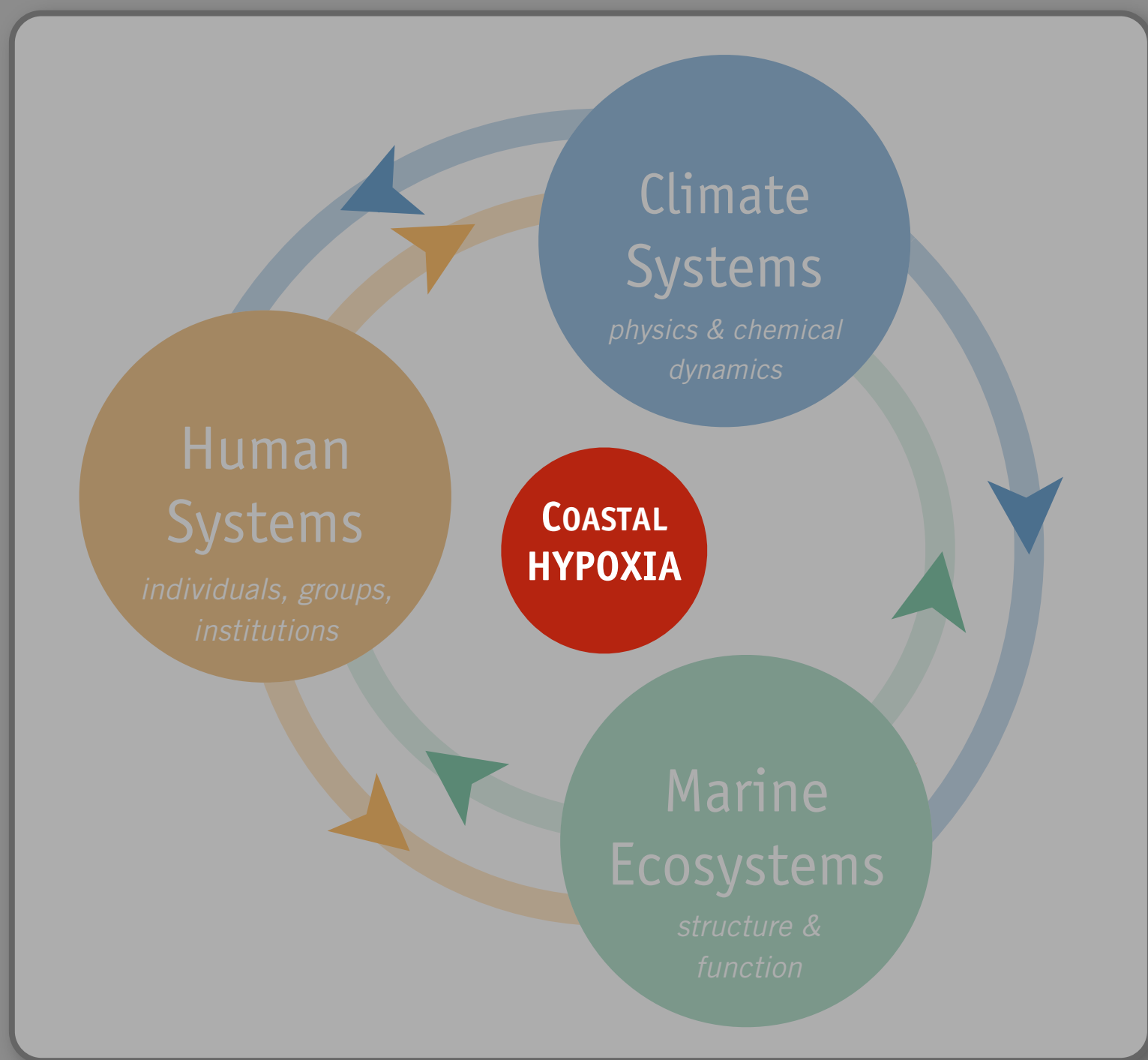
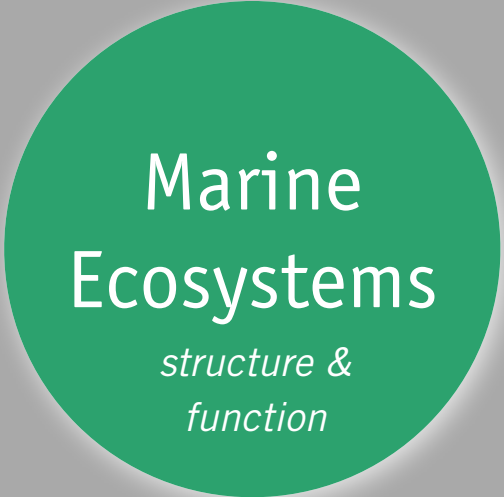
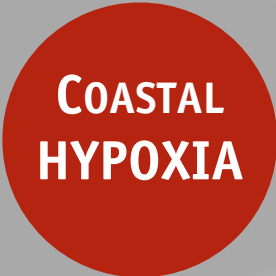
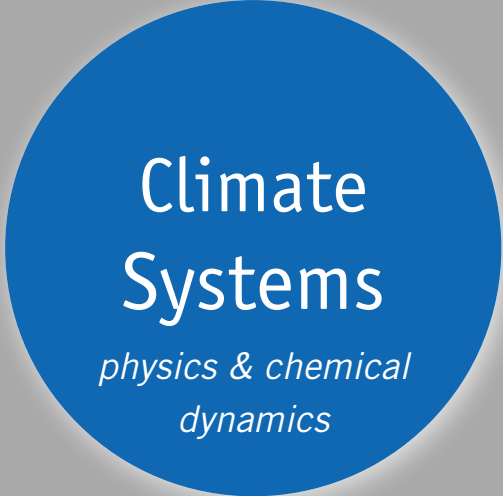


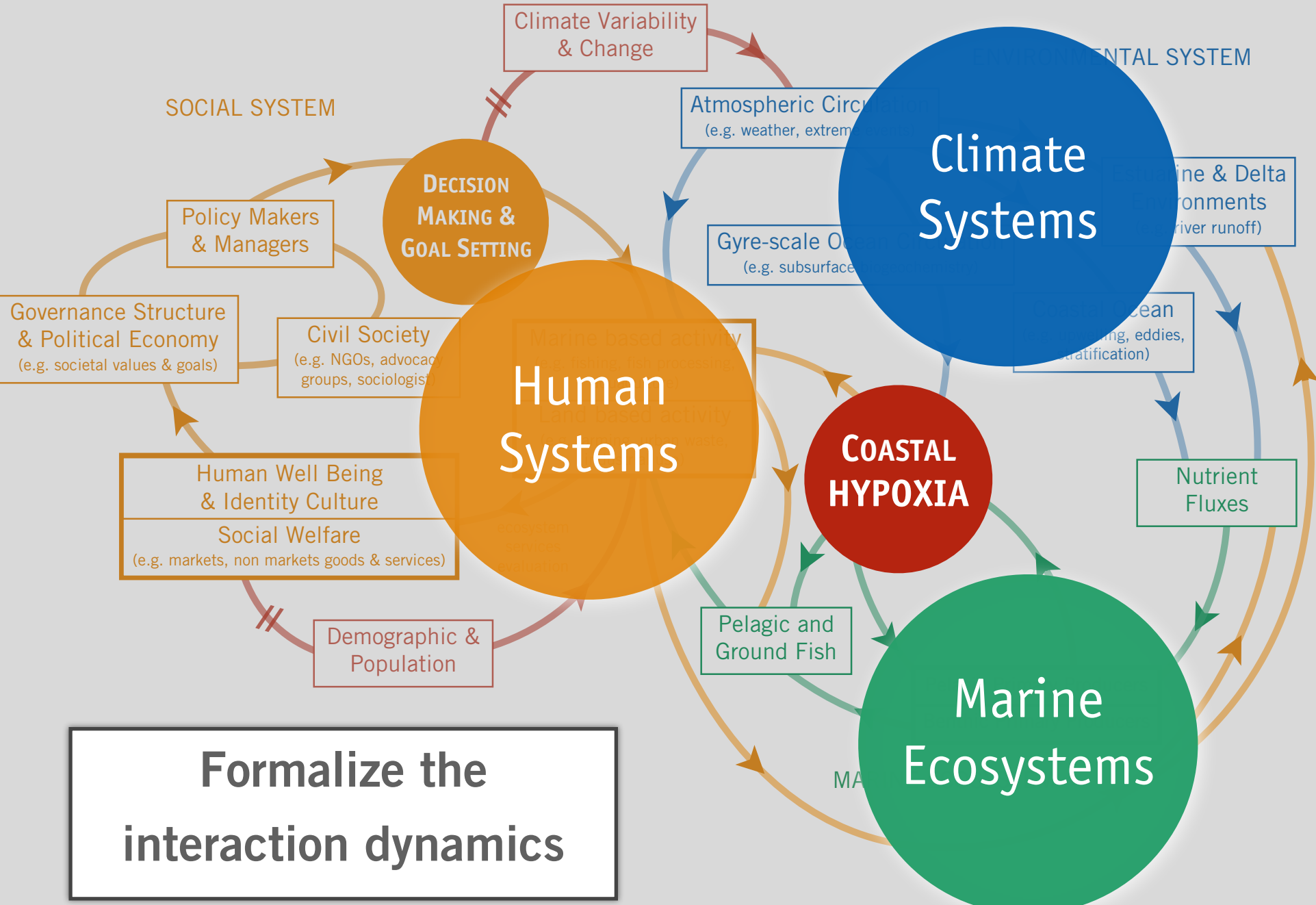
Figure from Diaz and
Rosenberg, 2008

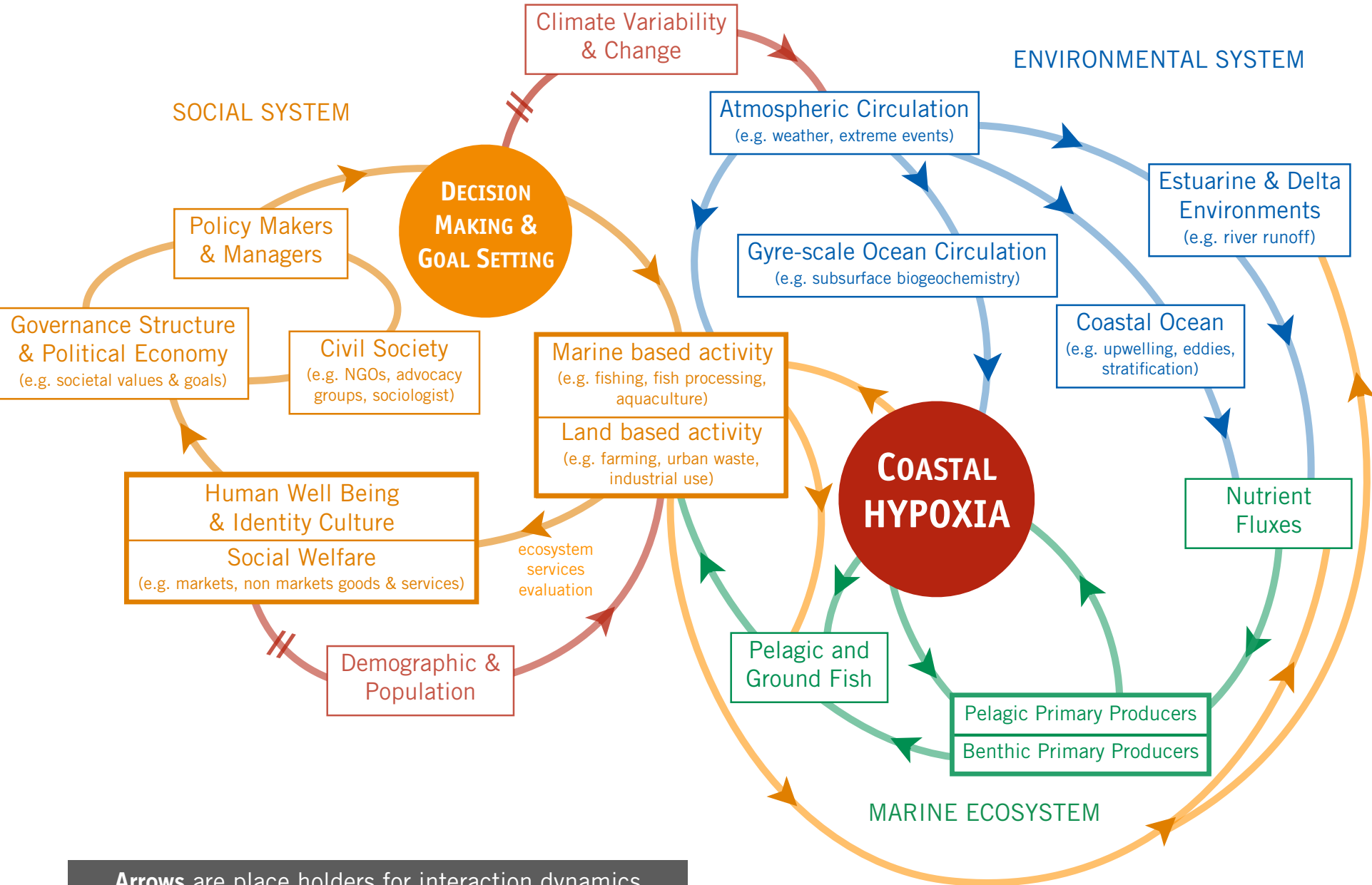
function





**Formalize the
interaction dynamics**

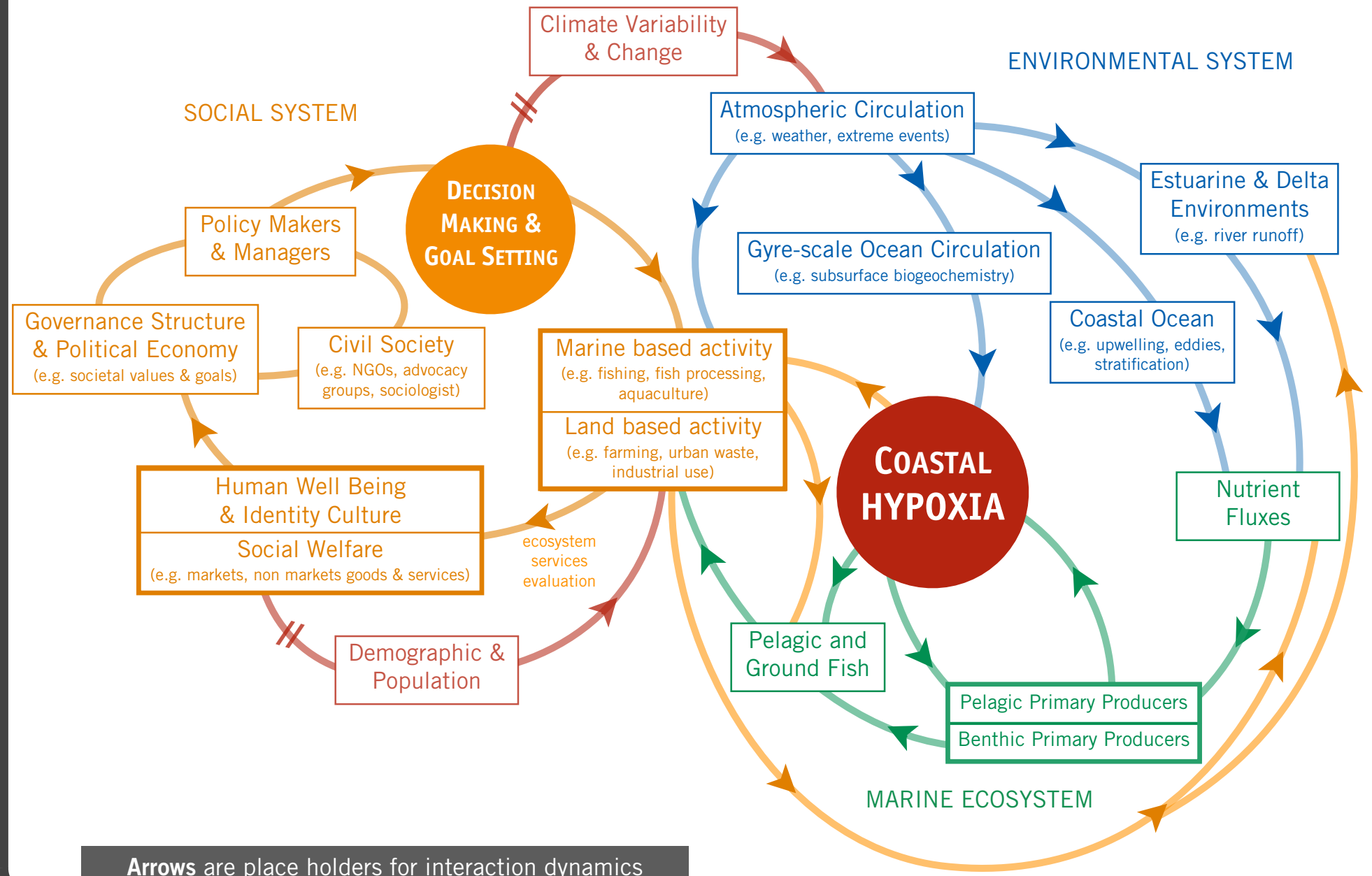




Arrows are place holders for interaction dynamics

General Model for Social-Ecological-Environmental System

Coastal Hypoxia VILLAGE SCALE

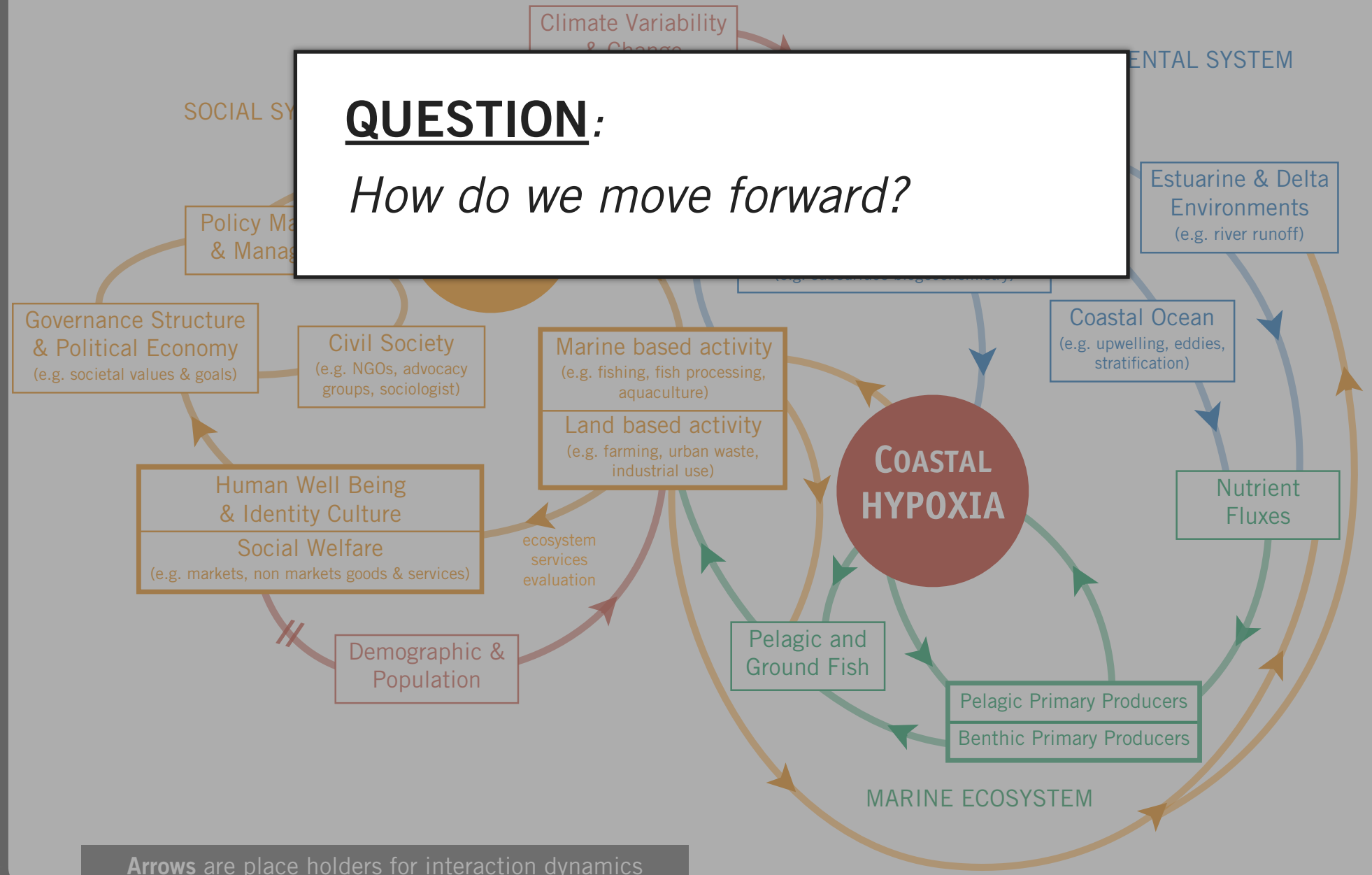


General Model for Social-Ecological-Environmental System

Coastal Hypoxia VILLAGE SCALE

QUESTION:

How do we move forward?



