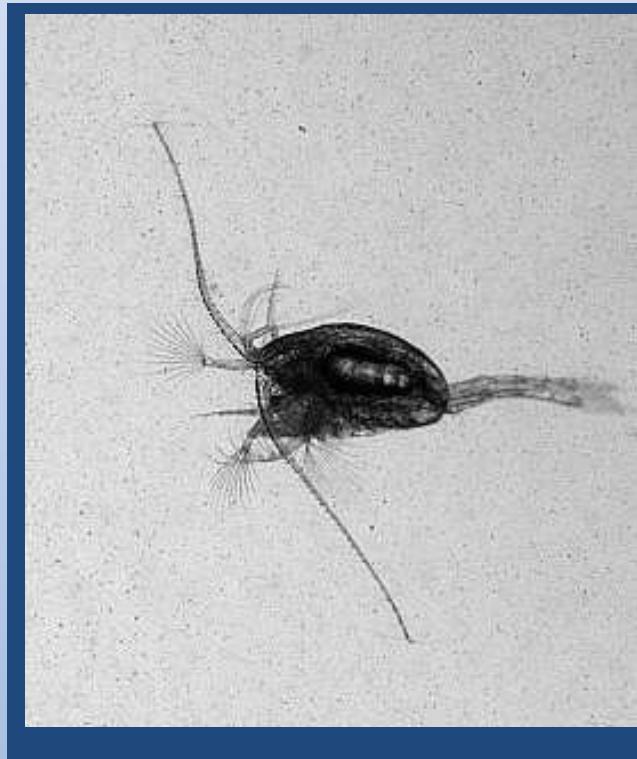


Population dynamics and life strategy of the copepod *Metridia longa* in a Greenlandic fjord, 2010.



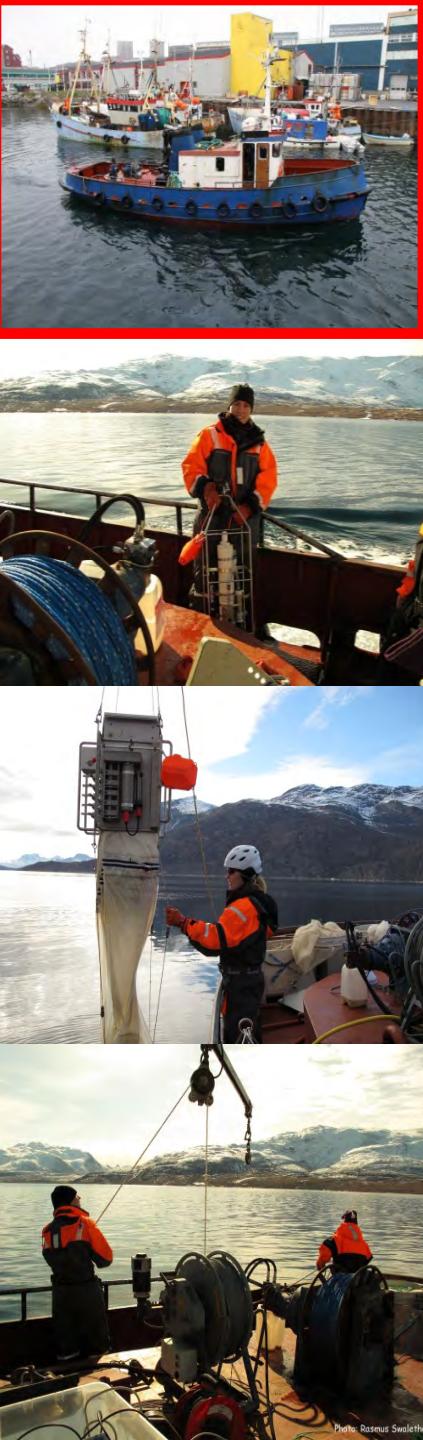
Sanne Kjellerup and Karen Riisgaard
Supervisors: Torkel Gissel Nielsen & Thomas Kiørboe

Skh@aqua.dtu.dk

Location



Skh@aqua.dtu.dk



Location

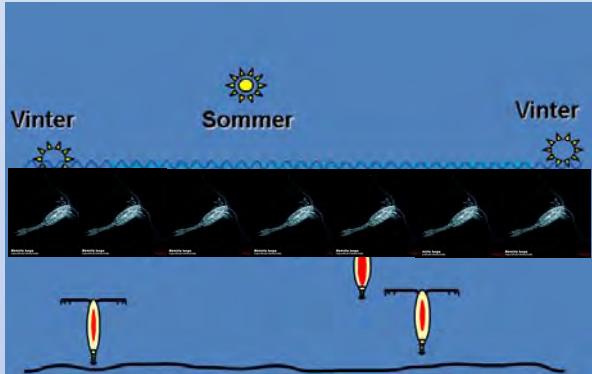
- Fishery is of high importance for the Greenlandic people – socially and financially
- This area is of high importance for the recruitment of Atlantic cod
- PhD student Rasmus Swalethorp (rsw@aqua.dtu.dk)
- Information on why recruitment is successful in this area
- State the importance of *M. longa* as prey item for fish larvae

Skh@aqua.dtu.dk



Background

- The biology of *Metridia* is practically unknown and deviates from *Calanus*



- Found active year long
- The ability to cope with low food concentrations during winter suggests an unselective food intake
- What do they feed on and how?