General Model for Social-Ecological-Environmental System

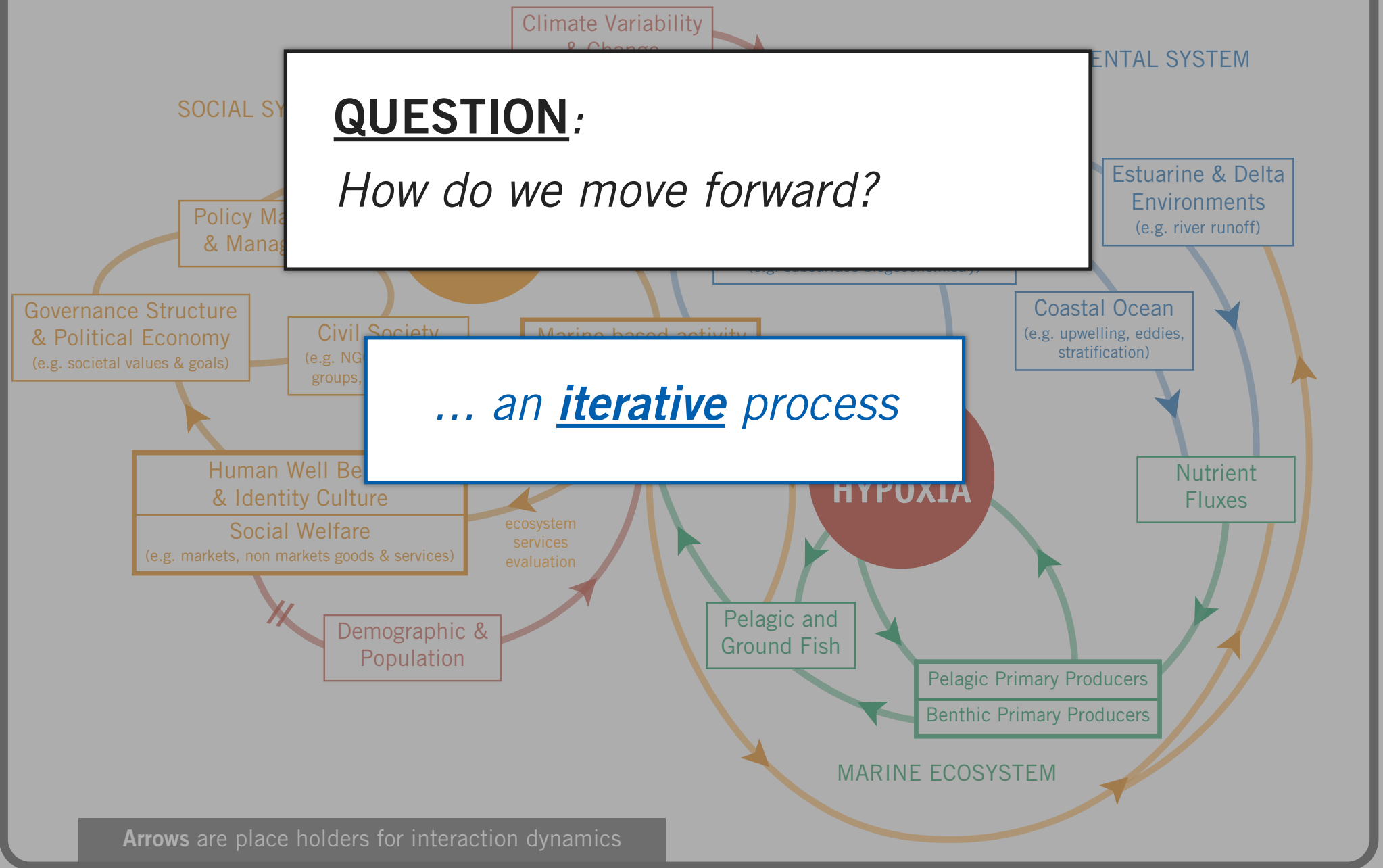
Coastal Hypoxia VILLAGE SCALE

QUESTION:

How do we move forward?

... an iterative process

Arrows are place holders for interaction dynamics



General Model for Social-Ecological-Environmental System

Coastal Hypoxia VILLAGE SCALE

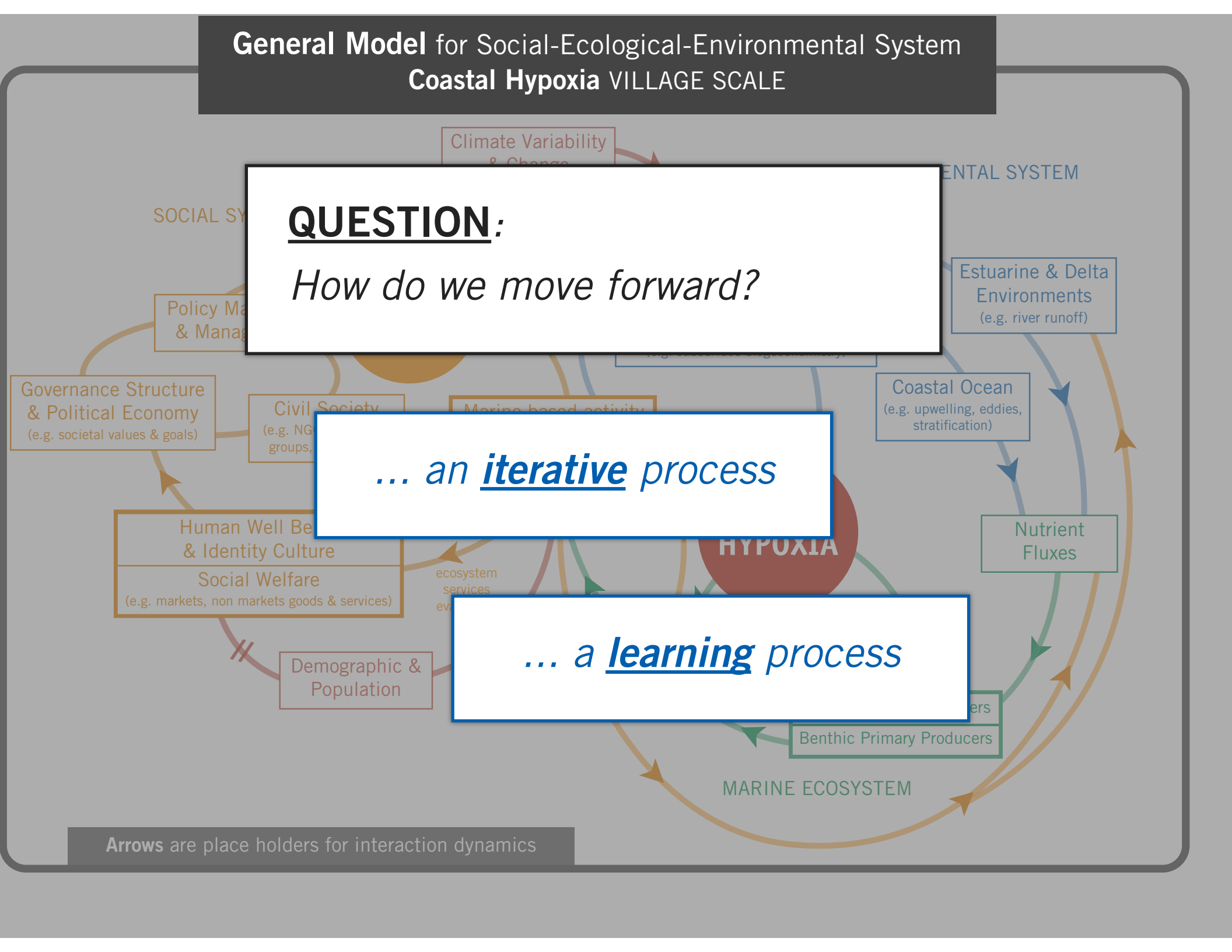
QUESTION:

How do we move forward?

... an iterative process

... a learning process

Arrows are place holders for interaction dynamics

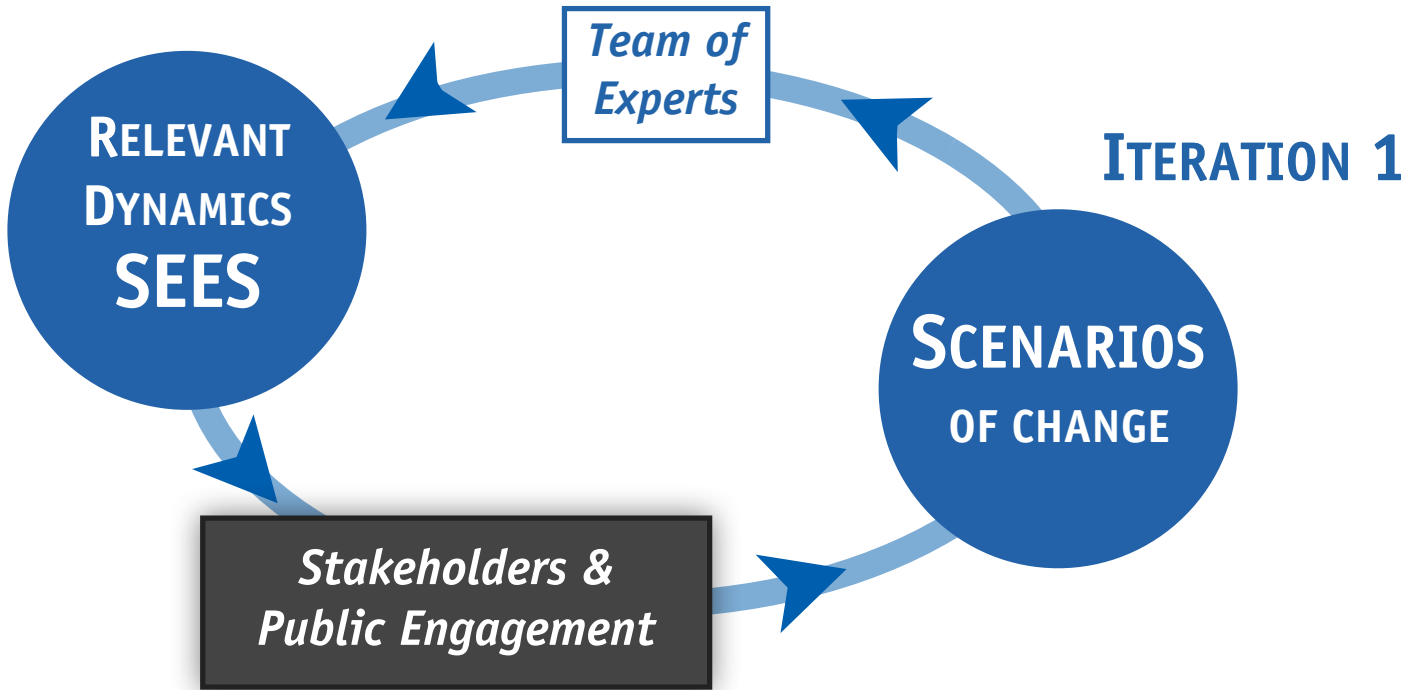


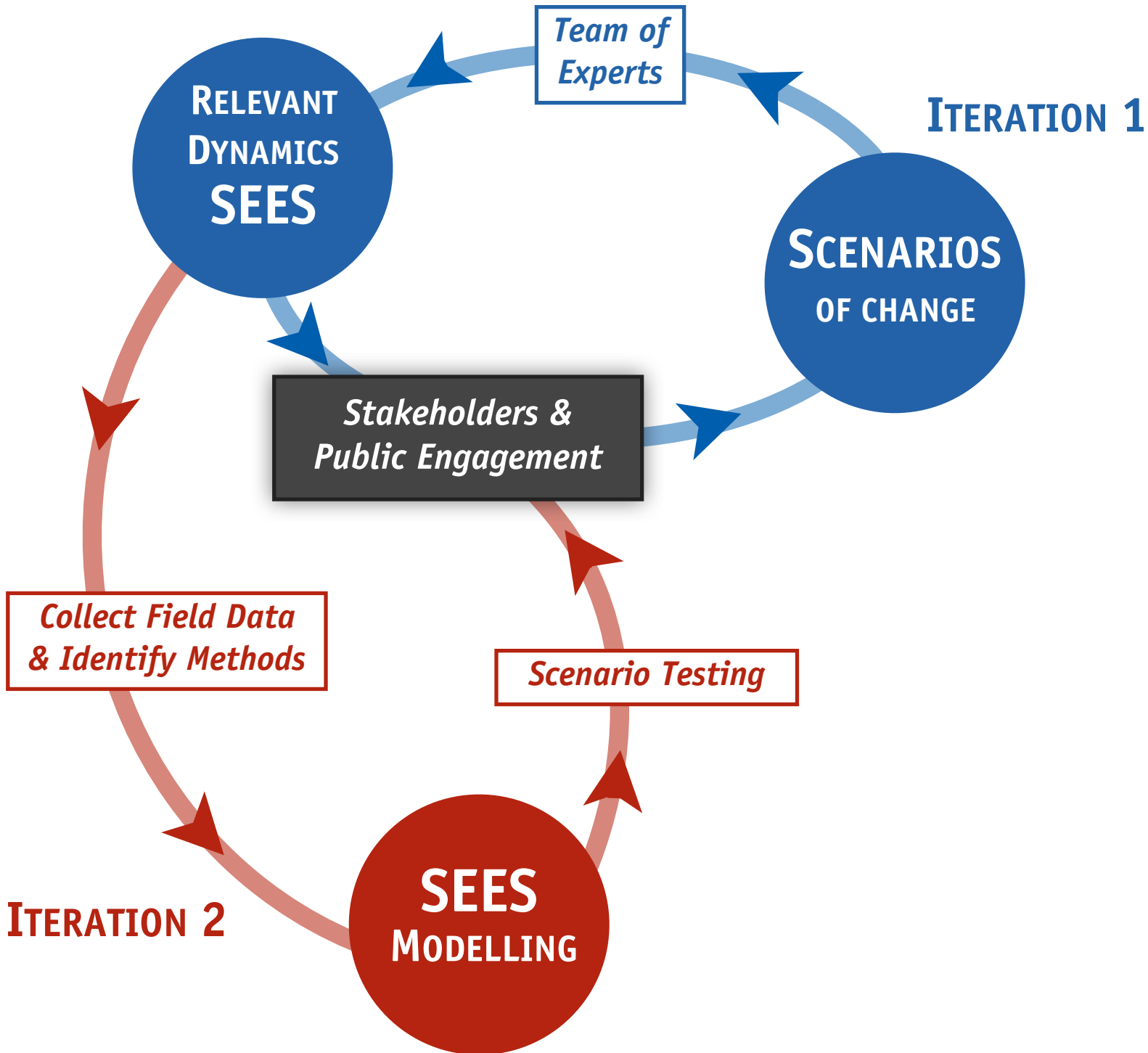
RELEVANT
DYNAMICS
SEES

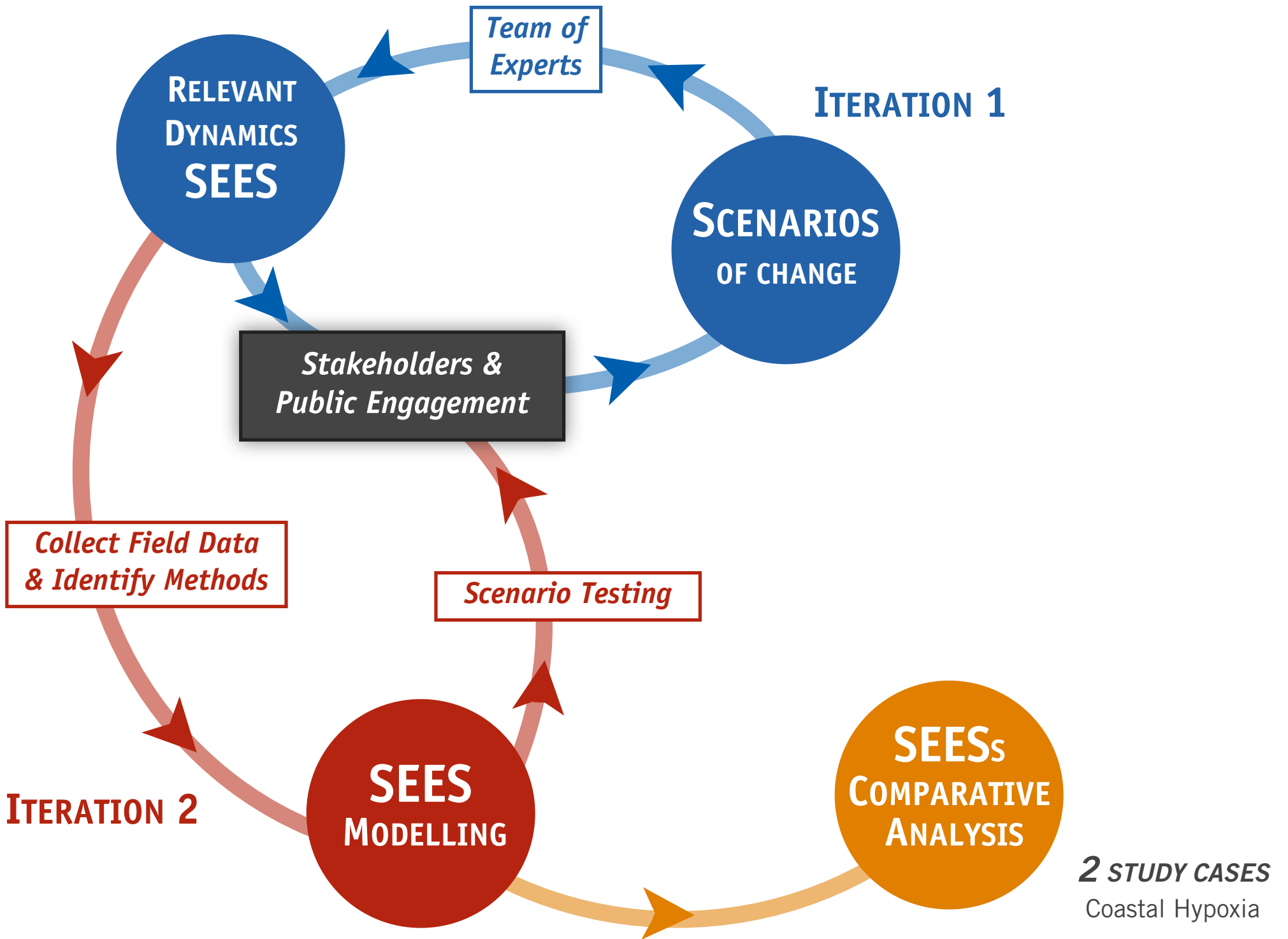
*Team of
Experts*

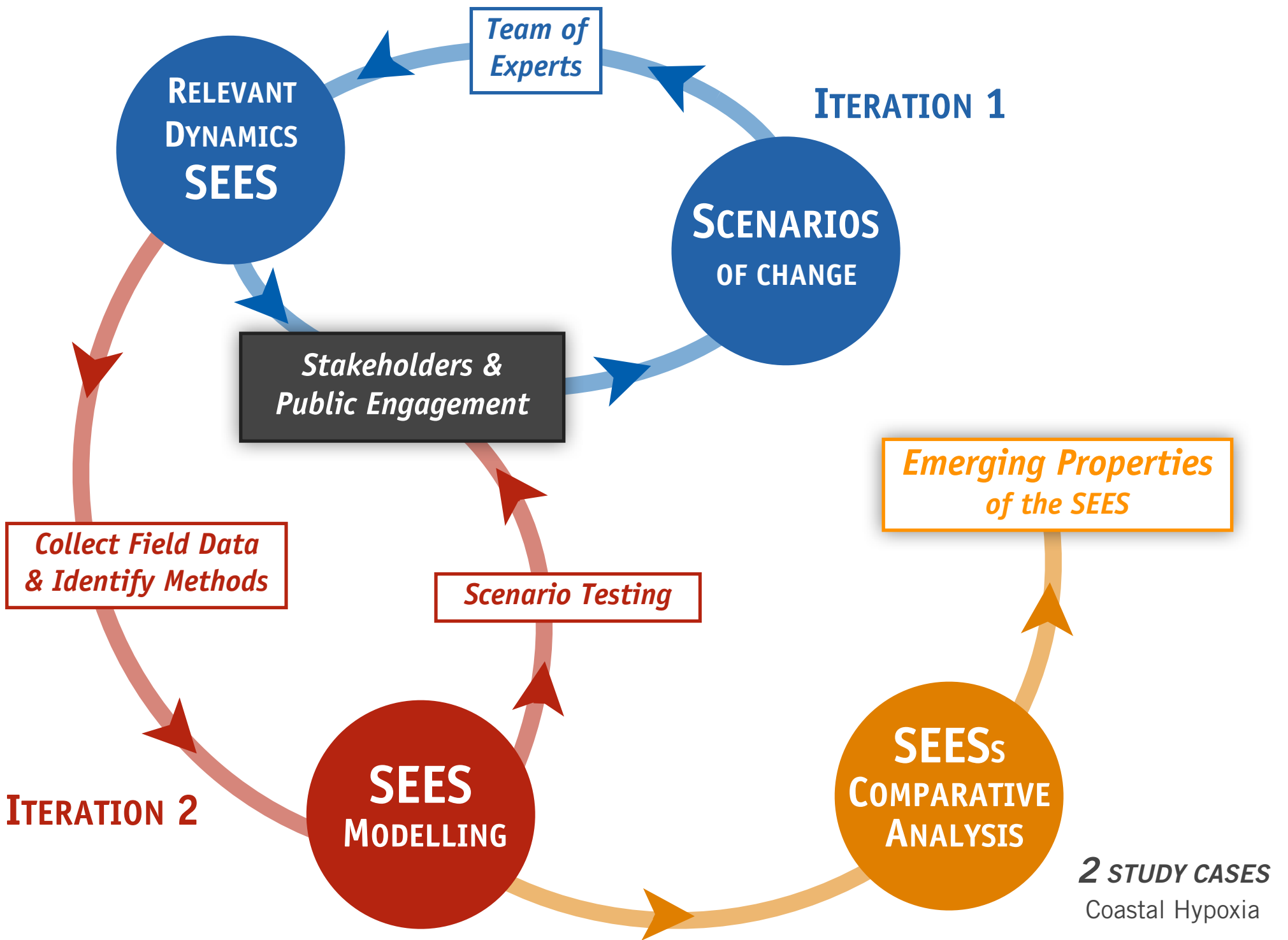
*Isolate specific dynamics of 2 CASE STUDIES
Specify the scales of interaction*