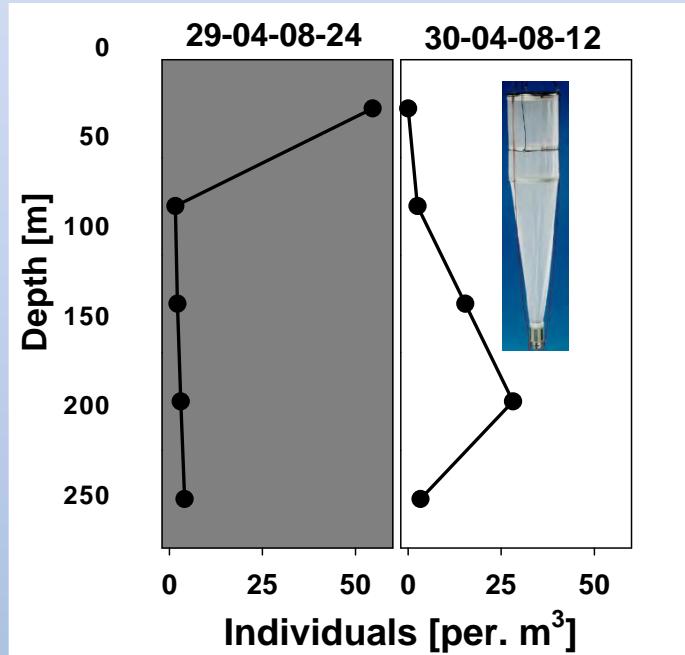
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Background

≈10 % of the biomass

Diurnal migration of *M. longa*

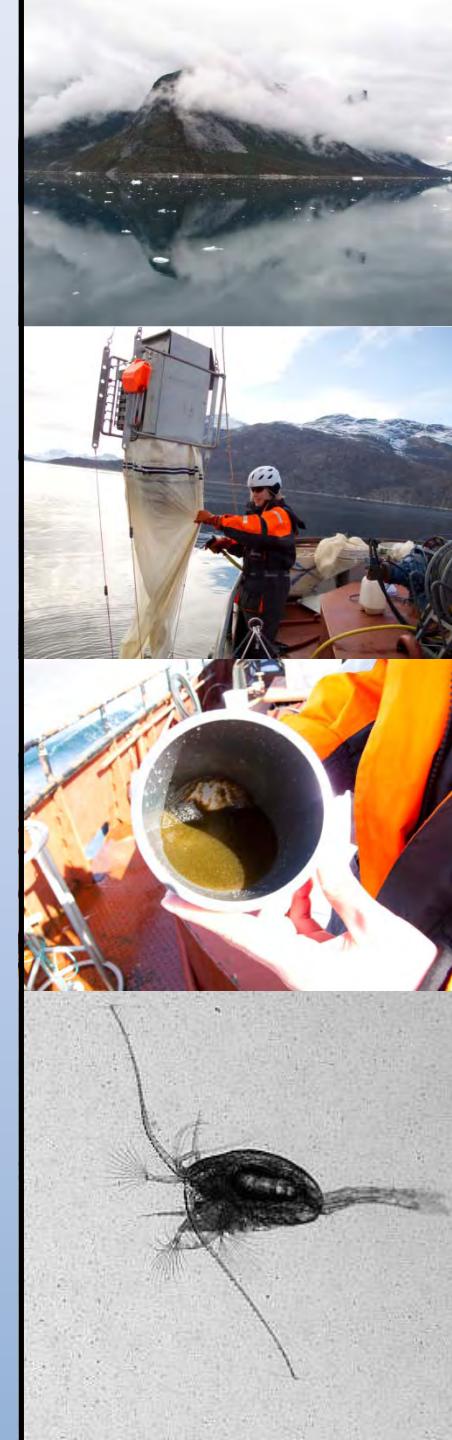


Same as running 280 km to go food shopping

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Aim

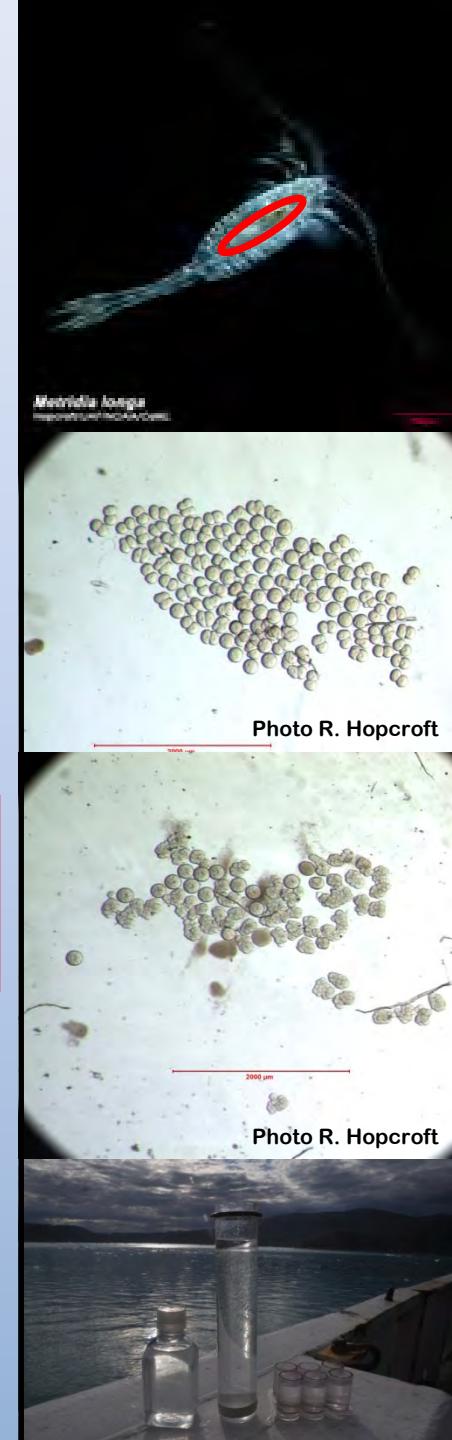
- To describe the biology of *M. longa* in relation to seasonal changes in the plankton community