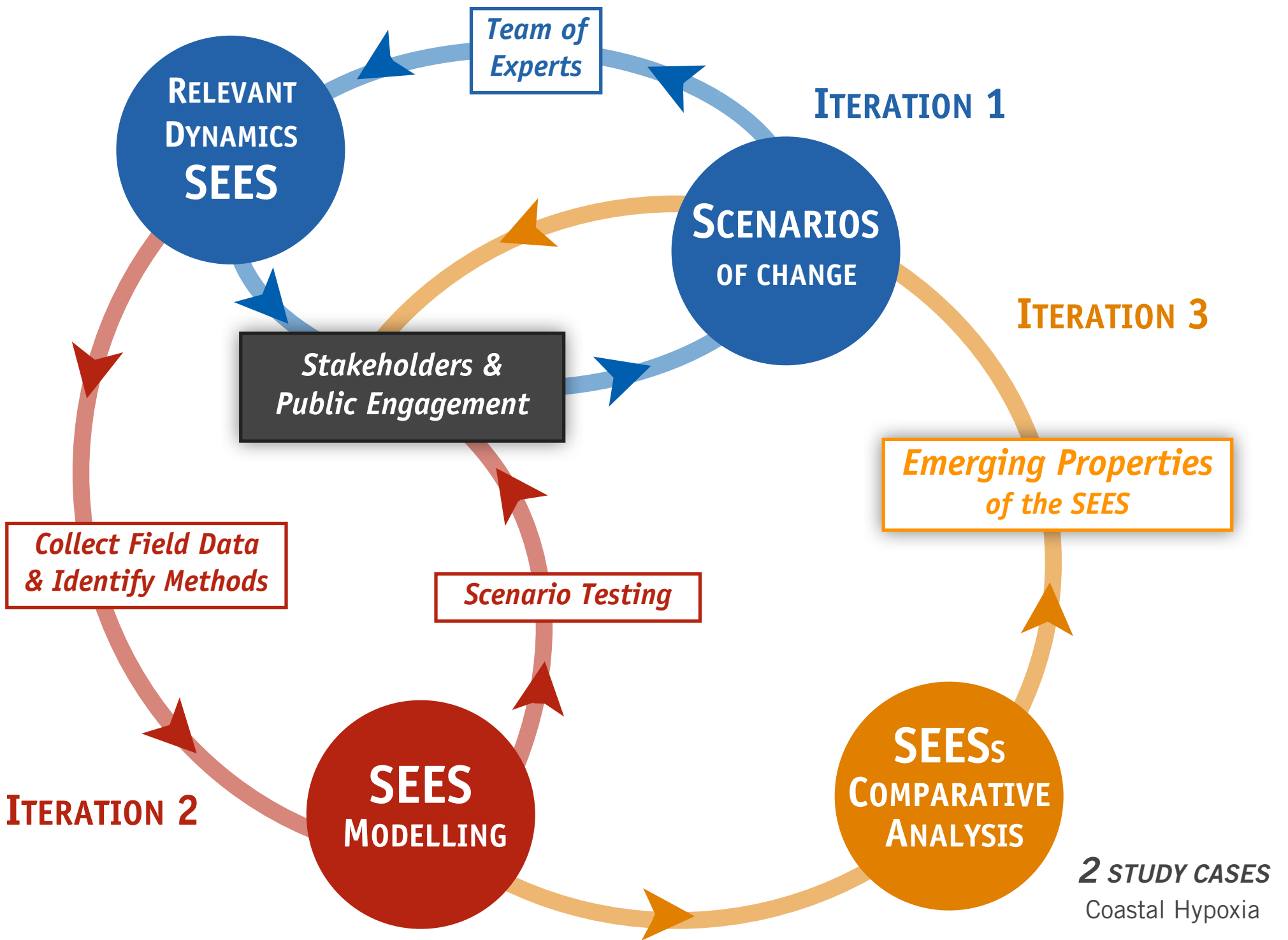
... an iterative process



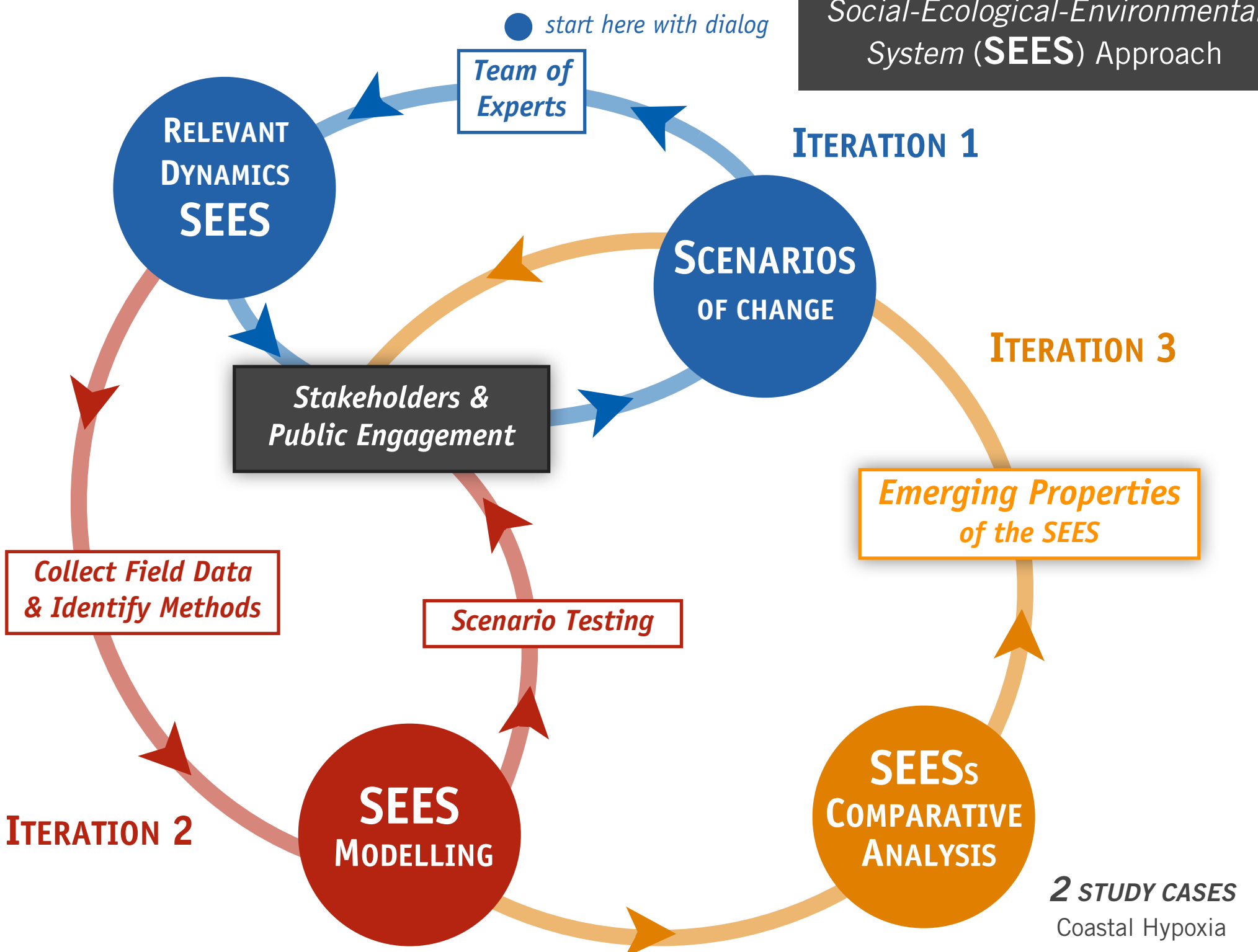




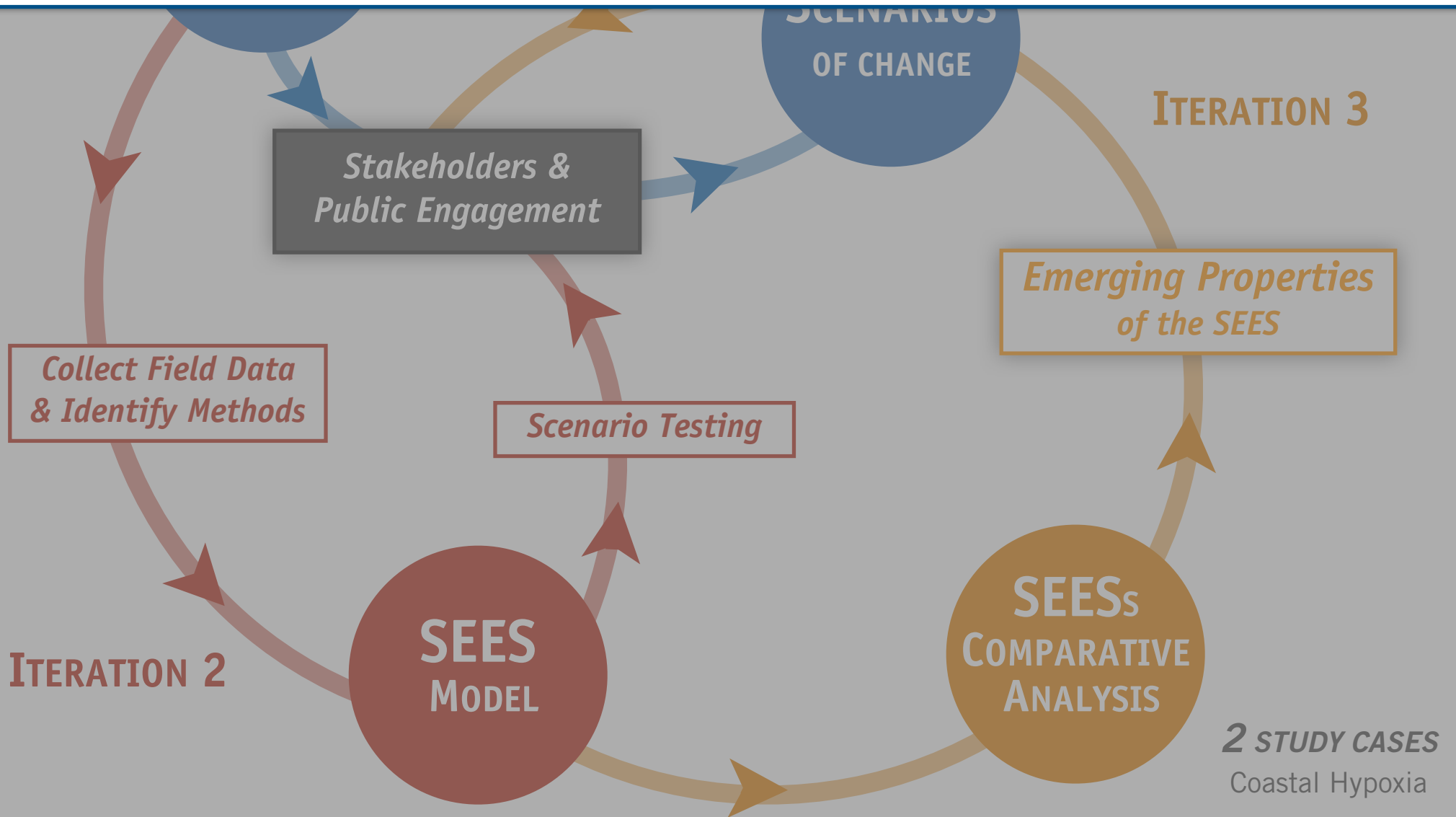




Social-Ecological-Environmental System (SEES) Approach



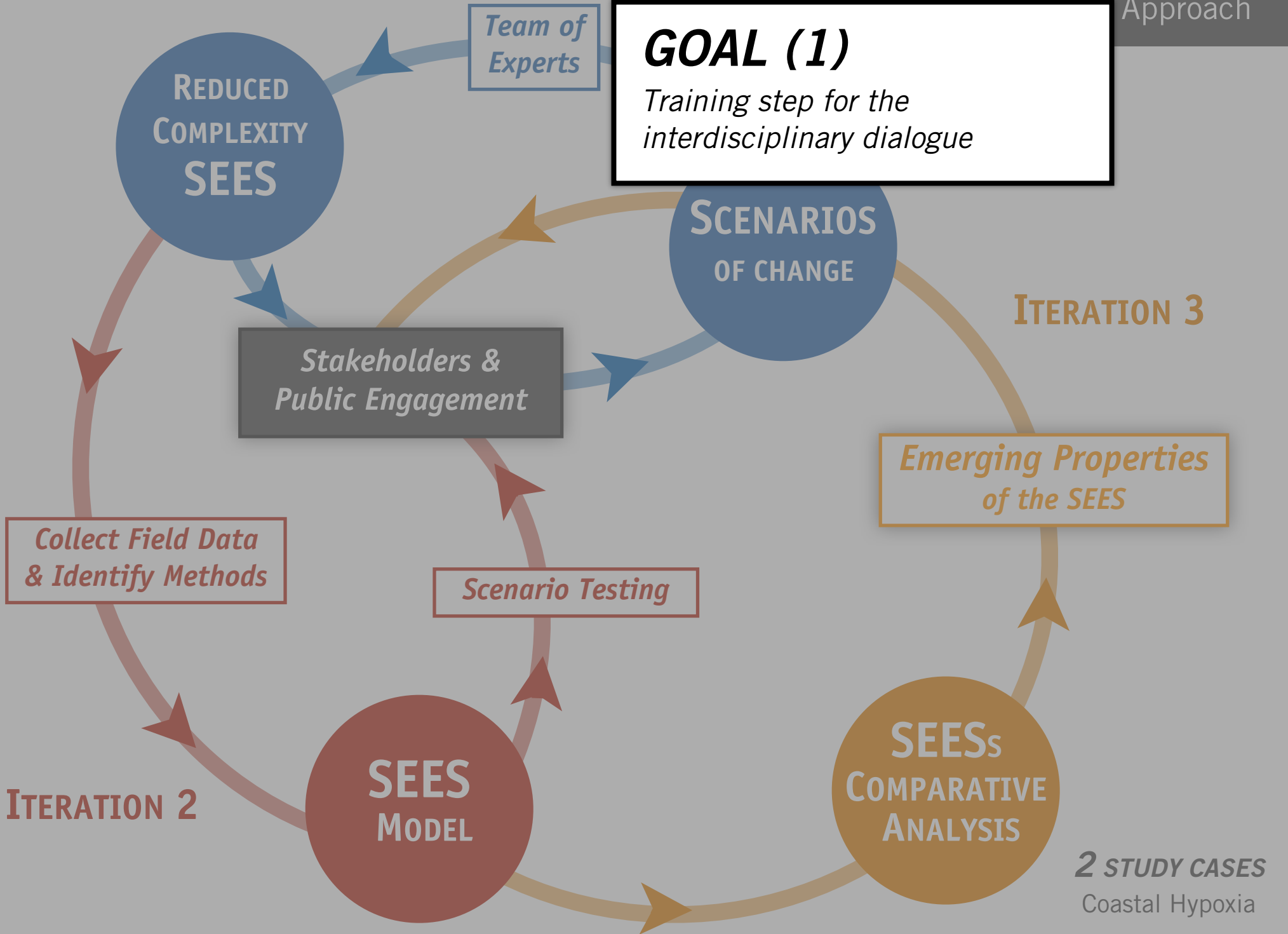
What is the study group accomplishing?



● start here with dialog

GOAL (1)

Training step for the interdisciplinary dialogue



● start here with dialog

Team of Experts

GOAL (1)

Training step for the interdisciplinary dialogue

REDUCED COMPLEXITY SEES

SCENARIOS OF CHANGE

GOAL (2)

1st draft of Experimental & Model Design

ITERATION 3

Emerging Properties of the SEES

Collect Field Data & Identify Methods

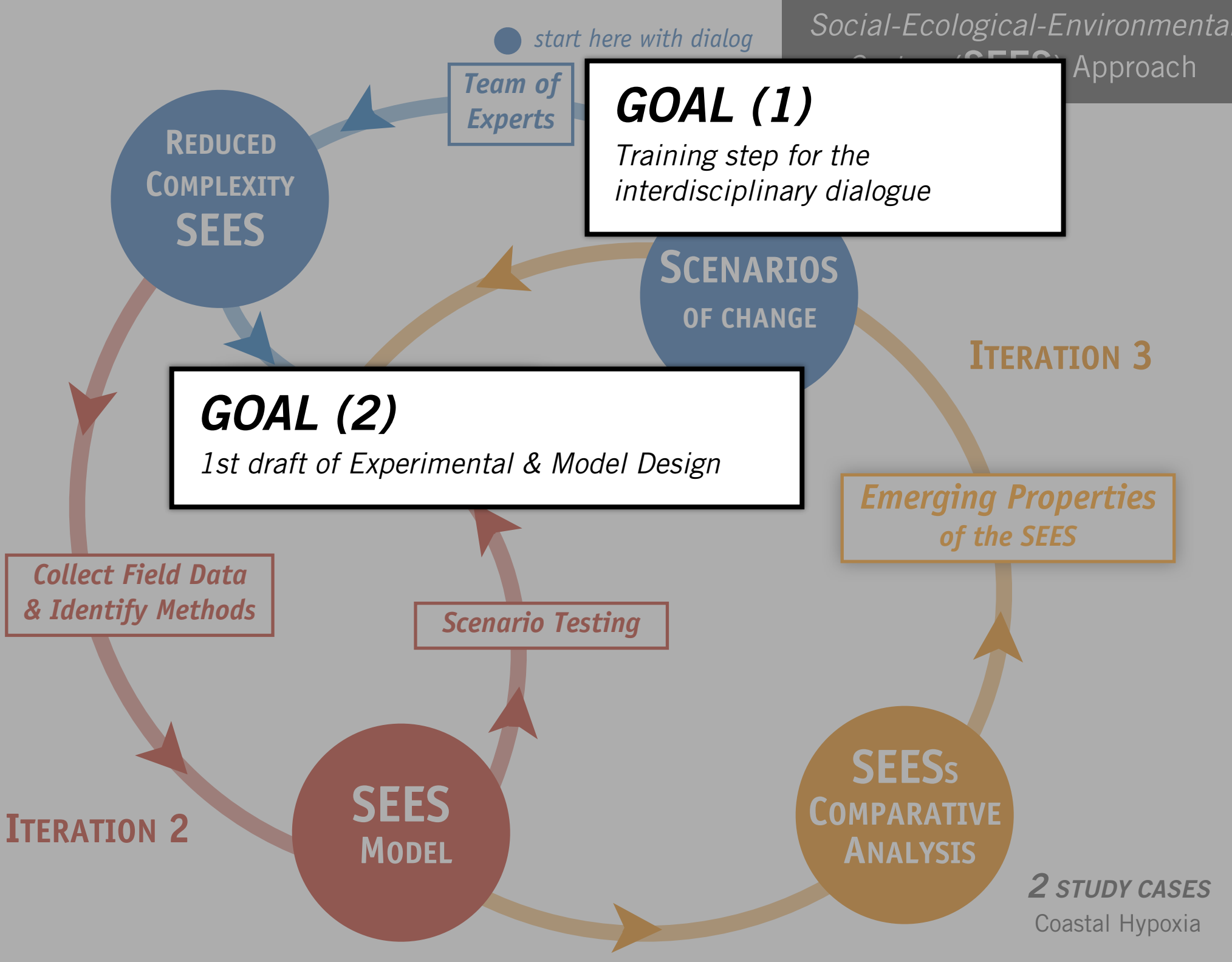
Scenario Testing

ITERATION 2

SEES MODEL

SEES_s COMPARATIVE ANALYSIS

2 STUDY CASES
Coastal Hypoxia



● start here with dialog

Team of Experts

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REDUCED COMPLEXITY SEES

SCENARIOS OF CHANGE

ITERATION 3

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1st draft of Experimental & Model Design

GOAL (3)

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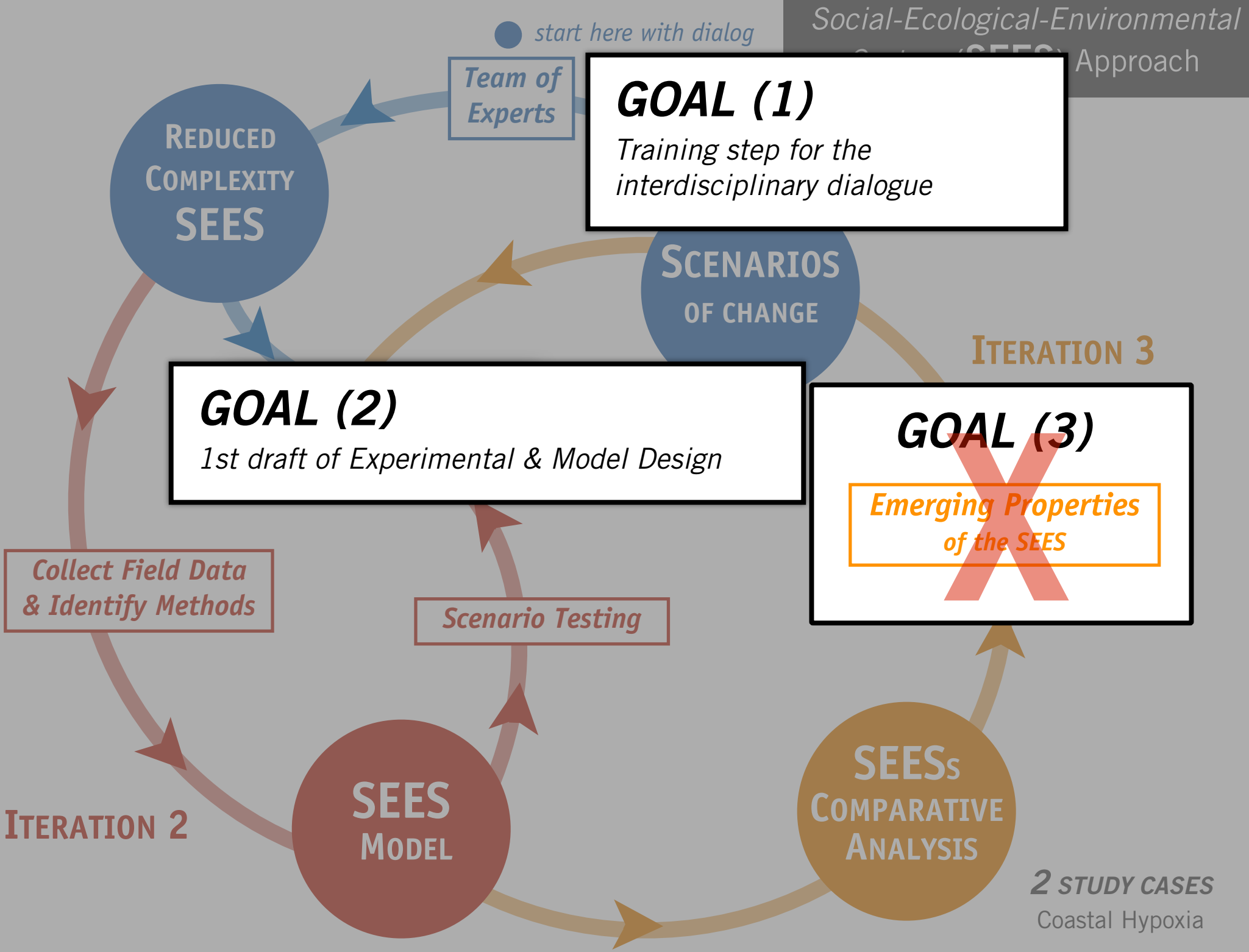
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● start here with dialog

Team of Experts

ITERATION 1

REDUCED COMPLEXITY SEES

SCENARIOS OF CHANGE

ITERATION 3

QUESTION:
What are some expected outcomes?