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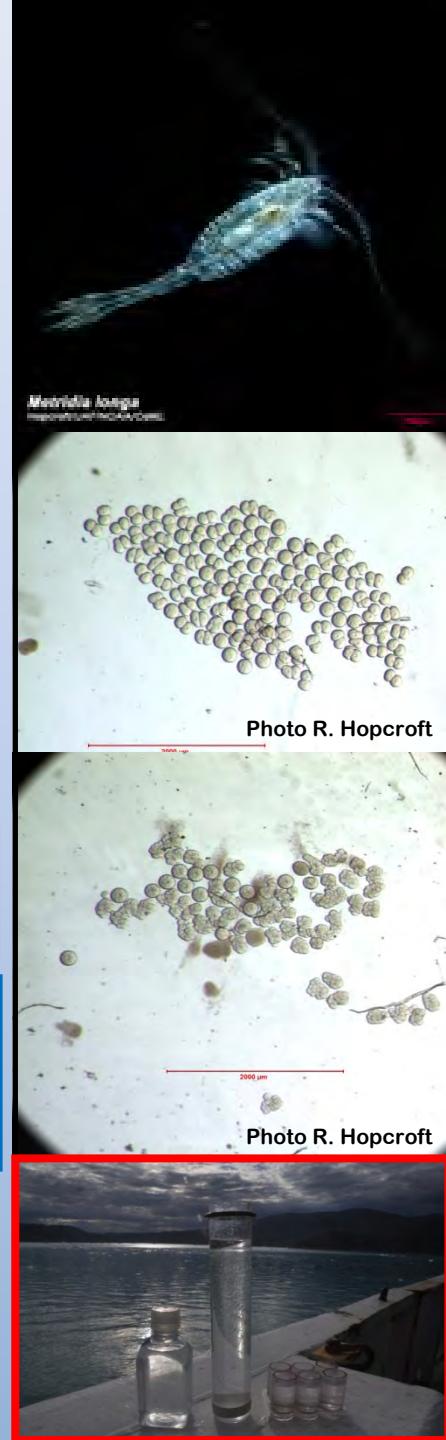
Parameters measured

- Hydrography during the season
- Abundance of the dominant large copepods
- Migration patterns
- Ontogenetic succession
- Carbon and lipid content of *M. longa*