Properties of SEES

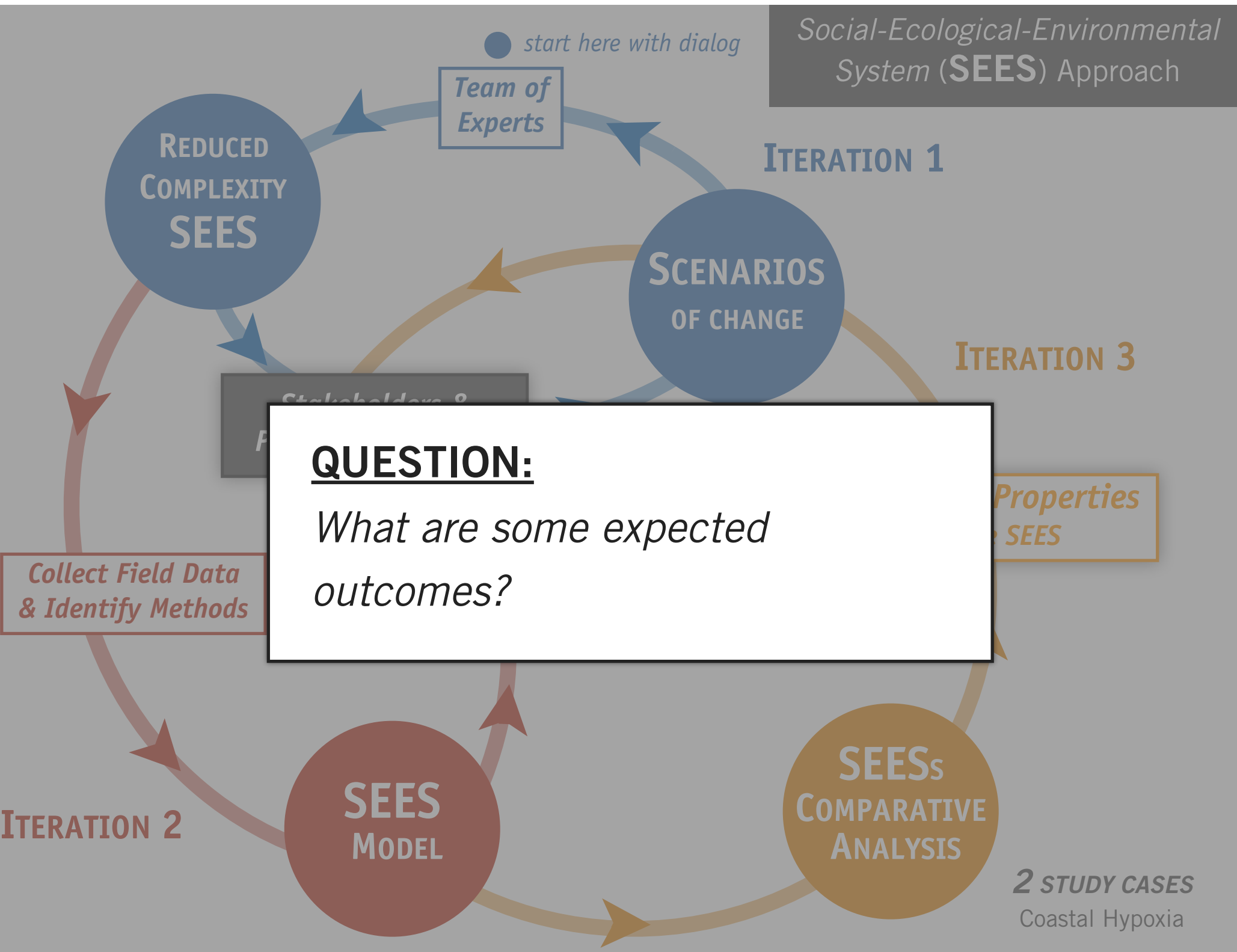
Collect Field Data & Identify Methods

ITERATION 2

SEES MODEL

SEES_s COMPARATIVE ANALYSIS

2 STUDY CASES
Coastal Hypoxia



COASTAL OCEAN SEES
Ningaloo Coral Reef

DR. BETH FULTON
CSIRO, AUSTRALIA

TERRESTRIAL SEES
Massachusetts Forest

DR. KATHY FALLON LAMBERT
HARVARD, USA

QUESTION:

*What are some expected
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*Collect Field Data
& Identify Methods*

**SEES
MODEL**

**SEES_s
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2 STUDY CASES
Coastal Hypoxia

**SCENARIOS
OF CHANGE**

ITERATION 3

ITERATION 2

ITERATION 1

**Properties
SEES**

COASTAL OCEAN SEES
Ningaloo Coral Reef

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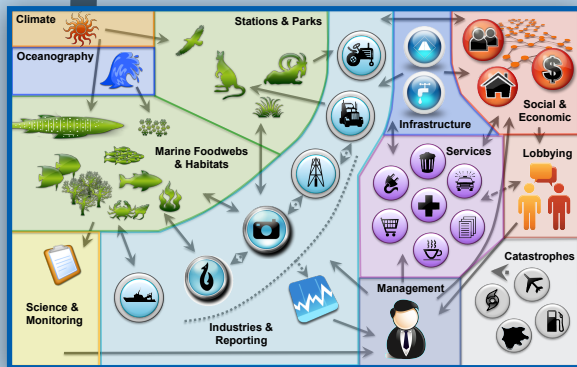
TERRESTRIAL SEES
Massachusetts Forest

DR. KATHY FALLON LAMBERT
HARVARD, USA

COASTAL OCEAN SEES

Ningaloo Coral Reef

Stakeholders & Public Engagement

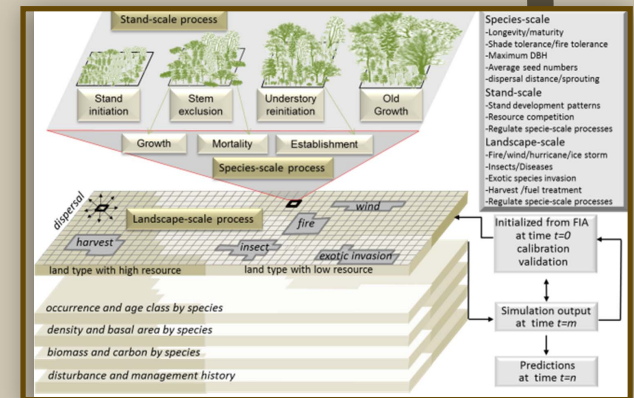


SEES
MODEL
&
SCENARIOS

TERRESTRIAL SEES

Massachusetts Forest

Stakeholders & Public Engagement

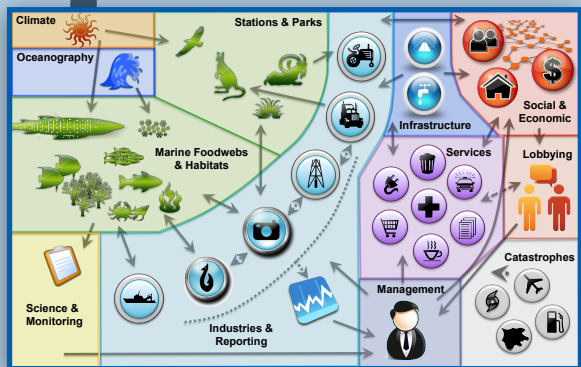


SEES
MODEL
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SCENARIOS

COASTAL OCEAN SEES

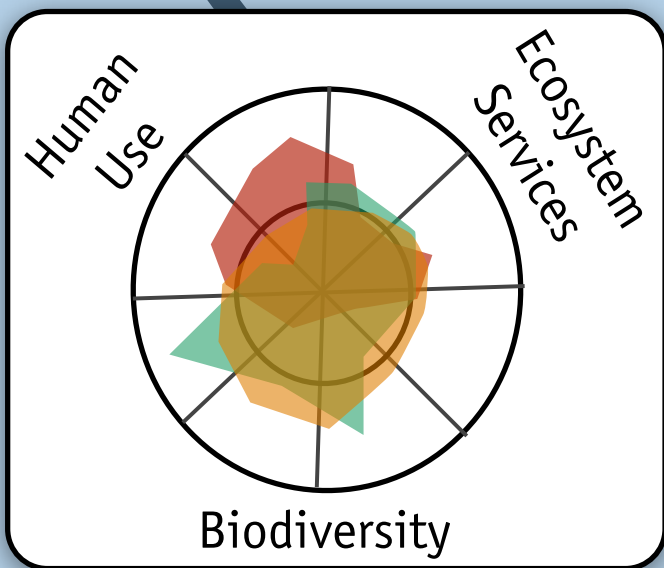
Ningaloo Coral Reef

Stakeholders & Public Engagement



SEES
MODEL
&
SCENARIOS

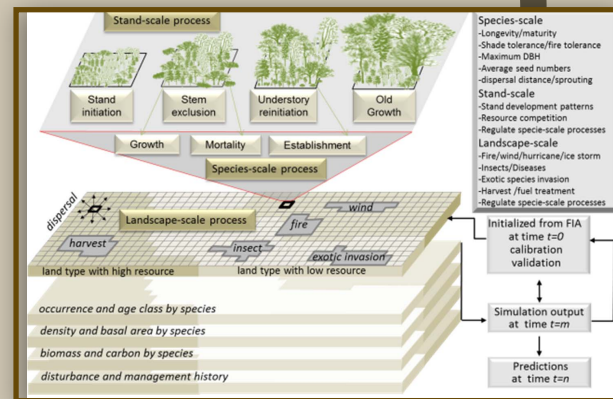
SCENARIO EVALUATION



TERRESTRIAL SEES

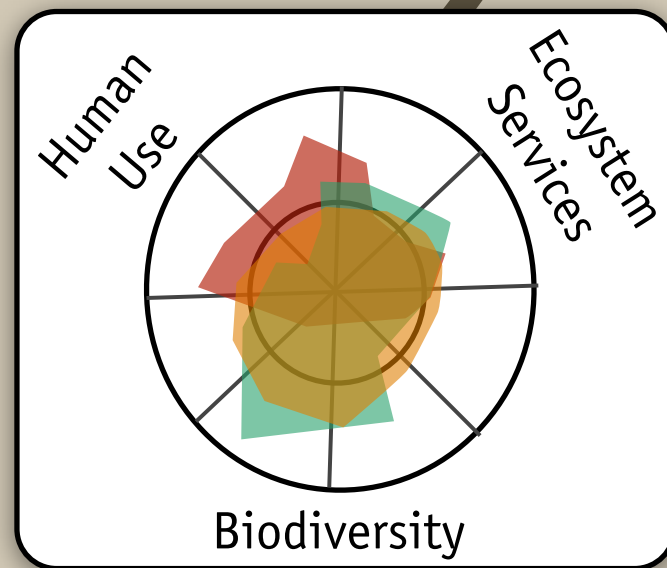
Massachusetts Forest

Stakeholders & Public Engagement



SEES
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SCENARIOS

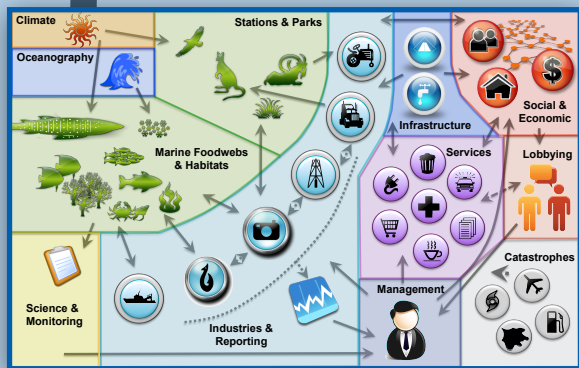
SCENARIO EVALUATION



COASTAL OCEAN SEES

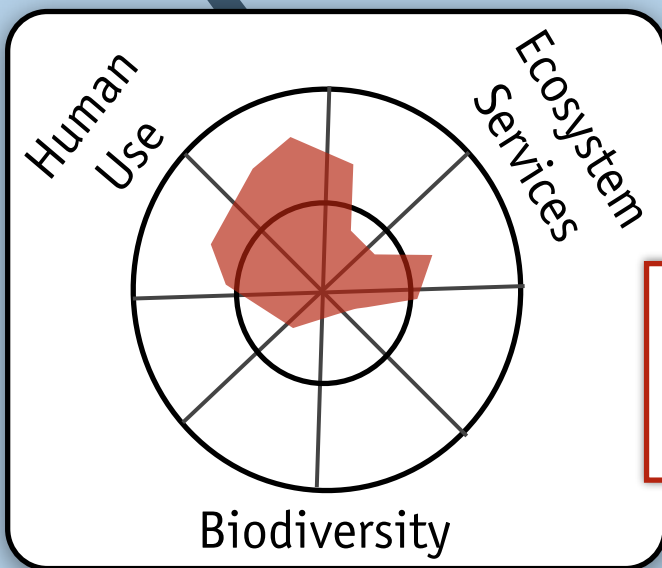
Ningaloo Coral Reef

Stakeholders & Public Engagement



SEES
MODEL
&
SCENARIOS

SCENARIO EVALUATION

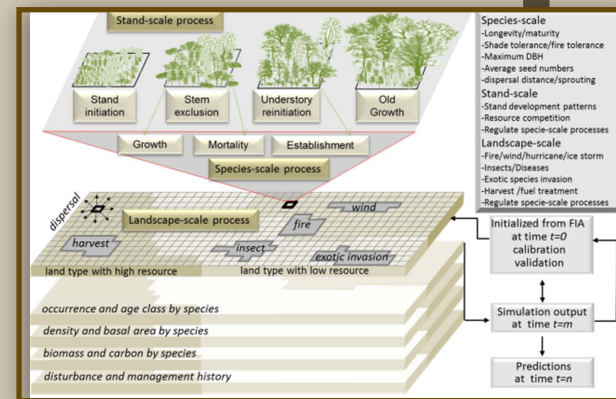


SCENARIO #1
"business as usual"

TERRESTRIAL SEES

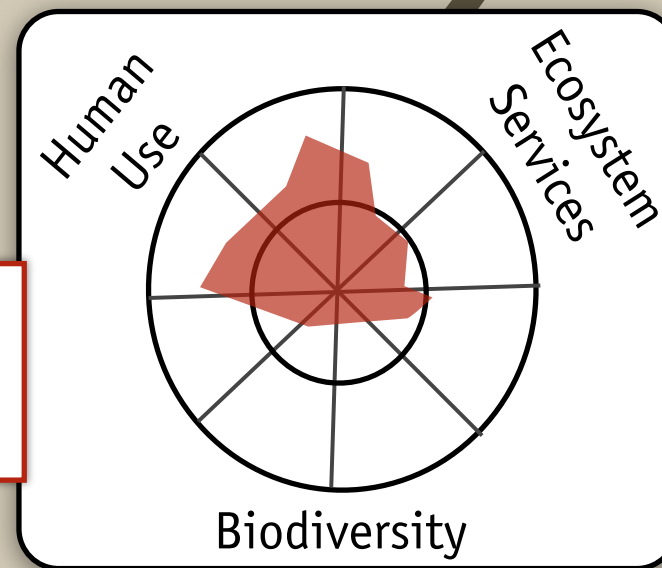
Massachusetts Forest

Stakeholders & Public Engagement



SEES
MODEL
&
SCENARIOS

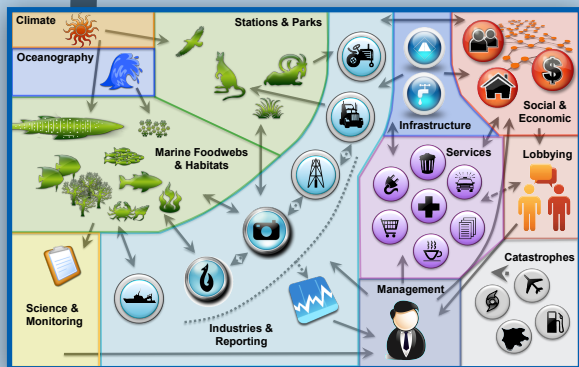
SCENARIO EVALUATION



COASTAL OCEAN SEES

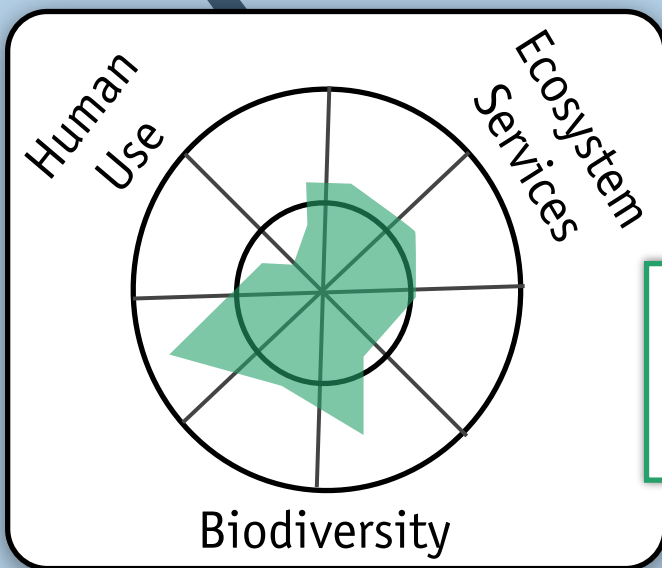
Ningaloo Coral Reef

Stakeholders & Public Engagement



SEES
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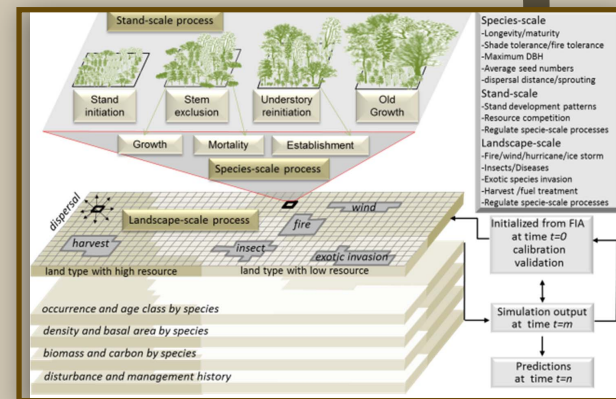
SCENARIO EVALUATION



TERRESTRIAL SEES

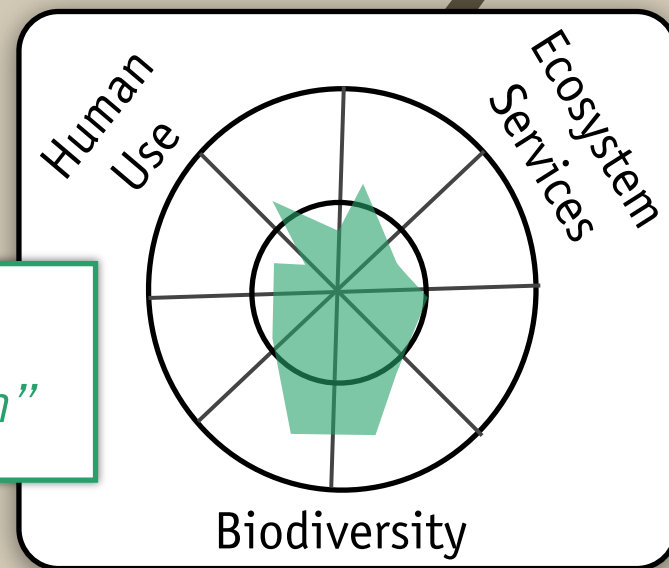
Massachusetts Forest

Stakeholders & Public Engagement



SEES
MODEL
&
SCENARIOS

SCENARIO EVALUATION

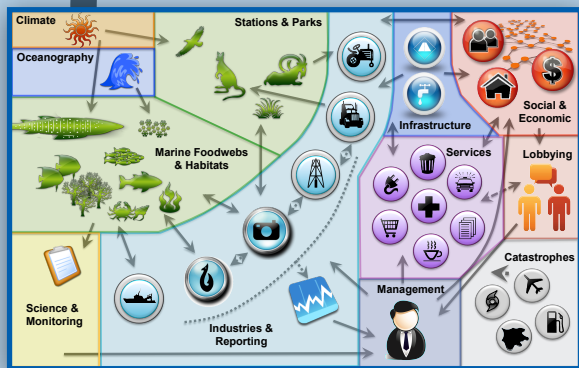


SCENARIO #2
"ecosystem conservation"

COASTAL OCEAN SEES

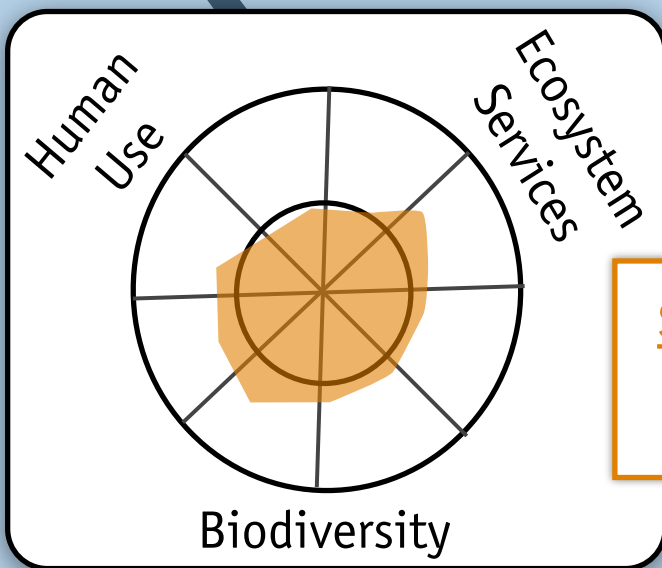
Ningaloo Coral Reef

Stakeholders & Public Engagement



SEES
MODEL
&
SCENARIOS

SCENARIO EVALUATION

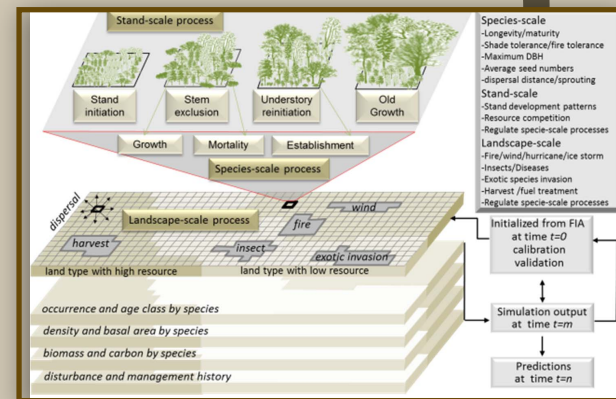


SCENARIO #3
“better human integration”