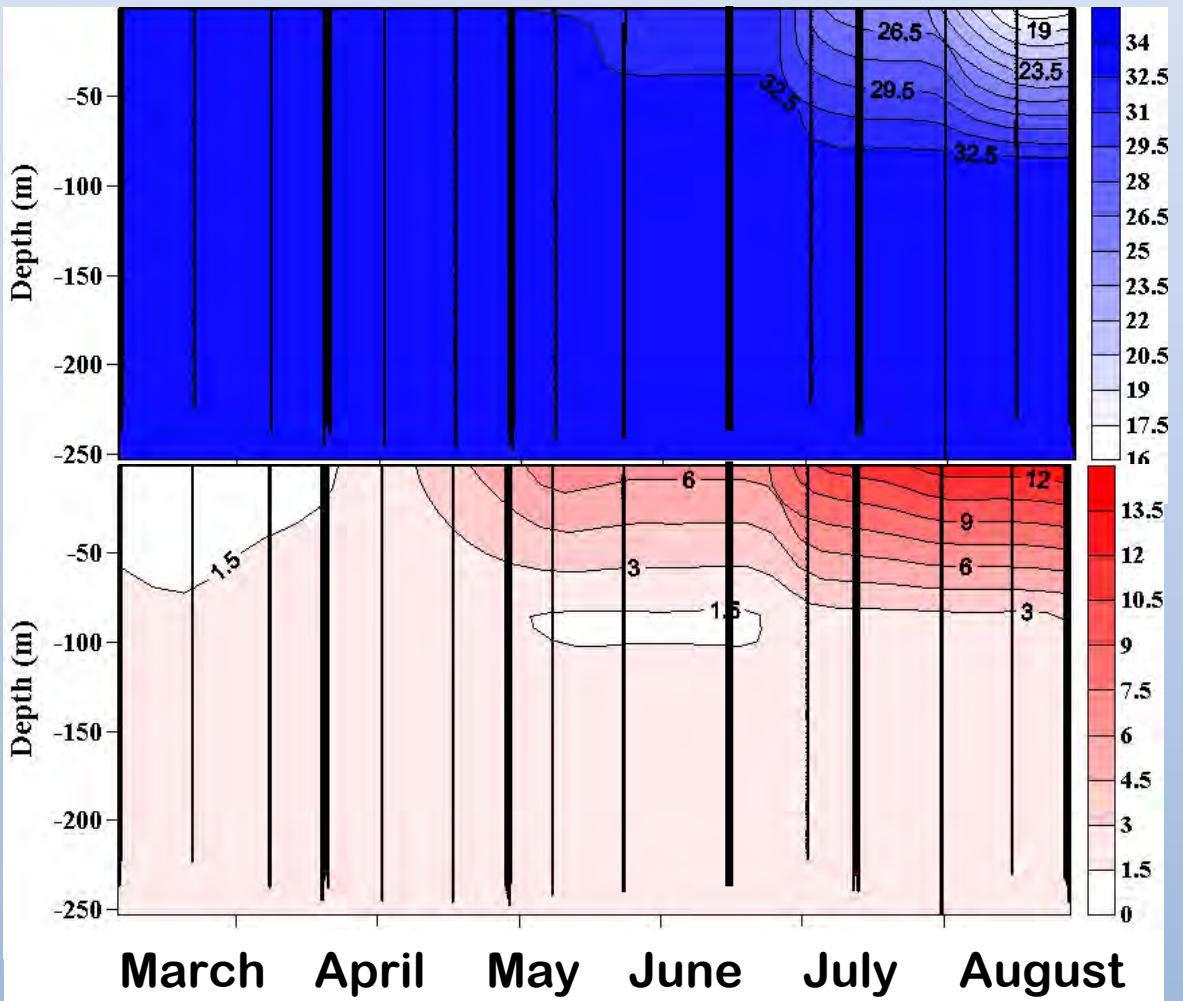
Parameters measured

- Egg and fecal pellet production of *M. longa*, *C. finmarchicus* and *C. glacialis*
 - Compare different incubation methods
- Gut fluorescence
- Possible food objects for *M. longa* - grazing experiment

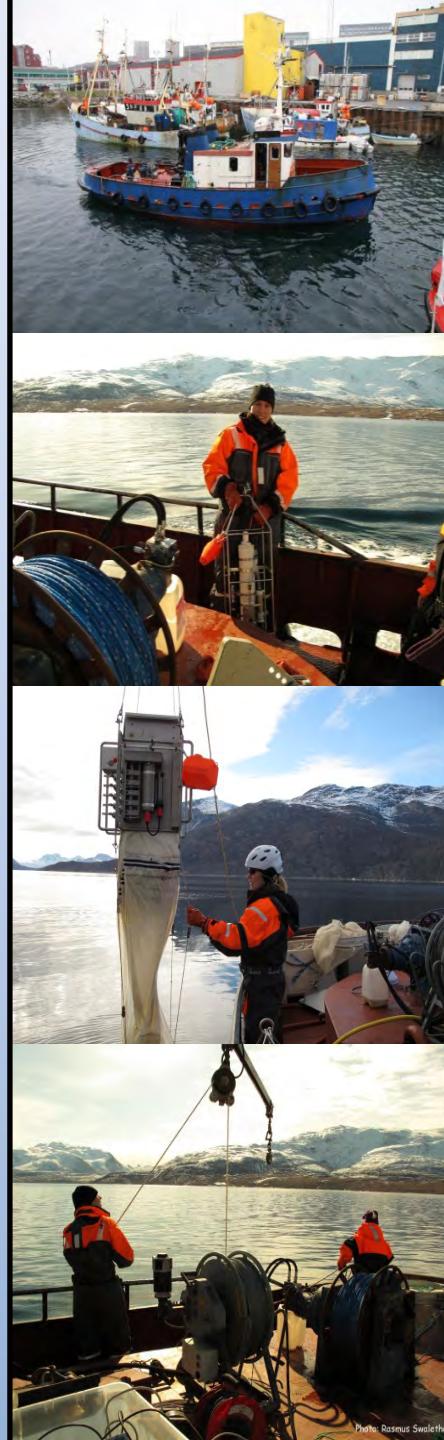


Results

Hydrography

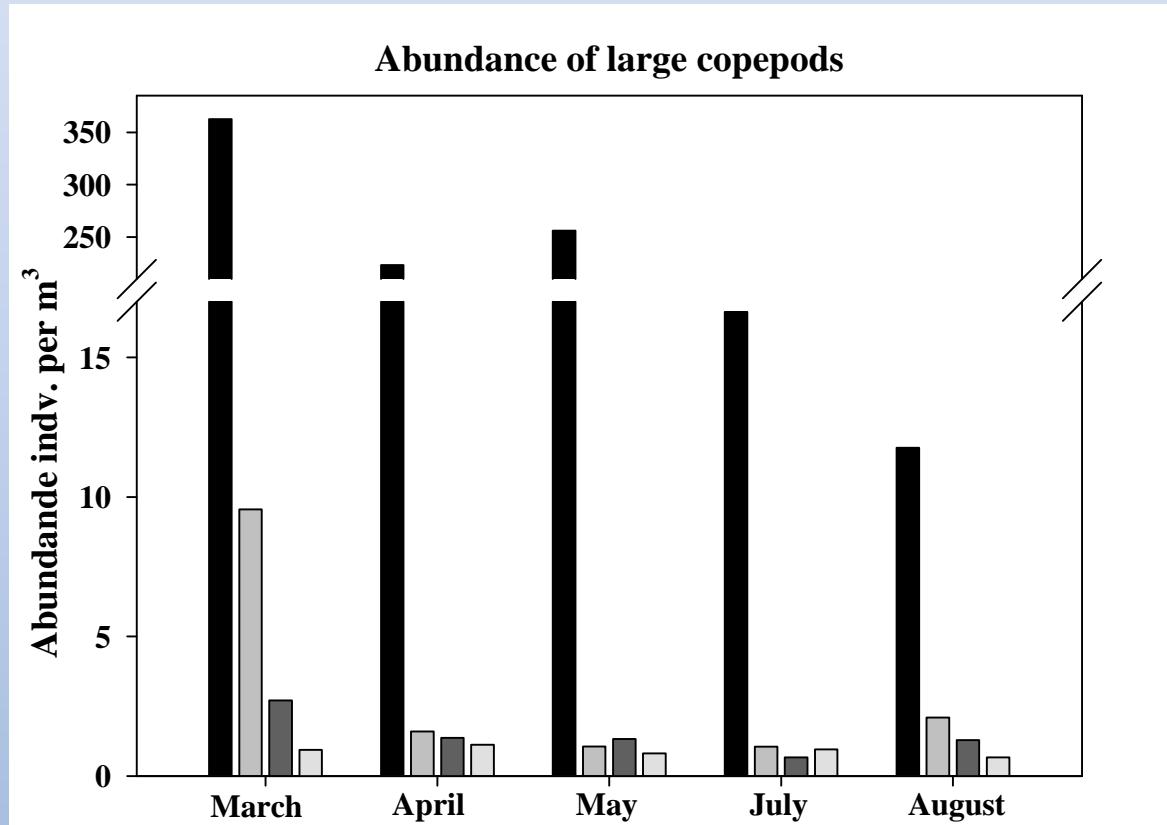


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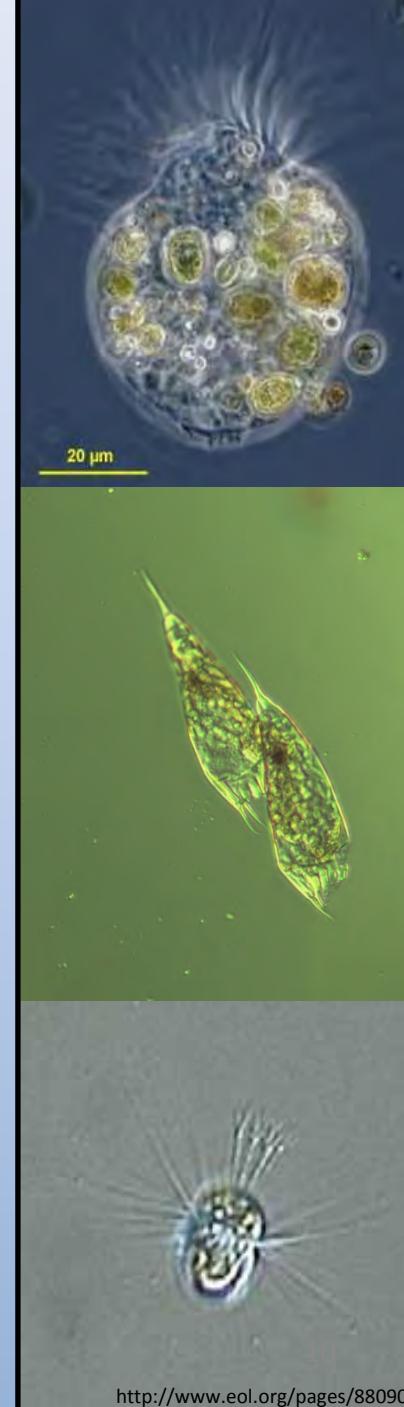
Results

Abundance



~ 95 % of the large copepod abundance

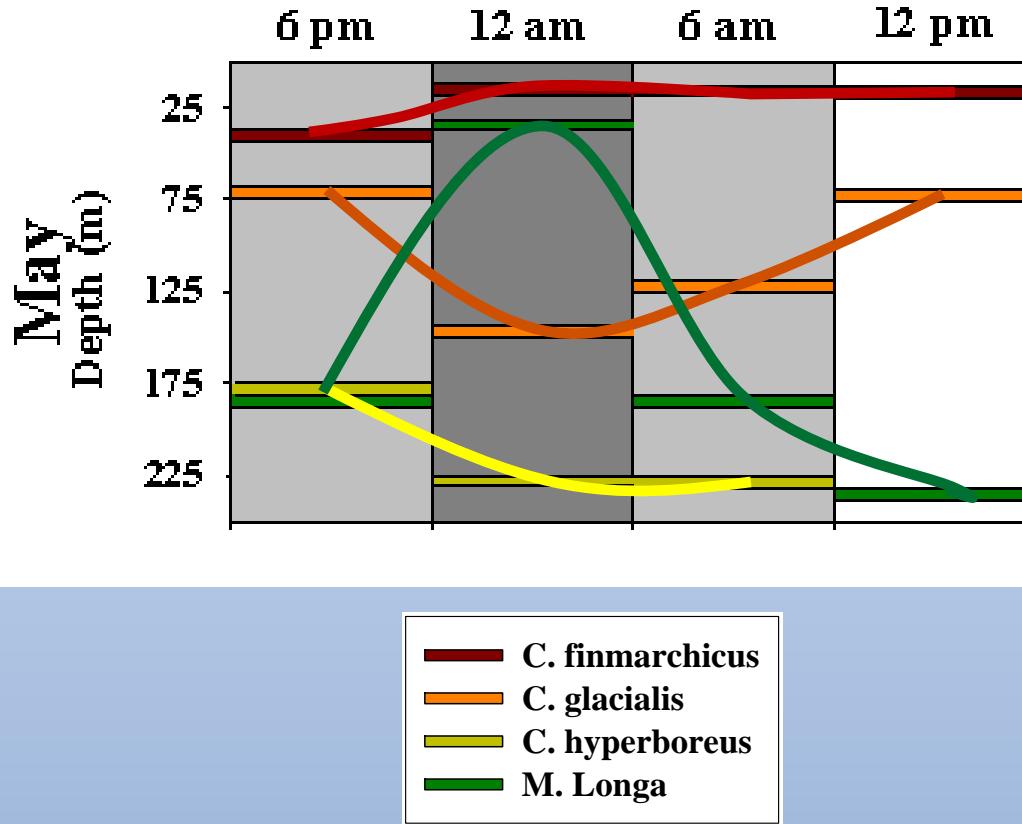
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Results