TERRESTRIAL SEES

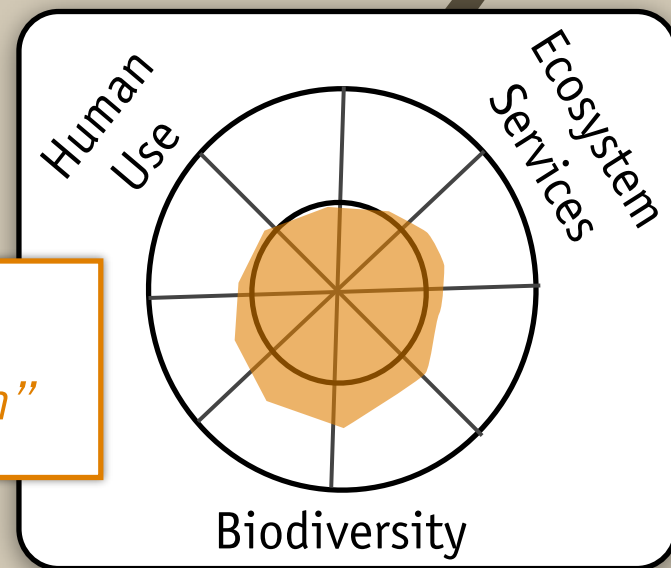
Massachusetts Forest

Stakeholders & Public Engagement



SEES
MODEL
&
SCENARIOS

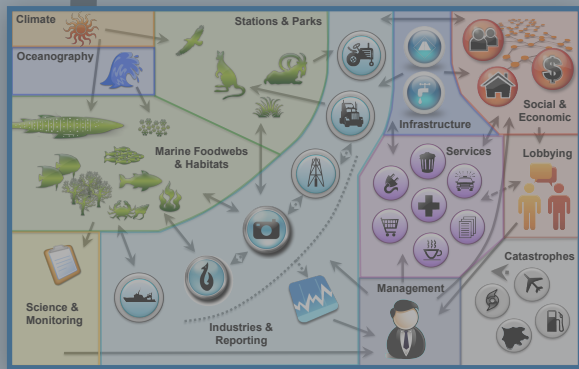
SCENARIO EVALUATION



COASTAL OCEAN SEES

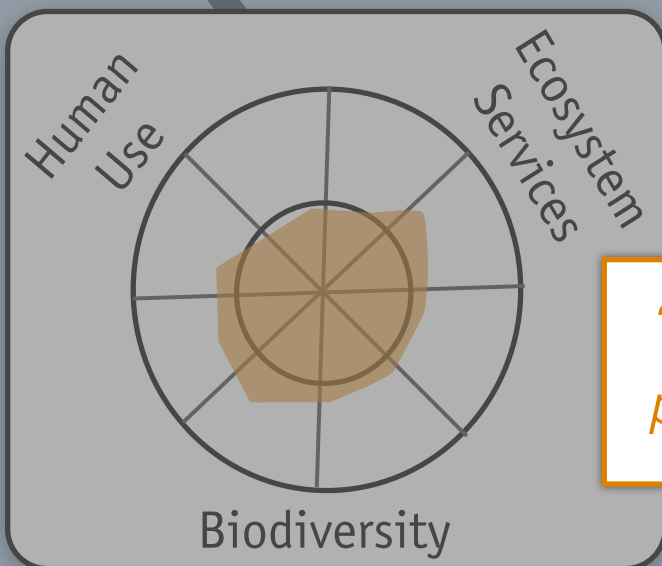
Ningaloo Coral Reef

Stakeholders & Public Engagement



SEES
MODEL
&
SCENARIOS

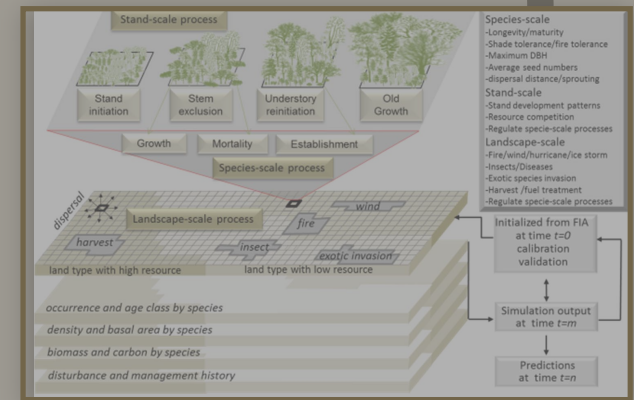
SCENARIO EVALUATION



TERRESTRIAL SEES

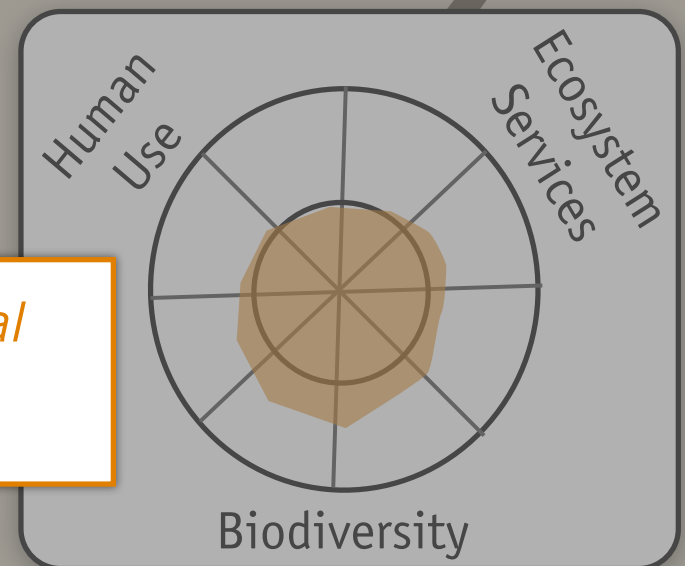
Massachusetts Forest

Stakeholders & Public Engagement



SEES
MODEL
&
SCENARIOS

SCENARIO EVALUATION



“humans become integral part of the biodiversity”

COASTAL OCEAN SEES

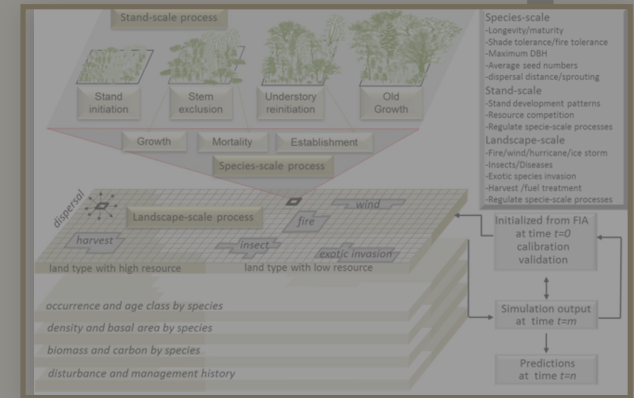
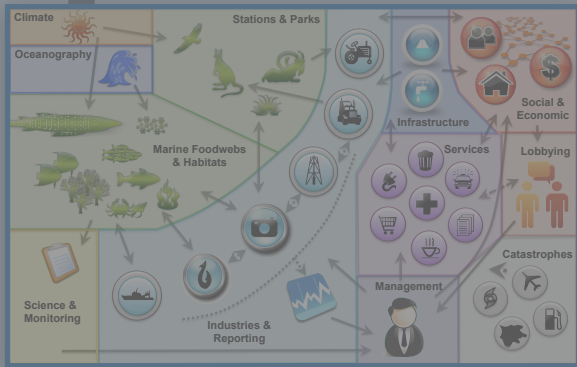
Ningaloo Coral Reef

TERRESTRIAL SEES

Massachusetts Forest

Stakeholders & Public Engagement

Stakeholders & Public Engagement

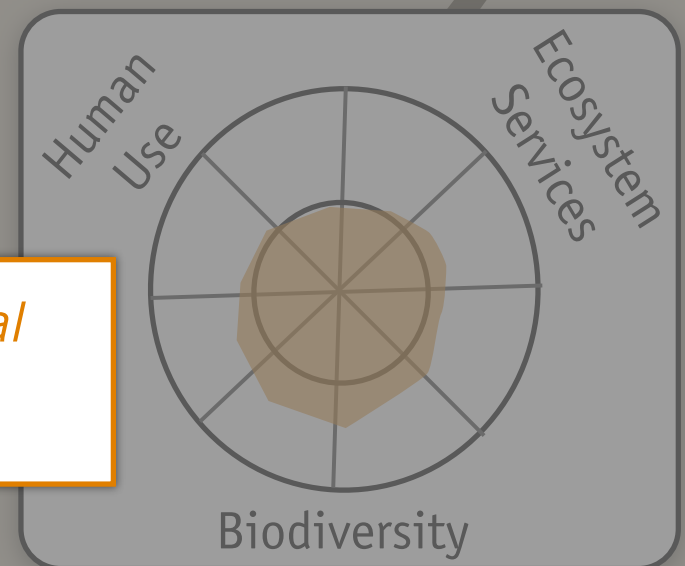
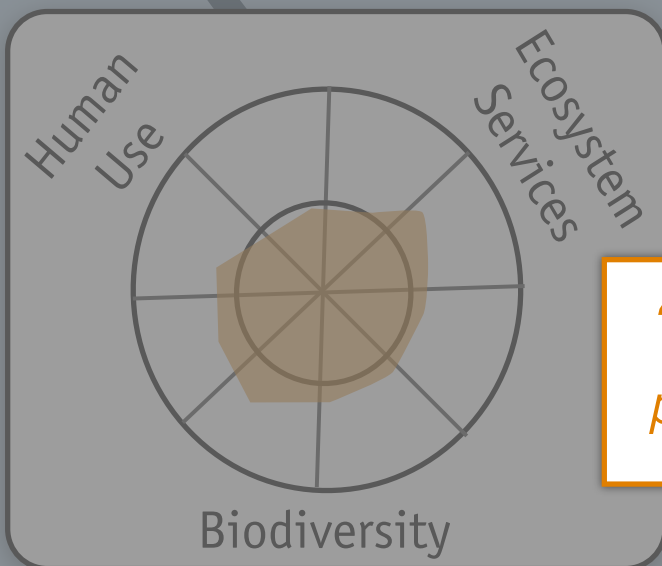


Conservation Science

Kareiva and Marvier

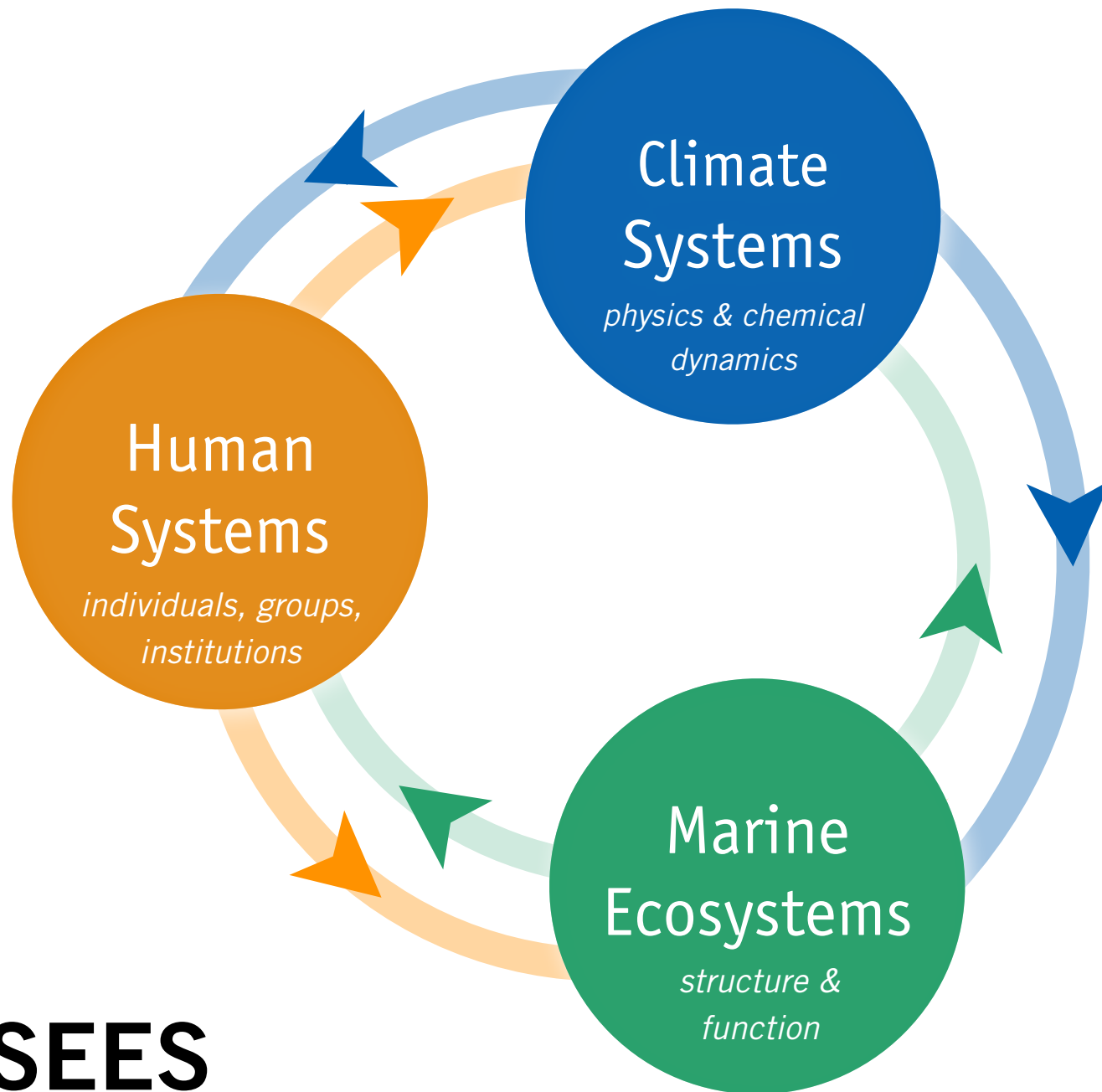
SCENARIO EVALUATION

SCENARIO EVALUATION



“humans become integral part of the biodiversity”

Towards Social-Ecological-Environmental System Approach & Modeling



QUESTION:

How is the this important for PICES

FUTURE ?

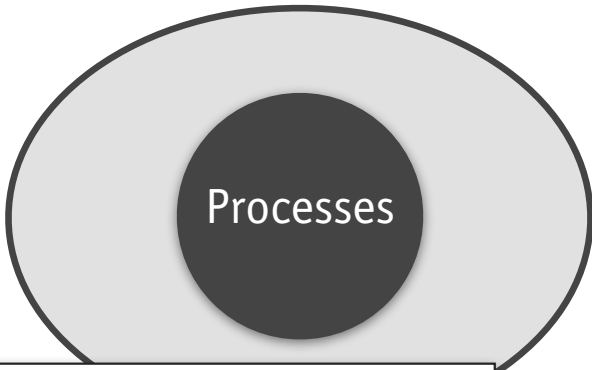
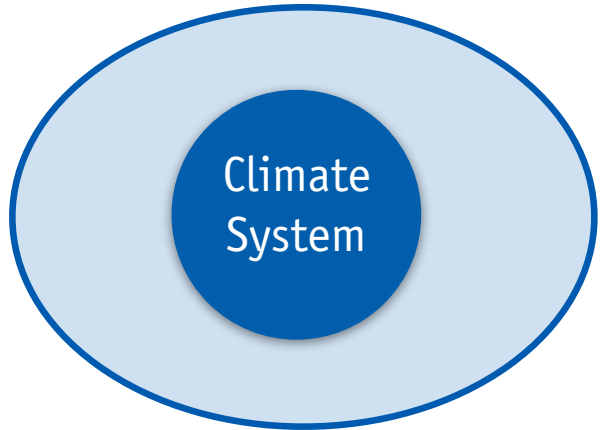
Elements of **FUTURE**
SCIENCE PROGRAM FOR 2020



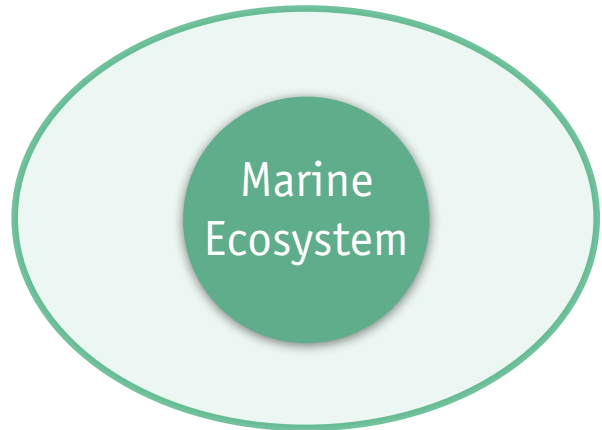
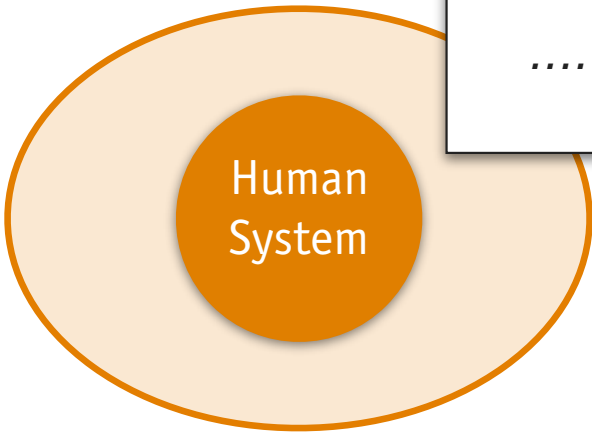
Elements of **FUTURE**
SCIENCE PROGRAM FOR 2020