Migration patterns

Distribution of maximum abundance of large copepods



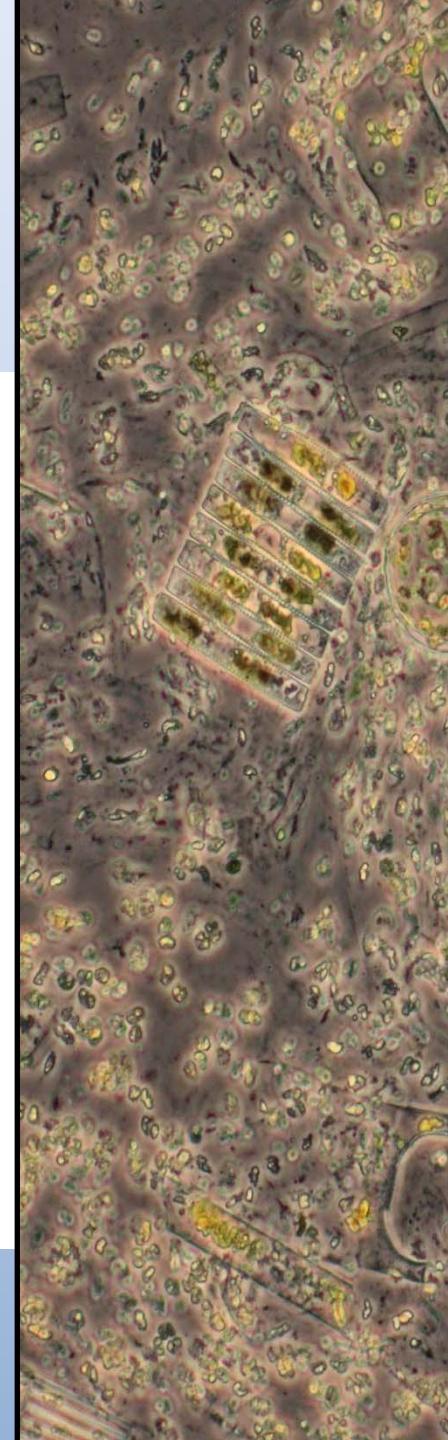
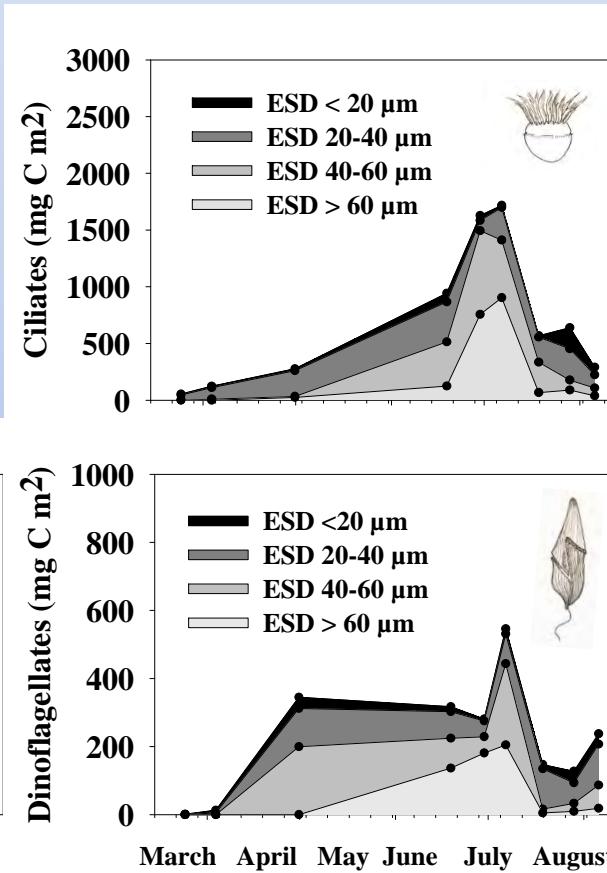
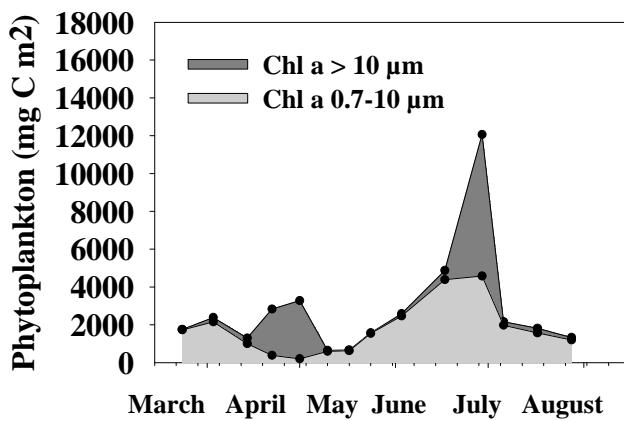
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Results

Chl a and protozooplankton

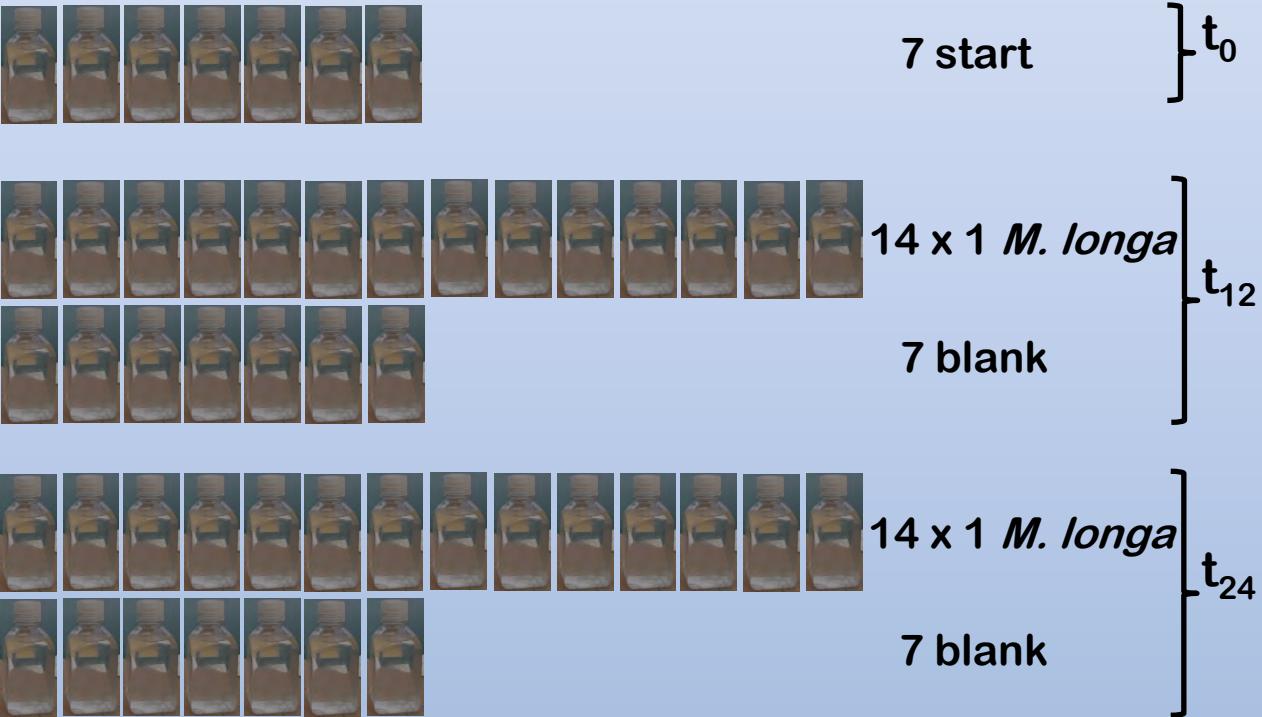
- Possible food objects - Integrated top 50 meters