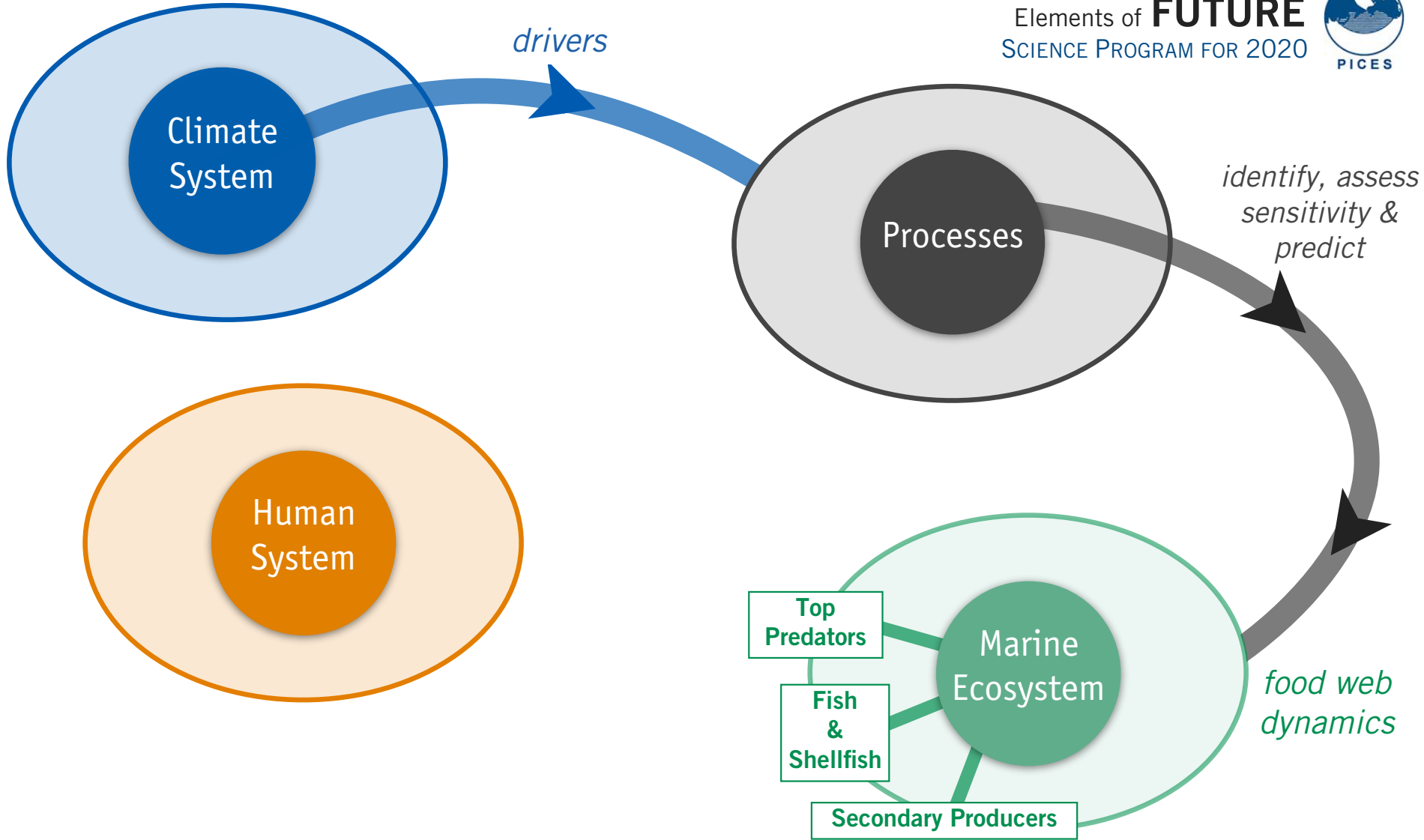


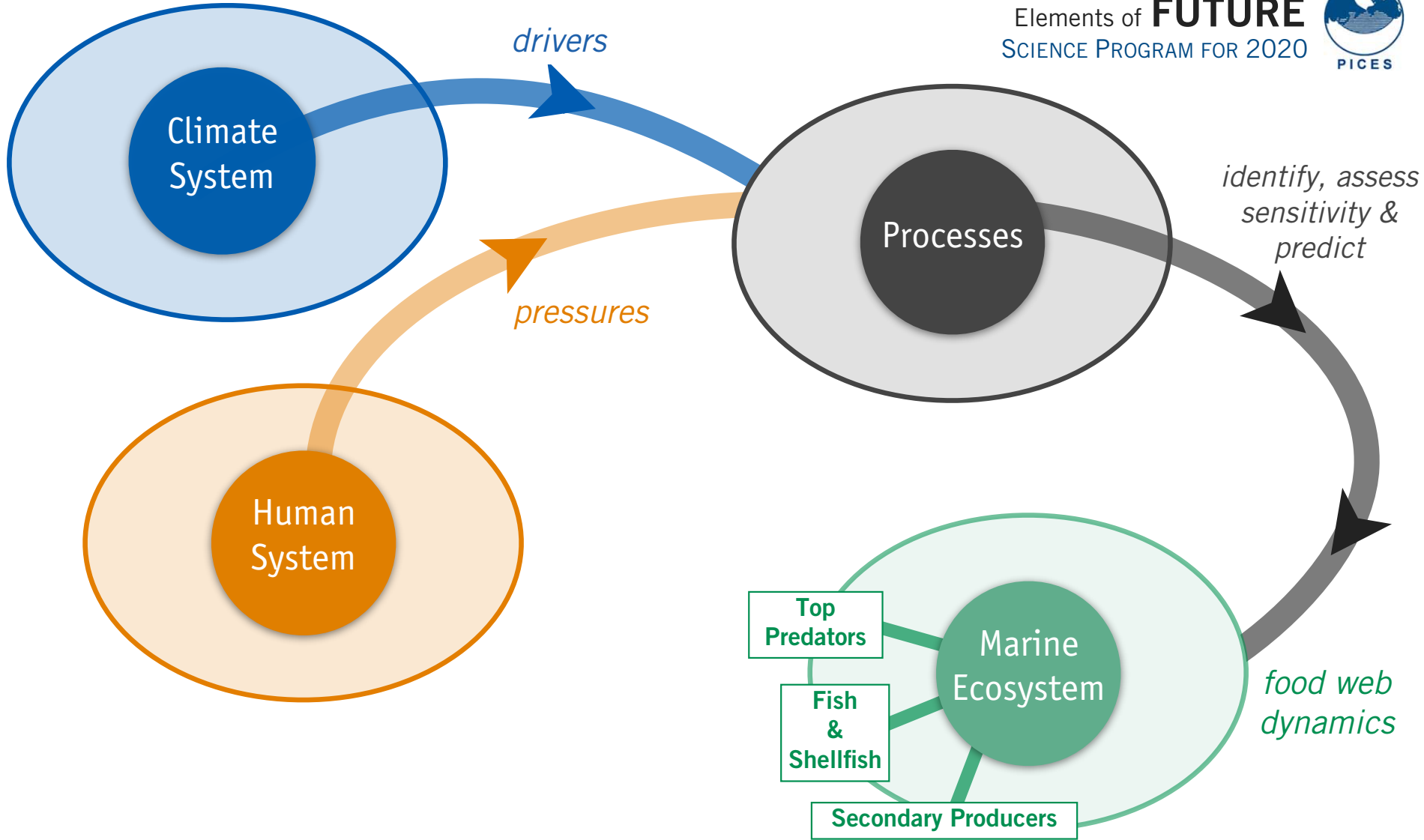
.... spheres of interest for FUTURE

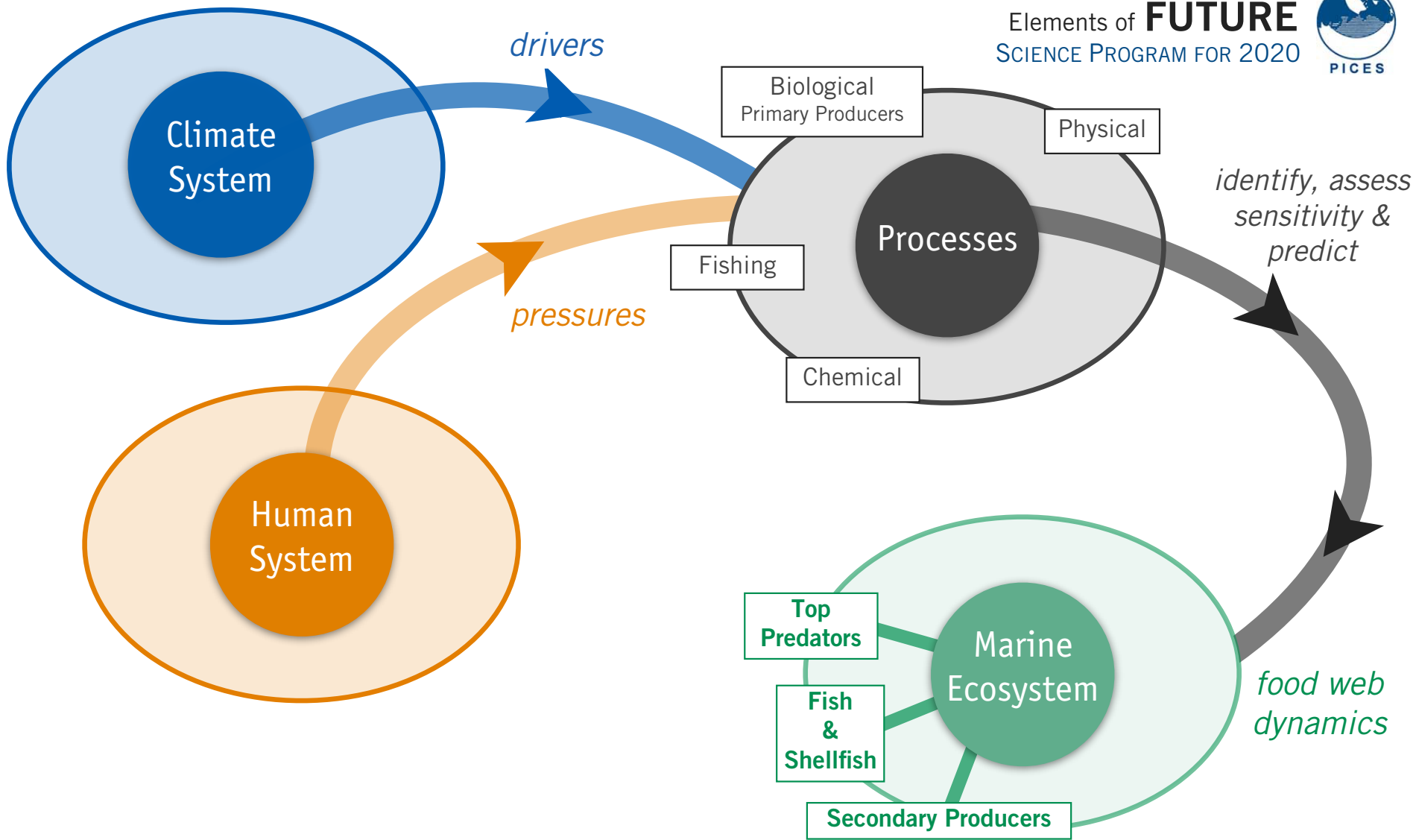


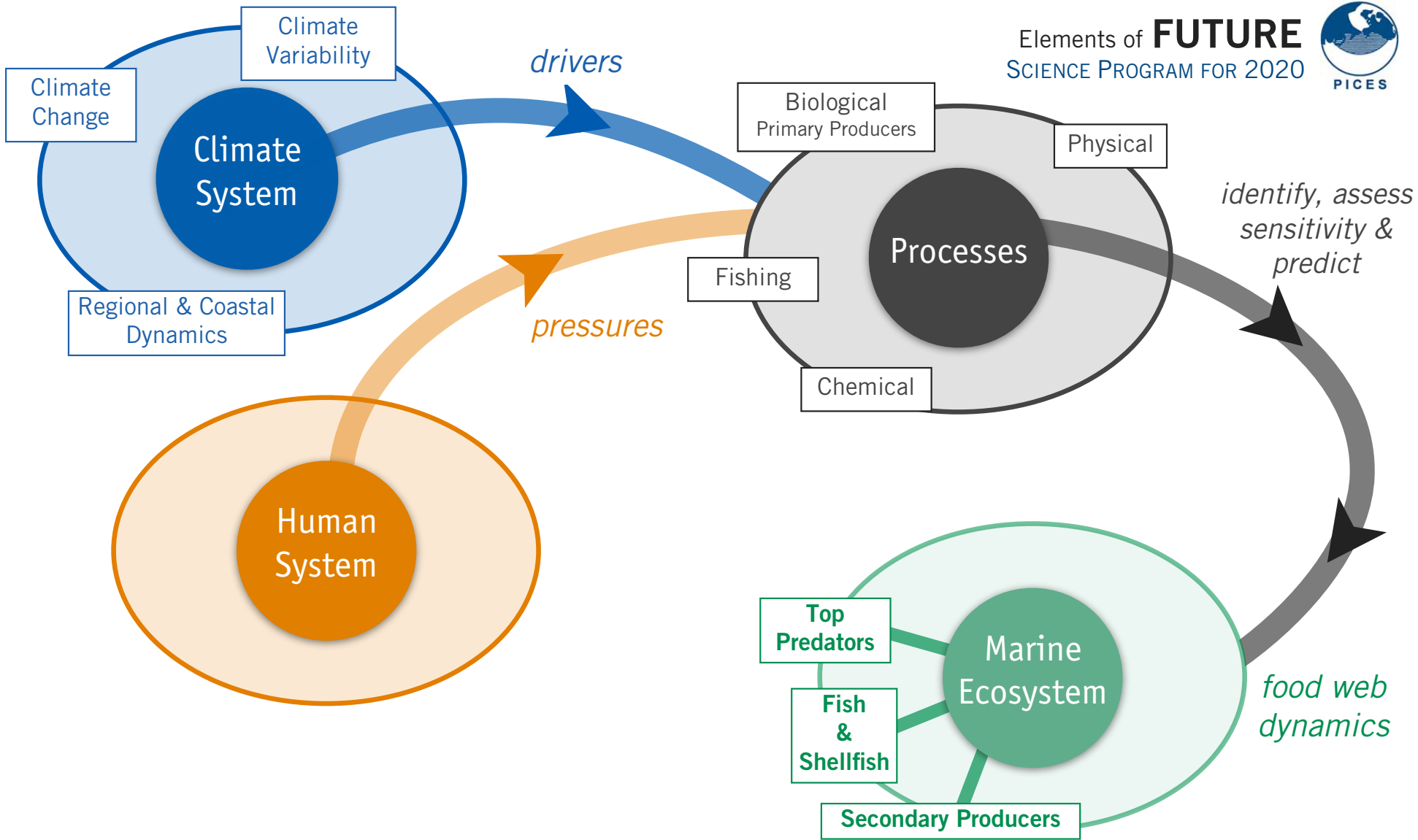
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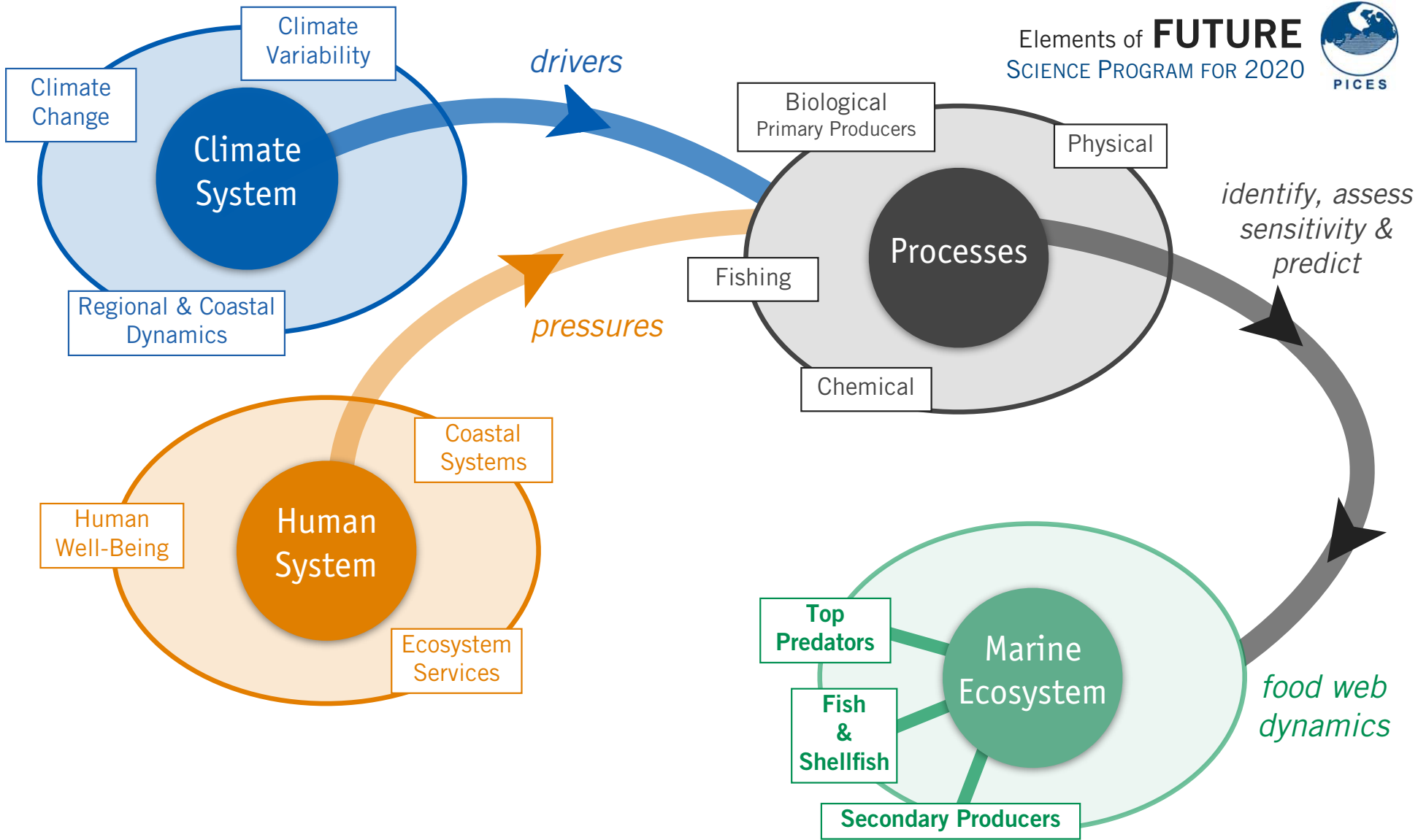


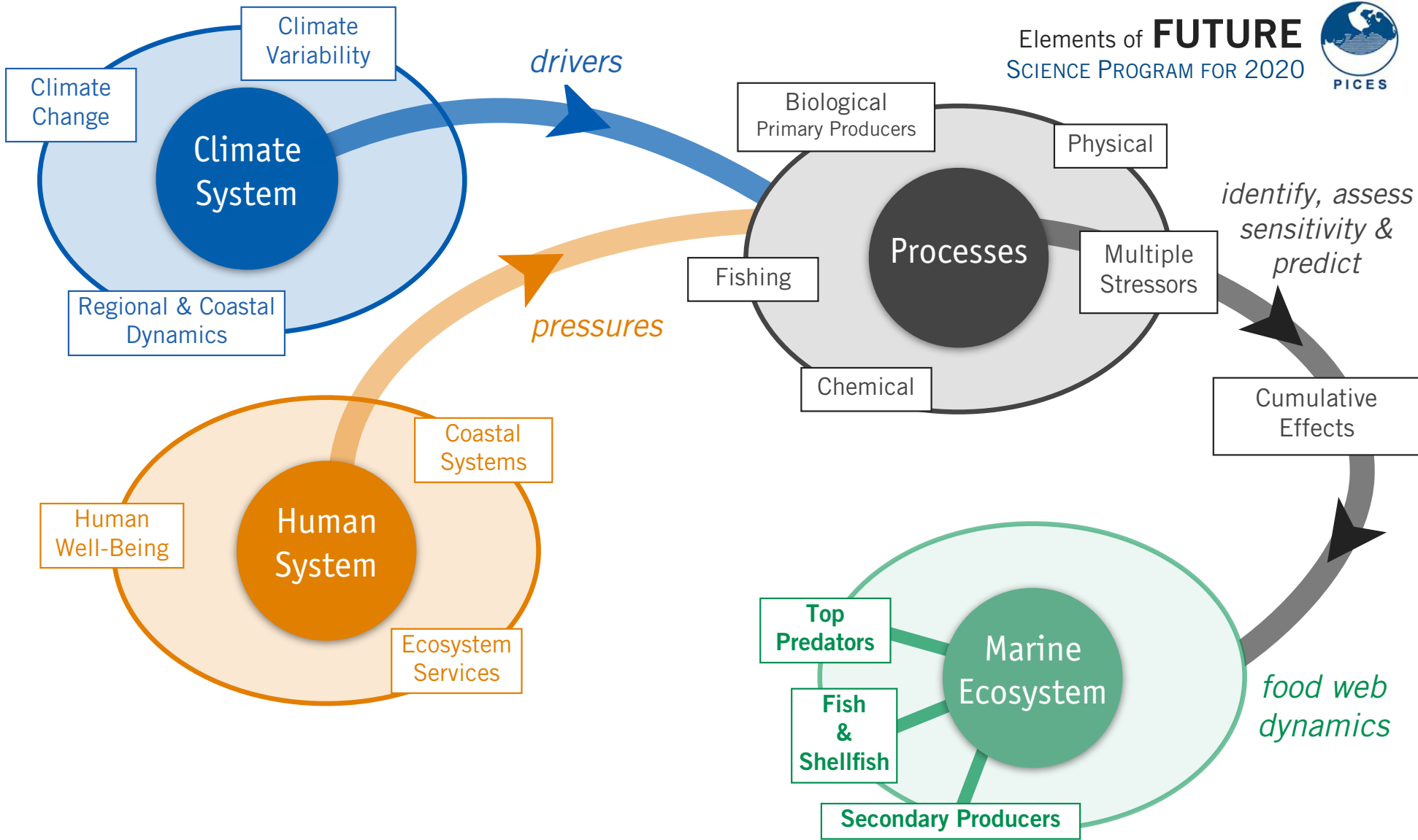


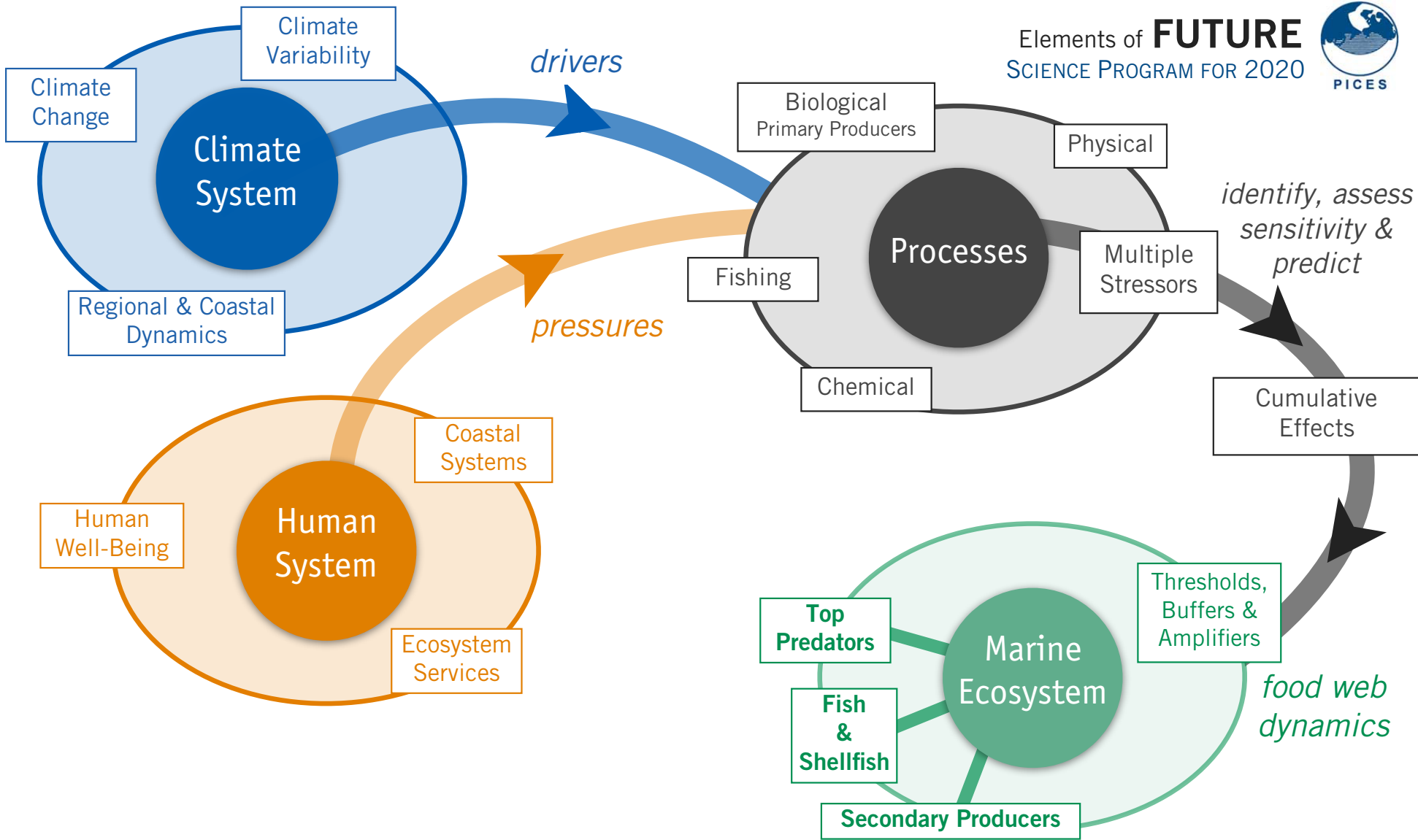


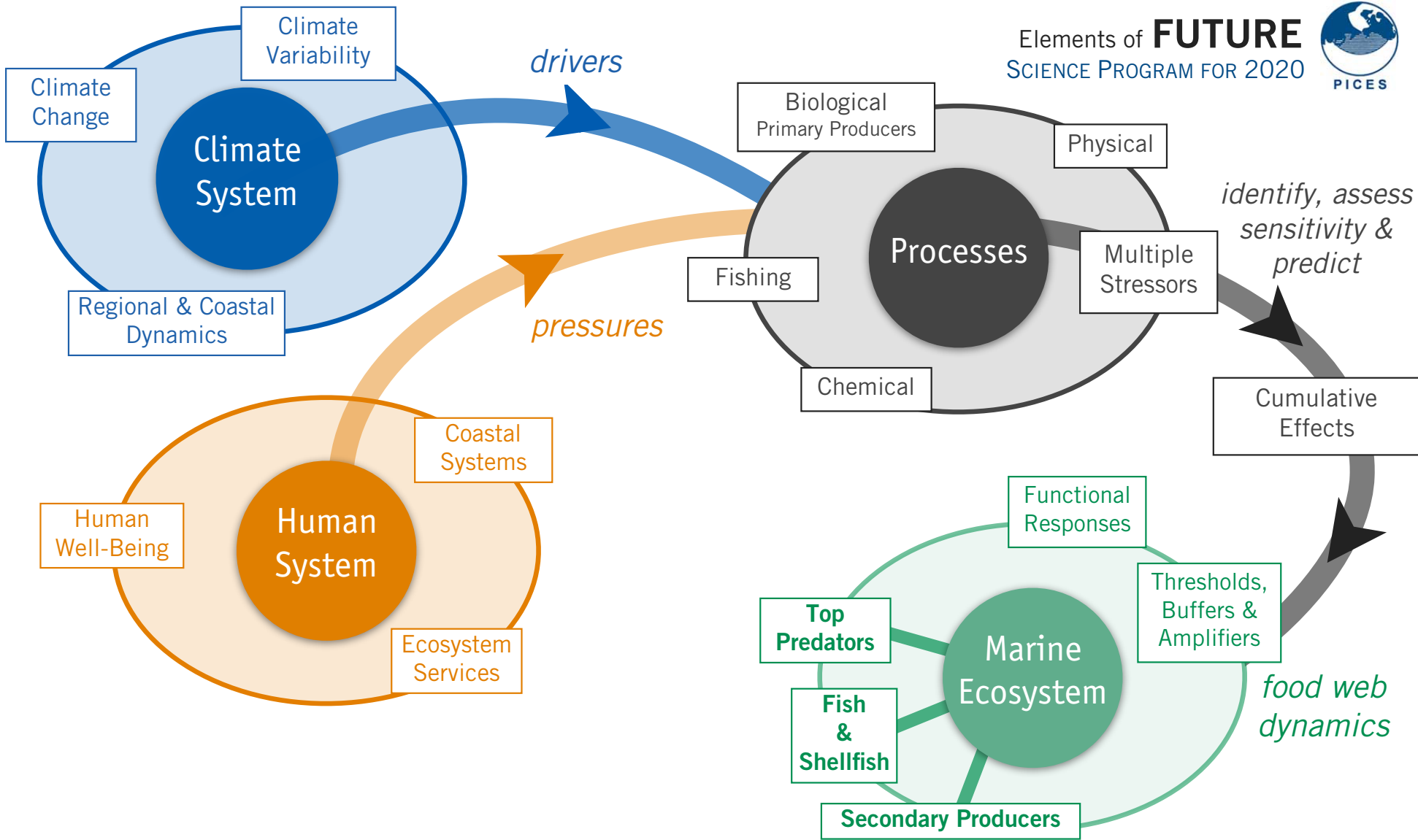


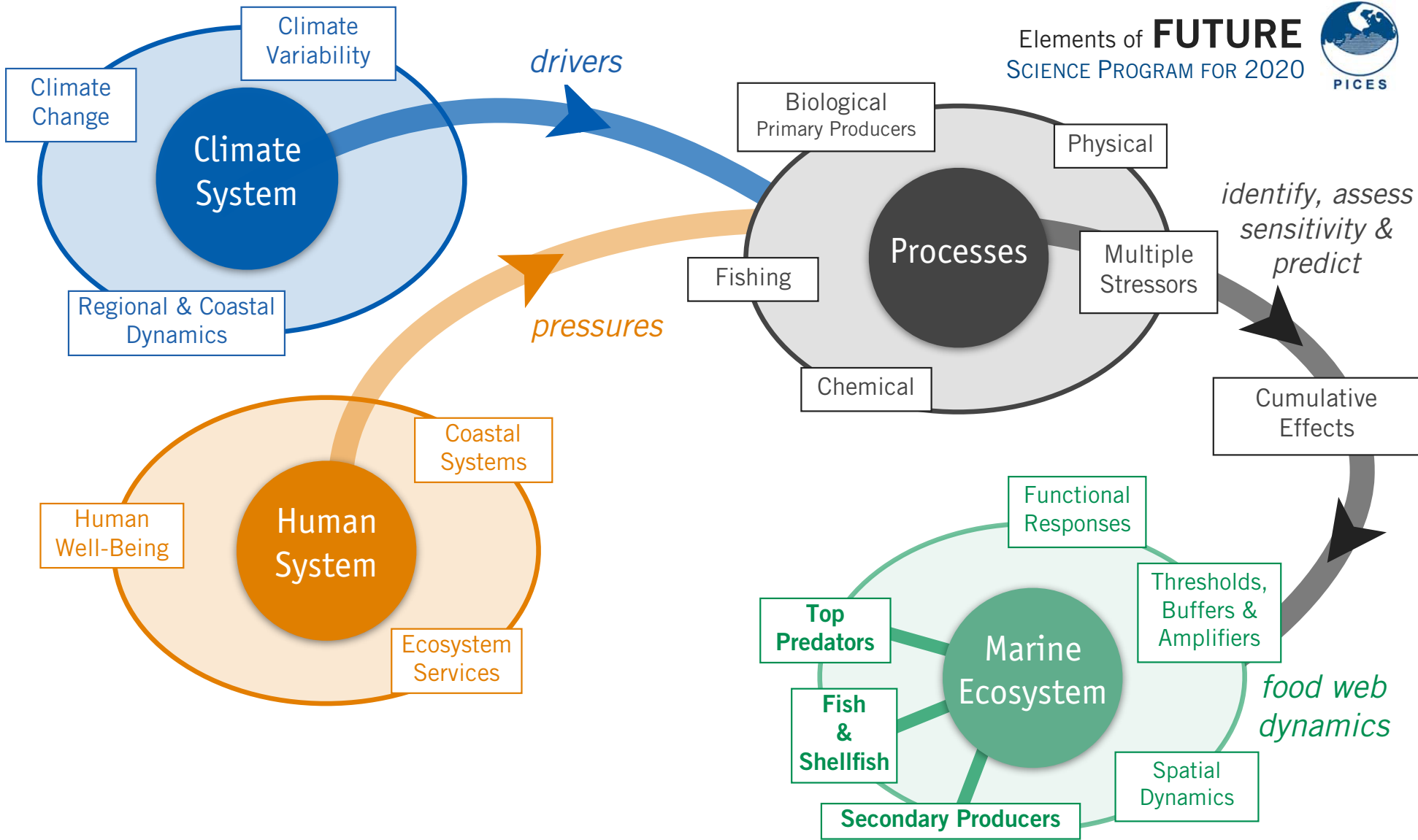


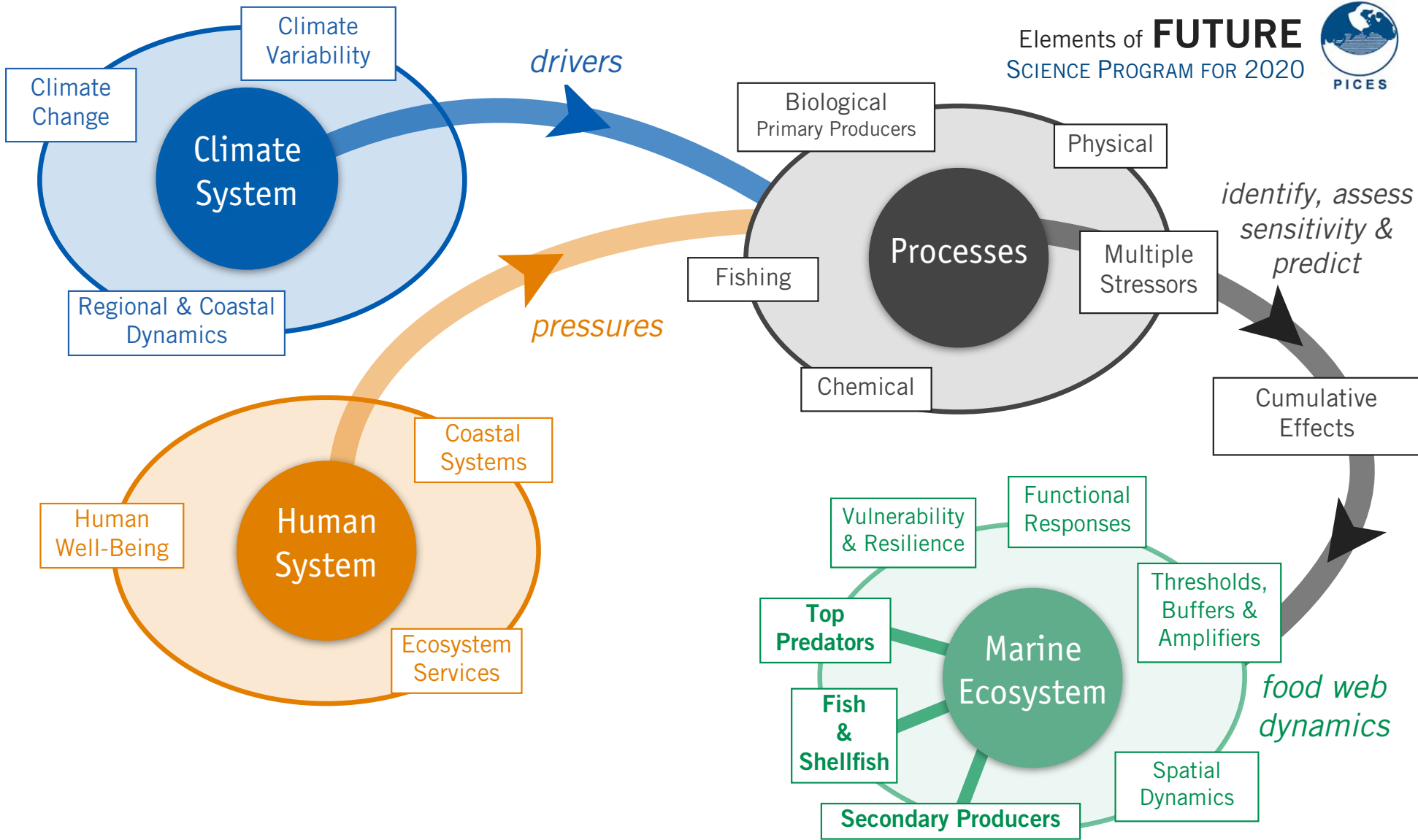


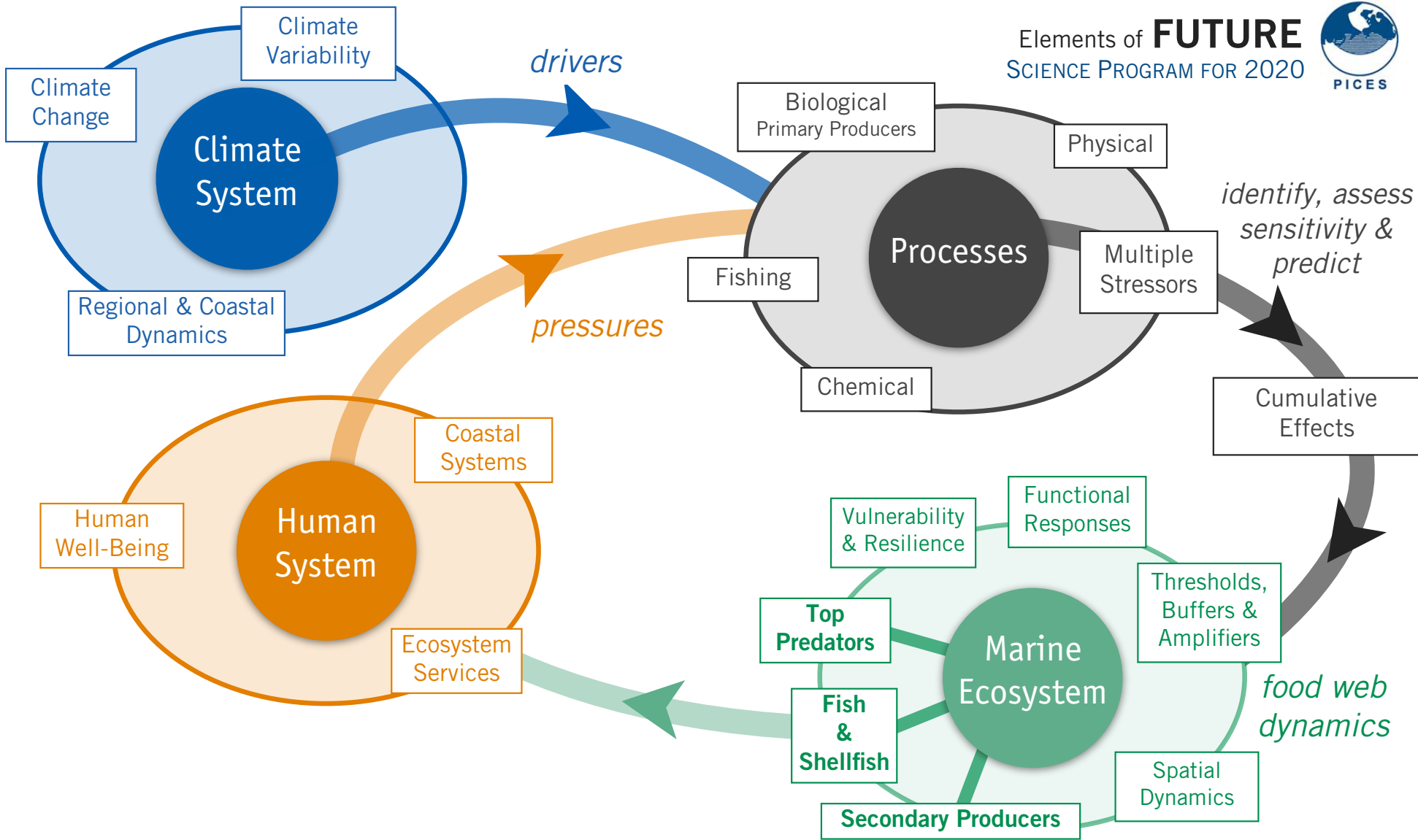


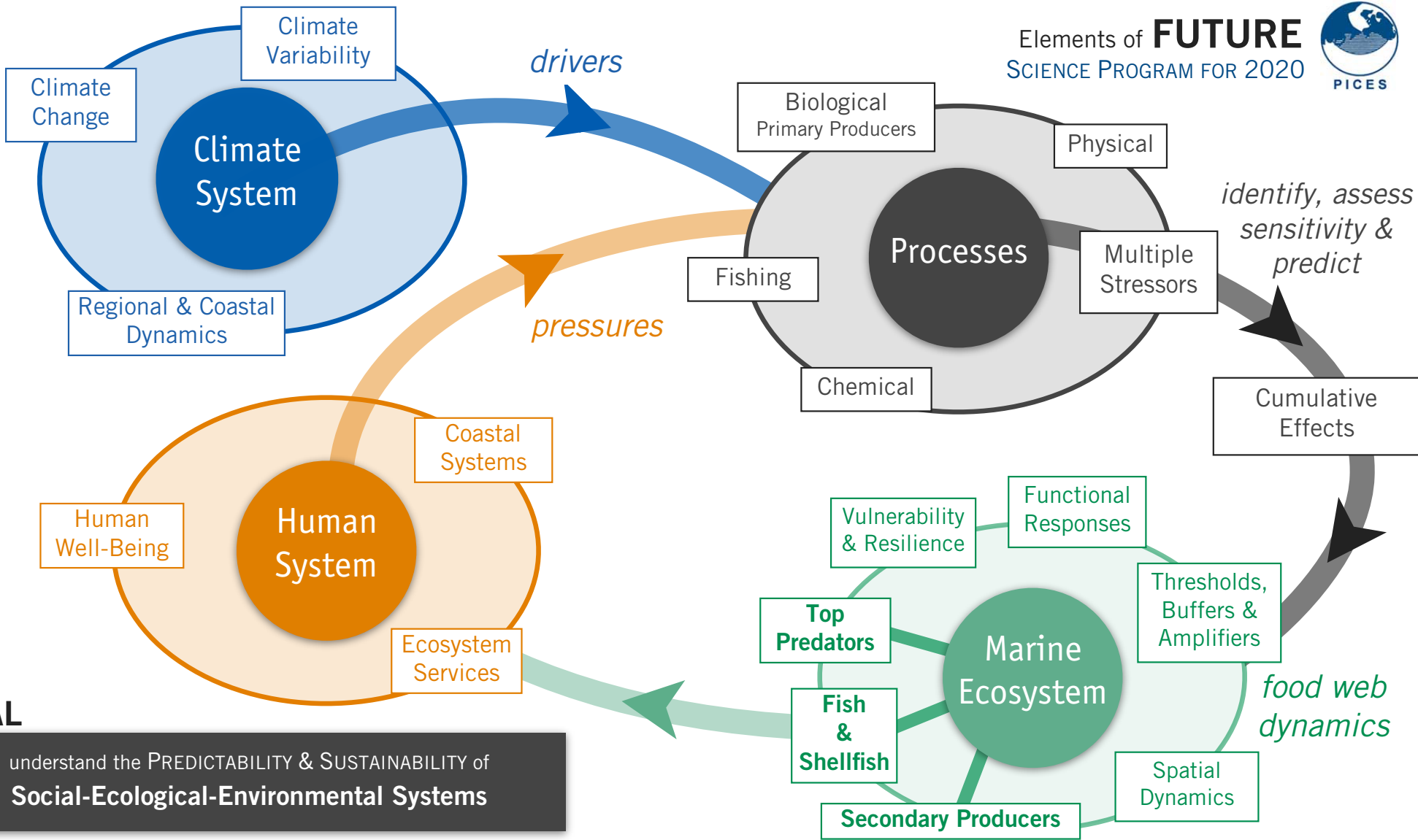






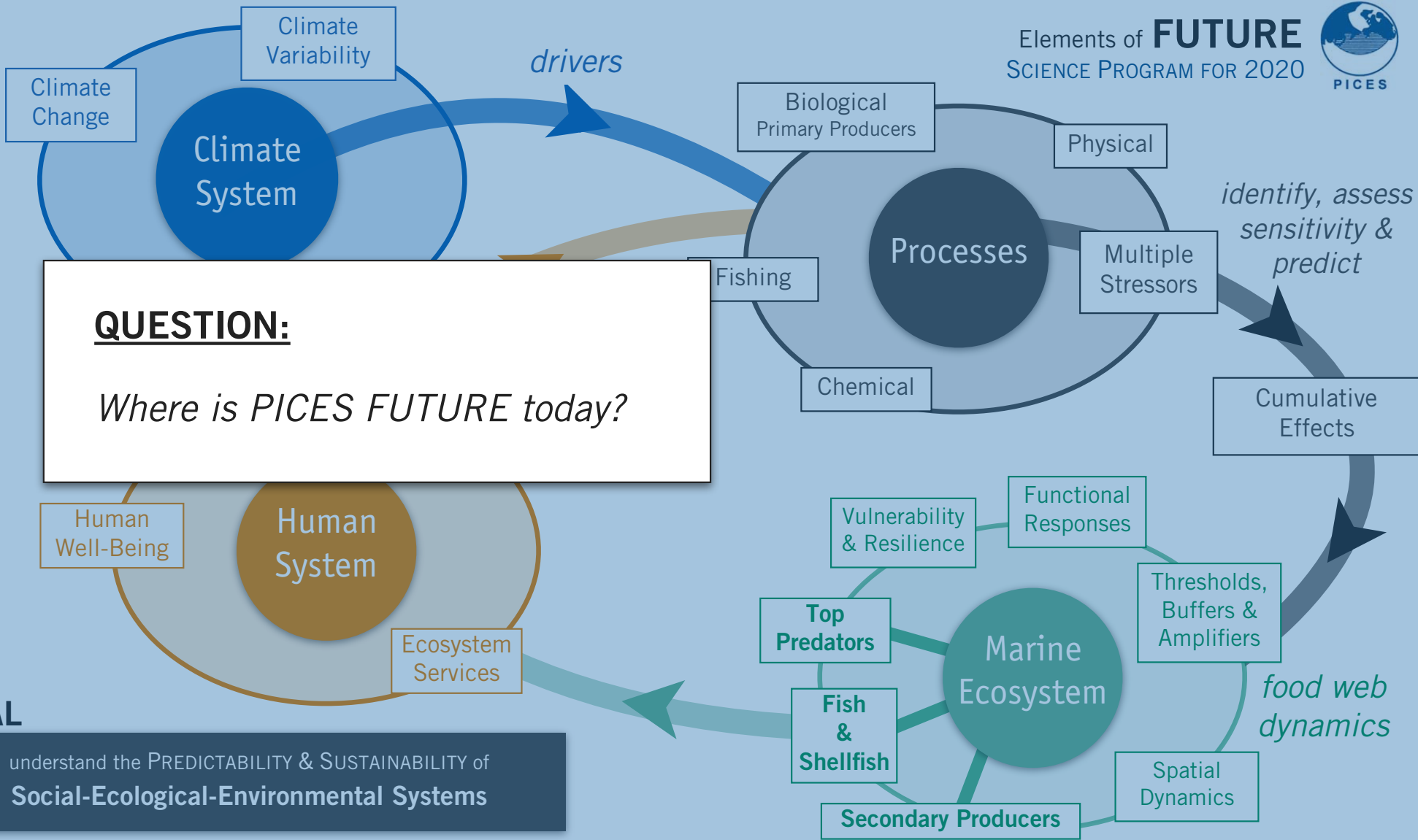


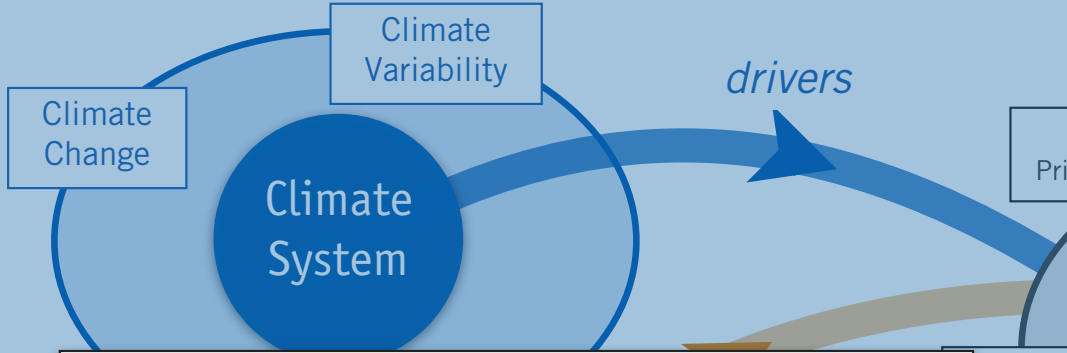




GOAL

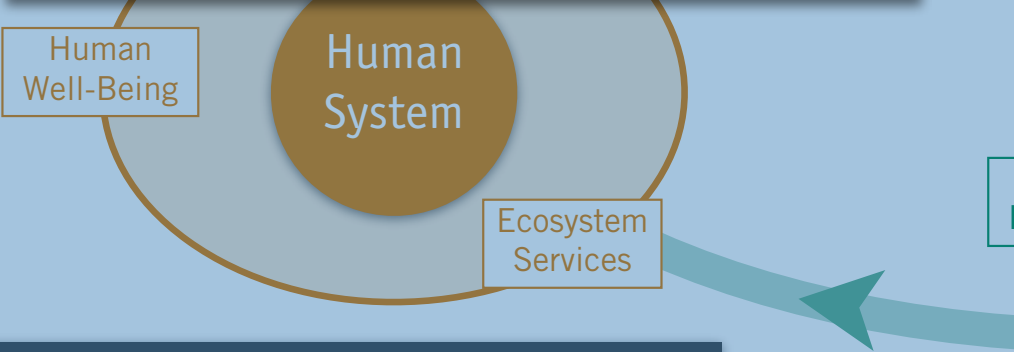
understand the PREDICTABILITY & SUSTAINABILITY of
Social-Ecological-Environmental Systems





QUESTION:
Where is PICES FUTURE today?