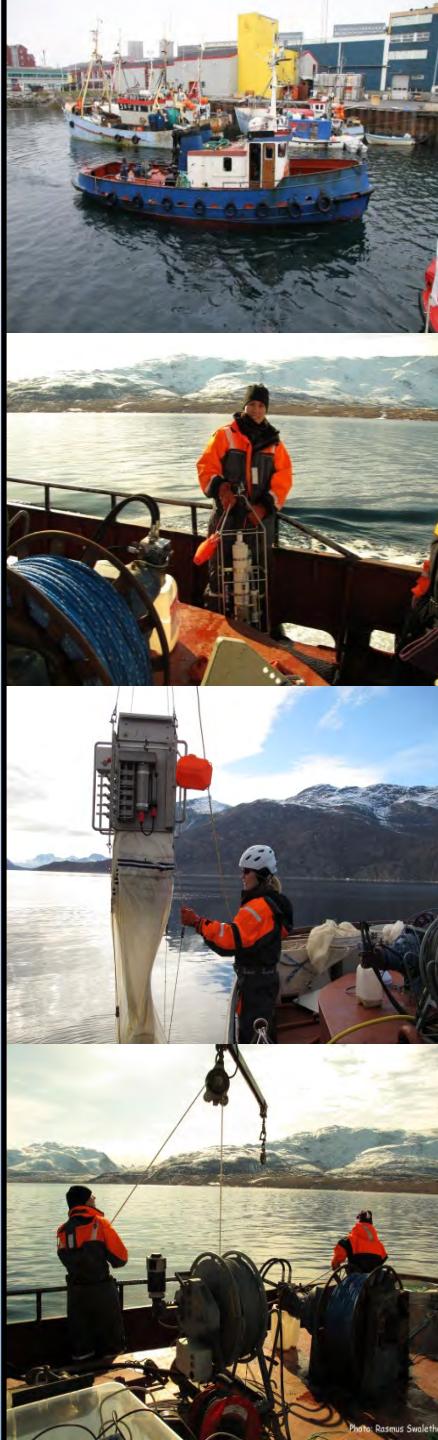
Results

Grazing experiment - August

49 x 600 ml bottles with water from 20 m

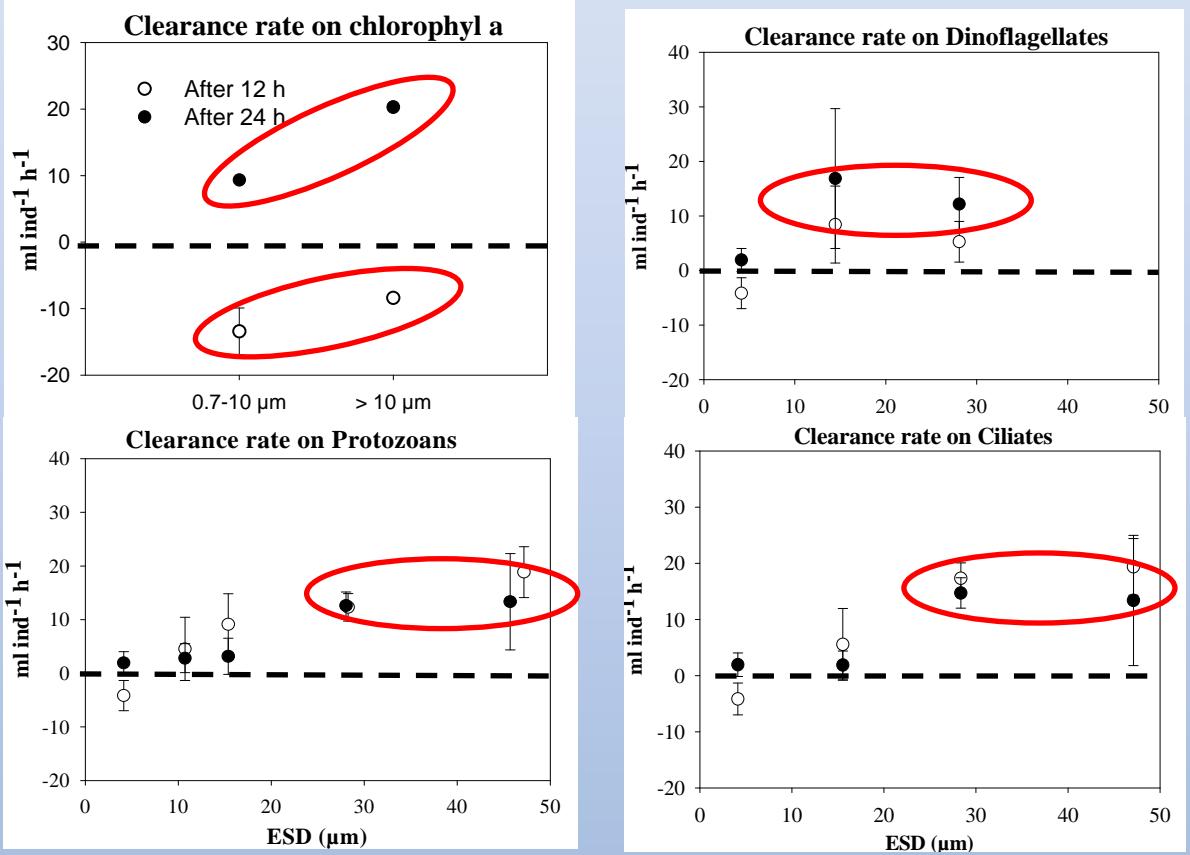


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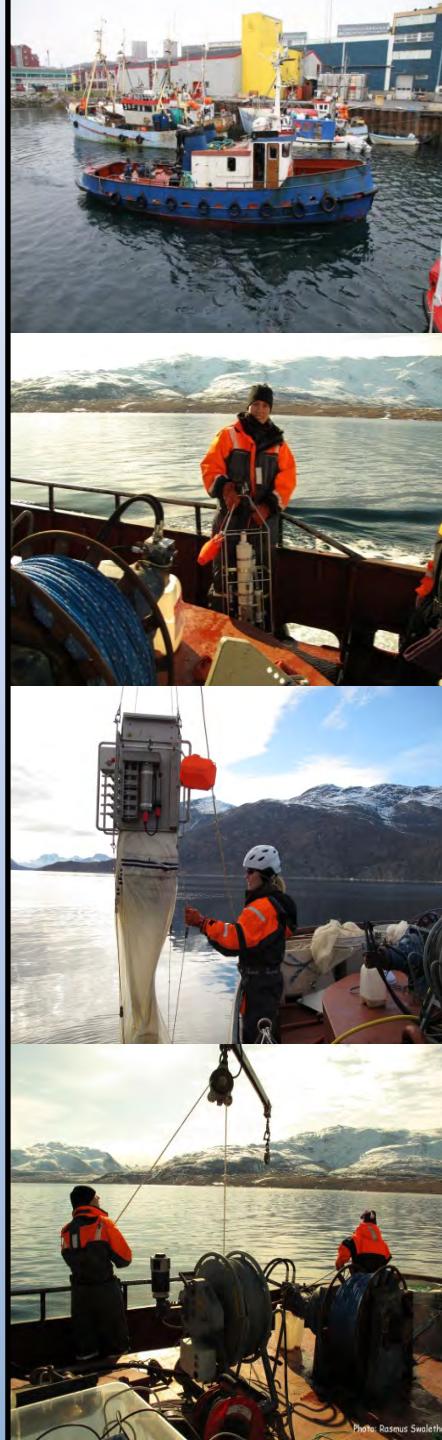


Results

Grazing experiment



Grazing on phytoplankton is important – also indicated by the gut fluorescence measurements Skh@aqua.dtu.dk



Results

- Now we have an idea on what is available for *M. longa* as well as what they eat during part of the season!
 - more data to analyze
- How do they feed?

Skh@aqua.dtu.dk