- WG27** *Climate Variability & Change*
- WG28** *Ecosystem Indicators & Multiple Stressors*
- WG29** *Regional Climate Modeling*
- WG30** *Marine Radiation*
- WG31** *Marine Pollution*
- WG32** *Biodiversity Biogenic Habitats*

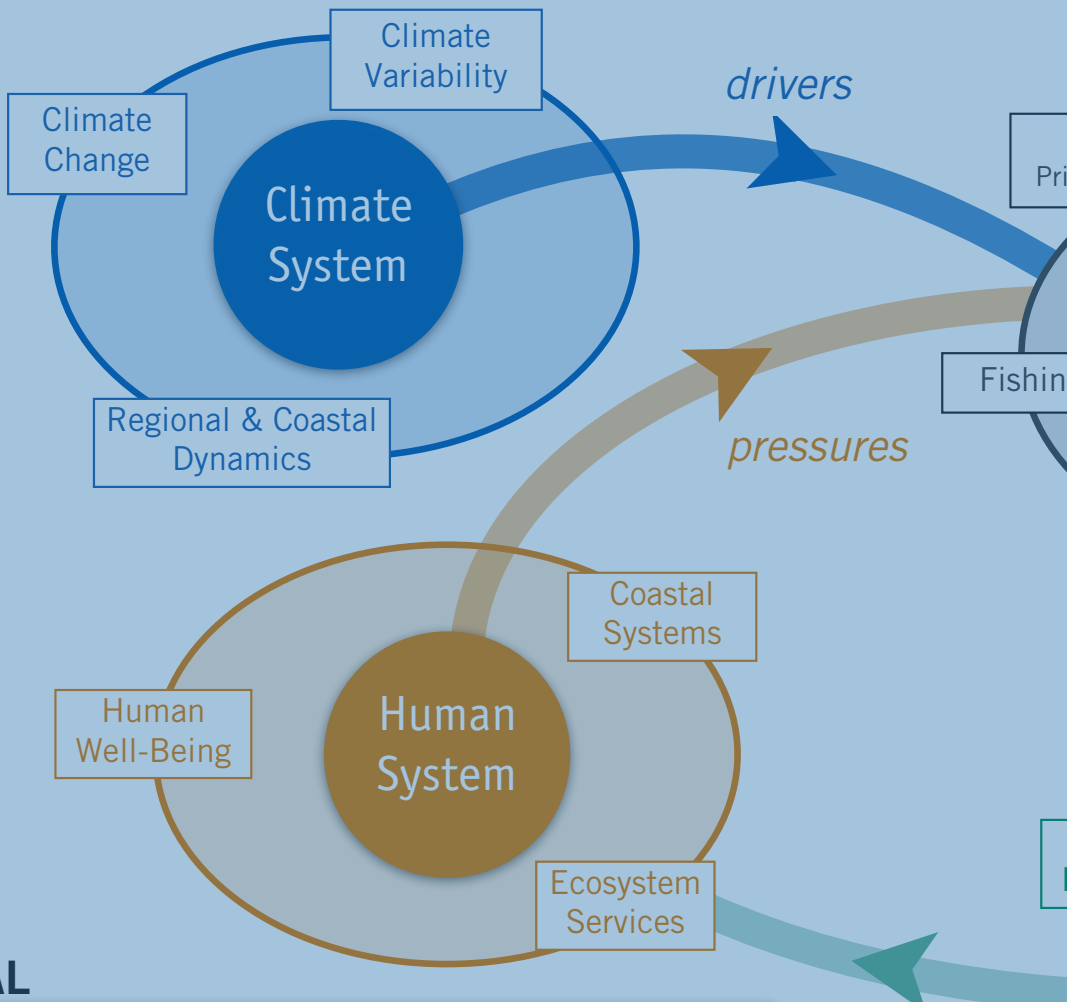


- S-CC** *Carbon and Climate*
- S-HAB** *Harmful Algal Blooms*
- S-HD** *Human Dimensions*
- S-CCME** *Climate Change & Marine Ecosystems*

GOAL

understand the PREDICTABILITY & SUSTAINABILITY of
Social-Ecological-Environmental Systems





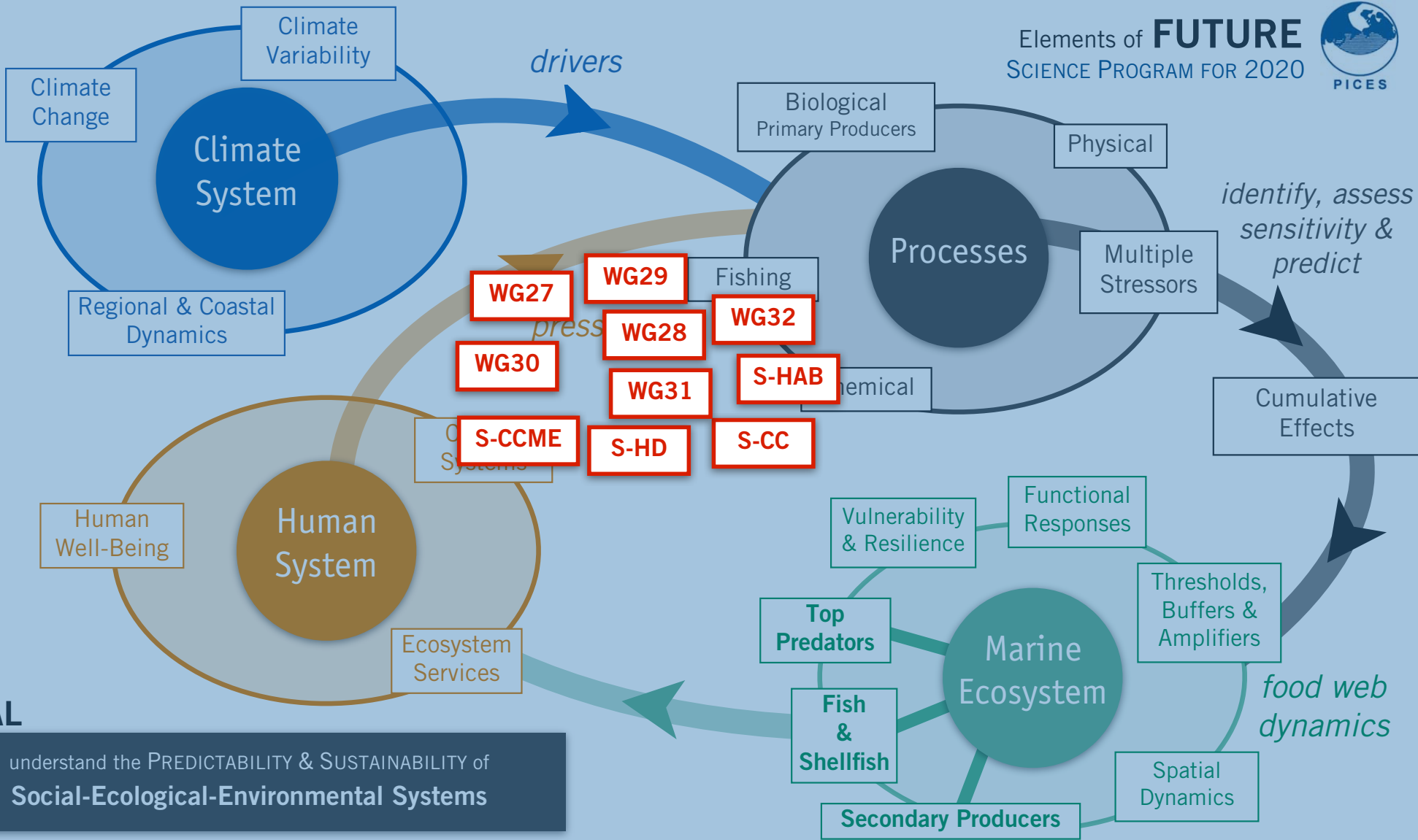
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- S-CC** *Carbon and Climate*
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GOAL

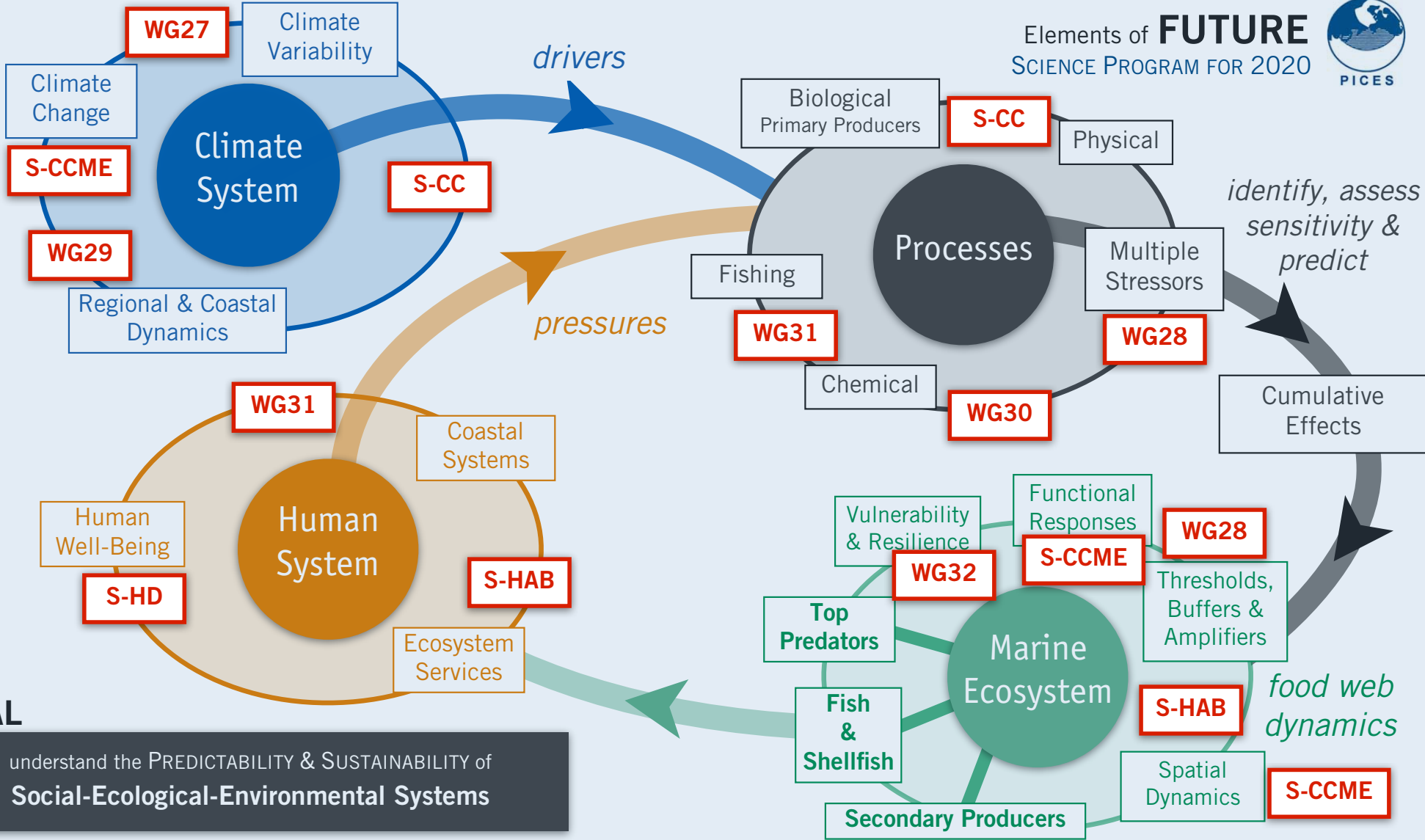
understand the PREDICTABILITY & SUSTAINABILITY of
Social-Ecological-Environmental Systems





GOAL

understand the PREDICTABILITY & SUSTAINABILITY of
Social-Ecological-Environmental Systems



GOAL

understand the PREDICTABILITY & SUSTAINABILITY of
Social-Ecological-Environmental Systems



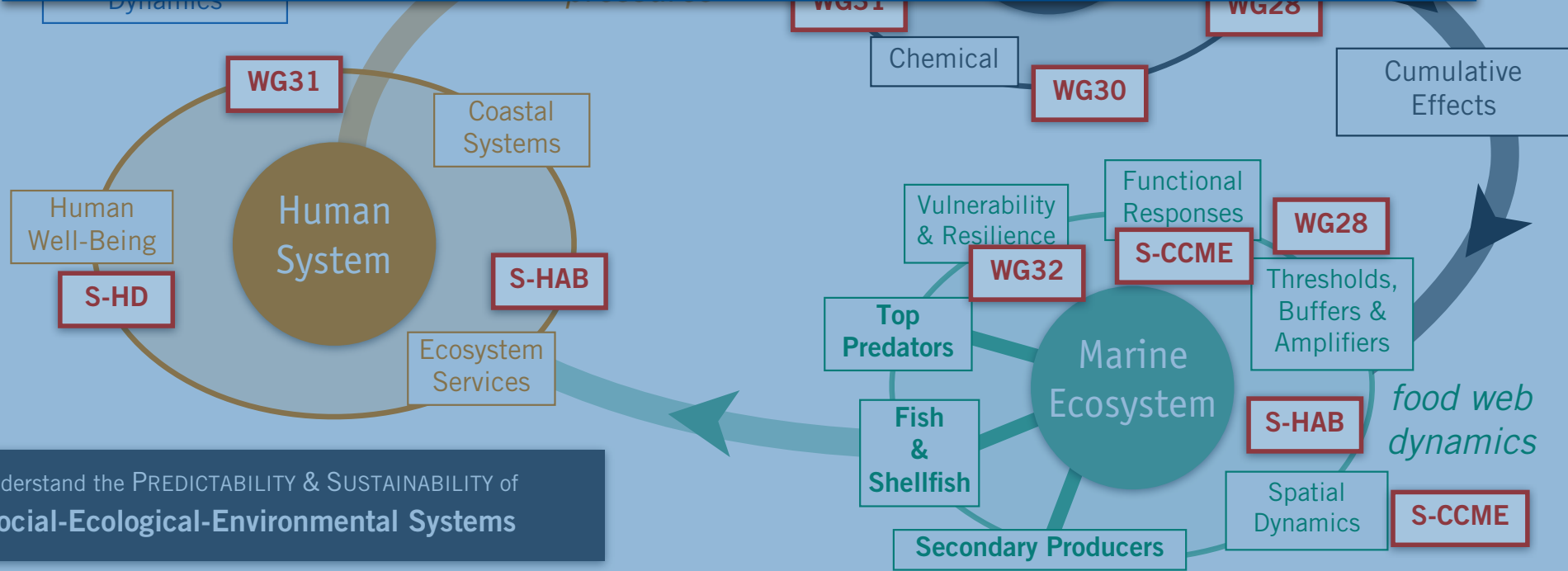
PICES next steps ...



S-CCME System S-CC

Biological Primary Producers S-CC Physical

Social-Ecological-Environmental Systems (SEES) Approach & Modeling:



GOAL

understand the PREDICTABILITY & SUSTAINABILITY of
Social-Ecological-Environmental Systems



PICES next steps ...

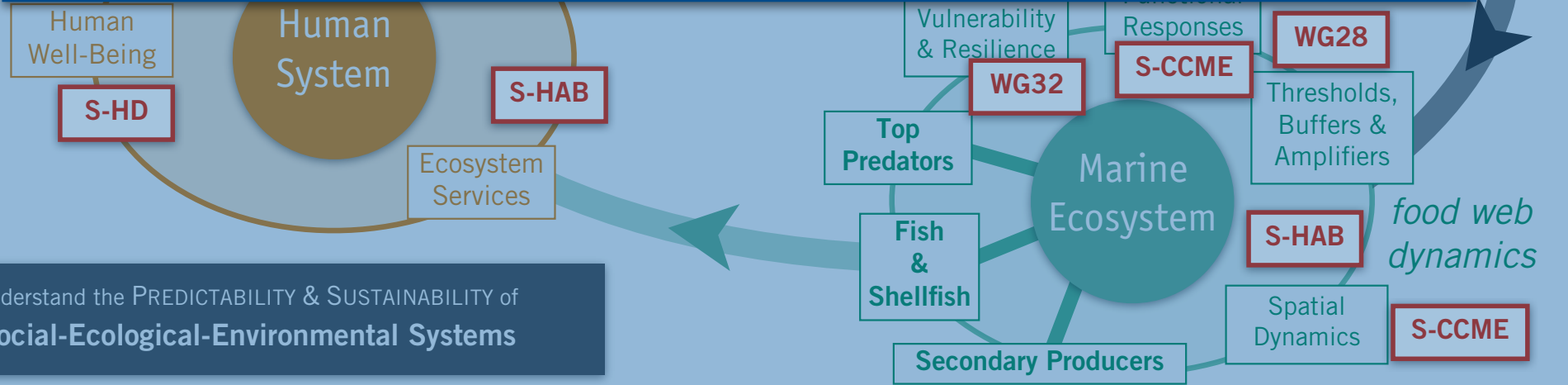


S-CCME System S-CC

Biological Primary Producers S-CC Physical

Social-Ecological-Environmental Systems (SEES) Approach & Modeling:

- Create a culture of awareness to **SEES** dynamics



GOAL
understand the PREDICTABILITY & SUSTAINABILITY of
Social-Ecological-Environmental Systems

PICES next steps ...



Elements of **FUTURE**
SCIENCE PROGRAM FOR 2020

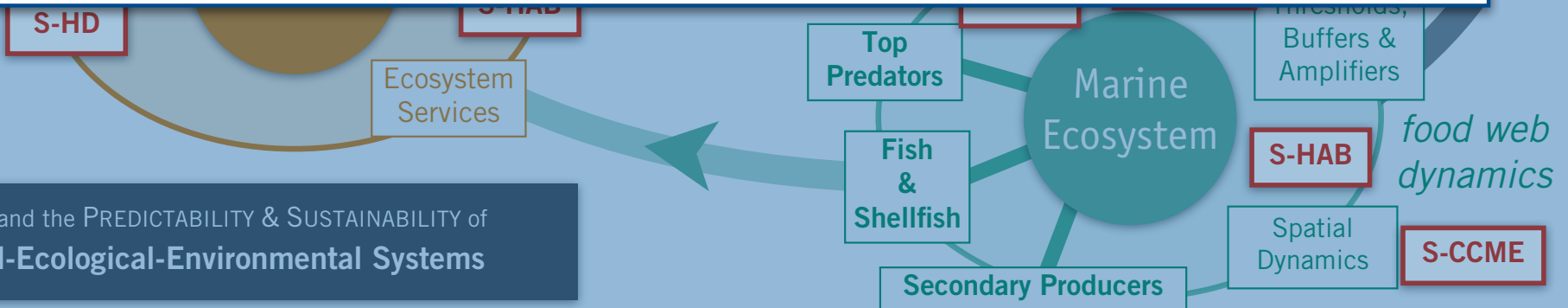


Social-Ecological-Environmental Systems (SEES) Approach & Modeling:

- Create a culture of awareness to **SEES** dynamics
- Train scientist in the practice of a trans-disciplinary **SEES** dialogue

GOAL

understand the PREDICTABILITY & SUSTAINABILITY of
Social-Ecological-Environmental Systems



PICES next steps ...



Social-Ecological-Environmental Systems (SEES) Approach & Modeling:

- Create a culture of awareness to **SEES** dynamics
- Train scientist in the practice of a **trans-disciplinary SEES dialogue**

- no a priori questions and model
- questions and model are developed from the exchange
- requires a substantial level of interaction

GOAL

understand the PREDICTABILITY & SUSTAINABILITY of
Social-Ecological-Environmental Systems

S-HD

Ecosystem
Services

Fish
&
Shellfish

Ecosystem

Secondary Producers

S-HAB

Spatial
Dynamics

S-CCME

food web
dynamics

PICES next steps ...



Elements of **FUTURE**
SCIENCE PROGRAM FOR 2020



Social-Ecological-Environmental Systems (SEES) Approach & Modeling:

- Create a culture of awareness to **SEES** dynamics
- Train scientist in the practice of a trans-disciplinary **SEES** dialogue
- Engage multiple “non-science” actors

GOAL

understand the PREDICTABILITY & SUSTAINABILITY of
Social-Ecological-Environmental Systems

Services

Fish
&
Shellfish

Ecosystem

Secondary Producers

S-HAB

Spatial
Dynamics

S-CCME

food web
dynamics

PICES next steps ...



Social-Ecological-Environmental Systems (SEES) Approach & Modeling:

- Create a culture of awareness to **SEES** dynamics
- Train scientist in the practice of a trans-disciplinary **SEES** dialogue
- Engage multiple “non-science” actors
- Identify issues that are prime for implementing a **SEES** approach

GOAL

understand the PREDICTABILITY & SUSTAINABILITY of
Social-Ecological-Environmental Systems

Shellfish

Secondary Producers

Spatial
Dynamics

S-CCME

PICES next steps ...



Elements of **FUTURE**
SCIENCE PROGRAM FOR 2020



Social-Ecological-Environmental Systems (SEES) Approach & Modeling:

- *Create a culture of awareness to **SEES** dynamics*
- *Train scientist in the practice of a trans-disciplinary **SEES** dialogue*
- *Engage multiple “non-science” actors*
- *Identify issues that are prime for implementing a **SEES** approach*
- *Find proper sources of funding and coordination*

GOAL

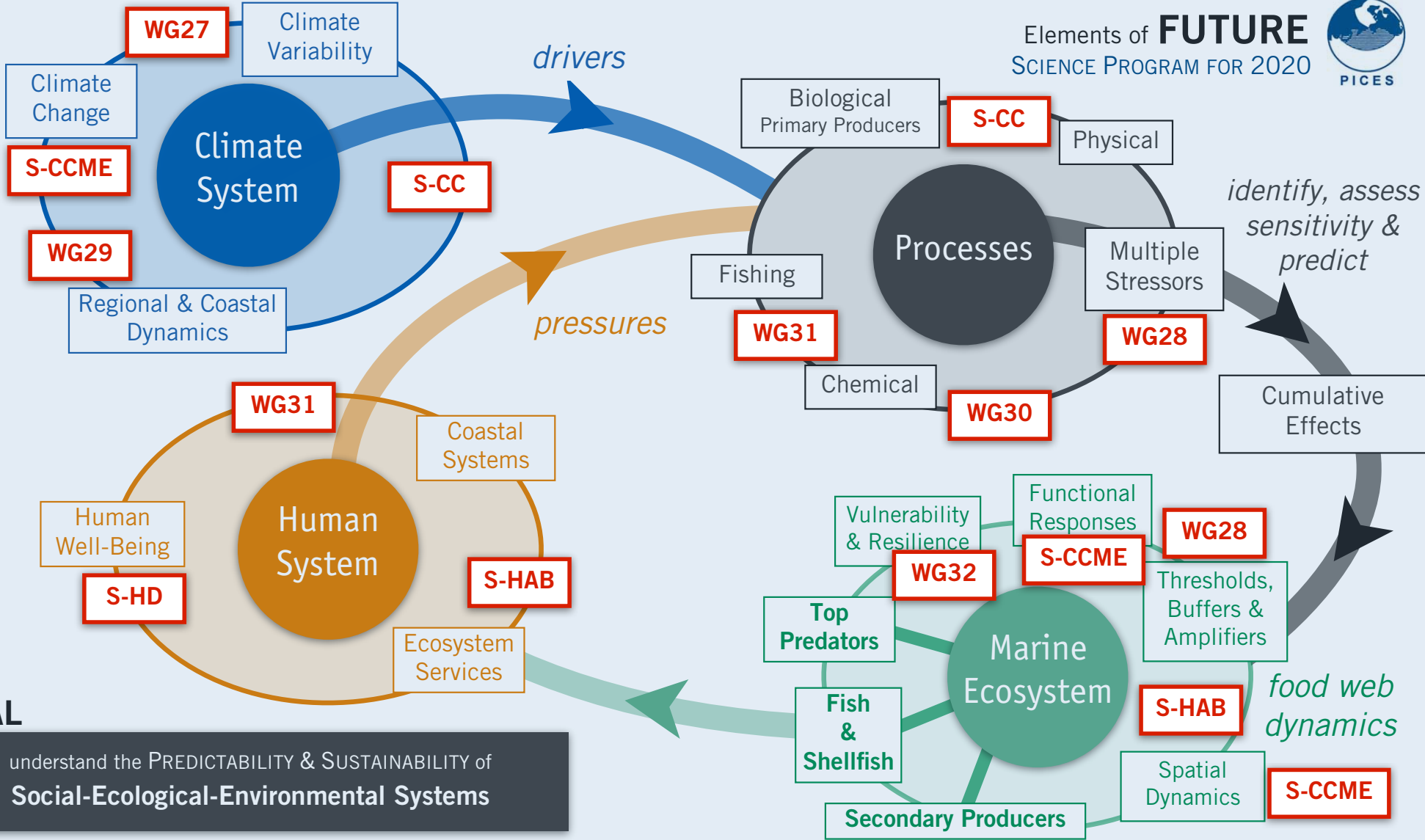
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Shellfish

Secondary Producers

Spatial
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S-CCME



GOAL

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